

ZIONIST CONGRESS TO BE CONSULTED ON 7th DOMINION IDEA, EXECUTIVE STATES

Movement Cannot Commit Itself to Dominion Policy at This Stage

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 4.—The official leadership of the Zionist World Organization is in no way associated with the Seventh Dominion League, recently created in London under the leadership of Col. Josiah Wedgwood to propagate the idea of Palestine's eventually becoming the Seventh Dominion within the British Empire, after the twenty-five years period of the Palestine Mandate expires.

A statement to this effect was made public in the current issue of the "New Judea," a fortnightly journal, organ of the Zionist Executive in London. The Zionist Executive cannot commit itself, without previously consulting the Zionist General Council and the Zionist Congress. The Executive must refrain from discussing the merits of the plan, not only because it is remote from reality, but also because every Zionist will recognize the impropriety of taking a definite attitude without mature consideration on a question which vitally affects the interests of the Zionist movement, or without consideration for the mandatory power and the League of Nations, both of whom have something to say on the matter, the Zionist organ states.

BRITISH JEW NAMED TO HOME OFFICE ADVISORY BODY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 4.—S. Cohen, Secretary of the Jewish Association for the Protection of Women and Girls, is a member of an Advisory Committee which has been appointed by the Home Secretary to give general supervision over the inauguration and working of a scheme to improve existing arrangements for helping and befriending women and girls who come to London to take up employment.

The Chairman of the Committee is Colonel Sir Vivian Henderson, M. P., Parliamentary Under-Secretary of the Home Office, and Sir Oscar Warburg is Deputy Chairman.

ROUMANIA ACTS TO RELIEVE FAMINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Mar. 4.—Measures for relieving the famine situation in Bessarabia were decided upon at the session of the Roumanian cabinet. The program outlined aims principally to relieve the village population. Cities were also included in the plan.

The Ministry of Labor, in conjunction with the Red Cross, has opened public kitchens in several towns.

LEAGUE COUNCIL CONFIRMS MANDATES COMMISSION'S REPORT ON PALESTINE

Tables Arab Demand for Parliament as Beyond its Competence; Regrets Wall Incident

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Mar. 4.—The Council of the League of Nations at its opening session here today disposed of one of the two questions of Jewish interest included on its agenda.

The Council received and approved the report of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations adopted at its November session, when it reviewed the situation in Palestine after it received a petition from the anti-Zionist Palestine Arab Executive, one from the Zionist Executive and from 44 other Jewish organizations in all parts of the world, protesting against the interference of the British police in Jerusalem with the Jewish worshippers at the Wailing Wall on the Day of Atonement, on September 24, 1928.

Concerning the demand voiced in the Arab petition for the creation in Palestine of a parliament, the Mandates Commission stated that it considers the question beyond its competence. The business of the Permanent Mandates Commission is to examine whether or not the Mandatory Power is applying the principles of the mandate in its administration of the territory. The commission, however, cannot undertake to dictate to the Mandatory Power as to the form of government it is to in-

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GRUENBAUM HEADS LIST OF 10 MOST POPULAR POLISH JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 4.—Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum, the oppositional die-hard of the Zionist movement in Poland, heads the list of the ten most popular Jews in Warsaw, in a poll conducted among its readers by the Yiddish popular daily of Warsaw, "Unser Express."

Others on the list are Sholom Asch, Yiddish novelist; Hillel Zeitlin, Yiddish publicist; Rabbi Mordecai Alter, Chasidic Rebbe of Ger; Mr. Ehrlich, leader of the Bund, Jewish labor party; Attorney Landau, counsel who defended Stanislaw Steiger; Rabbi Schorr, Deputy H. Farbstein, Mizrahi leader; Cantor Gerson Sirota and Dr. Z. Bychowski, Zionist, a member of the Warsaw City Council.

CONSTRUCTION OF HAIFA HARBOR TO BEGIN IN JUNE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 4.—Construction on the Haifa harbor, awaited with much interest, will begin in June. Information to this effect was given the Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent today.

ROUMANIA, POLAND AND GREECE HOLD SIMILAR VIEWS ON MINORITIES QUESTION

Will Oppose Extension of International Minorities Control

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Mar. 4.—Roumania, Poland and Greece hold similar views with regard to the clauses in the international treaties for the protection of the national minorities, it appears from summaries in the Bucharest newspapers commenting on the visit of Foreign Minister Mironescu to the capital of Poland from where he has just returned.

The newspapers emphasize that Poland as well as Greece holds the same view which may be the beginning of an entente aiming to reject "the purposeless extension of the international control on national minorities questions." These three governments would, it appears, oppose the adoption of the proposal made by the Canadian representative to the League of Nations, Senator Raoul Dandurand, to change the procedure in the receipt of petitions of national minorities complaining against their governments. The present regulations for the national minorities' protection are sufficient in their view.

KATZELENBOGEN, MIZRACHI LEADER, DIES IN WARSAW

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 4.—Chaim Mordecai Katzelebenbogen, leader of the Mizrahi, Orthodox Zionist organization, died here today. Mr. Katzelebenbogen had been a member of the Executive of the Warsaw Kehillah. He was 56 years old.

DAMAGE CAUSED BY FIRE IN GALATZ

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Mar. 4.—A large number of Jewish families remained roofless when a fire broke out last night in Galatz.

The fire destroyed a large number of Jewish houses on Romana Street.

FINDS FORCED LABOR NON-EXISTENT IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Mar. 4.—Except in cases for the general public interest, such as when farmers and laborers assist in driving out the scourge of the locust, forced labor has been entirely abolished in Palestine. A report to this effect will be presented at the forthcoming labor congress by the International Labor Office here.

In the construction of roads, and the laying of water pipes, forced labor is never employed, the work being done by paid labor. The funds for payment are obtained by a special tax levy. This tax can be paid in labor, the report says.

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JEWISH IMMIGRATION TO PALESTINE EQUALLED EMIGRATION IN 1928

Net Gain of 3,357 in Crisis Period
Recorded

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 4.—An equal number of Jews came to Palestine last year as left the country, according to figures made public for 1928.

During the past year the total immigration of Jews to the country amounted to 2,178, while the number who left the country was also 2,178.

Figures compiled for the years 1926-1928, the three-year period of the economic crisis in the country, show that there was a net gain of 3,357 in the Jewish population through immigration. While the number who entered amounted to 17,971 for the three years, those who left the country totalled 14,614.

BIBLE READING ISSUE IN MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Mar. 4.—Bible reading and Bible study in the schools of Michigan will be legalized by the present Legislature, Rev. Andrew H. Harnly, State Representative from Michigan, predicted at a mass meeting in the Jefferson Avenue Baptist Church. Representative Harnly, who is a Baptist minister, is the sponsor of an amendment to the State School Code making it permissible for any school in Michigan to have daily Bible readings, elective courses in the study of the Bible and the release of students for religious education outside the school. The bill will be taken up by the committee of education of the State Legislature at Lansing, Mich., on Thursday, and Rep. Harnly said he expects that it will be reported out and adopted.

Opposition to the bill has developed among non-Protestant groups in the state, and Jewish, Catholic and other spokesmen are to oppose it at a public hearing.

HEBREW UNIVERSITY EXCAVATIONS AT BETH ALPHA ARE COMPLETED

Relics Dating to 600 A.D. Prove Jewish
Centers Flourished Until That Date
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 4.—Excavations conducted at Beth Alpha by the Hebrew University expedition were completed, revealing, altogether, over 300 square yards of the mosaic floor of the synagogue and the atrium, almost entirely preserved.

Besides the signs of the Zodiac uncovered several weeks ago, the new finds include illustrations of scriptural scenes and of ritual objects used in the synagogue. There are two inscriptions, one in Greek and the other in Aramaic, revealing the names of the architects and giving the date of the mosaics as that of the reign of Emperor Justin in the sixth century of the Christian Era.

This date upsets existing theories of the period of the recently discovered Galilean synagogues, setting the date when Jewish centers flourished in Northern Palestine much later than had been supposed.

WM. FOX BECOMES FILM KING WITH LOEW MERGER

William Fox has become "king of the film industry with his acquisition of the interests of Loew's, Inc., which in turn controls the producing company, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer.

Confirmation of the reports of the merger was made in a statement given out by Mr. Fox. The transaction brings under the control of the Fox interests a total of more than 450 motion picture theatres throughout the country, together with two complete motion picture producing enterprises. With his Fox Film Corporation, Mr. Fox now heads the largest interests in the motion picture industry. The assets of the corporations amount to \$225,000,000, it was estimated.

The stock acquired by the Fox interests includes that held by Nicholas M. Schenck, president of Loew's, who will continue in that position. In the statement given out by Mr. Fox, it was said:

"William Fox started in twenty-nine years ago at the age of 21, with capital of \$1,666.66." Before that, Mr. Fox was a cloth sponger."

SENATOR WALSH TO ADDRESS HIAS MEETING ON MARCH 17

Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, champion of liberal immigration, will address the annual meeting of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America at the Hotel Astor, New York, on March 17. Benjamin M. Day, Commissioner of Immigration at the Port of New York, will also be a speaker.

The report of Abraham Herman, the president of Hias, will deal with the progress and development of Jewish immigration in South America and other countries.

Rev. H. Masliansky, Jacob Massel, B. C. Vladek, Harry Fischel, treasurer of Hias, and Albert Rosenblatt, vice-president and chairman of the membership committee, will present reports.

MOSLEM REFUGEES FROM MOROCCO BEGIN TRANSYL- VANIA LAND SETTLEMENT

Receive Free Land and Tax Exemption
from Emir Abdullah
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 4.—An area of 100,000 dunams in Transjordan was set aside for the settlement there of Moslem refugees from Morocco. The land is located between Amman and Deraa.

Colonization work is to be started soon, as Emir Abdullah, the ruler of the territory, which is under the jurisdiction of the Palestine Mandate, has granted the settlers their deeds and has freed them from taxation for the first three years. They were also promised military protection against the attacks of the Bedouins, and water supply.

This plan dates back to the conquest of Tripolitania by Italy, at which time the Sultan of Turkey, Abdul Hamid, promised the refugees the 100,000 dunams for colonization purposes.

DEDICATE NEW BRONX SETTLEMENT BUILDING

The new Bronx House building, to provide additional facilities for neighborhood activities was dedicated Sunday afternoon. Speakers included Mrs. Henry Morgenthau, honorary president of the institution; Henry Morgenthau, former American Ambassador to Turkey and founder with Mrs. Morgenthau of the settlement; Lieutenant Governor Herbert H. Lehman; Alderman President Joseph V. McKee; Dr. Solomon Lewenstein, executive director of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, of which the settlement is a constituent agency; and Lillian D. Wald of Henry Street Settlement.

The new building, erected at a cost of \$200,000 is situated at 1637 Washington Avenue, New York.

The founding of the institution eighteen years ago by Mr. and Mrs. Morgenthau was inspired by Miss Wald, who suggested that a community house for the rapidly growing population of the Bronx be provided, the speakers pointed out. For many years the institution housed its activities in smaller quarters on the site of the new building. The building now contains an auditorium and gymnasium, an open air playground on the roof, showers, manual training room, kindergarten, clubrooms, music rooms, library and a rear yard playground.

Joseph M. Levine, chairman of the Building Committee, of which Mr. Morgenthau is treasurer, presented the building in behalf of the committee to Mrs. A. J. Marcuse, president of the settlement. Frederick Brown is honorary chairman of the committee.

GERMANY REFUSES TO ISSUE VISA TO TROTSKY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 4.—The German government has decided to refuse Trotsky's application for asylum in this country. "Der Berliner Tageblatt" reports that it has learned from reliable sources.

An official announcement is to follow, the paper states.

ULTRA-ORTHODOX STATE CONDITIONS FOR JOINING EXTENDED JEWISH AGENCY

Founder of Agudath Israel Lays Down Conditions at Mass Meeting
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 4.—The conditions under which the Agudath Israel, the Orthodox Jewish world organization, which has been in opposition to the policy of the Zionist Organization in Palestine, would consider entering the extended Jewish Agency were outlined by Jacob Rosenheim, founder and leader of the organization, at a mass meeting held here last night.

The mass meeting was called in connection with the forthcoming international congress of the Agudath Israel, which will take place this summer. It is this body, known as the Knesset Gedulo, which determines the policy of the organization.

Speaking at the mass meeting on the conditions for entering the Jewish Agency, Mr. Rosenheim of Frankfurt stated that the Agudath Israel would be ready to cooperate with the extended Jewish Agency, provided:

1. That the extended Agency limits its activity only to economic and colonization work. Also, that in its representative capacity toward the Mandatory Power, the League of Nations and the non-Jewish population of Palestine, the Jewish Agency act with consideration for the political interests of all Jewish sections and groups.

2. That the Jewish Orthodox community of Palestine receive a public and legal guarantee of its autonomy in religious and educational questions.

DEDICATE JEWISH CHAPEL AT OHIO STATE PENITENTIARY
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Columbus, Ohio, Mar. 4.—A Jewish chapel at the Ohio State Penitentiary, established by the Independent Order B'nai B'rith, was dedicated. There are forty-eight Jewish inmates at the institution. Warden P. E. Thomas, I. B. Jashenofsky, Jacob Myers, Rabbi Jacob Tarshish and Rabbi I. M. Rivlin spoke at the exercises. Sidney G. Kusworm, representing the I.O.E.B., addressed the gathering.

This is the second Jewish Chapel in a penal institution in the United States. The first is at Sing Sing.

HADASSAH SEEKS CLOTHES FOR POOR OF PALESTINE

The population of Palestine, suffering from an unusually severe winter, has sent an appeal to America for warm clothing, especially for children and workers. The appeal was sent by the Histadruth Nashim Ibriot, Hebrew Women's Association of Palestine, to the headquarters of Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America.

Mrs. A. H. Fromenson is Chairman of the Palestine Supplies Department, through which Hadassah sends supplies to Palestine.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Jews in Jugoslavia Strive for Unity
Special Correspondence

Belgrade, Feb. 10.—The Jewish community of Jugoslavia is not homogeneous. It is made up of elements that lived under different influences, before they became a part of the Jugoslav state in 1918.

Historically and geographically speaking, there are in the main two groups: the Ashkenazim, to the north of the Danube and the Sava; and the Sephardim, to the south of this river, that is to say, already on the Balkan peninsula, thus in Serbia, Bosnia and Dalmatia. The Sephardim have pushed on beyond these boundaries up to Zagreb (Croatia) where in 1927 they founded an independent community, while the Ashkenazim, even before the World War, had settled in the southern district and had some large colonies in Belgrade and Sarajevo (Bosnia).

The Sephardim, in point of language and religion and with regard to customs and usages, are quite homogeneous. This cannot be said of the Ashkenazim. In the former Croatia-Slovenia they speak chiefly Serbo-Croatian and are organized, with two exceptions, in progressive communities.

The Ashkenazim, in the districts that were annexed to Hungary, speak mainly Hungarian and are partly conservative and partly Orthodox.

All Sephardim and Ashkenazim Croatia-Slovenes favor a unified Jewish community. The movement looking to the unification of the Jugoslavian Jews is also being served by the Chief Rabbinate, the communal associations, the Association of Rabbis, the Zionist Federation, the B'nai B'rith lodges and the Association of Jewish Youth. The drawing together of the Jewish elements of the population is also being served by the Jewish press, which includes the weeklies, "Zidov" of Zagreb, the "Jevrejski Glas" of Sarajevo, the monthly publications "Hanoar" for mature youth, and "Haaviv" for children, both published in Zagreb. All the organs appear in the Serbo-Croatian language and are edited in the Zionist spirit.

The most important cultural, social and charitable institutions of Jugoslavian Jewry are in Belgrade, Zagreb and Sarajevo. The number of Jugoslavian Jews reaches about 72,000, of whom two-thirds are Ashkenazim and one-third Sephardim. The fewest number of Jews are in Slovenia and there are practically none in Montenegro.

Among the Jews of Jugoslavia, represented in trade, commerce and industry, many occupy a leading place in the economic life. There is also a large number in intellectual callings—there are very many doctors and lawyers in particular. In the field of art, and more particularly in music, Jews are active and successful. The work of the Jews is particularly important in the field of general social aid and public beneficence.

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TO LAUNCH CAMPAIGN AGAINST SCHECHITA AT INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS

Vienna Anti-Semitic Press Starts Attack in Anticipation
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Mar. 4.—The international congress of the societies and groups working for the prevention of cruelty to animals will be asked to go on record as being opposed to the schechita, the Jewish method of slaughtering animals for food, according to indications in the local anti-Semitic press. The congress will be held in Vienna.

In order to prepare public opinion for this move, the Hakenkreuzler press here started what virtually amounts to an anti-schechita campaign. The newspapers insinuate that a large number of Jews are members in the societies for the specific purpose of preventing the societies to oppose the schechita. The schechita, the papers assert, constitutes a desecration of the civilization of centuries. This time, however, the delegates to the international congress will free themselves from the influence of the Jews and will deliver a heavy blow to the Jews by the adoption of a resolution asking for the prohibition of the schechita, the papers write.

ROCHESTER "Y" \$1,000,000 DRIVE OVERSUBSCRIBED BEFORE END
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Rochester, N. Y., Mar. 4.—The million dollar drive for the Jewish Young Men's and Women's Association was over-subscribed by \$28,478, it was announced at the conclusion of the campaign marked by a dinner at the Powers Hotel. The culmination of the campaign came a day in advance of the scheduled date of closing. Contributions were received from 6,398 persons.

Simon W. Stein, who contributed \$250,000 toward the campaign, acted as chairman. Associated with him were Sol Heuman, Henry M. Stern and Abraham H. Neisser, chairman of the building committee.

The funds are to be used to purchase a site upon which will be erected a seven-story building to house the two associations. The building will be used as a community center.

LADY MELCHETT AND LADY SASSOON HEAD HOSPITAL
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 4.—Lady Melchett is President and Lady Sassoon is Chairman of a committee which has been formed to arrange a ball in aid of the funds of the London Jewish Hospital to be held on Tuesday, March 12th at Claridges Hotel.

The Jewish Hospital, which is open to all regardless of creed, has developed very rapidly from its humble beginnings in 1907, and last year was able to receive nearly 1,500 in-patients, while out-patient attendances numbered 51,000.

Lady Sassoon and Feodorowna Lady Alington will be the hostesses of the ball.

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.

SENATOR REBUKED FOR BLOCKING PENSION TO DR. GOLDBERGER'S WIDOW

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Mar. 4.—Senator Smoot was severely rebuked in an editorial in the "Public Ledger" for his action in the Senate, blocking the bill to provide a pension for the widow and children of the late Dr. Joseph Goldberger, discoverer of the cause and cure of pellagra, who died a martyr to science.

The editorial, entitled "The Wandering Jew Who Whipped Pellagra," read:

"For reasons that to him must seem sound and sufficient Senator Smoot blocked a pension bill that would pay to Mary Goldberger, widow of Dr. Joseph Goldberger, the sum of \$125 a month. Meanwhile the Congress has voted divers and sundry pensions to the deserving widows of warriors and statesmen.

"But it has done nothing for the widow of Dr. Goldberger, the poorly paid surgeon who spent his life in the United States Public Health Service. And all he did was to lift the curse of the Red Rash and the slow death which follows this plague of the sore mouth and the gibbering insanity of pellagra from the pellagrins of the American South.

"Goldberger was a tall, thin, hawk-faced Wandering Jew who came out of New York's East Side. In 1914 he was sent to the South to fight the Red Fire, an old, mysterious, skin disease, that was filling the groves and the insane asylums of the Cotton Belt. Pellagra was then slaying not less than 1,500 persons yearly in Mississippi. These were known cases. How many went to their graves unrecorded nobody knows.

"Other States were fully as hard hit. He found numerous pellagrins among the South Carolina insane. In the Mississippi asylum at Jackson pellagra deaths averaged fifty yearly. In Georgia, at Milledgeville, conditions were equally bad. In the orphan asylums he found hundreds of little folk with the telltale "red butterfly" on their noses and their hands reddened as by a fiery sunburn.

"The South was panic-stricken by the spread of pellagra. 'Shotgun quarantines' were established by men who did not know any better. They could not know their dead were dying from a 'hidden hunger' and that the poverty-bitten millhands and cotton farmers were doomed by the very foods they ate to suffer, go insane and slip finally into miserable graves.

"Goldberger fought this slow-moving Red Death in his own stoop-shouldered, keen-brained way. He was not 'scientific.' If he had a high-power microscope, he never unpacked it. The only laboratory he had was the plague-touched region where he wandered and worked.

"Patient persistence solved the mystery. He found the cornmeal mush, the hominy grits, the cane molasses and the salt pork of the South were the sole and actual causes of this Red Rash that melted the flesh from strong men and filled insane asylums to overflowing. The poor people of the South were starving for proteids. That was

the whole story. He checked his findings. He went into asylums and orphanages, fed milk, eggs and red meat to the stricken and saw them grow hale and whole again.

"He went further and 'bred' pellagra in twelve Mississippi convicts, who were promised freedom if they would live six months on white bread, corn pone, grits, sweet potatoes, salt pork, cane molasses, rice, collards and cabbage. They slowly grew weak and sick. One quit, but six of the remaining eleven developed an undoubted pellagra.

"But science doubted. This thing had been too simple and too easy. So Goldberger and his helpers and Mary Goldberger, his wife, injected themselves with pellagrins blood. Seven times did Goldberger repeat this sinister experiment upon himself. The Red Fire did not develop. Pellagra was not 'catching.' Clearly this pellagra was a disease of poverty diets, and could be both prevented and cured by fresh proteids, by eggs, fresh meat and fresh milk.

"He went even further. He showed that two ounces of ordinary yeast, fresh or dried, will drive away the Red Fire. He solved the mystery and found the remedy. In its way it was an epic story.

"And now Goldberger is dead and Congress is loath to pay Mary Goldberger and her three children that little \$125 a month pension. Congress rarely refuses pensions to dependents of warriors or those who destroy life. Yet it is unwilling to do as much for those who save life and make it more livable.

"So it is recommended to the gentlemen of the Senate that they take Paul de Kruif's 'The Hunger Fighters' and read therefrom the tale of 'Goldberger, the Soft-spoken Desperado.' Then let them make up their minds about the pension for Mary Goldberger and her three children."

Ten centrally located cities have been selected for preliminaries in the national agricultural convention of Young Judaea, whose prize will be a free trip to Palestine, will be chosen for the best oration on the subject of "Palestine: The Source of Jewish Life," according to an announcement made by Samuel J. Borowsky, Executive Chairman of Young Judaea. The cities where the ten regions have their central headquarters are New York, Brooklyn, Long Island, Boston, Rochester, Philadelphia, Columbus, Chicago, St. Louis and Atlanta, Ga. The ten regional winners will be heard at the annual convention of Young Judaea.

Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, of New York, held a special service on Sunday morning, in honor of the inauguration of President Hoover.

The subject of Dr. Israel Goldstein's sermon was "President-Elect Hoover and American Israel."

Dr. Leo Wolman, research director of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, before the students of the Jewish Institute of Religion this week on "The Problems of Labor in the United States."

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LEAGUE COUNCIL CONFIRMS MANDATES COMMISSION REPORT ON PALESTINE

(Continued from Page 1)

introduce in the territory. This is exclusively within the jurisdiction of the Mandatory Power. This view was confirmed by the Council of the League of Nations.

With regard to the Wailing Wall issue, the Permanent Mandates Commission expressed its regret at the occurrence of the incidents and declared that it "takes into cognizance with satisfaction and assurance that the Government of Palestine is working toward bringing about an understanding between the parties." The Commission expressed the hope that the government will succeed in pacifying the spirits of those engaged in the controversy and that "no party, through unreasonable demands or intolerance, will interfere with the public peace and order."

The Rapporteur, M. Procope, related that of the forty-four petitions received from Jewish organizations in various countries, only the petition of the Zionist Organization concerning the Wailing Wall issue was examined. He proposed that the decisions of the Mandates Commission with regard to this matter be communicated to all the petitioners. This proposal was accepted.

Simultaneously with the adoption of the report by the Council of the League of Nations, the minutes of the November session of the Mandates Commission were made public, containing many interesting details in regard to the Palestine situation.

The question of the method of procedure to be followed in submitting petitions, in which a change is demanded, is scheduled to come up during the Council's session.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

There is a Jewish proletariat among the Sephardim, but in a very small number.

The Jews of Jugoslavia enjoy equal rights. The rabbis, as representatives of the Jews, are shown the same marks of esteem on the part of the authorities as are the heads of Christian churches. In all branches of the service of the State, including the military and educational departments, there are Jews in the highest positions. The State protects Jewish institutions and favors them when occasion arises.

Tolerance and friendliness towards the Jews are traditional with Jugoslavian governments. A latent anti-Semitism in clerical circles is still present as a remnant from Austro-Hungarian times, thus between the Hungarians and Slovenes. The relations of the Jews to the non-Jewish population, however, is in general good. More particularly the part of the Jugoslavian population living in Serbia stands out by its favorable attitude towards the Jews. Thus, all in all, it may be said that the position of the Jews in Jugoslavia, that is to say in the kingdom of the Serbs, Croats and Slovenes, is satisfactory.