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## FELIX M. WARBURG GIVES \$50,000 TO UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL

Contribution Announced at Conference of Non-Zionists Aiding Palestine

A contribution by Felix M. Warburg of \$50,000 to the United Palestine Appeal, was announced yesterday by Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United Palestine Appeal, at a special conference of non-Zionists interested in Palestine, held at the Hotel Ambassador for the purpose of drawing up "concrete" plans towards cooperation in the Palestine reconstruction work.

Mr. Warburg's gift is the first large response on the part of a non-Zionist since the non-Zionist Conference held in New York last October. Mr. Warburg, in the past contributed to Palestine purposes, notably towards relieving unemployment during the depression of last year, and the building of the Hebrew University in Jerusalem. This is his first donation to the United Palestine Appeal.

## BROKERS SUE JEWISH COLONIAL TRUST FOR \$60,000 DAMAGES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 12.—A suit claiming \$60,000 damages was brought against the Jewish Colonial Trust by Simon and Nathan Epstein, foreign bankers here.

The suit is a sequel to the proceedings taken by the Zionist bank against the Epstein brothers in a charge of conspiracy to defraud the bank of \$30,000 in stock exchange transactions. The brothers were acquitted of the charge, the Jewish Colonial Trust sustaining the loss.

## RUSSIAN JEWISH AGRICULTURE WORKERS SEEK ENTRY TO U. S.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Jan. 12.—Small groups of Jewish agricultural workers from Russia are seeking admission to the United States under the provisions of the immigration law, granting preference to agricultural laborers.

It was stated here that the applicants are being examined by American agronomists and if they pass the test they will be granted visas outside the quota.

## GIVES \$150,000 FOR JEWISH HOSPITAL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 12.—A gift of \$150,000 has been made by Mr. and Mrs. Mark C. Steinberg for the erection of a hospital for chronic invalids and convalescents as part of the Jewish Hospital program. The gift is in memory of Mrs. Steinberg's father, David Eisen, formerly president of the Jewish Hospital.

Mr. Steinberg recently gave \$100,000 to the Young Men's Hebrew Association for the erection of a new addition.

## SEES MARRIAGE OF AIR FORCE OFFICERS TO JEWISH GIRLS DANGER TO NATIONAL SAFETY

Text of Secret Order Reported by J.T.A. Reveals Incredible Charge by Jugo-Slav General

Inter-marriage of officers of the Yugoslav air force and Jewish girls was viewed as a danger to the national safety of Yugoslavia in a secret order issued by General Rad. S. Stanolovich on January 23, 1927, to the chiefs of the air force detachments.

Supplementing a previous despatch of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency to this effect, the American Jewish Congress made public yesterday the full text of the order which was published in the newspaper "Erva," in Zagreb, Yugoslavia, in October, 1928. The order, which contemplates marriage with Jewesses were threatened with expulsion from the air force on the ground that it would endanger the force as it would, by marriage ties, come under the control of Jews who are, Gen. Stanolovich declares, "an extra-national element."

The American Jewish Congress received the full text from Mr. Zevi Aberson of the Geneva Bureau of the Council on the Rights of Jewish Minorities, who has protested against the issuance of this order to the Yugoslavian representative at the League of Nations. Mr. Aberson pointed out that the General's order is not only an offense to the Jews of Yugoslavia, but a violation of the constitution of the Kingdom of the Serbs, Croates and Slovenes, and an infringement of the provisions of the Treaty of St. Germain. Assurances have been made by Yugoslavian officials that the matter will be investigated. The Geneva Bureau, however, will insist on a public withdrawal of the secret order and on the making of proper amends, the American Jewish Congress declared. The text of the secret order follows:

"Secret Order No. 5, January 23, 1927, to the chiefs of the Air Force Detachments.

"My attention has been drawn to an interesting situation which has arisen in the Air Force, constituting a threat of a Jewish usurpation of the national character of the air service.

"It is interesting to note that this situation follows the passing of the Law of Assurance, as if the inveterate instinct of the Jews had discovered therein advantageous business. The matter consists, according to my information, in that a certain number of air officers are contemplating or have already contracted matrimonial engagements with Jewesses.

"I have no wish to meddle with the affairs of the heart or with the tastes of these officers. I would simply draw their attention here—while quoting Point 237 of Part I of the service

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## COMMUNISTS REVIVE SLOGAN OF 'JEWISH LAND' IN BIRA-BIDJAN

Ozet Plenum in Moscow Hears of Agreement with Agro-Joint

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 12.—The effort to carry on the work of settling Jewish transmigrants in the province of Bira-Bidjan, in the far eastern part of Russia, with a view of the territory becoming a "Jewish land" within the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics must be continued despite the difficulties encountered during the past year. A. Merezhin, Communist leader, reported to the plenary session of the Ozet, society for settling Jews on the land which sponsored the Bira-Bidjan project.

"Our chief aim in the Bira-Bidjan project is not merely to create a Jewish region similar to that in the district of Cherson, but a Jewish territory," Merezhin stated in his report to the society. "The Far East Soviet officials as well as the Jewish settlers and everybody else view the development of a Jewish territory in Bira-Bidjan as a matter of course. I doubt if without the slogan 'On to the Jewish land,' the settlers would have come or remained, or whether the leaders would have gone there to begin the work. Hence, we must strengthen and not discard the slogan which aids in building our socialist fatherland," he stated.

Mr. Merezhin also reported to the Ozet on the terms of the agreement which is soon to be concluded between the Soviet authorities and the American Jewish-Agro-joint concerning the extension of the Jewish settlement work in the Ukraine and Crimea, for which purpose the Rosenwald Fund of \$10,000,000, toward which he subscribed \$5,000,000, will be used. The Rosenwald Fund is not connected with the Bira-Bidjan project nor is the Agro-joint associated in that undertaking.

## LATVIA MAKES SEVERAL JEWISH ALLOTMENTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Jan. 12.—This year's government budget includes several subsidies for Jewish cultural work.

An allotment of \$6,000 is provided for the Jewish theatre, \$6,000 for the Jewish crafts school and \$3,000 for pedagogic lectures.

## SOVIET REFUSES RABBI PER- MIT TO GO TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Jan. 12.—Rabbi Abramski of Sluzk, who was invited to the position of rabbi in the Jewish colony, Petach Tikvah, Palestine, was refused a visa by the Soviet authorities. The Rabbi applied five times for permission to proceed to Palestine.

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## ZIONIST MOVEMENT IN POLAND MAY SPLIT DUE TO OPPOSITION

### 22 Oppositional Groups Meet Under Gruenbaum Leadership to Formu- late Further Action

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 12.—Though the persistent rumors, following the conflict at the last session of the Zionist Party Council, that the Zionist Organization of Poland will split were denied, the danger of a break between the majority controlled by the Weizmannists and the minority led by Deputy Gruenbaum, decried Jewish Agency opponent, is imminent.

Under the chairmanship of Deputy Gruenbaum, 22 oppositional groups met Friday and elected a joint commission to formulate a program for further action. Representatives of the Al Hamishmar group and the Zionist-Revisionists left the Party Council session in anger when their motions pertaining to the measures for calling a national convention to designate Poland's representatives to the Jewish Agency were defeated by a majority of 13 to 10 votes.

Leaders of the majority and minority, when interviewed by the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, denied that a split will occur. The Jewish press, however, insists that the break is inevitable.

## DR. WILHELM TO LECTURE IN AMERICA

Dr. Kurt Wilhelm, State Rabbi of Grandschweiz, Germany, will arrive in the United States today. He comes to make a lecture tour in this country.

Dr. Wilhelm is accompanied by his wife who will speak on "The Problems of the Jewish Women in Germany." The tour is being arranged under the auspices of the United Synagogue of America.

## "IRON WOLF" IS REPLICA OF KU KLUX KLAN IN LITHUANIA

### Movement Gaining; Jewish Communi- ties in Provinces Suffer

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Jan. 12.—The "Iron Wolf," an organization of the forces of bigotry and hatred, being the Lithuanian replica of the American Ku Klux Klan, is gaining in influence in the small republic of Lithuania, political emigrants who arrived here from Kovno stated.

The "Iron Wolf," which is similar to the Ku Klux Klan, is spreading in Lithuania, the emigrants told the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency. Although officially it is illegal, unofficially the organization receives the support of the government administration, and officials in the service of the government are at the head of the "Iron Wolf."

The press does not report on the activities of the organization, but the Jewish communities in the provincial towns suffer greatly. Individual Jews are often beaten, windows in Jewish houses are broken and often firearms are used by the members of the secret order.

## INTER-UNIVERSITY JEWISH FEDERATION MEETS

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Leeds, Dec. 25.—The Inter-University Jewish Federation, which comprises 13 university societies of Jewish students, and exists to encourage Jewish students to meet together and maintain the Jewish spirit and traditions, and to prepare Jewish students for communal work held its tenth annual conference here.

H. Harris, of London, presided over the Council meetings, at which, on the suggestion of Sir Robert Waley Cohen, the retiring president, it was decided to form a Social Sub-Committee. Sir Robert wrote: "I realize the high ideals by which the members of your Federation are actuated, and the anxiety of your members to take a larger part themselves in serving the community. In thus stimulating the interest of the young men and women as they pass into, and out of, the university, both in reading Jewish history and in trying to take their part in all Jewish activities, the Federation is playing a most valuable part, and as your work becomes more active and better known, I am sure it will receive an ever-growing measure of support from the great body of Anglo-Jewry."

The new Social Service Committee will work in conjunction with the United Synagogue Welfare Committee of B'nai B'rith in providing voluntary workers for boys' and girls' clubs, charitable institutions, and school care and after-care committees, and will provide free religious services during the High Festivals.

J. Stone, the foreign secretary of the Federation, reported a continuance in the deplorable conditions under which Jewish students have to work in many foreign universities.

During the last six months, Mr. Stone has been co-operating with the

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## FOREIGN AFFAIRS COMMITTEE HEARS FURTHER WIT- NESSES ON CALENDAR REFORM

### Hearings to Be Continued; Two Wit- nesses Heard

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Jan. 12.—Two witnesses appeared before the Foreign Relations Committee yesterday at the hearing on the resolution for an international conference on calendar reform.

A representative of the Berkshire Life Insurance Company, A. C. Washburn, favored the thirteen-month calendar because it would bring increased revenue to his company. Paul Wilson, representative of the Graton-Knight Company, Worcester, Mass., also advocated the thirteen-month plan. Mr. Wilson is a Baptist Sunday school teacher. The hearings will be continued.

## ORT REPRESENTATIVE SAILS FOR RUSSIA

S. Trone, representative of the General Electric Company, sailed Friday night on the steamer Mauretania for Russia. Mr. Trone, who is a prominent electrical engineer and associate chairman of the Technical Advisory Council of the Ort, is going to Russia in the interest of the General Electric Company. While in Russia, he stated, he will do everything possible to aid the Technical Advisory Council in its efforts to help the Ort Tool Supply Corporation determine the type of machines and tools needed by the declassed Jews who are being turned into productive workers through the Ort's promotion of trades and agriculture among them.

A farewell dinner was given by Dr. David V. Lvovitch, European representative of the Ort, to Mr. Trone at the Hotel Peter Stuyvesant, January 6.

Leon Moisseff, chairman of the Council, stated: "The purpose of the Technical Advisory Council is, as you know, to help the Ort Tool Supply Corporation to decide upon the type of machines and tools to be sent to Russia for the use of home industry, artisans and producers cooperatives which the Ort is promoting in connection with its program of inducting into industry the declassed town population. The members of this Council being familiar, not only with American industry but with conditions in Russia as well, can therefore, render the most valuable service in deciding upon what American-made machines and tools are best adapted to Russian needs."

The extent of the development of the work of supplying machines and tools to the town population of Russia was described by Dr. Lvovitch. "Shortly after the Ort concluded an agreement with the Soviet Government permitting the importation of machines and tools, duty free, the Ort opened its office in New York City for the purpose of enabling American relatives to come directly to the aid of their kin in Russia. This office has been active a little over four months, and in this period orders amounting to over \$600,000 have been received. The expected order for the year should reach the million dollar mark."

## FIVE PAGES OF EINSTEIN MANUSCRIPT GIVE WORLD NEW CONCEPTION OF INTER-RELATION BETWEEN MECHANICS AND ELECTRO-DYNAMICS

**Ten Years Labor Is Extension of His Relativity Theory But Far  
More Important; Few Will Understand It**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Jan. 12.—The five pages of the renowned Jewish scientist's manuscript entitled "Einheitlicher Feldtheorie" presented to the Prussian Academy of Sciences by Albert Einstein will give the scientific world a new conception of the inter-relation between mechanics and electro-dynamics, which, it is predicted, will revolutionize scientific thought.

The manuscript represents ten years of labor on the part of Prof. Einstein who has been in poor health for a long time, suffering from a heart ailment. The exposition of "The New Field Theory" is two pages longer than his monumental exposition of his relativity theory.

It is stated here that Newton's "Principia Mathematica" and the monumental modern work on mathematics by Russell and Whitehead are mere child's play in contrast with the Einstein document in point of comprehensibility. It can safely be said that this theory, which has caused a complete readjustment of man's conception of the nature of the universe and which has led to revolutionary alterations in the bases of cosmology, theology and metaphysics, is beyond the understanding not only of laymen, but of the great bulk of the world's cultured and highly educated population.

The word "field" in the title of the new paper is said to refer to the electromagnetic fields, in which the chief work has been done of late in criticism of the theory of relativity. The original theory of relativity, which caused the most spirited scientific controversy since Darwin published his "Origin of the Species" and which was acclaimed by its adherents as the most important scientific discovery since Newton's promulgation of gravity, was contained in a document of three pages.

Professor Einstein, bombarded immediately after the revelation of his new work by requests for explanations, intimated that an elucidation clear to the layman was not possible. "The report," he stated to press representatives, "is a purely mathematical extension of the general theory of relativity. There is no occasion for anybody to be excited about it, and why the newspaper should take an interest in it I can't understand."

"There will be only a few mathematicians who will be inclined to read it, and although I never did make that statement which was ascribed to me that only eleven people in the world could understand relativity, I really don't believe that there will be more than a handful of people who will take the trouble to follow its argument."

Although it will take about a fortnight before the paper will be issued, it is understood that copies are being made available for fellow scientists in various countries, including Prof. A. A.

Michelson of the University of Chicago, Professors Millikan and Russell and Jean of England.

It was explained that the extension of Prof. Einstein's relativity theory, embodied in his new paper, would lead to the mathematical conclusion that matter cannot be formed without electricity or that electricity is the original source of all existence.

The manuscript sets forth mathematical and physical formulae amplifying the general theory of relativity and carrying forward its basis conception in the abstract mathematical implications of the borderline between mechanics and electro-dynamics. Just as the theory of relativity broke down the boundaries between time and space, erecting the idea of a time-space, the new theory is believed by mathematicians here to break down the boundaries between mechanics and electro-dynamics.

## HADASSAH'S NURSES TRAINING SCHOOL GRADUATES EIGHTEEN

Graduation exercises of the Hadassah Nurses' Training School in Jerusalem, were held simultaneously with the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the founding of the institution by Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America, and of the inauguration of the Zionist Medical Unit to Palestine.

Eighteen Palestinian girls were graduated, having completed a three-year course, similar to that required in New York State for schools of nursing. In addition to this regular course the students are also taught midwifery and public health work.

A large audience attended the exercises, including many of the leading figures in public life in Palestine. Miss Henrietta Szold, founder of Hadassah and a member of the Palestine Zionist Executive in Jerusalem, acted as chairman. With these eighteen graduates the total of Hadassah trained nurses is 111, of whom 56 are in the service of the Hadassah Medical Organization or affiliated institutions. Altogether the Hadassah Medical Organization employs more than 600 persons.

Mayor James J. Walker will be the principal speaker at the Testimonial Dinner to be tendered to Morris E. Eisenman on the occasion of his twenty-fifth anniversary of activity in Zionist and communal work. The dinner will take place at the Hotel Astor this evening, January 14, according to an announcement by Jonah J. Goldstein, Chairman of the committee.

Among the speakers will be David Samoff, Vice-President of the Radio Corporation of America; Louis Lipsky, President of the Zionist Organization of America; Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the United Palestine Appeal; Judge Otto A. Rosensky, Judge Max S. Levin, Jacob Fishman, Managing Editor of the "Jewish Morning Journal," and Dr. S. Margoshes, Editor of "The Day."

## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

### European Jewry's Position on Calendar Reform

By Our London Correspondent

London, Jan. 1.—Early in 1925, a delegation from the Jewish Communities, consisting of the Chief Rabbi, Dr. J. H. Hertz, who also represented at their request the Jewish Communities, both Orthodox and Reform, of the United States of America, Chief Rabbi Israel Levi of France, Chief Rabbi Fuerst, delegate of the Rabbinical Council of the Agudath Israel, Dr. F. Lewenstein, Chief Rabbi of Zurich, and Mr. Lucien Wolf, Secretary of the Joint Foreign Committee, put the Jewish case against the proposal for calendar reform to the meeting of the Special Committee of the League of Nations for the Study of the Reform of the Calendar.

They presented strong objections against any reform of the calendar based on the institution of blank days, that is to say, days not included in the week, which would result in a severance in the continuity of the week and would consequently render mobile throughout the week from year to year the festival of the Sabbath, the observance of which would then entail considerable difficulties. At the same time, they stated, they do not oppose any other proposal for reform, and in particular have no objection to the fixing of Easter.

The Sabbath is for the Jews a divine institution and the keystone of the whole of their religion, Chief Rabbi Levi told the Committee, declaring that they were there as the spokesmen for the religious Jews of the entire world. Any measure which would have the effect of making it more difficult for them to observe this day of rest by obliging them to sacrifice their material interests to their fidelity to their convictions, he said, would touch their conscience most profoundly.

Chief Rabbi, Dr. J. H. Hertz, said that they did not in principle oppose calendar reform so long as the immemorial institution of the week and its unbroken continuity are preserved. Proposals bearing on the era, the length of the year, the number of months, the date of the beginning of the year, or the stabilization of Easter, all these do not in any way affect the Jewish Church. But, he said, we are unalterably opposed to any measure that would bring with it an unstabilization of the Sabbath, or a constantly moving day of rest; which would spell confusion for our religious life.

Chief Rabbi Fuerst, on behalf of the Agudath Israel, said that the projected reform would imperil Jewish religious inheritance, for it would affect the observance of the Sabbath, by which the Jews testify to God, the Creator of the Universe. He proposed, however, that if the Commission for the Reform of the Calendar is of the opinion that the status quo should not be maintained, it should take into consideration a memorandum presented by the Agudath Israel.

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## INTER-UNIVERSITY JEWISH FEDERATION MEETS

(Continued from Page 2)

N. U. S., the Confederation Internationale d'Etudiants and the International Students Service in an attempt to end this deplorable state of affairs, and at its last conference the C. I. E. passed a resolution reminding its constituent members that it was their duty to promote religious and racial tolerance in the universities. Despite this, the position remains highly critical.

The Council voted £380 to the Jerusalem University Students' Hostel and £10 to the relief of Jewish immigrant students in Paris—students who have left countries where conditions are bad. Delegates were appointed to take part in the conference of the World Union of Jewish Students in Paris next week, and it was decided to invite the World Union of Jewish Students to hold its International Summer School in England next summer.

## WOMEN'S COUNCIL CAMPAIGNS FOR WIDER MEMBERSHIP

State leaders of the National Council of Jewish Women, as well as its national officers, will actively participate in the membership campaign which has been launched under the direction of its executive secretary, Estelle M. Sternberger.

In making this announcement, Mrs. Sternberger stated that though the National Council of Jewish Women has the largest paid membership enrollment among the Jewish women's organizations in America and throughout the world, the demands for the extension of its program call for the enrollment of additional support.

The results of the campaign will be announced at the Triennial Convention to be held at Los Angeles.

## J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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dath Israel, to fix the year at 364 days, or 52 weeks and to intercalate an entire week every five or six years.

Mr. Lucien Wolf said that his body was a secular body representing every shade of Jewish opinion; and in that capacity it could bear testimony to the moral and material confusion which the proposal to introduce blank days into the calendar would produce throughout the Jewries of the world, and more particularly in Eastern Europe. In view of the present chaotic conditions in Eastern Europe, he said, no thinking man can contemplate without anxiety a measure which is calculated at once to undermine the moral anchorage of a large and stable element of the population, and to aggravate the economic difficulties of those who wish to remain true to the teachings of a sound politics. For that reason he had been instructed to express the hope that the reform of the calendar may be accomplished by the Commission without any interference with the observance of the Jewish Sabbath in accordance with the sacred teachings of the Jewish church and the immemorial custom of the Jewish people.

At the beginning of 1924, the Polish Ministry of Public Worship took steps to ascertain the views of the various

## SEES MARRIAGE OF AIR FORCE OFFICERS TO JEWISH GIRLS DANGER TO NATIONAL SAFETY

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regulations—to the fact that such alliances cannot be considered satisfactory to the well-being of the Air Force or to the future careers of the officers in question. I would also draw their attention to the consequences attendant upon their actions.

The Royal Air Force, which I have the honor to command, must, in order to preserve its efficiency and its utility to the State, be, in the first place, absolutely national in character and in no way extra-national. Officers bound by relationship ties and especially by marriage ties to extra-national elements lose the character of national officers. One is reminded of the proverb 'birds of a feather flock together,' and 'blood is thicker than water.' The Jews and other extra-national elements of our State may possibly be good and loyal citizens, but they can never become pillars of the State. No doubt they have no such pretensions nor does one demand such of them.

"The Air Force controlled by Jewish influences would no longer possess that national character desired and on which the country could count at such times as its existence might become threatened. Suffice it to imagine what would become of our Air Force were the majority of the corps of officers to have contracted matrimonial alliances with Jewish or other extra-national elements.

"In placing those considerations before the notice of all the officers of the Royal Air Force, I invite them to carefully consider the matter and to reflect well on their contemplated steps, on their preparations, their engagements and their marriages, so long as they remain in the service and are not therefore free agents. Every officer should know in advance the consequences of his contemplated actions. The first consequence which awaits him is exclusion from the ranks of the Air Force and removal to another arm of the forces, conditional upon retention in active service. Every officer should know that the security of the State and the safety of the people is his primary duty and without entire confidence in the Air Force and its personnel this security becomes jeopardized.

"The respective chiefs will hold to the strict execution of this order which must be brought to the notice of all officers for their signature.

"The General Commanding

The Divisions:

Rad. S. Stanolovitch."

denominations in the country concerning the Calendar Reform project before the League of Nations, and the Warsaw Jewish Community adopted a resolution declaring that it was opposed to any change which would involve the shifting of the days of the week, and would cause confusion regarding Sabbath Observance, which is based on religious and national tradition going back for thousands of years.

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## ZURICH CONFERENCE EXECUTIVE FORMULATES PLANS

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Berlin, Dec. 28—Professor Simon Dubnow, the famous Jewish historian, presided yesterday over a meeting held here of the Executive elected by the Zurich Conference for the Protection of Jewish Minorities.

Nahum Sokolov and Leo Motzkin, President and Acting President of the Executive, Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum of Warsaw, Dr. A. Coranik of New York, Dr. Alfred Klee, Vice-President of the Berlin Jewish Community, and Deputy Rabbi Nurok of Riga were present. Mr. Motzkin reported on the activities of the Paris office.

A number of questions were discussed, affecting propaganda and financial matters, and conditions in various countries. There was also a discussion concerning a questionnaire on the school system, participation in the Minorities Commission of the Union of League of Nation Societies, the Congress of Minority Nationalities, and the problem of the Staatenlose. The place and time of the next meeting of the Council which is to be held next summer was also discussed. The election of Dr. Krainin and Messrs. Dobry and Gurewicz as members of the Paris Advisory Committee was approved.

## BLOCH'S SYMPHONY

### "AMERICA" BROADCAST

Ernest Bloch's symphony, "America," which won the prize offered by "Musical America," and which was hailed on its presentation by the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, was performed over the radio for the first time on Saturday night by the National Orchestra under the leadership of Walter Damrich. A coast-to-coast "hook-up" of the National Broadcasting Company, linked 20 stations, bringing the music to the entire country.

The second movement of the symphony, called "Hours of Joy—Hours of Sorrow, 1861-1865," was performed. The composition, termed by the famous Jewish composer an epic rhapsody, is dedicated to Abraham Lincoln and Walt Whitman.

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