

BRITISH NON-ZIONISTS PER- SIST IN DISLIKE FOR "JEWISH NATIONAL HOME" FORMULA

They Will, However, Cooperate in
Work of Extended Jewish Agency
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 1.—The British non-Zionists, though they will cooperate in the work of the extended Jewish Agency, would like to make it clear that they persist in their dislike for the formula "the Jewish National Home," states an editorial in the "Jewish Liberal Bulletin," the organ of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue of London, of which Dr. Israel I. Mattuck is minister.

Although the non-Zionists dislike the formula, "the Jewish National Home," the British interpretation of the Mandate, as well as the Arab attitude toward it have reduced the formula to a shadow over which it is not worth while quarrelling, the editorial states. This formula will, therefore, not preclude the non-Zionists from participating in Palestinian charity, overcoming their dislike for the formula. However, the non-Zionist opposition to the Zionist principle of a Jewish national home will remain, because, nationally, Palestine means nothing to the non-Zionists. It must, therefore, be made clear that the Jewish Agency, if it is to include non-Zionists, should not be committed to Jewish nationalism. The non-Zionists should sincerely ask and the Zionists honestly state that the Jewish Agency is without national significance, the editorial states.

JEWISH ARAB CLUB

ESTABLISHED IN HAIFA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Haifa, Feb. 1.—The first Jewish-Arab club in Palestine was established here. The subject of politics is banned from discussion in the club. English was selected as the official language, in order to avoid any possible dispute over the language question.

LEAGUE SECRETARIAT

SEES PALESTINE FILM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Feb. 1.—A film depicting the new life in Palestine and the achievements of the Jewish settlers there was shown in the offices of the League of Nations at 5 o'clock Wednesday afternoon.

The presentation was given for the benefit of the members of the League's Secretariat by an arrangement made through Dr. Victor Jacobson, representative of the Zionist World Organization at Geneva. The presentation took an hour and a half. Among those who attended were Undersecretary General Dorian Feronce and departmental director Catasini. Foreign correspondents were also present.

"GIVE US BREAD" IS CRY OF STARVING JEWS IN BESSARABIA

Hundreds Storm Headquarters of Jewish Relief Committee with Cry of Need

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Czernowitz, Feb. 1.—The sufferings of the famine stricken population in some Bessarabian cities continue to claim the attention of public opinion here.

The newspapers carry extensive reports of the plight of the Jewish population in the famine stricken area. One report emanating from Ackerman, Bessarabia, relates a tragic scene before the headquarters of the Jewish Relief Committee. Hundreds of men, women and children stormed the Committee's headquarters, crying, "Give us bread!"

Similar scenes are reported from the harbor city Reni. A part of the population fled to Galatz. Women can be seen in the streets wailing in prayer, "Give us bread. Our children are dying of hunger!"

Dr. Hellmann, chairman of the Jewish Relief Committee, despatched an urgent plea to American Landsmanschaften asking for speedy remittance of funds to continue the rescue work as many of the well-to-do citizens who were in a position to contribute are now in need themselves.

SOVIET WILL ALLOT 3,100,000 ROUBLES FOR JEWISH COLONIZATION WORK IN 1929

Crimea Land Area to Be Turned Over to Jewish Settlement, March 1

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Feb. 1.—The appropriation of the Soviet government to assist impoverished Jews to settle on the land in 1929 will total 3,100,000 roubles, by a decision of the administrative territorial commission of the Wziz, Central Executive Committee.

Two million one hundred thousand roubles of this amount are taken from the Soviet government budget, while 1,000,000 roubles will be provided by the Soviet agricultural bank.

The commission also announced today that the area of 109,000 hectares in Crimea will be turned over for Jewish land settlement on March 1.

The administrative territorial commission at its session here yesterday also decided to establish a second "Jewish national region" in the district of New Zlatopol, region of Zaporozhie, Ukraine.

RUTTENBERG TO IRRIGATE PETACH TIKVAH ORANGE GROVES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 1.—An agreement has been signed between the engineer Pinchas Ruttenberg and the colonists at Petach Tikvah for irrigation of the colony's orange groves.

AVERT VIENNA KEHILLAH SPLIT BY COMPROMISE OF ZIONISTS AND NON-ZIONISTS

Government Commissioner Would Have Taken Charge of Affairs

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Feb. 1.—A split in the recently elected Kehillah Board of Vienna, over matters of representation and the program of work, was averted today by a re-constitution of the Board.

The split threatened for the past several weeks. The Zionist factions controlling thirteen votes, as against 17 votes of the representatives of the Union of Austrian Jews, non-Zionists, with other groups holding the balance of power, proceeded to an opposition policy. They demanded proportionate representation on the Board and the adoption of a program of work which would be in accord with their views of Jewish communal life. They also demanded a change in the election ordinance.

The Union representatives, as a result, issued an ultimatum to the Zionists and the groups affiliated with them, that they will consent to a reconstruction of the Board, if the Zionists will agree in advance to abandon their national democratic program in the Kehillah work and to desist from the demand for a change in the Kehillah elections until the end of the term. If these conditions would not be met, all Union representatives would resign and the election results would be contested, in which case a government commissioner would have to take charge of the affairs of the Kehillah until new elections were held.

This conflict in the Vienna Kehillah also threatened the progress of the work in Austria for the extension of the Jewish Agency. Two non-Zionist representatives to the Jewish Agency are to be chosen from this country.

Due to the agreement reached yesterday the Kehillah board was reconstituted. Herr Loewenherz, a Zionist, was chosen vice-president of the Board and the Zionist groups were given representation on the collegium and the various committees. Simultaneously a commission to inquire into the advisability of changes in the election ordinance was appointed.

LAVIAN JEWS TO HONOR FAMOUS TALMUDIC SCHOLAR

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Feb. 1.—A national committee of Orthodox Jews to observe the fortieth anniversary in the rabbinate of Rabbi Josef Rosin, Rabbi of Dwinsk, has been formed.

Rabbi Rosin, who has served as Chief Rabbi of Dwinsk for the past forty years, is a famous Talmudic authority and is known by the name, the Gaon of Rogatschow.

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NATHAN STRAUSS'S EIGHTY- FIRST BIRTHDAY IS OB- SERVED IN PALESTINE

Country of Many of His Benefactions
Honors Philanthropist

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 1.—The eighty-first anniversary of the birth of Nathan Straus, American Jewish philanthropist, was observed here last night at a reception given by Miss Henrietta Szold, American member of the Palestine Zionist Executive. Dr. John Haynes Holmes, pastor of the Community Church in New York, who came to Palestine as the representative of Mr. Straus, was the guest of honor.

In his address, Dr. Holmes characterized Mr. Straus's philanthropy as many-sided and reconciling all races and creeds. "America claims Mr. Straus as a citizen, but he belongs not only to America but to the whole world. He came to Palestine first as a tourist, but felt the challenge and today his Palestine work symbolizes his international philanthropy," Dr. Holmes declared.

Dr. Holmes came to Palestine to dedicate the Nathan and Lina Straus Health Center, the gift of Nathan Straus to the Hadassah, for the welfare of all Palestinian residents, regardless of race or creed. A cable-gram of felicitations was despatched to Mr. Straus.

MOSCOW DENIES ARREST OF KAMENEFF AND ZINOVIEFF

The Associated Press reports from Moscow that the Soviet authorities denied yesterday that Leon Kameneff and Gregory Zinovieff, former opposition leaders, had been arrested.

An Exchange Telegraph despatch from Helsingfors, Finland, to London carried the report from Moscow that Kameneff and Zinovieff were held in their homes under arrest.

ECONOMIC DISCRIMINATION REAL SEMINAR ON CHRISTIAN JEWISH RELATIONS FINDS

Plan to Hold Similar Seminars at College Centers Throughout U. S.

That the Jews and Catholics are the most discriminated against groups and that many difficulties are so grave and so deeply rooted psychologically, as to prevent unity on the part of the Catholic, Jewish and Protestant faiths, but not respect for and to a degree co-operation with each other was the finding of the Seminar on the relations between Jews and Christians which closed its two day session Thursday night with a dinner at the Hotel Roosevelt.

While no specific program of action was adopted, it was the consensus of opinion on the part of spokesmen of the three beliefs, that the occasion was unique and beneficial in that for perhaps the first time representatives of the three faiths had faced the prejudices current against each other. It is planned to hold similar Seminars at college centers throughout the country.

In the course of the session Thursday afternoon, summarizing the Round Table Discussions, it was admitted that there is vocational discrimination against Jews and Catholics. In particular Jewish lawyers and girl stenographers are discriminated against. In the Middle West it is impossible for the Jew to secure a university post, or a Catholic to obtain a position as a teacher, it was stated. New York, it was charged, bars Jews from most of its public utility corporations and Jews from internships unless in a hospital

(Continued on Page 4)

MAYER OFFERED AMBASSA- DORSHIP; NOT YET ACCEPTED

Louis B. Mayer, vice-president and general manager of Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer motion picture producers has been offered the Ambassadorship to Turkey by President-elect Hoover but has not made any decision in the matter, it was announced from his offices in Los Angeles yesterday, states a despatch from there to the New York "Herald-Tribune."

WM. SPIEGELBERG, PIONEER MERCHANT, DIES AT 85

William Spiegelberg, who went to settle in Santa Fe, New Mexico, in 1839, traveling by rail, steamboat and mule train, died in New York on Thursday at the age of 85.

Mr. Spiegelberg who with his brother, who settled there in 1846, was among the early pioneers of the state, became an outstanding citizen in the community. He was elected probate judge of the county of Santa Fe by a large majority, receiving the support of prominent Catholics, including the Archbishop, against one of their own faith. In the Cleveland administration, the governorship of the then territory of New Mexico was offered to Mr. Spiegelberg, but he declined it. Forty-one years ago he retired from business, coming to settle in New York.

GRUENBAUM CRITICIZES POLISH GOVERNMENT DUR- ING BUDGET DISCUSSION

Jews Pay Forty Percent of State
Revenues, He Declares

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Feb. 1.—Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum, president of the Club of Jewish Deputies, speaking in behalf of the Club during the general debate on the government budget for 1928-29, lashed the government for its economic policy and for its attitude toward Jewish problems.

The present budget as proposed represents an exploitation of the Jewish population in Poland, he asserted. The main burden of taxation rests on the urban population, thus bringing out the fact that the Jewish population pays 49 per cent of the revenues of the state. Although this is the situation, the Jewish communities, through their Kheilahs, are compelled to perform social and educational functions which are properly the duty of the government. In government offices there are almost no Jewish employees. In the government secondary schools, only 6 per cent are Jewish pupils. In the colleges a de facto application of a numerus clausus is in existence. The fiscal policy of the government must inevitably lead to the economic ruin of the Jewish population, Deputy Gruenbaum declared in his address before the Sejm.

FULD WILLED \$645,000 FOR WELFARE INSTITUTIONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Newark, N. J., Feb. 1.—The largest welfare bequest of the late Felix Fuld, vice-president of L. Bamberger & Company, who died January 20, is one of \$109,000 to be shared jointly by the Y. M. H. A. and the Y. W. H. A. of Newark, it became known yesterday when the will was filed for probate. A total of \$645,000 was left to various welfare institutions. Bequests to friends and relatives total \$342,000 while the residuary estate goes to the widow, Mrs. Carrie Bamberger Fuld, and to Louis Bamberger, brother-in-law of the legatee, in equal shares.

Besides the bequest to the Newark "Y," bequests of \$50,000 each are to go to the Babies Hospital, Newark Museum Association, Florence Crittenton Home, Hospital and Home for Crippled Children, St. Barnabas Hospital, Newark Eye and Ear Infirmary and the Y. M. C. A. of Newark. Gifts of \$25,000 each will go to the East Side Day Nursery and the Eighteenth Avenue Day Nursery, the Hebrew Maternity Aid Association, Jewish Sisterhood, Society for the Relief of Respectable Aged Women, the Y. W. C. A., all of Newark and the Theresa Grotta Aid for Convalescents at North Caldwell.

Mr. Fuld also left \$5,000 each to the Beth Israel Hospital, the Bureau of Associated Charities, the Hebrew Benevolent and Orphans Society and the Jewish Sisterhood and Day Nursery.

Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver of Cleveland, O. who will attend the Convention of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations in San Francisco, February 10th to the 15th, will speak before several Jewish communities on the West on his way to the coast.

\$450,000 RAISED FOR NEW YORK UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL AT OPENING DINNER

Lieut-Governor Lehman, Mayor Walker, Felix Warburg, and Colonel Kisch Principal Speakers at Banquet Initiating New York Drive

An amount totalling \$450,000 was raised for reconstruction work in Palestine at the banquet held Thursday night at the Astor Hotel, which opened the campaign of the United Palestine Appeal for Greater New York, of which Nathan Straus is Honorary Chairman and Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Chairman.

A contribution that aroused enthusiasm among those at the banquet was the announcement that Louis Marshall, President of the American Jewish Committee, had given \$5,000 to the United Palestine Appeal. Other contributions announced were: Felix Warburg, \$50,000; Lieut-Governor Herbert H. Lehman, \$10,000, and Albert Ottinger, \$2,000.

The toastmaster of the occasion was Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, who introduced Dr. Louis I. Harris, former Health Commissioner of the City of New York and Associate Chairman of the New York Campaign, as the first speaker. During the course of his remarks, Dr. Harris declared that one of the greatest aspects of the movement for the rebuilding of Palestine is that it has succeeded in solidifying the Jews everywhere.

Mr. Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United Palestine Appeal, traced the growth of the Zionist movement since Herzl's eyes. Referring to the guests of honor of the evening, and to the prospects for Palestine in the future, Mr. Rothenberg said: "The two guests of honor, this evening, are symbols of that new epoch: Mr. Felix Warburg, together with that other great Jew, Mr. Louis Marshall, have come to represent the thought of a united Israel for Palestine. Col. Frederick Kisch, leading member of the Palestine Zionist Executive, represents the practical work of reconstruction."

Never before were there brighter prospects for the enterprise in which we are engaged. Never before did the hour demand from every Jew a greater measure of duty and devotion to the sacred cause of human liberation, the upbuilding of the Jewish National Home."

An ovation was tendered to Mr. Felix Warburg when he was introduced by Judge Rosalsky, and the entire audience rose to its feet with sustained applause. During the course of his address, Mr. Warburg emphasized the economic investment angle in Palestine, saying:

"One thing is sure; mere charity or philanthropy will not bring this about. It means patient investment carefully made. Let us hope that in the campaign now starting you will, by sounding this note, find other people who are willing to invest in themselves and their children in enterprises which will surely give them satisfaction, probably a good income and, what is more valuable than the two preceding ones, will in having been connected with

this undertaking from the start and having helped in its success."

The harmony which has been achieved among the various groups in American Jewry for the rebuilding of Palestine was the subject of the address made by Lieut-Governor Herbert H. Lehman, who said that "It is no longer a question of Zionist or non-Zionist, of orthodox or reformed. Our groups are willing to lay aside their views on many questions and to join hands in the upbuilding of Palestine along non-partisan lines, in exactly the same manner that they worked shoulder to shoulder in feeding, clothing, and housing the millions in Europe, during and after the great war. In the first place, I am convinced that Palestine, under proper direction and leadership, can be made a great cultural and spiritual center, which will fortify civilization in the world of today, just as early Palestine did in its world several thousand years ago."

"On us is imposed the responsibility and duty of giving our help now, a (Continued on Page 4)

TROTSKY'S EXILE TO TURKEY. BERLIN HEARS, DELIBERATE MOVE TO JEOPARDIZE HIM Constantinople Full of Czaristic Emigres, Enemies of Trotsky

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 1.—As further despatches from Moscow confirm the report that Leon Trotsky is actually on his way from the Soviet Union to Constantinople, in accordance with an arrangement between the Soviet government and Kemal Pasha, speculation is rife in Russian circles abroad as to why Constantinople was chosen as Trotsky's place of refuge.

Well founded reports from Moscow indicate that Constantinople was selected not without a reason. Faced with the dilemma of letting a Soviet court deal summarily with him, which would make him a martyr, or of permitting him to go abroad where he might have greater opportunity for increasing his following against Stalin, Stalin decided to permit Trotsky to leave Russia but to direct his steps to such a place where the worst that could happen to him would not place the responsibility on his former comrades and present foes.

It is pointed out in well informed Russian Soviet circles that Trotsky's stay in Constantinople will bring him into the danger of assassination as Constantinople is full of Czaristic emigres who took a leading part in the Russian Civil war in the White Army's combat against the Red Army of which Trotsky was then the leader.

The new postal rates of the Post Office Department of Canada includes Palestine in the British Imperial Letter Rate, which means that a letter sent at present from Canada to Palestine needs only a two cent stamp, instead of the former eight cents stamp, which was in force since Palestine has been under the British mandate.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Canadian Jews Reach Agreement on School Question; Will Not Establish Separate Jewish Schools

By Our Montreal Correspondent

Montreal, Jan. 30.—After a meeting between the Protestant Board of School Commissioners and a committee of Jewish citizens appointed to confer with the Board on the Jewish school question, a memorandum embodying the terms of the agreement which had been unanimously arrived at, was handed to Hon. L. A. David, Provincial Secretary, for submission to Hon. L. A. Taschereau, Premier of the province.

The terms of the agreement cannot be disclosed until the Government has had an opportunity to study them. It may be stated, however, that the question of establishing a separate Jewish panel, which has been proposed as a solution of the difficulty, was thoroughly canvassed and felt to be not in the best interests of the community.

However, action on the terms as agreed upon lies in the hands of the Government.

The agreement constitutes one more step in the effort to fix the status of Jews in regard to educational matters in this city.

An act was passed in 1903 by the provincial Legislature which provided that Jews should be regarded as Protestants for all school purposes. Some years ago the question arose as to whether this did not authorize the appointment of Jewish representatives on the Protestant School Board in Montreal, and as to whether in this and other matters the Act of 1903 was not ultra vires.

The Government appointed a commission to consider the whole question, and on its recommendation the matter was referred to the courts and carried to the Privy Council, which rendered judgment last Spring.

In that judgment the rights of Protestants and Jews in educational matters were clearly set forth. The problem that has since confronted those two sections of the community, has been to ascertain whether, within the four corners of the judgment, a solution could be found satisfactory to all parties.

Informal conversations have taken place during the last three months between leading citizens of the Jewish community and the Montreal Protestant School Board. Recently a representative Jewish committee was appointed, which met the Protestant Board on several occasions in the office of Hon. Mr. David, and it was at the close of the meeting that the memorandum referred to was agreed upon.

It was, of course, recognized from the start that certain matters were excluded from discussion by the Privy Council judgment, and that no agreement which might be arrived at could prevent individuals from taking action on their own responsibility. It is felt, however, that the agreement which

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\$450,000 RAISED FOR... NEW YORK UNITED... PALESTINE APPEAL (Continued from Page 3)

duty we cannot disregard, either as Jews, or as men and women, with ideals of freedom, courage and devotion to a faith."

Albert Ottinger, former Attorney General of the State of New York and Chairman of the Executive Committee of the United Palestine Appeal Campaign for Greater New York, stressed the need for greater participation by all Jews in the Palestine enterprise, declaring that participation in the task would enrich Jewish life everywhere.

Judge Rosakiss then called upon the Mayor, James J. Walker, who was present during the entire evening. During his extended address, Mayor Walker praised the Jews of New York for their contribution to the building of the metropolis and urged them to do as much for Palestine, which should be made an international monument to the Jewish people.

During his speech, Mayor Walker said: "I could not make you know of my delight in hearing of the unanimity with which you approach this campaign. It is a very insignificant something, if anything, that I bring to you. It may be another manifestation of the peace on earth that has been hoped for so many years, and which surely in some measure has arrived, because I come, as has already been indicated by your toastmaster, as an Irish Goy, to present my very profound respects to Mr. Warburg, and as the son of a belligerent Irishman, to welcome a distinguished British soldier, Colonel Kisch. So that if we can start as is, and maintain that motif or tempo throughout the campaign, it cannot have anything but the most hopeful prospects and results.

"I am intensely interested in this campaign, not only to provide funds that may satisfy some temporary condition, or lay the foundation for some permanent condition, but also in the rebuilding or in the building of a genuine homeland in that land of romance called Palestine. As the Mayor of this city, I deem it a privilege and an honor to be permitted to take any part in this most worthy movement. As an individual, my heart throbs, moved by the romance, by the delight, in the rehabilitation of Palestine. As the Mayor of the City of New York, in an official capacity, I have an equally intense interest, and I hope that all this community, irrespective not only of religious philosophy, but irrespective of everything that divides men and women in their opinions and their determinations, that all the people of this city might look upon this campaign as a serious matter and look upon it with genuine sympathy. I would like them to reciprocate in a manner so manifest in your many institutions in this city, supported successfully by Jewish money, but maintained as non-sectarian institutions. You know that I have some familiarity with these activities; you know that I have a very profound interest in them; you know that I have a very genuine sympathy

with them. I could not refrain, as I have never been able to do, upon the occasion of Col. Kisch's visit to City Hall, but a few hours ago, from telling him how proud the Mayor of the city of New York is to recount a very few things, a very few instances of the very splendid contributions which the Jews of the city have made to the building of New York City into whatever it is."

Declaring that the world regards the entire Jewish people, and not any special part of it, as responsible for the rebuilding of Palestine, Col. Kisch concluded: "Success or failure is for the whole Jewish people, and its measure will be our pride or our shame. Either we will be condemned for all time as a parasitic people unable to be creative of ourselves and in our own name, or else the new Palestine will rekindle the Jewish spirit, acting as the unifying link for all Israel, and enabling the star of Zion to shine brightly among those lights of civilization which illuminate the world."

During the evening Dr. I. M. Rubinow, Executive Director of the United Palestine Appeal, read a cable to the audience from Albert Einstein, world-famous mathematician, in which he urged the Jews of America to give their full support in the United Palestine Appeal Campaign. In addition to the special contributions, the \$400,000 raised was made up from the following sections of the city: West Side \$28,000; Washington Heights, \$6,000; Long Island, \$17,000; Bronx, \$40,000; Eastern Parkway, \$18,000; Williamsburg, \$16,000; Westchester County, \$22,000; Yorkville, \$17,000; East Side, \$32,000; Flatbush, \$12,000; Boro Park, \$23,000; Bensonhurst, \$5,000; Brownsville, \$25,000; Fur Chest contribution, \$17,000; Hadassah, \$35,000.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

has been submitted will prove acceptable to all fair-minded men in both parties.

The utmost harmony and good will prevailed throughout the negotiations, and at the close of the meeting a vote of thanks to Hon. Mr. David for his courtesy and assistance was moved by Principal James Smyth, chairman of the Protestant Board of School Commissioners of Montreal, and seconded by Mr. David Kirsch, and cordially adopted.

While the agreement has reference primarily to the situation in Montreal, it is hoped it will form the basis for the settlement of the question throughout the province.

The committee representing the Montreal Protestant board was composed of Principal James Smyth, chairman of the board; Ald. J. A. Matheson, Ald. J. N. Drummond, Walter A. Watson, Rev. Malcolm Campbell, D.D., and the Rev. James E. Fee. The committee of Jewish citizens was composed of David Kirsch, Allan Bronfman, A. Z. Cohen, A. H. Jassby and S. Ogulnik.

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ECONOMIC DISCRIMINATION REAL SEMINAR ON CHRISTIAN JEWISH RELATIONS FINDS (Continued from Page 2)

under Jewish auspices. This discussion was led by Rabbi Edward Israel of Baltimore.

As an experiment in remedying this situation, it was suggested that Bureaus of Vocational Guidance dissuade members of their own groups from going into certain professions which are already overcrowded. The overt field of Jewish lawyers was mentioned.

Another suggestion to overcome the prejudice against Jewish employees was that a group representing the three faiths go to certain concerns and ask them, as an experiment, to employ Jews for a certain period to prove to themselves that their prejudice is ill-founded.

The considerable difficulty in solving this problem, it was stated, is further complicated by the lack of statistics on the extent and variety of the discrimination.

The prejudice against the Jew, it was stated, is due in a considerable measure to a self-imposed barrier. The Jew, it was said, lives in a self-imposed ghetto, a sort of "Island Within." The necessity for a Jew remaining Jewish, his abhorrence of inter-marriage, was understandable to many Christians.

Dr. Edmund Davison Soper, President of the Ohio Wesleyan University, was the spokesman for the Protestant faith at the dinner Thursday evening which heard also the Catholic viewpoint expressed by Hon. Martin Conboy, a Knight of St. Gregory and one of the most prominent members of the Catholic laity in the United States; and the Jewish viewpoint from Dr. David Philipson of Cincinnati, one of the most prominent members of the Reform Rabbinate. Hon. George W.ickersham, presided.

"The Conference," said Dr. Soper, "is not a failure, because it has achieved no unity." We wanted to find out where we stood in relation to each other. Now we are beginning to realize how honest and sincere are those who differ from us."

The so-called "Jewish traits" are not of race or blood or belief, declared Dr. Philipson, but those of historic conditions. The same thing would have happened to any other people placed in ghettos for 1000 years. He appealed for greater emphasis upon the qualities Jews and Christians have in common. "There is no better way to get respect for rights than by compelling it," said Mr. Conboy. "Many a stream of prejudice is bridged by respect."

Among guests at the dinner were Paul Warburg, Max J. Kohler, Rabbi Max Hoffman, Bernard Edelzberg, Rabbi Isaac Landman, Rabbi N. Stern, Rabbi Max Raisen, Rabbi Israel Goldstein, Rabbi Charles Martinberg, and Rabbi Jacob Sonderling.

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