

### LEAGUE COUNCIL TO HAVE DISCUSSION ON NATIONAL MINORITIES PROTECTION

Matter Placed on March 4 Agenda at Germany's Request  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Feb. 7.—The fifty-fourth session of the Council of the League of Nations which will open here on March 4 will go thoroughly into the problem of protection for the national minorities, which became a matter of international concern with the coming into operation of the peace treaties and the establishment of the League of Nations.

Having dealt with the national minorities' problem on various occasions since the close of the World War rather inadequately, the question has now been put on the agenda of the League Council at the specific request of Germany's Foreign Minister, Stresemann, in a communication to the Secretariat General of the League.

This request of the German government is of particular interest when it is recalled that at the last League session Stresemann got into heated conflict with Poland's Foreign Minister, August Zaleski, over the alleged mistreatment of the German minority in Polish Silesia. At that time Stresemann bawled with his fist on the table and declared that if the League is to take lightly its obligations toward the national minorities the League itself would lose its significance in the eyes of many nations.

The placing on the agenda of this question has aroused world wide interest. Leaders of the national minorities in Europe place much hope on this session as it is expected it will, to a large extent, bring clarity into the situation. The agenda also includes a discussion of the much talked about procedure in regard to the petitions of national minorities in complaint against the governments of their countries of residence.

### SAMOILOVITCH GETS POPULAR RECEPTION IN ROME

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
Rome, Feb. 7.—Rudolph Samoilovitch, captain of the ice-breaker "Krassin," which rescued the survivors of the "Italia" disaster, was welcomed on his arrival here with a popular demonstration.

Samoilovitch came to attend the inquiry conducted by a commission into the "Italia" disaster in which part of the sinking which General Noble took to the North Pole was wrecked and some of its crew, including the Jewish scientist Pontremoli, were killed.

### BILL IN GERMAN REICHSTAG FOR PROTECTION OF CEMETERIES

Measure Prompted by "Warfare" on Jewish Dead  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 7.—A bill making it an offense to disturb the religious peace and to disturb the peace of the dead by vandalistic acts in the cemeteries is now pending before the Reichstag.

The bill, which came up for consideration yesterday before the judiciary committee of the Reichstag, was prompted, it was declared, by the 76 cases of desecration of Jewish cemeteries which have been recorded in Germany during the past three years and the numerous attacks on synagogues. The bill provides punishment also for interference in funeral processions.

The bill was reported favorably by the committee, the rapporteur declaring that the German State is not identified with any particular church, but strives to protect all religions.

### RADEK, RAKOVSKY AND OTHER TROTSKYITES ARRESTED IN MOSCOW AT STALIN'S ORDER

Threatened with Expatriation; Authoritative Sources Insist Trotsky in Turkey; Not 150 But 1,500 Arrested  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Feb. 7.—Josef Stalin's crusade against the followers of Leon Trotsky led to the arrest of Karl Radek, Communist propagandist and early associate of Lenin and Trotsky in the Soviet revolution; Christian Rakovsky, former Soviet ambassador to Paris; and a number of other outstanding Communists who are followers of the Trotsky doctrine, it became known here today.

It is declared that Josef Stalin has demanded of Radek, Rakovsky and the other prisoners, a personal pledge to cease issuing proclamations and letters to the Trotsky followers. They were threatened with expatriation if this pledge is not given. The case of Christian Rakovsky, a native Rumanian, is arousing particular interest in view of the fact that Rakovsky has against him a death sentence in his native country, and if expelled from Russia is liable to extradition to Rumania and execution.

According to all appearances, Stalin  
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### WOMAN NAMED FACTORY INSPECTOR IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
Jerusalem, Feb. 7.—Miss Golner, a member of the staff of the Zionist Executive in Jerusalem, was appointed inspector of factories by the Palestine government. She is the first woman to hold this post in the country.

### GERMAN ANTI-SEMITES COMPILE OWN SERIES OF TEN COMMANDMENTS

Here They Are, Read Them as the Hitler Organ Transmits Them  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 7.—The following are the Ten Commandments of the German Anti-Semites as published here in the Hitlerite organ "Der Angriff," by Deputy Goebbels, the Berlin leader of the Hitlerist Party. Here they are:

"1. There can be no positive fighting against the Jews. The Jews are a negative, and this negative must be wiped out from the German calculation, or else it will put the calculation out for all time.

"2. It is impossible to argue with Jews on the Jewish question, because it is impossible to prove to anyone that it is one's right and duty to put him out of harm's way.

"3. In fighting the Jews, one must not allow them to use the methods which are permitted to any honest opponent, for the Jew is not an honest opponent. He will exploit your honorableness and your chivalry to trip you over.

"4. The Jew has no right to any say in German affairs. He is an alien, an outsider who merely enjoys our hospitality, and always abuses it.

"5. The co-called religious morality of the Jews is not moral, but an introduction to deceit. That is why it is not entitled to State protection.

"6. The Jew is not more clever than we are; he is only more cunning. His system cannot be destroyed economically, for economically he fights under an entirely different moral law to ours. It can be destroyed only by political methods.

"7. A Jew can never insult a German. To be libelled by Jews is only an honor for a German who fights the Jews.

"8. The value of any German or of any German movement is increased in proportion to the opposition from the Jews. If anyone is fought by the Jews it is all in his favor. Anyone who is not persecuted by the Jews, anyone who is praised by the Jews, is useless and harmful.

"9. The Jew always regards German questions from the Jewish point of view. That is why the truth is always the opposite to what the Jew says.

"10. Your answer to anti-Semitism must be yes or no. He who shields the Jews commits a crime against his own people. One can only be a slave of the Jews or an enemy of the Jews."

### BI-LINGUISTIC JEWISH PAPER RECEIVED IN TANGIER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)  
Tangier, Feb. 7.—"Adelante" is the name of a new bi-weekly published here for Jewish youth. The magazine will be printed in French and Spanish.

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### IMPORTANT HEBREW UNIVERSITY EXCAVATION FINDS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 7.—Excavations carried on at Beth Alpha, under the auspices of the Hebrew University, led to the unearthing of an ancient synagogue during the second week of excavating.

The southern part of a synagogue with rows of pillars the length of the hall, with a central platform and broad stairs, the width of the middle hall, leading to the Ark of the Holy Scrolls were uncovered. The decorations are particularly interesting, being the symbols of the twelve months of the year—the lamb, the ox, the twins, the crab, the lion, the virgin, etc.—arranged with the symbols of the four seasons of the year, decorated with clusters of grapes, birds and human figures. All parts of the structure are well preserved. The coloring and variety of the decorations are especially noteworthy.

### BERLIN PRESS URGES ASYLUM FOR TROTSKY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 7.—Some of the leading German newspapers urge the government to comply with the Soviet Government's request to grant Leon Trotsky, the exiled oppositionist Communist leader, the right of asylum in Germany.

Remarks to this effect were made in connection with an incident which occurred in the Reichstag yesterday. President Loeb, speaking on the occasion of the tenth anniversary of the Republican Weimar Constitution, was

### SEEK AMENDMENT OF PENDING KOSHER FOOD BILL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—The Board of Jewish Ministers of Northern California has taken vigorous action for amendment of the bill now pending before the present California Legislature which aims to guard against fraud and deception in the sale of kosher meats and other foods.

The contention of the Board is that the measure is not practical, in that it does not designate the proper authority to determine issues that may arise as to the proper preparation and handling of kosher foodstuffs according to religious requirements.

At the last meeting of the Board, the bill presented by Senator Harry Lyon was discussed at length, and it was the consensus of opinion among the rabbis that the measure is faulty in that it designated no authority to decide disputed points.

Rabbi Jacob Nieto, president of the Board, communicated with Senator Lyon, pointing out the defects in his measure and suggesting an amendment that would embody the desired provisions. It was proposed that three Northern California Rabbis and a like number from Los Angeles be selected to function as a standing committee to render decisions on disputed points that might arise in future over kosher food in carrying out the provisions of the law to prevent fraud in the sale of food to orthodox Jewish families.

### ORT REPRESENTATIVE ARRIVES IN NEW YORK

Dr. A. Singalowsky, member of the praesidium of the Central Committee of the Ort, society for the promotion of trades and agriculture among East European Jews, who arrived in New York on the Majestic on Wednesday, will report on conditions in Eastern Europe at a reception on Sunday.

The Executive Committee of the American Ort has arranged a reception in his honor which will be held at the Hotel Astor, New York, on Sunday, February 10th at 3 o'clock.

Ed. C. Ostermann is chairman of the biennial drive of the Federated Jewish Charities of Milwaukee, Wis., for \$165,000, to aid in the support of seven local Jewish organizations and 43 national. More than one-half of the amount sought has already been subscribed.

interrupted by Deputies belonging to the Deutschmaziende and the Communist groups. Loeb, retorted: "We are more tolerant. We are even ready to give Trotsky the right of asylum." This remark was applauded by the majority in the House.

The "Lokal-Anzeiger" states that it is informed that the German government has intimated to the Soviet Embassy that it would renege a request for the admission of Trotsky if officially approached.

### CLERGY SUPPORTS MARYLAND CIVIL MARRIAGE BILL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 7.—The passage by the Legislature of the "civil marriage" bill, which would allow marriage ceremonies to be performed by any judge or justice of the peace or the Mayor of any incorporated city or town in Maryland, was urged in a letter signed by fourteen clergymen representing eight denominations. All are Baltimoreans. Copies of the letter were sent to members of the General Assembly, in session here.

Those signing the appeal for the bill, which has been introduced in the House of Delegates, included Rabbi Morris S. Lazzaron, of the Baltimore Hebrew Congregation, and Rabbi Edward L. Israel, of the Har Sinai Congregation.

"It should be noted," the letter said in part, "that the proposed legislation does not seek to abolish the religious ceremony for those desiring it, nor does it interfere with the relationships of any church to its members. The sacramental idea of matrimony for those who so believe is not affected in the least."

Maryland is said to be the only State in the Union still requiring a religious marriage ceremony.

### HONOR NATHAN SHAPIRO, HEAD OF BROOKLYN FEDERATION

Nathan D. Shapiro, newly-elected president of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities, was the guest of honor last night at a dinner given by the Lawyers Club of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities at the Hotel St. George.

Mr. Shapiro, a former member of the State Legislature and a leader in Brooklyn's communal and philanthropic activities for the past twenty years, in acknowledging the tribute paid to him by the Lawyers Club, asked that the Club join in the effort of his administration to increase Federation's membership from 10,000 to 30,000.

"There are at least 20,000 owners of real estate in Brooklyn," Mr. Shapiro stated, "who give nothing to Federation. Our task is to reach these persons, many of whom are active in Jewish communal affairs in their own neighborhoods but who so far have failed to join in the broader and more centralized form of philanthropy such as Federation represents. No class is better equipped to carry the message of Federation than our lawyers."

Herman Brickman, chairman of the Lawyers Club membership drive, announced at the dinner that forty new members have been enrolled in the club in the past two weeks. The Club is planning upon the conclusion of its membership drive to purchase a site for a clubhouse. Other speakers at the dinner were Adolph Feldblum, Bernard Bloch, president of the Club and Dr. Samuel C. Kohn, executive director of Federation. Moving pictures depicting the activities of Federation's affiliated societies were shown.

**HEARING ON NATIONAL ORIGINS PROVISION BEFORE SENATE COMMITTEE**

**Dr. Herbert Friedenwald Appears as Witness at Hearing**  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Feb. 7.—Arguments on the merits of the national origins provision of the Immigration Act occurred at the hearing of the Senate Immigration Committee at the hearing yesterday on Senator Nye's resolution to defer operation of the clause for another year. Under the law, the President is authorized to issue a proclamation on April 1, putting the national origins provision into operation on July 1, 1929 and would result in the reduction of immigration quotas from a total of 150,000 a year on the basis of the racial composition of the population in 1920, instead of upon the basis of 25% of the foreign born groups in the United States as shown by the 1910 census. Hearings will be resumed on Saturday morning at 10 o'clock.

The only witness opposed to the national origins plan who appeared before the Committee yesterday was Dr. Herbert Friedenwald of Washington, a member at large of the American Jewish Committee, who declared that the eyes only in a personal capacity and not for any Jewish body. He explained that he came at the express invitation of Senator Nye. He undertook to show the unworkability of the national origins provision by recounting his own ancestry.

"I was born in Baltimore of this ancestry, religiously and racially Jewish on my father's side of people accidentally born in Germany, on my mother's side I am the son of a woman born in England, raised in Ireland, married in the United States to a natural born American citizen, but inasmuch as my mother's grandfather was a non-Jew, a member of a family of distinction in the state of Hanover, who was converted to Judaism, I wish this Committee, because it is a question that I am unable to determine myself, would tell me what is my national origin," he declared. Later during the hearing, Dr. Friedenwald asked: "If I had been born in Ireland would I have been Irish?"

"I think an Irishman answered that question once," said Senator Reed, "by saying that if a cat had bitten in an ear, they would not be biscuits." The theory of the national origins provision, said Senator Reed, is that most people born in Germany are Germans and most of those born in Ireland are Irish and that exceptions tend to cancel each other.

Dr. Friedenwald declared that determination of national origins on the basis of the 1920 population was made largely on the basis of names and that "determination by names is almost

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**J. D. B. NEWS LETTER**

**A Study on the Scholastic Achievements of Jewish Students**

By Our Baltimore Correspondent  
Baltimore, Md., Feb. 7.—"Jewish students at Columbia College are far superior to other students both in intelligence test scores and academic performance," according to Dr. Henry E. Garsent, of Columbia University.

This deduction is contained in "Jews and Others—Some Group Differences in Personality, Intelligence and College Achievement," an article by Dr. Garsent, which will appear in the forthcoming number this month of "The Personnel Journal." The official organ of the Personnel Research Federation, the booklet edited by Walter W. Bingham, is published monthly by the Williams and Wilkins Company of Baltimore.

"A few definite facts," a foreword to the article states, "about Jews, Italians and English are more illuminating than hundreds of opinions. A comparison of what Hebrew, Catholic and Protestant students actually accomplish in college tends to dissipate prejudice. Professor Garsent has not answered all the questions that arise regarding differences between such racial and religious groups, but he has measured and reported certain highly interesting characteristics of some of the students at Columbia."

Differences between Jewish college students and other racial and religious groups were measured by means of college grades, the Thorndike Intelligence Examination, the George Washington Social Intelligence Test and the Laird Personal Inventory E2. The report by Dr. Garsent deals with differences between these groups as so measured and also with the relationship between the traits measured. The subjects were 295 freshmen at Columbia.

"When classified as to ancestry," Dr. Garsent writes, "the Jewish students were found to rank higher in college grades than the other groups, i. e., English, Italian, etc. They were ahead also in general intelligence, although the difference here was not so great as in college achievement. It seems probable that selection plays a not unimportant role in these results. There was no reliable group differences as regards Social Intelligence or Laird Personal Inventory."

"Classified as to religion, the Jewish students are again considerably ahead of both the Catholic and Protestant groups in general intelligence as well as in college achievement. They are slightly superior in social intelligence, and somewhat less stable emotionally as measured by the Personal Inventory. These last differences, however, are not reliable."

Forty-two different national groups and combinations were represented among the 295 students. Mixed and racial groups were embodied in the

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**JOHNSON ASKS RULE TO EXPEDITE PASSAGE OF FOUR IMMIGRATION BILLS**

Johnson, Schneider, Free and Box Bills to Come Up  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Feb. 7.—Chairman Johnson of the House Immigration Committee asked the House Rules Committee today for a rule to permit a vote by the House the early part of next week, probably Tuesday, on four bills: the Johnson deportation bill approved by the Committee; the Schneider bill to legalize the status of aliens who unlawfully entered the United States prior to July 1, 1921; Congressman Free's bill to give preference to skilled technicians, and the Box bill restricting the admission of Canadians for daily employment across the border.

The Free bill, as definitely formulated and approved by the House Committee, provides that along with certain relatives of American citizens and agriculturists who are already given preference up to fifty percent of the quota for each country, there shall be given preference also, without priority of preference as to other classes now receiving preference, to aliens who, being trained and skilled in a particular art, craft, technique, business or science, are needed by bona fide American employers to engage in work to perform which persons of like qualifications cannot be found or employed in the United States, as well as their wives and dependent children under eighteen accompanying or following to join them. Such preference cannot be given to such aliens without the prior approval of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to a hearing as to the need of this class of workers in the United States.

The Committee amended the Schneider bill by including Chairman Johnson's proposal to legalize the status of illegally entering aliens from the date the bill shall go into effect instead of the date of entry as originally provided. Congressman Sabath and Congressman Dickstein fought to extend the period of those eligible for legalization from 1921 to 1924, without success. Congressman Sabath indicated that he will offer an amendment from the floor for this extension.

**HINDENBURG CONDOLES BUENEFELD'S MOTHER**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 7.—The mother of Baron von Buenefeld, one of the Bremen trans-Atlantic flyers who died two days ago, received a message of condolence today from von Hindenburg, president of the German Republic.

The Baron's mother is a Jewess, a daughter of the well-known German Jewish family, Lachman. Baron von Buenefeld will live in the history of aviation, the President said in his message.

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.

In a recent meeting of the Ontario Athletic Association of 1200 members, Boris Zeigler was elected President of the Club. Zeigler has been President of Temple Israel of Toronto and has been prominently identified in Jewish causes.

## RADEK, RAKOVSKY AND OTHER TROTSKYITES ARRESTED IN MOSCOW AT STALIN'S ORDER

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is making a strenuous effort to annihilate the Trotsky movement in Soviet Russia. According to reliable information, the chiefs of the various departments of the Gepu, Soviet secret police, were called by Stalin to a conference several weeks ago when they were instructed to find the secret presses being operated by the Trotsky followers and the machinery they established for the propagation of their views. As a result of this order, 1,500 persons, not 150 as was previously reported, were placed under arrest. No presses were discovered, however, by the Gepu agents, allegedly because there are many Trotskyists among the Gepu workers and among the officials in all Soviet departments.

Authoritative sources of information in Moscow further insisted today that Leon Trotsky has already been brought to Constantinople, arriving on January 26. He made the trip on a Soviet cruiser with Angora apparently as his destination.

According to a rumor current here among the Trotskyists, Leon Trotsky refused to leave Alma Ata, Turkestan, where he had been exiled, and was taken forcibly into an automobile, which brought him to the nearest railway. His family was left behind. The reports that Trotsky was taken from Alma Ata by aeroplane or that Constantinople is his final destination were declared here to be unfounded.

## JEWISH CONGRESS SEEKS \$250,000 FOR 2-YEAR BUDGET

At a dinner tendered to the Budget Fund Campaign Committee of the American Jewish Congress at the Aldine Club, on Wednesday evening, Dr. Louis I. Harris, former Commissioner of Health of New York City, presiding, the Budget Fund Campaign for the American Jewish Congress was launched. To meet the budget fund requirements for a period of two years, Dr. Harris announced that the Committee had decided upon the amount of \$250,000, and felt that the Jewish people of this country would over-subscribe the quota set.

Dr. Stephan S. Wise during his address called upon the workers to do their share in the raising of the budget fund. Dr. Wise stated that the Congress was a representative organization constituted on democratic principles and that, in addition to the protection of Minority Rights, the Congress aimed at developing democratic Jewish leaders.

Among the other speakers of the evening were Major Julius I. Peyser of Washington, Chairman of the Executive Committee, and Carl Sherman, Chairman of the Administrative Committee.

At the conclusion of the evening Dr. Harris announced that preliminary subscriptions amounting to \$18,000 were received.

## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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whole number "as the Jews are hardly a national group in the same sense that the English or the Italians are."

The Jews "constitute, however," Dr. Garrett adds, "so large and so well defined a group that we decided to include them as such. Only the first six groups (78 per cent of our data) were sufficiently large to make comparisons worth while."

These groups were divided as follows: Jewish 82, English 65, German 33, Italian 17, Irish 16, English-German 15.

"The Jewish group," according to Dr. Garrett, "is clearly superior to the other groups in scholastic performance, the difference between their mean and that of their nearest competitor (the Italians) being 4.71 times its standard error. The gap between the Jews and the Irish is in reality a chasm. In respect to general intelligence the Jewish group is again significantly ahead, although their superiority here is not so great.

"Apart from better native ability which may, of course, be the real reason, there are two possible contributing causes for the marked superiority of the Jews. In the first place, it is very probable that the preparation of those Jews who apply for admission to Columbia College is on the whole better than that of the other applicants. Secondly, the standards or criteria for admission are probably somewhat higher for Jewish students. Rigorous selection would automatically boost the Thorndike Scores, while better preparation would tend to increase college grades. Whatever may be the relative potency of these factors, the fact remains that the Jewish students in Columbia College are far superior to other students both in intelligence test scores and academic performance. This would not necessarily hold for other institutions where selection methods are less drastic.

"The scores on the Social Intelligence Test show no marked trend, the Jews and the English-Germans ranking highest and about the same. In 'emotional stability' there were no significant differences."

In a comparison of groups according to religion, twelve of the students failed to answer the question asking for religious affiliation or preference. Only the first three groups were large enough to be used for comparative purposes. These were Protestants, 136; Hebrews, 75; Catholics, 58.

"As might be expected," Dr. Garrett declares, "after our comparison of national groups, the Hebrew students rank highest in Grades and Thorndike Examination. Here they rank highest, too, in Social Intelligence and 'emotional instability,' although the latter difference is small and insignificant. There are no reliable differences between the Catholics and Protestants. Apparently, religious affiliation has no relation to the intelligence scores or scholastic performance of our group of freshmen. In many cases, of course,

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futile." He did not think that President-elect Hoover, in view of his declared opposition to the national origins provision, should be embarrassed by being called upon to put that law into operation at the outset of his administration, Dr. Friedenwald said.

Demarest Lloyd, representing the National Immigration Legislative Committee, was the principal witness in favor of the national origins plan. Putting into effect the plan would be more equitable than the present 1890 basis, he asserted.

"Is the 1790 census beyond attack?" asked Senator Nye referring to the national origins plan which would be based on the population of that year.

"I believe it is beyond any serious attack," Mr. Lloyd replied, adding, with reference to the existing quota system: "I don't think there is any rhyme or reason on a basis that gives the Irish Free State, with a population less than the city of New York, nearly as much as Great Britain." When Mr. Lloyd said that the organizations opposed to the Nye resolution invite a comparison of their patriotism with that of the opponents of the national origin system, Senator Nye asked: "Mr. Lloyd, do you question the patriotism of the two candidates for the presidency in the late campaign?" Mr. Lloyd's reply was that the candidates must have acted on misinformation or misapprehension as to the meaning of the national origins provision.

"Is it your opinion," asked Senator Johnson of California, Chairman of the Committee, "that Mr. Hoover was laboring under a delusion when he advocated flatly the repeal of the national origins provision?"

"I think Mr. Hoover must have been misinformed," Mr. Lloyd replied.

Senator Johnson pointed out that Mr. Hoover was one of the three cabinet officers to whom was intrusted the duty of compiling statistics and estimating quotas which would be allotted under the national origins clause. Mr. Lloyd assured the Committee that those organizations represented by him were not actuated by any prejudices against any particular racial groups.

The other witnesses who appeared before the Committee, all of them in favor of the national origins plan, were Captain John B. Trevor, representing the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York and the National Restriction Conference; Frank S. Steel, secretary of the Sons of the American Revolution; Mrs. Sayde Linkletter, representing the Daughters of America; Miss Bell Gurnee, representing the National Civic Federation and the Immigration Restriction League.

religious affiliation is nominal and plays a very minor role in the man's everyday life."