

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

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ORTHODOX JEW DISINHERITS HIS FAMILY FOR FAILURE TO OBSERVE RELIGIOUS LAWS

Leaves \$30,000 to Newark and New York Charities; Died in Palestine
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Hitherto undertakers have conducted orthodox Jewish funerals under the direction of those placed in charge by the tenets of the faith. Under the proposed law, the orthodox would be subservient to the professional undertakers. It was pointed out that for this reason the new law would increase the costs of funerals for orthodox Jews tremendously.

The association will seek either to defeat the proposed bill or to have it modified.

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NEW HIGH COMMISSIONER WELCOMED BY THOUSANDS ON ARRIVAL IN JERUSALEM

Will Conduct Administration in Accordance with Palestine Mandate Terms, Declares Chancellor
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 6—Official and civic Jerusalem welcomed Sir John Chancellor, the new British High Commissioner for Palestine, who arrived here today to assume the duties of his post in succession to Lord Herbert C. Plumer, who retired following a three year term.

The new High Commissioner was met at the station by high government authorities. A parade of the Jerusalem police, to the tunes of the British anthem, escorted the Commissioner to the Jaffa gate where a tabernacle was erected for the welcoming reception. Four hundred government officials, consuls and notables were present for the welcoming ceremonies. The Mayor of Jerusalem in his address declared that he is sure Sir John will carry out valuable projects and development plans, guaranteeing the welfare of the country's inhabitants. His previous services endorse Palestine's belief that the country will have prosperity under his administration.

In reply, Sir John Chancellor stated he had held several appointments, but never before felt so heavily his responsibilities as in this post. "I regard it as my solemn duty to conduct the Palestine government in accordance with the terms of the Mandate to the interests of every section of the population. Palestine has lately suffered an economic depression. All well wishers have watched with sympathy the courage with which the hardships were endured. The depression is now closing and for the future prospects are brighter.

"I hope to concentrate my attention on the development of the resources of the country," he continued, "by government action and by encouragement of private enterprise. The economic development of the country necessitates both to enable the country to sustain a larger population and increase the wealth of the old inhabitants.

"I trust that every section of the population will realize the development of the country is a common interest which will create common patriotism. I have confidence that a great future is awaiting Palestine, in no less a measure than the reverence for the sacredness of its historic past," the new High Commissioner concluded.

Following the ceremony, Sir John proceeded to the Government House
(Continued on Page 4)

POLISH SEJM ABOLISHES CZARISTIC RESTRICTION ON JEWISH LAND PURCHASE

Text Proposed by Jewish Deputy Incorporated Into Law
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 6—Polish Jews may acquire real estate in any part of the Republic as the law stands today, following the passage by the Sejm of a bill annulling the Czaristic prohibition against the purchase of land by Poles and Jews in the Eastern provinces of the Republic.

The Sejm passed today, in the third reading, the bill introduced by the government calling for the abolition of the Czaristic restriction on the purchase of land in the territory of the eastern region, now a part of Poland.

During the second reading a dispute arose between Deputy A. Hartglass, representing the Club of Jewish Deputies, and Prime Minister Bartel concerning the phraseology of the bill. The government text suggested that the words "Poles" be employed, while the Jewish deputy demand that in order to make certain that the abolition pertain not only to Poles but also to Jews, as specified in the Czaristic law, insisted upon the words "all citizens" instead of "Poles." In the third reading the suggestion of the Prime Minister was not sustained and the text proposed by the Jewish deputy was incorporated into the law.

BURN JEWISH CHILD TO DEATH AS QUARREL REVENGE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cracow, Dec. 6—A gruesome act of revenge upon a Jewish child for a quarrel which occurred between their father and a Jewish neighbor was perpetrated by the children of a peasant in the village Petrovich.

The peasant quarreled with his Jewish neighbor several days ago. Deciding to avenge their father, the children lured the six year old son of their Jewish neighbor into a distant field, put burning coals in his pocket and held him until his clothes were aflame. The boy was then left alone in the field. He burned to death.

TO RENEW WARSAW HEBREW DAILY PAPER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 6—The "Ha'zephirah," the only Hebrew daily in Europe, which was suspended here several months ago, will again begin publication, it was stated.

A new Yiddish daily is to appear soon in Sosnowiec, under the name "Unser Tog." The new daily is to serve the needs of the Jewish population in the Polish part of Silesia.

ANTI-SEMITES BREAK UP CONGRESS OF INTERNATIONAL BIBLE INSTITUTE

Attack Lecturers; Many Injured; Cannot Tolerate Reference to Old Testament

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Dec. 6—The sessions of the International Institute for Bible Research held in the City Hall of Innsbruck, were thrown into turmoil and disorder followed by riots because of the intolerance of an anti-Semitic group present.

A large group in the audience, said to be members of the anti-Semitic Hakenkreuzer organization, seated among Catholic clergymen and missionaries who came to pursue Bible studies, raised havoc when several lecturers on the Old Testament appeared on the platform. When the learned clergy expounded passages of the Old Testament and mentioned Jehovah, the anti-Semitic group interrupted by shouting, "We don't want to hear about the God of the Jews." They also shouted down the lecturers, calling them "Jews, hirelings of the Jews, and protectors of the Jews." Chairs were thrown in the hall as shouts "Pöty" filled the hall. Canes and rubber whips were used by the anti-Semites in the riot which followed. Many in the audience, including missionaries and clergymen, were seriously injured, many being taken to the hospital. The missionary, Krazik, suffered severe injuries.

The police were called out to restore order. Many were arrested.

SHAKESPEAREAN SCHOLAR, DR. KELLNER, DIES IN VIENNA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Dec. 6—Professor Leon Kellner, Shakespearean scholar and former English secretary to Austria's retiring president, Hainisch, died here today at the age of 70.

Prof. Kellner took an active part in the formation of the Zionist movement thirty years ago, when he cooperated with Dr. Theodor Herzl, founder of the Zionist organization.

DEMAND LARGER SOVIET FUND FOR JEWISH COLONIZATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Dec 6—A larger allocation toward the fund for promoting Jewish colonization work in Russia was demanded at the meeting of the National Minorities Section of the All-Russian Zik, Central Executive Committee, held here today.

The program of Jewish colonization work was extensively discussed at the meeting. The demand for an increase in the allocation was made by Bailin, member of the National Minorities Section for White Russia.

FRICION CAUSES FURTHER ACTS OF VIOLENCE BETWEEN JEWISH AND RUSSIAN WORKERS

Jewish Workers Take Revenge on Russians for Barshay Affair
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Dec. 6.—Further cases of friction leading to violence and arrests are reported in the Soviet press from various Russian centers today.

According to a report in the Yiddish Communist daily, "Ems," two Jewish workers in the Bobruisk Soviet glass factory, Oktiabr, where the Barshay affair occurred, poured boiling glass on a Russian fellow worker, injuring him seriously.

The culprits, Bodonin and Tonenok, declared their act was deliberate in revenge for the treatment accorded the Jewish girl worker, Miss Barshay, by the Russian workers. "If we had not done it somebody else would," they declared.

The incident has aroused a sensation. A special commission for investigation was appointed.

Five Russian workers in the Schliselsburg factory in Leningrad were found guilty of torturing their Jewish fellow-worker Hulman and given prison sentences. Two of them, members of the Comsomol, Communist youth organization, were sentenced to two years imprisonment. Their three accomplices were given terms of from four months to a year and a half.

Four Russian workers in the sugar factory at Uladovsk, near Kiev, were arrested, charged with anti-Semitic activities against their Jewish fellow-workers. "It was stated that the leaders of the gang, Formaluk and Babura, were formerly employees of Count Potocki, who was the owner of the plant before it was confiscated by the Communist authorities."

HOPEFUL ATMOSPHERE SEEN IN UKRAINE COLONIES

The mood among the Jewish colonies in the Ukraine and Crimea, notwithstanding the alarming rumors published by the European press to the contrary, is one of confidence and optimism, was the report brought by Frank Horowitz, Jewish painter of New York who returned from a trip to Russia and a visit to the Jewish colonies.

Mr. Horowitz left the Jewish colonies in the Ukraine 45 days ago. He spent several months there and visited nearly all the colonies which are under the auspices of the Agro-joint. Fifty oil paintings including landscapes and portraits of settler types were brought back by Mr. Horowitz and will soon be exhibited in New York. The artist also painted a portrait of Anatole Lunatcharsky, Education Commissar, and of Samoilovitch, Jewish Commander of the Ice-breaker Krassin, which rescued General Noble's crew of the Italia wreck in the Arctic Ocean.

A gift to the Pan-American Union was made by Adolph Lewishohn of New York City to further the rendition of Latin-American music in the series of concerts arranged under the auspices of the Union.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Labor Department Submits Recommendations for New Immigration Legislation

By Our Washington Correspondent

Washington, Dec. 6.—The annual report of Secretary of Labor Davis to Congress made public here today fails to recommend any substantial liberalization of the present immigration law. On the other hand Secretary Davis repeats his recommendation of last year in favor of the registration of all aliens in the United States.

"In order that the status of all aliens in the United States may be known, particularly so that the Government may be helpful to them through the Bureau of Naturalization, an alien census or enrollment should be taken and such enrollment could be made the basic evidence of legal domicile for naturalization purposes," Secretary Davis states. "All aliens who arrived prior to June 30, 1924, the effective date of the present quota law, could then be given a legal status for permanent residence. Hundreds of thousands of aliens in the United States now ineligible could be reached for naturalization purposes if an enrollment plan were carried out and the enrollment certificate made the basis of naturalization in place of the declaration of intention now required. An enrollment of all aliens made by Act of Congress prima facie evidence of lawful arrival in the United States, if prior to 1924, would make available to them facilities for Americanization and citizenship."

A brand-new and far more startling proposal, however, in the form of a "citizenship test" is made by Commissioner General of Immigration Hull in his annual report to the Secretary of Labor, also made public here. Commissioner Hull proposes that "Appropriate adaptability tests be authorized, with a view to determine whether an alien applying for admission to the United States is good citizen material and that authority be granted to exclude from admission those failing in such tests. It is Commissioner Hull does not say in his report explain what manner of tests he has in mind or to give his reasons for such a proposal. Secretary Davis is silent in his report on Commissioner Hull's extraordinary plan, which would vest almost unlimited powers of exclusion in immigration officials.

The following additional recommendations for amendment to the immigration law are made by Secretary Davis: That an American citizen be allowed to bring his fiancée to the United States for the purpose of marriage, without the necessity of going abroad for the marriage. To prevent fraud, the admission would be made on bond and penalty of deportation under bond and penalty of **not consummated; if the marriage is not consummated**; if the husband of American citizens be admitted exempt from quota regardless of the date of marriage. At present only husbands of citizens who

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ZIONISTS CHARGE THAT BRITAIN MISUNDERSTANDS PALESTINE MANDATE

Characterize White Paper on Wailing Wall as "Legal Quibbling"

That Great Britain has not properly interpreted the mandate over Palestine, awarded to it by the League of Nations, in regard to the Wailing Wall in Jerusalem, is the declaration made in an editorial in this week's "New Palestine," official organ of the Zionist Organization of America, out today.

The editorial is occasioned by the White Paper on the Wailing Wall which was issued this week by the Colonial Office in which the onus of the blame is placed on the Jews for disturbances which led to military interference with the worshippers at the Wailing Wall on last day of Atonement which aroused indignation throughout the Jewish world.

"From a formal legalistic point of view, the position of the Government is perhaps understandable," the editorial declares, pointing out that "no article in the Mandate for Palestine caused so much difficulty and bitterness as the one dealing with the status of the Holy Places, which was made not only a religious but a political question of far-reaching consequences, which almost endangered the ratification of the mandate."

Taking into account the Government's attitude, the "New Palestine" asserts:

"The attitude of the Colonial Office, as that of the Government of Palestine, is lacking in a fundamental understanding of its obligations in Palestine as the mandatory power, charged with the responsibility for the establishment of a Jewish National Home. To attach a disproportionate significance to an incidental regulation, dating back to 1912 under the Turkish regime, is a misreading of the letter and spirit of the mandate. The mandate (and all that follows as a legal and moral consequence thereof) is a revolt against the status quo which Great Britain and the nations of the world have solemnly pledged themselves to change. But assuming for the moment that here was a violation of the status quo which the Government in Palestine is in duty bound to observe pending the final solution of the whole question, the justification by the Colonial Office of the methods used to enforce the status quo is a direct contradiction of the terms of the mandate, which places upon the mandatory the obligation to see to it 'that complete freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, are ensured to all'.

"It would seem to us that a government, desiring to be fair and just and at the same time legally and technically correct, would place emphasis on the above principle, which is fundamental to all civilized governments, rather than upon a trifling regulation which prohibits the placing of a screen to separate men and women worshippers according to Jewish orthodox practice.

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J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from Page 3)

were married prior to May 31, 1928, are exempt from the quota; that examinations of aliens be made aboard the larger steamers while en route to the United States, instead of waiting until arrival at an American port, particularly the port of New York. Secretary Davis points out that such examinations would greatly facilitate the landing of aliens upon arrival and avoid the delay which now occurs.

Secretary Davis also makes a number of recommendations for changes in the naturalization laws, among which the most important is one for legalization of the residence of aliens who entered this country prior to June 3, 1921, if since their entry they have resided continuously in the United States and have been of good moral character.

Secretary Davis also recommends that certificates of citizenship be issued to those who have derived citizenship through the naturalization of others, like the child of a parent who became naturalized during the child's minority. At present the only certificate issued is the one to the parent, but the child has no independent evidence of his citizenship.

Secretary Davis ignored a number of recommendations made by Commissioner Hull, in addition to the "citizenship test" already mentioned. Among these recommendations, which would liberalize the immigration law, are the following: That a non-quota status be accorded dependent parents over 60 years of age of American citizens. "The number who would benefit by this modification of existing law is not large and considerations of humanity fully support the recommendation," Commissioner Hull states. That a general discretion be vested in the Secretary of Labor to re-admit expatriated naturalized citizens. That authority be granted to the Commissioner General of Immigration, with the approval of the Secretary of Labor, to admit step-children of American citizens. That the Secretary of Labor be given broader powers to admit aliens in cases of hardship—political refugees, artists and "intellectual geniuses," and the wives of aliens admitted for permanent residence prior to July 1, 1924, who have declared their intention to become citizens of the United States. "With wide limitations and restrictions, this power can be safely conferred without danger of abuse," declares Commissioner Hull.

Congressman Emanuel Celler issued a statement following the issuance of Secretary Davis's report, criticizing the Secretary for omitting reference to the Order calling for identification cards for newly arrived immigrants.

"The 1928 report of Secretary of Labor Davis omits all reference to General Order No. 106, effective July 1st, 1928, calling for the issuance of 'Identification Cards' for newly arriving aliens, which cards are issued by American Consuls abroad to be initiated by Immigration Inspectors at the Ports of Entry," Congressman Celler declared. "These cards are to

contain the name and description of the immigrant and his photograph. The Secretary has previously stated that these cards when held by the immigrant would be a means of continual identification, and thus would afford protection to the immigrant.

"This order has been in effect since July 1st. The Department of Labor had no authority to issue that order, which, in reality, is a sugar coated form of registration of aliens. Bills to register aliens have been offered by the score, but each succeeding Congress has refused to pass such a measure. Yet, Mr. Davis issued an order embodying compulsory registration—by what right, I do not know.

"There is nothing in the Immigration Act of 1924 and acts amendatory thereto which authorize such registration order. The order, in my opinion, is illegal. It is unenforceable. No alien need obey it. I advise each alien to refuse to carry the identification card.

"Apparently, Mr. Davis, knowing the outspoken opposition of the American Federation of Labor to registration, has refrained from mentioning General Order No. 106 in his report. This order, issued in July, was perhaps, only a trial balloon but drew so much fire that Mr. Davis has agreed to discard it. I hope so. Because registration of aliens is un-American and smacks too much of Czaristic espionage. It violates all treaties and is repugnant to the Constitution," Congressman Celler declared.

The House Immigration Committee met yesterday and discussed Secretary Davis's emergency request for legislation regarding daily admission of aliens for work across the Canadian border, but reached no decision. It was not indicated when the next meeting of the Committee will be held.

ORTHODOX JEW DISINHERITS HIS FAMILY FOR FAILURE TO OBSERVE RELIGIOUS LAWS

(Continued from Page 2)

inclination of hers resulted in a suit for separate maintenance. She and her unmarried daughter left the home of Plaplinger, who in 1925 sold his tailor shop and left for Palestine alone at the age of 60.

To his brother, William Plaplinger, he bequeathed \$5,000 and to Selma Biebelberg, his niece, he gave \$1,000. The remainder he bequeathed to the Jewish Home for the Aged, National Hebrew Consumptive Home, Hebrew Orphan Asylum, American Jewish Association for the Blind, Beth Israel Hospital, Hebrew Free Loan, Home for the Crippled Children, Talmud Torah, Jewish Sisterhood Day Nursery, Congregation Adas Israel, all of Newark, and the New York Guild for the Jewish Blind.

ZIONISTS CHARGE THAT BRITAIN MISUNDERSTANDS PALESTINE MANDATE

(Continued from Page 3)

It is a curious sort of legal quibbling to concede the right of the Jews to freedom of worship at the Wall, and at the same time, to insist upon adherence to a status quo which is contrary to the practice of orthodox Jewish worship. The injustice of it is as apparent as that which prompted Governor Storrs several years ago to remove the benches of old Jewish worshippers who were unable to stand on their feet all day on a fast day. It is a heritage of Turkish misrule in Palestine, which the British should have been the first to remove."

NEW HIGH COMMISSIONER WELCOMED BY THOUSANDS ON ARRIVAL IN JERUSALEM

(Continued from Page 1)

where he took the oath of office administered by the Chief Justice of the Palestine Supreme Court. Tens of thousands of the population of the Holy City thronged in the streets to welcome the new High Commissioner. The houses were decorated with flags. Pupils of the Jerusalem schools and boy scouts paraded.

Julius Rosenwald

says:

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