JEWISH NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD WITHIN 24 HOURS

JEWISH DAILY BIILL FTIN

ONLY ENGLISH DAILY RECORD OF JEWISH NEWS

Vol. VI. Price 4 Cents.

Wednesday, March 27, 1929.

Entered as 2nd Class Matter at Post Office, Long Island City, New York No. 1327.

FLOODS ADD TO SUFFERING IN FAMINE DISTRICTS OF BESSARABIA 50,000 Inhabitants Threatened with Loss of Homes Due to Flood Re-

sulting from Melting Snow (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Mar. 26-The suffering from famine and want which the Jewish population in Bessarabia is now undergoing is further aggravated by floods in the area resulting from the melting snows, according to reports arriving here. One casualty, that of a lewish driver travelling near the town of Bender, was reported.

Fifty thousand inhabitants are threatened with loss of their homes as the melting snows flow into the lower regions throughout Bessarabia.

The lower sections near Kishineff are flooded. The villages Romanovka and Tshimishlia, in the district of Bender, which has a dense Tewish population, are completely isolated. Water has risen to the height of two meters. The organization of rescue parties to take the dwellers from the houses was necessary. The local fire brigades were unable to cope with the calamity.

The Tewish driver, who was travelling (Continued on Page 4)

ARNOLD ZWEIG HEAD OF GERMAN WRITERS' ASS'N. (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 26-Arnold Zweig, well-known German Jewish writer, was to-day elected president of the Association of German Writers.

The organization includes writers of Germany, Austria and Czechoslovakia who use the German language in their works.

DESECRATE MONUMENT OF WALTER RATHENAU (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 26-The monument of Walter Rathenau, which stands in Rothenburg, was desecrated last night by unknown vandals. The belief was ex-pressed that members of the National Socialist Party besmirched the statue.

59 SYNAGOGUES IN RUSSIA CONFISCATED IN 1928

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Mar. 26-Fifty-nine synagogues were confiscated in Russia during the year 1928. A report to this effect appeared in the "Krasnaya Gazeta."

RABBI MORGENSTERN DIES IN POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 26-Rabbi Moische Mordecai Morgenstern of Pilaw died at the age of 66. He was an uncle of from East European countries are well the Rabbi of Kotzk.

POLISH SEJM ADOPTS JEWISH DEPUTIES' PLAN TO AID TOWN POPULATION

Sejm Closes Sessions Without Action on Abolition of Czaristic Strictures (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 26-Jewish residents of Poland, mainly concentrated in the towns, will be the recipients of gov-ernment aid, according to a resolution adopted at the closing session of the Sejm. The resolution, introduced the Club of Jewish Deputies, provides the Club of Jewish Deputies, provides population.

The Jewish deputies' resolution fol-lowed the adoption by the Sejm of a resolution to grant government relief for the village population suffering from hunger and cold due to the unusual frosts this year. Credit will be granted the village population and the collection of taxes relaxed.

The Sejm concluded its session without further action on the proposal to abolish the anti-Jewish legal disabilities based on the old Czaristic laws.

SWISS PRESS ADVOCATES
ABOLITION OF SHECHITA
PROHIBITION NOW IN FORCE

Points Out Jewish Community Compelled to Import Kosher Meat (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Mar. 26-Abolition of the prohibition of schechita, the Jewish method of slaughtering animals for food, is being urged by a number of Swiss papers.

The papers point out that the schechita prohibition instituted in 1893, which underwent certain modifications during the World War, has lately been put into full force again. The Jewish community is compelled to import kosher meat which they bring mainly from Lichtenstein. The Lichtenstein Government has permitted the "Schweizerischen Israelitischen Gemeindebund" to slaughter cattle on the condition that all cattle be purchased locally.

In urging the abolition of the sche-chita prohibition in Switzerland, the Swiss papers argue that it would be preferable that cattle be purchased in Switzerland.

ANTI-SEMITISM IS NOT KNOWN IN LUXEMBURG (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Luxemburg, Mar. 26—Anti-Semitism is unknown in the Grand Duchy of Luxemburg, it is revealed in a survey of the Jewish population.

Of the total population of 268,865, 3,600 are Jewish. Two hundred reside in the capital city of Luxemburg, the rest in the provinces.

The Jewish population is prosperous and Jewish immigrants who came here established, the report shows.

CENTRAL UNION OF GERMAN JEWS DECLINES TO JOIN JEWISH AGENCY Individual Members Not Bound by

Resolution, Decision Reached by 45 to 35 Vote (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 25-A resolution declining to participate in the Jewish Agency was adopted yesterday at the annual meeting of the Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith, by a vote of 45 to 35. The Central Union has a membership of 60,000.

The resolution adopted states that since Jewish circles in Germany are not united on the question of the Jewish Agency, the Central Union as an organization does not find it possible to participate in the Agency. Individual members, however, are not bound by this resolution and may join on their own hehalf.

ZEPPELIN TO JOIN TEL
AVIV PURIM FETE
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 26—As the Graf Zeppe-lin soars over the city of Tel-Aviv on its Palestine flight, its passengers will join in the Purim festivities which all Palestine celebrates with great gaicty today.

A radio message was received by the Berlin office of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency today from Dr. Herman Badt, Ministerial Director of the German Cabinet, who is a passenger aboard the Zeppelin. "Birchath Zion" (Greetings from Zion) was the message, despatched from the Zeppelin by Dr. Badt when they reached Palestine.

Fifteen kilograms of confetti, and fireworks, were taken along by Dr. Eckener from Berlin for the purpose of joining from the air the Tel-Aviv inhabitants in their Purim celebration.

Dr. Badt was the winner in the first chess tournament aboard the Zeppelin, where a chess club was formed with Dr. Eckener as president.

JASSY PHILANTHROPIST LEAVES LARGE CHARITY GIFT (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jassy, Mar. 26-Gifts totalling 15,000,-

000 lei were made to Jewish and non-Jewish institutions by the relatives of the late Morris Wachtel, philanthropist of this city. Six million lei of this fund went to the Jassy Jewish hospital; one million

to the Jewish Loan Fund and five million to general cultural institutions.

Six hundred thousand lei was left for

the workers' sanitarium in Palestine.

EINSTEIN HONORARY MEM-BER OF KENESSETH ISRAEL (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel Aviv, Mar. 26-Professor Albert Einstein was elected honorary member of the Kenesseth Israel, the unified Palestine Jewish community.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO. Address All Mail to

Executive and Editorial Office: \$11 Broadway, New York, N. Y. Publication Office: \$16 Bridge Plaza South, L. L. City, N. Y.

Jacob Larrin President
Samuel Bienstock Treasurer
John Simons Secretary
William Z Spiegelman Editor

Vol. VI. Wednesday, Mar. 27, 1929. No. 1327.

Member of Jewish Telegraphic Agency

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1827, at the Post Office at L. L. City, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1878.

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AMERY DENIES JABOTINSKY'S LETTERS PHOTOGRAPHED ON PALESTINE ARRIVAL

Declares Only Customary Examination Carried Through: Method Now Abolished

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 26-A denial that the Palestine immigration officials photographed correspondence or made ex-tracts from letters found when the luggage of Vladimir Jabotinsky was examined on his arrival in Palestine, was made by Colonial Secretary Amery in reply to a question raised by Josiah Wedgwood, Labor M. P.

Colonel Wedgwood asked the Colonial Office whether they had received a report regarding the examination of Jabotinsky's luggage, indicating who was responsible and why this had been done. Colonel Amery stated that the High Commissioner reported that the examination was undertaken in accordance with the general practice which has since been terminated.

\$40,000 RAISED IN NEW YORK FOR MATZOTH FUND

A total sum of \$40,000 to supply Matzoth to Jews in Soviet Russia was ruised in New York

The campaign, which was conducted through the New York Yieldish papers, through the New York Yiddish papers, are small and prospects are only good resulted in \$25,000 contributed through for those who know some English and the "Jewish Morning Journal" and \$15,000 through "The Day."

Indige Sumuel Strasburger, president of the Echrew Orphan Asylina, appealed for wider and the strain of the strain and another wider annual meeting held Senday at the Warner Memorial Gymnasium of the asylina. Judge Sensbourger said that the budget of the Sensbourger said that the budget of the Sensbourger said that the miser SUMM of which SUMM was as for emised by public subscription.

Trustees element for four years were Julius migration in Ochs Adler. Enroy M. Warner, Louis Strauss, and the wor Stmou J. Klee. Mrs. Myont L. Borg, Edmond and the wor E. Wise and Honry L. Sterman.

FRATERNAL ORDER SEEKS FUND FOR RUSSIAN JEWS (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

St. Louis, M., Mar. 26-A movement to raise funds to supply Russian Jews with tools has been inaugurated under the auspices of the Progressive Order of the West, a fraternal organization with a membership of 12,000 having headquarters here.

At a conference of local Tewish organizations held at the Hotel Statler Sunday, called on the initiative of the Progressive Order of the West, it was resolved to launch a campaign for funds. A quota of \$30,000 was adopted for St. Louis.

The fraternal order will issue a call to its lodges throughout the country to contribute toward the fund, it was announced. The campaign here will open in May. Judge Moses Hartmann was chosen head of the campaign committee.

HARBIN CARES FOR 574 JEWISH EMIGRANTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Harbin, Mar. 26-Five hundred seventy-four emigrants who passed through Harbin during 1928 were assisted by the Hicem, Hias-Ica-Emigdirekt. Few of the emigrants remained in Harbin. due to the poor conditions here. The majority proceeded to other countries, mainly South America.

Mukden, Mar. 26—The Jewish com-munity of Mukden has grown during the last few years from 30 to 100 families. Emigrants from Russia who arrived here were aided by the local community which also grants assistance to unemployed.

Intending immigrants to North China are warned of poor conditions there, according to a report received by the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society in New York from its Harbin Bureau. Russian Jews who have been declassed are arriving Harbin. The Hias bureau there in its attempt to aid the emigrants is in touch with Jewish communities in Shanghai, Mukden, Tsien-Tsien and other Chinese cities where some of the emigrants are directed. The Shanghai Jewish community has established association to aid emigrants in settling there and at other points, the report declares.

In South China conditions are more favorable but the Jewish settlements are in possession of funds, states the report

The process of Chinesization which the Nationalist Chinese Government is conducting causes the exodus of a large number of Europeans and aggravates the situation in Harbin and surrounding territory. Hitherto the Har-bin Hias Burean had to render aid to emigrants in transit but now the im-

MARYLAND TO HAVE KOSHER FOOD LAW

(Jewish Daily Bulletin) Annapolis, Md., Mar. 26-Designed to prevent the sale of non-kosher food prevent the sale of non-kosher tood preparations as kosher, a bill has been passed by the Senate of the Maryland Legislature. The measure, which wai introduced by Senator Edward J. Col. gon, Jr., of the Third Legislative District of Baltimore, is not expected to make the constitution of the constitution of the constitution when it conset his meet with opposition when it comes befor the House.

For failure to observe the proposed act, a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$500, or imprisonment of not less than 30 days nor more than one year, or both fine and imprisonment, is provided.

MONTEFIORE HOSPITAL OPENS \$1,200,000 DRIVE

A fund of \$1,200,000 for new construction to provide more modern facilities is being sought by Montefiore Hospital for Chronic Diseases, the largest hospital for chronic invalids in the world, it was announced.

Of the sum required almost half a million dollars has already been subscribed. Subscriptions will be made payable in four annual instalments beginning July I, 1929. Harold Lehman is treasurer of the fund. Sol. G. Ro-senbaum is president of the hospital, which is one of the affiliated institu-tions of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies.

A gift of \$100,000 from Solomon R or \$50,000 each were received from Samuel Sachs and Harry Warner. Sol G. Rosenbaum contributed \$25,000 as did Harold, Walter and Gertrude Hochschild.

COMMUNITIES PREPARE FOR ANNUAL CAMPAIGNS (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cleveland, O. Mar. 26-The cam-paign for \$90,000 for the Cleveland Bureau of Jewish Education will be launched here on March 31 and con-tinue until April 8. Irwin N. Loeser has been named chairman of the drive. Mrs. Marc J. Grossman heads the women's division.

Oakland, Cal., Mar. 26—The United Jewish Welfare Fund of Oakland, will launch its fourth annual campaign on May 3.

A new plan for the campaign this year has been adopted. Instead of having teams of solicitors built up by the campaign organization itself, the campaign will be conducted through the various local Jewish organizations. each one or which will be a campaign

The closing dinner of the campaign will take place Sanday, May 12. The amount to be raised is \$31,650.

Samuel R. Feller has been elected chairman migration into Earthin has increased ser, it was amounted. He will direct the work had to be extended in work mung the youth for the New York Federation for Jewish Philanthropic Societies.

ANTI-SEMITISM IS PENE-TRATING CHINA THROUGH MONARCHIST PROPAGANDA

Members of Koltchak and Semionov Armies Stirring Up Hatred

(Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Harbin, Mar. 26-Anti-Semitism is penetrating into China due to the propaganda spread by the refugee monarchists from Russia. Four members of Koltchak's and Semionov's armies, now serving in Chinese institutions, are stirring up hatred against the Iews among the Chinese.

A recent case in a Harbin factory revealed the propaganda being spread by the Russian monarchists. The factory Sonchosin, the largest Chinese leather factory in Harbin, recently invited European experts to make a study of and prepare a plan for improving the factory system.

The announcement that the factory desired the services of experts appeared in the local papers. When several Jew-ish experts applied, the Chinese man-ager of the factory declared: "We cannot accept Jews because they are Bol-sheviks." It was revealed that the factory employs many former monarchists who are conducting systematic propaganda against the Jews.

Steps to dispel the false impressions created among the Chinese are being undertaken by the Jewish press, which plans to issue leaflets periodically to enlighten the Chinese and to show the falsity of the monarchists' propaganda.

NEW YORK ORT TO

OPEN DRIVE APRIL 21 Plans for launching the Ort tool and supply campaign in New York City on April 21 were adopted at a meeting held at the home of Felix Warburg under the chairmanship of Paul Felix Warburg, treasurer of the Ort National Committee. Present were a number of the Committee of 100 each of whom has pledged to raise \$10,000 toward the fund to supply Russian Jews with tools and machines

A second committee of twenty-five has been formed in New York, each member having pledged to raise \$25,-000. Speakers at the meeting included Howard S. Cullman, national chairman, Judge Grover Moscowitz, Dr. David Lvovitch, V. S. Korobkoff, Mark Eisner, New York chairman. The New York campaign will be inaugurated at a dinner April 21 at the Biltmore Hotel, it was announced.

RABBI SIMON SHKOP ACCEPTS YESHIVA POST

Rabbi Simon Shkop, noted Hebrew scholar of Grodno, Poland, has ac-cepted the post of Professor of Tal-mud and Codes at the Yeshiva College, Dr. B. Revel, president of the faculty, anounced

Rabbi Moses Soloveitchik of Warsaw, dean of the Tachkmoni Yeshiva, task of examining petitions, instead of who was called to the Yeshiva College leaving it, as at present, to the Comarrive in April, Dr. Revel stated.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Joint Foreign Committee Defines Attitude on Minorities Petitions Changes By Our London Correspondent

London, Mar. 8—The attitude of Anglo-Jewry's committee which concerns itself with conditions of the Jews in other countries toward the proposed changes in the procedure of the submission of minorities' petitions to the League of Nations was out-lined in a letter addressed by Lucien Wolf, secretary of the Joint Foreign Wolf, secretary of the Joint Foleign Committee, to Sir Austen Chamber-lain, British Minister, representative to the Council of the League of Nations, and with M. Adatchi, Rapporteur on Minorities, and Senor Quinones de Leon, Spanish representative, appointed to study the proposals before the Council's June session. The full text of the letter is herewith given.

Referring to Senator Dandurand's proposal, Mr. Wolf wrote:
"The method he suggests for the transmission of petitions, it is pointed out, was proposed substantially in the same form by the Polish Government in 1923, but it failed to secure accep-tance by the Council. On that occa-sion the Joint Foreign Committee communicated their views, which were in substantial agreement with those of the Council, to the late Marquis Curzon of Kedleston. I am directed to say that the Committee see no reasons to modify the views therein expressed. One addition, however, they desire to make. M. Dandurand is ap-parently of the opinion that the right

of direct appeal to the League of Na-

tions at present enjoyed by the Minorities is unfair to the Governments

concerned,' as they are thus denied an

opportunity of redressing the griev-

ances in question by friendly negotia-

tion with the Minorities.

"This view does not appear to be borne out by the relations of the Minorities with their Governments during the last eight years. There has, indeed, never been a case of appeal to the League of Nations which has not been preceded by complaints by the Minorities to their Governments. The Joint Foreign Committee have had, perhaps, a larger experience in the matter of Minorities Petitions to the Council of the League than any other private organization, and they are able to state with confidence that it is only after every resource of direct representation and negotiation has been exhausted in their own countries, that the Minorities invoke their Treaty rights before the League. In these

circumstances it does not appear neces-

sary, or even desirable, that the few

rights enjoyed by Minorities in their relations with the League should-at

any rate for the present—be curtailed.
"Nor are the Committee," the letter proceeds, 'able to see that any advantage is to be gained by charging the whole Council of the League with the SEES MILDER ATTITUDE TO MINORITIES IN NEV CABINET APPOINTMENTS

"Hajnt" Reports Friendly View of Proposed Interior Minister (Tewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 26-The possibility of a milder attitude toward the minorities residing in the Republic of Poland was seen in the proposed changes in the cabinet. The Jewish daily "Hajnt" re-ports the nomination of the Vilna governor, Raczkiewicz, for the post of Minister of the Interior, Raczkiewicz's friendly attitude toward the minorities is well known.

The governor of Volhynia, Jozefki, has been nominated as Assistant State Secretary of the Ministry Council's praesidium on minority problems, the 'Haint" reports.

THIRTEEN CARLOADS OF MATZOTH SENT TO RUSSIA (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 26-Thirteen carloads of matzoth were dispatched to Central Russia and Ukraine by the Berlin matzoth committee. Funds were also sent to Russian Jews in order that they may be enabled to purchase matzoth within Russia.

An official reply from the Soviet Government regarding the duty set for the import of matzoth was received by the Berlin committee. Fifty kopeks per kilogram is the duty imposed. The importation of matzoth flour is entirely prohibited, the committee was informed

TO OPEN WOLFFSOHN MEMORIAL LIBRARY

The Wolffsohn Memorial Library building, erected at the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus as a memorial to David Wolffsohn, associate of Dr. Theodor Herzl, will be formally opened on April 29, as part of the celebration of the University's fourth anniversary. Announcement to this effect was made by the American Advisory Committee of the Hebrew University, of which Felix M. Warburg is chairman.

The structural frame of the Library building is built of reinforced concrete as a precaution against earthquakes. The foundation for the building had been laid when the earthquake shook Palestine in 1927. Although the foundation was undamaged, it was decided to guard against possible damage in ment declared.

The Library building is erected on Mount Scopus, next to the Institute of Chemistry. Most of the unskilled labor on the building was done by univer-About half the funds sity students. students. About half the funds the building were furnished by the estate of the late David Wolf-

DR. HEINRICH SLIOSBERG ARRIVES IN NEW YORK

Dr. Heinrich Sliosberg, noted Russian jurist, arrived for a visit to America, yesterday on the Ile de France.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3) ments now in force the strictest precautions are taken to ensure the im-partiality of the examining bodies. These precautions could not easily be applied to the Council as a whole, and hence it is to be feared that the process of investigation by that body would lose something of the judicial character with which it is desired to invest it. In any case the Council would prove a more unwieldy body than a Committee of Three. It would not be so easy to convene for special meetings between its ordinary sessions, and if these special meetings were held during the ordinary sessions an in-tolerably augmented burden of work would be imposed on it. The alterna-tive of a Committee of Substitutes is, of course, out of the question, seeing that it would mean, in effect, the crea-tion of a new body unknown to the Treaties. In short, the Joint Foreign Committee are of the opinion that the present procedure, as embodied in the Minorities Treaties and supplemented by the report of M. Tittoni, of Oct. 22, 1920, and the Resolutions of the Council of Oct. 25, 1920, June 27, 1921, Sept. 5, 1223 (except paragraph 3) and June 10, 1925, constitutes a sufficiently effective machinery for the purposes for which it has been designed. They are further of the opinion that all the grievances of the Minorities which have arisen under it may easily be satisfied by certain amendments of the above-mentioned resolutions, by a revised interpretation of other resolutions of the Council and the Assembly indirectly bearing on Minorities, and by improved facilities for submitting certain Minorities' grievances to the Permanent Court of International Justice. This being so, it is submitted that it is unnecessary to invent a totally new system, and that it would even be unwise to attempt

"Nevertheless, it is true, as indicated by M. Dandurand, that the grievances of the minorities arising from the defects of the procedure are serious and well-founded, and that a failure to find a remedy for them may have deplorable consequences. Two of these defects have proved especially mischievous. The first is the exclusion of petitioning minorities from cognizance of the replies made to their petitions by the 'Governments concerned.' The second is the claim set up by the Comsecond is the claim set up by the Council to deal finally with petitions and to absolve the 'Governments concerned' of blame without reporting to the Council. As all the proceedings of the Committees of Three are necessarily private, the petitioners in the majority of cases never hear what has been done to remedy their grievances or to protect their Treaty rights, and they get the impression that those rights are disregarded and that the guarantee of the League has no real existence.

to do so.

"The result is widespread minorities discontent throughout Eastern Europe. But that is not all. The application of

Three seriously prejudices the work of the Committees themselves. At the best their powers of investigating the alleged Treaty infractions submitted to them are singularly limited. The 'Governare singularly limited. The Govern-ments concerned object to judicial in-quiries on the spot, and the Committees hear no witnesses. They have to judge the cases before them on two documents only-the petitions of the plaintiff minorities and the 'observations' thereon of the 'Governments concerned.'

"As the petitions are communicated to the Governments, while the 'observations' of the Governments are not communicated to the petitioners and therefore are never properly tested, it will be seen that the Committees must have the greatest difficulty in arriving at just and accurate conclusions. And yet it is on this basis that they assume, with the consent of the Council, to negotiate understandings with the 'Governments concerned' which are held to terminate the inquiries but which are never formally communicated to the Council and consequently are never made public. As, in addition to this, there are no guarantees for the fulfilment of the understandings thus arrived at, it is inevitable that they should lead to grave miscar-riages of justice, and in point of fact this has happened more than once.

"There should be no difficulty in the abrogation of these rules, since it can be done without impairing in any way the general structure of the procedure. Indeed, to speak of actual rules is not quite accurate. They are really inter-pretations by the Secretariat and the Committees of Three of certain resolutions of larger scope, which have never been in terms approved by the Council. Moreover, during the first four years of the existence of the League they were unknown, and, in default of them, petitioners were duly made acquainted with the replies to their complaints, and the Committees of Three reported to the Council on all the receivable petitions submitted to them.

"There was never any demand for a modification of this obviously reason-able practice, and it is indeed doubtful whether the resolutions by which its abrogation was brought about were originally intended to have that effect. It is consequently to be assumed that the required amendments would not meet with any serious opposition. The two rules referred to constitute the cardinal defects of the present procedure. There can be little doubt that their repeal would go far to conciliate the discontented minorities, and to assure a more satisfactory execution of the Treaties.

"It is consequently not necessary, at this juncture, to indicate other desirable reforms, more especially as with the new spirit that is likely to arise from the more successful operation of the procedure as amended in accordance with the storegoing suggestions, these reforms will probably come of them-selves. In the event of the Council preferring a more ambitious solution on the lines of M. Dandurand's proposals, the Joint Foreign Committee trusts that, as in the analogous provisions of the Convention on Upper Silesia, an optionthese two rules by the Committees of al right to direct appeal to the League

FLOODS ADD TO SUFFERING IN FAMINE DISTRICTS OF BESSARABIA

(Continued from Page 1) near Bender, was drowned with his three horses

Tax for To Propose Bessarabian Relief

A voluntary tax of organizations affiliated with the American Jewish Congress and organizations represented at the relief conference to be held on Sunday, is expected to be adopted as the means of raising relief funds for the famine-stricken Jewish population of Bessarabia, it was declared in the call sent out for the relief conference at Pythian Temple, New York City on Sunday afternoon and evening.

A joint appeal to all Jewish organizations to participate in the conference was sent out over the signatures of Dr. Stephen S. Wise, president of the American Jewish Congress; Bennett E. Siegelstein, president of the United Roumanian Jews of America; and Morris Cooper, chairman of the Bessarabian Relief Committee. Six hundred organizations, it was declared, are expected to

Dr. Wise, Abraham Cahan, Judge Gustave Hartman, Rev. Z. H. Masli-ansky. Abraham Goldberg, Max Sil-verstein, Grand Master of the Independent Order Brith Abraham: former Congressman Nathan D. Perlman and Rabbi M. S. Margolies are the speakers announced

The drive to secure \$100,000 for the erection of a synagogue for the Ohav Zodok congregation, Wilkes Barre, Pa., was formally launched last week at a dinner at the Eagles Home. The site was purchased by the congregation at a cost of \$47,500.

Twenty-five Young Israel synagogue orga nizations in New York will hold their annual reception at the Level Club on Saturday, March 30th. The event will be in the form of a Purim celebration.

A testimonial dinner to Assemblyman Maurice Bloch will be given on April 3 at the Hotel Commodore, New York City. Mr. Bloch will be the guest of businessmen of Yorkville. Senator Wagner is honorary chairman of the committee, and Lieut-Governor Lehman is honorary vice-chairman.

of Nations will be reserved to the minorities, and that the existing right of foreign organizations, akin to them in race or religion, to address the League on their behalf will be maintained," the letter concludes.

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