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COMZET CHANGES FIVE YEAR PLAN FOR JEWISH COLONIZATION WORK

Draining of White Russian Swamps
Not Feasible; to Seek Other Means

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Nov. 7.—Important changes in the five-year program previously formulated by the Comzet, the Soviet Government department, for carrying on Jewish colonization work in Soviet Russia were decided upon at a meeting of the Comzet yesterday.

It was explained on good authority that the changes were determined due to the criticism of the original plan. It was added that an investigation convinced the Comzet leaders that the original plan for the draining of the White Russian swamp regions to be made suitable for Jewish settlement work was found unfeasible and therefore discarded.

Instead, the Comzet has decided to prepare another plan for a period of five years. In this new plan, other measures for the productivization of the Jewish masses in Soviet Russia will be sought.

GILBERT BETTMAN ELECTED OHIO ATTORNEY GENERAL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, Nov. 7.—Gilbert Bettman, Cincinnati attorney, was elected Attorney General of the State of Ohio by a comfortable majority. Mr. Bettman ran on the Republican ticket.

Mr. Bettman has been active in state and city politics and public welfare for a number of years. He was born in Cincinnati, Oct. 31, 1891. In 1921 he was elected vice-mayor of the city of Cincinnati. He served as member of the City Survey Committee, the Citizens Traction Committee, and was permanent chairman of the Republican State Convention in 1924.

He is vice-president of the Legal Aid Society and is a member of the Ohio State and Cincinnati Bar Associations.

MOSES N. SALE ELECTED CIRCUIT JUDGE IN ST. LOUIS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

St. Louis, Mo. Nov. 7.—Moses N. Sale, candidate for Circuit Judge on the Democratic ticket, was elected. Harry P. Rose, Republican candidate for Circuit Judge was defeated, as was William Gray, Republican candidate for Congress.

"UNCLE SOL" WISCONSIN STATE TREASURER, 4TH TERM

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Madison, Wis., Nov. 7.—Solomon Levin, for three terms Treasurer of the State of Wisconsin, was re-elected for a fourth term by a landslide vote on the Republican ticket.

COL. LEHMAN'S ELECTION AS LT.-GOVERNOR PROBABLE INCOMPLETE RETURNS SHOW

Albert Ottinger, Republican Candidate
for Governor, Defeated

Col. Herbert Lehman, Democratic nominee for Lieutenant Governor of the State of New York is most probably elected to the post, according to incomplete returns available late yesterday afternoon.

Attorney General Albert Ottinger, Republican candidate for New York Governor seemed to have lost by a 37,600 plurality to Franklin D. Roosevelt, Democratic candidate.

With 995 districts missing, the total vote cast for Col. Herbert H. Lehman was 1,935,140 as against 1,790,839 for his opponent Charles C. Lockwood, giving him a plurality of 144,301. In New York City Col. Lehman piled up a vote of 1,166,773 as against 651,747 for Lockwood.

With 347 districts not yet reported, the vote for Governor was as follows: 2,077,673 for Roosevelt and 2,013,590 for Ottinger. The New York City vote was 1,122,493 for Roosevelt and 720,436 for Ottinger. Upstate, Mr. Ottinger has been averaging 76 votes ahead of Mr. Roosevelt in each district.

The election of congressional candidates in New York City showed Samuel Dickstein, Democrat, re-elected over Samuel K. Beier, Republican; Jacob Rosenberg, Republican, defeated by Christopher D. Sullivan, Democrat; Dr. W. I. Sirovich, Democrat, re-elected over Sol Ullman, Republican; Gabriel S. Kaplan, Republican, defeated by John J. Boylan, Democrat; Philip Berzohelmer, Republican, defeated by Ruth Pratt, Democrat; Bernard Katzen, Republican, defeated by John F. Carew, Democrat; Sol Bloom, Democrat, re-elected over David Steinhard, Republican; Sol J. Dickheiser, Democrat, defeated by F. H. LaGuardia, Republican. In the Bronx Henry H. Spitz, Republican, was defeated by Frank Oliver, Democrat.

In Connecticut, Herman P. Koppelman who ran for Congress was defeated. In Atlantic City, N. J., Isaac Bacharach was re-elected to Congress. A. J. Sabath, Democrat, was re-elected in Illinois.

Successful candidates for the New York State Senate are P. M. Kleinfeld, Dem.; S. H. Hofstadter, Rep.; Benjamin Antin, Dem. For the assembly the successful candidates included: Julius S. Berg, Dem.; H. A. Samberg, Dem.; J. J. Schwartzwald, Dem.; J. P. Nathanson, Dem.; M. Z. Bungard, Dem.; I. Steingut, Dem.; A. M. Cohen, Dem.; S. Mandelbaum, Dem.; L. J. Leikowitz, Rep.; Saul S. Streit, Dem.; H. O. Kahn, Dem.; M. F. Cantor, Dem.; M. Bloch, Dem.; M. Alterman, Dem.; A. Grossman, Dem.

JEWS HAVE NO DESIGNS ON MOSLEM HOLY PLACES SAYS ZIONIST EXECUTIVE

Issues Statement Allaying Arab Fears;
Berlin Kehillah Protests Incident

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 7.—A statement allaying the fears of Moslems in Palestine, instilled by anti-Jewish agitators, was issued today by the Zionist Executive, denying in categorical terms that the Jewish people have any designs on the Moslem Holy Sites in the country.

"In view of the fact that the Jewish aspirations to secure conditions necessary for free, undisturbed worship at the Western Wall, have been misrepresented as involving Jewish designs to encroach upon the Haram (Wakf) area," the statement declares, "we desire to reaffirm our declaration recognizing unreservedly the inviolability of the Moslem Holy Places."

Similar statements reaffirming the Jewish intentions at the Western Wall were sent by the Executive to the Palestine government and the anti-Zionist Arab Executive.

Berlin, Nov. 7.—A resolution protesting against the incidents at the Walling Wall were introduced in the Berlin Kehillah by the Zionist group.

The resolution sets forth the grief of German Jewry and the expectation that the government of Palestine will, in accordance with the provisions of the Mandate, protect the most sacred site in Palestine, held in reverence by all Jewry.

APPROVE CONSTITUTION OF GERMAN FEDERATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Nov. 7.—The final step for the creation in Germany of a National Federation of Jewish Federations in the various states of the Reich was made at the session here of the Great Council of the Federation of Jewish Communities in Prussia.

The Council also decided to establish a loan fund for the support of the financially weak Jewish communities.

TO OBSERVE ARMISTICE DAY IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 7.—A two-minute silence will be observed throughout Palestine on Armistice Day, November 11, it was announced today.

Acting High Commissioner H. C. Luke will visit the war cemetery.

MUNICH TO PUBLISH JEWISH POET'S VOLUME

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Munich, Nov. 7.—A city subsidy for the publication of a volume of poems by the German Jewish poet, Manfred Sturmann, was voted by the Munich City Council.

NEW CONGRESSMEN FOR GREATER IMMIGRATION RESTRICTIONS, JOHNSON SAYS

Hopes Coolidge Will Sign New Immigration Bill Before Retiring

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Nov. 6.—The 800 or more candidates who sought election to the House of Representatives have not only declared against relaxing the immigration restrictions, but most of them are demanding more restrictions, it was avowed by Congressman Albert Johnson, Chairman of the House Immigration Committee, in a statement issued here. Furthermore, he added, the members of Congress can have more restriction if they "do not pander to organized minorities." In the statement, Congressman Johnson announced that the House Committee on Immigration will meet in Washington to consider proposed legislation to restrict immigration from Mexico.

"What a wonderful thing for the nation, if the President, before retiring, could sign an act regulating immigration on this hemisphere, thus making a full program for the future unification of the American nation for all time," Johnson declared.

ERNEST BAMBERGER LOSES IN UTAH SENATE RACE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Salt Lake City, Utah, Nov. 7.—Senator William H. King, a Mormon, appears to have defeated Ernest Bamberger, a Jew, in the race for the United States Senatorship. There were many scratched ballots.

For the past two or three weeks, Mr. Bamberger has been attacked by a group of Republicans, including former Governor Charles R. Mabey, who charged that his nomination was obtained through the influence of the Order of Seventy, claimed to be a secret Utah Republican organization very strong in Salt Lake County and of sinister influence politically. Mr. Bamberger was not openly accused of being a member of the organization himself.

Religious prejudice appears to have played very little, if any, part in the contest. No mention was made of it in the public prints. The contest was close between Hoover and Smith in Utah, but the defeat of Bamberger and Wattis, Republican nominee for Governor, is considered certain, although the final returns are not in.

VICTOR BERGER, SOCIALIST, REELECTED IN MILWAUKEE

Victor Berger, Socialist member of the House of Representatives, was returned to the House in the elections held yesterday, early despatches from Milwaukee to the Socialist headquarters in New York state.

Appointment of Isadore Oxie Reichler, of Utica, N. Y., as deputy commissioner of public safety of that city, has just been made by Mayor Fred. J. Rath.

A \$35,000 addition to the Jewish Home for the Aged at Syracuse, N. Y., has just been decided upon. A building permit for the work has been obtained.

POLISH JEWS PREPARING TO CELEBRATE COUNTRY'S INDEPENDENCE DAY Will Build Synagogue to Commemorate Event

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 7.—November 11th, the tenth anniversary of new Poland's independence, will be a red letter day for Polish Jews, according to plans formulated by the leading Jewish communities in the Republic.

The Executive Committee of the Warsaw Kehillah decided to commemorate the event by the erection of a magnificent synagogue in the capital.

Further plans now under way provide for the arrangement of parades of Jewish school children to the grave of the Unknown Soldier and the Unknown Jewish Soldier, who is buried in the Warsaw cemetery.

The procession will march to the music of bands to the Royal Castle in Warsaw, Poland's White House, to pay tribute to the president, Ignace Moscicki. It will proceed to the Belvedere Palace, Marshall Pilsudski's residence.

The children's parade will be escorted by the Zionist sport societies Maccabee and Bar Kochba.

CLAUSENBURG RABBI FORGIVES ROUMANIAN OFFICIAL'S UNJUSTIFIABLE ACT Was Ordered to Supply Oradeamar Rioters with Food

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Nov. 7.—A generous act by a Clausenburg rabbi in connection with the sadly remembered anti-Jewish riots in Oradeamar last December is widely commented upon in the country.

When the anti-Semitic students returned from their anti-Jewish attacks in Oradeamar, they were ordered to remain in the coaches instead of getting out at the stations to obtain food and tobacco. The order stated that the government would supply them with food and cigars. When the train carrying the students passed through Clausenburg, the Director of the Police ordered Rabbi Glassner, a rabbi of the town, to produce food for the students.

When the Ministry of the Interior heard of the unjustified demands made upon the Rabbi, a trial of the Police Director was ordered. However, Rabbi Glassner informed the tribunal that he has no grievance against the Director.

HOLD CONFERENCE IN TRANS-JORDANIA ON PUBLIC SAFETY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 7.—Representatives of the wandering Bedouin tribes were invited to attend a conference on frontier security called to take place in Amman, capital of Transjordan, tomorrow.

Representatives from Palestine, Syria, the Lebanon and Transjordan will discuss methods of protecting the frontiers.

Rabbi Elias Wolfson, for nearly 40 years rabbi in Lowell, Mass., died at his home there on November 5 at the age of 83. A native of Russia, Rabbi Wolfson came to the United States as a young man and was the first rabbi to settle there. He was the active head of the Montefiore Society, the Kehilas Jacob and Anshe-Slard.

BRANDEIS INSTRUMENTAL IN HOOVER'S APPOINTMENT AS RELIEF ADMINISTRATOR Incident Related in Volume by Hoover's Biographer

Louis D. Brandeis, Justice of the United States Supreme Court, was instrumental in bringing about the appointment by President Wilson of Herbert Hoover to his first post as relief administrator in Belgium during the World War, it is revealed by Mr. Hoover's biographer, William Allen White.

According to Mr. White, Mr. Hoover, one day after he had returned from Europe at the beginning of the World War, abandoned his large business affairs and went to Washington to seek an opportunity to aid humanity at that time in the throes of the World War.

Mr. Hoover's first experience in Washington was disappointing and he was about to return to Europe. He then met Louis D. Brandeis to whom he related his experiences and his disappointment. Justice Brandeis then went to President Wilson and advised him that Hoover was one of those men who should be drawn into the work. President Wilson called Mr. Hoover to the position of administrator of the relief work in Belgium which was the beginning of his success.

CENTRAL JEWISH EDUCATION AGENCY FOR LOS ANGELES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Los Angeles, Nov. 7.—A conference on Jewish education was held here, attended by representatives of all Jewish educational agencies of the city and institutions interested in the promulgation of Jewish education, including the B'nai B'rith Lodge No. 457, and the Los Angeles Zionist District.

Fifteen Hebrew schools sent representatives to the conference which was presided over by Judge Elias V. Rosenkranz, chairman of the Jewish Educational Association of Los Angeles, I. Irving Lipsitch, the executive director of the Federation of Jewish Welfare Organizations acted as the secretary to the conference.

A resolution was adopted to create a central Bureau of Jewish education. A committee on organization of Jewish education was elected with the following members: Judge Elias V. Rosenkranz, Chairman; I. Irving Lipsitch, Ben M. Goldman, J. M. Alkow, M. Tannenbaum, E. Avin, A. A. Weitzman.

The constitution will be formulated for the united Jewish school system of the city, including all Jewish educational agencies. After some discussion, it was decided to admit those schools which are known as the Yiddish Folke Schule.

A report made public at the conference on the number of children in the Hebrew schools of Los Angeles and the amount expended disclosed there are 1,168 children and the cost is \$37,200.

The funeral of William Rubin, of Syracuse, N. Y., was attended by Mayor Charles G. Hanna, Chief Justice of the State, W. Flint of Syracuse University, Supreme Court Justice Ernest I. Edgcomb, and many other notable persons.

Mr. Rubin was 57 years old.

FEW DISSENTING VOICES FROM LEADERS THROUGHOUT COUNTRY HEARD ON JEWISH AGENCY PACT

Further Replies to "Jewish Daily Bulletin" Inquiry on Non-Zionist Conference Pour In; Many Leading Citizens Concur in Resolutions

Few dissenting voices were heard among the many replies which continue to pour in responding to the inquiry of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" sent out last week to prominent leaders in the Jewish communities throughout the United States.

The responses mainly contain further expressions of concurrence in the resolutions adopted by the Non-Zionist Conference on Palestine held in New York City on October 21, under the chairmanship of Louis Marshall. The expressions of opinion contain statements from many leaders who have heretofore kept aloof from the Palestine fund raising activities, carried on under the auspices of the Zionist Organization and the United Palestine Appeal.

RABBI SAMUEL J. ABRAMS, Beacon Street Temple, Brookline, Mass.—"The Non-Zionist Conference held in New York under the chairmanship of Louis Marshall heralds the dawn of a new day in world Jewry. It could not be otherwise. For this day we have been waiting, and toward this God-given epoch our history has been pointing. Lo, these many centuries. With unconquerable hope and faith in the indestructibility of our people, we must now go forward together toward the goal set for us by the prophets and the spirit of Israel."

RABBI DAVID ALEXANDER, Akron Hebrew Congregation, Akron, O.—"I want to congratulate you upon the very fine report of the sessions of the Non-Zionist Conference which appeared in the Jewish Daily Bulletin. I read it with the greatest interest. Personally I am very happy that the meeting was so successful. It certainly marks an outstanding event in the history of modern Israel. Palestine, as well as all Jewry, will reap untold benefits as a result of the great conference."

RABBI DAVID ARONSON, Beth El Synagogue, Minneapolis, Minn.—"Jewry is to be congratulated upon the results of the Non-Zionist Conference. In union there is strength. That is true of all peoples. In the case of Israel, union means more than strength. It means life. The hysterical force of the Relief Campaigns united Israel temporarily. The historical force of Zion will reunite Israel permanently. Out of Zion comes this peace. Out of this peace will be generated forces for the advancement of the Torah of Israel for the happiness of the world. All honor to the promoters of the 'Pact of Glory.'"

BERNARD J. BAMBERGER, Lafayette, Ind.—"The outcome of the Non-Zionist Conference must stir every Jewish heart to fervent gratitude. The action taken will no doubt mean much for the speedy upbuilding of Palestine. But aside from this, we must rejoice that the different bodies of world-Jewry, diverse and heterogeneous as they are, have been able to unite in brotherhood for the achievement of a

great ideal. Let us hope, that when difficulties and disagreements arise regarding the carrying out of the program—as they undoubtedly will—the spirit of the New York Conference will prevail, insuring harmony, co-operation, and blessed results."

RABBI HENRY BARNSTON, Congregation Beth Israel, Houston, Tex.—"Every well-wisher of his people will rejoice at the dignified and harmonious meeting of Zionists and non-Zionists, discussing dispassionately the future welfare of the Land of our Fathers. Behold how good and how pleasing it is for brethren to dwell together in unity."

SAM BEBER, Omaha, Neb.—"I have no hesitation in venturing the assertion that the action of this Conference is of far greater moment to the cause of the rebuilding of Palestine than any other single event since the Balfour Declaration.

"I see as the direct result of this Conference the unprecedented acceleration of the acquisition of land in Palestine and of the development of every phase of Palestinian activity.

"Now that European Jewry has reached the stage where our efforts in its behalf may be relaxed in a measure, there is every reason to believe that all factions in Jewry will subscribe to what has so appropriately been referred to as the 'Pact of Glory.'"

"I sincerely hope that this latest and greatest achievement of that grand old man in Israel, Louis Marshall, will prove to be the clarion call which will bring unity to the ranks of Jewry."

HERMAN BERNSTEIN, New York City—"That conference proved that sympathetic understanding transcends differences of opinion and removes the causes of friction and strife. Palestine, the traditional land of miracles in Biblical times, seems to have wrought a new miracle. Palestine has united the various factions of American Jewry as soon as its problems and significance became known through sympathetic investigation. The Marshall-Warburg group has displayed a most praiseworthy spirit of broad-mindedness and fairness, and Dr. Weizmann, as head of the Zionists, deserves the highest praise for his farsighted policy and painstaking efforts to bring together practically all American Jewry in order that the burden and the glory of rebuilding Palestine may be shared by all Israel.

"I congratulate you on presenting in the Jewish Daily Bulletin a very adequate account of the historic conference."

DR. L. B. BERNSTEIN, Executive Secretary, Federation of Jewish Philanthropies of Pittsburgh, Pa.—"That the Jewish Agency would become a reality within such a relatively short time is almost a miracle, but what is almost more than a miracle is the marvelous unanimity with which under

the brilliant leadership of Louis Marshall American Jewry has at last buried all differences of opinion, differences of sentiment and worn-out prejudices in the common cause of a historic movement.

"Is there any Jew in America who can fail to be thrilled by this astounding event? Once again the great leaders of American Israel, Louis Marshall and Felix Warburg, have covered themselves with undying glory."

RABBI EDWARD N. CALISCH, Richmond, Va.—"I am reserving final judgment until the personnel of the new Agency is announced, and that Agency makes known its platform and plan of procedure. If it shall make an announcement of its purpose and method of fulfillment, and of an interpretation of principle that shall be satisfactory to those who have hitherto opposed Zionism, not because of lack of love for the land of Israel, but because of the politico-nationalistic claims and purposes put forth by accredited Zionist representatives, then it will enlist the sympathy and cooperation of all Israel. There was no tendency in that direction exhibited at the Conference. If there is to be that unity in Israel so loudly praised, and so ardently desired, there should be mutual advances and concessions, and not from one side only."

CONGRESSMAN EMANUEL CELLER, New York City—"The two resolutions entitled 'The Pact of Glory,' adopted by the Non-Zionist Conference Concerning Palestine are as refreshing as cool winds in the heat of summer. After much wrangling and difficulty, we now have a statesman-like agreement which would benefit immeasurably the unbuilding of Palestine."

NATHAN COHN, Nashville, Tenn.—"All seemed eager to cast aside the differences which have heretofore kept apart the various groups of Jewry upon this momentous matter, and to be willing to join hands with Zionists to bring to fruition the aspirations of all for the rebuilding of Palestine and the fostering of its economic and cultural welfare. An extended Jewish Agency for this purpose will be a consummation devoutly to be wished."

"The proceedings were conducted with mastery ability and tact by that loyal and devoted champion of all that pertains to the welfare of Jewry, Louis Marshall."

CHARLES I. COOPER, St. Louis, Mo.—"As a student of Jewish history, I belong to the group which regards contemporary American Jewish life optimistically. The present quarter century will be known as the Golden Age in the present Jewish era and the virility of a generation may be judged by the type of leadership it produces. "Marshall, Weizmann and Warburg have measured up to our highest ideals in spiritual and moral stature."

(Continued on Page 4)

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TO HONOR JACOB MARK ON 70TH BIRTHDAY

A dinner to celebrate the seventieth birthday of Jacob Mark, leading personality in New York Orthodox Jewish circles and author of a Yiddish book, "Celebrities of Our Generation," will be given on Thursday, November 22, at the Brooklyn Jewish Center. The dinner is sponsored by a large committee of which Dr. M. Robinson is chairman and S. Martikow secretary.

Mr. Mark was widely known in Eastern Europe as a pioneer in instituting courses in commercial education and bookkeeping by correspondence and for his communal activities in Lila where he lived, particularly emigrant aid work, during the emigration wave from Russia to the United States.

Many who now hold leading positions in the business life of this country are among his former pupils. His book, devoted to an intimate description of the ecclesiastic and lay leaders of Russian Jewry preceding the World War, notably the leading rabbis, found wide distribution when it was published recently.

Memorial services will be held in Jewish Community Centers and M. H. A. S. throughout the country on Armistice Day, Sunday, November 11, in memory of members who fell in the World War.

The Jewish Welfare Board, which functioned as the organization providing for the religious and social welfare of Jewish men in the army and navy service, has issued a bulletin which recommends the observance of Armistice Day as a Peace Day.

Governor Flem D. Sampson, of Kentucky, appointed Benjamin Bergson, of Cincinnati, Ohio, an aid-de-camp on his staff with the rank of Colonel.

The honor was given to Mr. Bergson, one of Hamilton County's Republican potentates, by the State Senate, in recognition of his activities in solving important problems of unemployment.

JEWISH NATIONALITY NOT RECOGNIZED BY MINORITIES TREATIES, LUCIEN WOLF SAYS Contradicts Opposing View of Professor Dubnow

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

London, Oct. 25.—Professor Dubnow has founded some spiritual suggestions for "A New Jewish Diplomacy" on the assumption that by the Minorities Treaties the Jews have become "national minorities" in their respective countries, and that in some mysterious way their Jewish nationality has thus come to be recognized by the League of Nations. Mr. Lucien Wolf writes in a letter appearing in the "Jewish Guardian," replying to a recent article contributed by Professor Dubnow. The exact reverse, he declares, is the case.

In 1919, he points out, the Peace Conference had before it a petition asking for the recognition of the Jews as a separate nationality, but it took no notice of it. It did not, however, limit itself to this passive attitude. When it came to draft the Minorities Treaties it recognized, probably in view of the aforesaid petition, that no doubts should be allowed to subsist as to the exact national affiliations of the Minorities dealt with in those compacts. Thus in the very first of the Treaties, the Treaty with Poland, the Minorities were throughout referred to as "Polish Nationals who belong to racial, religious, or linguistic minorities." That is to say the Jews were referred to as "Jewish Nationals." Minorities might differ in race, religion or language from the Polish majority, their legal nationality was Polish, and only Polish, subject to certain tests laid down in Articles III. and IV. of the same Treaty. This formula, which is also a definition, was repeated mutatis mutandis in all the Minorities Treaties, and remains on record in them to this day.

Nor was this all. Before signing the Polish Treaty on behalf of his country, M. Paderewski wished to be quite sure that he was doing nothing which would imperil the political unity of the Polish State and nation. Accordingly, he asked M. Clemenceau for further definite assurance on this head, especially in regard to the Jews. These assurances were given by the French statesman on June 24, 1919, on behalf of the Supreme Council of the Allied and Associated Powers. After a short review of the clauses of the Treaty relating to the Jews, M. Clemenceau wrote as follows, Mr. Wolf quotes:

"These clauses have been limited to the minimum which seems necessary under the circumstances of the present day, viz., the maintenance of Jewish schools and the protection of the Jews in the religious observance of their Sabbath. It is believed that these stipulations will not create any obstacle to the political unity of Poland. They do not constitute any recognition of the Jews as a separate political community within the Polish State. The educational provisions contain nothing beyond what is in fact provided in the educational institutions of many highly civilized modern States. There is nothing inconsistent with the sovereignty of the State in recognizing and

BRITISH M. P. REBUKED FOR UNKIND REMARKS AGAINST UNITED STATES

Says It Is Regrettable That a Jew Should Adopt Unfriendly Tone

Criticism of Mr. Samuel Samuel, M.P., for unkind remarks made in the House of Commons with reference to the United States, was voiced by the "Jewish World," Anglo-Jewish weekly published in London. "It is regrettable that a Jew should be found speaking in the unfriendly tone he adopted," the paper writes.

"At the moment there is a somewhat ominous outlook for the peace of the world," the "Jewish World" declares in its editorial. "It seems strange it should be so at this very time when a Peace Pact has been solemnly entered into—an act that has been described as constituting the greatest event since the coming of Jesus in Christian progress. The invidiousness of the allusion may be overlooked, but its intention is undoubted. Unhappily for the analogy thus drawn, there is recorded of the founder of Christianity that he said he brought not Peace but War. And strangely enough, the signing of the Peace Pact has been regarded by many as a signal that the Nations, with Peace on the points of their pens, harbor war in their hearts. Anyway, the relations between this country and the United States are by no means as genial as they should be, while those of France and Germany have fallen a long way back from the days of Locarno. And although everyone talks of War as unthinkable, everyone is playing with the fire of War. Thus I was very sorry to see the report of a speech delivered the other day by Mr. Samuel Samuel, M.P., in which that gentleman spoke very unkindly, if not bellicosely, of the United States. It may be he was put 'put up' to it by some party political influence, or it may be that the speech was dictated by some trouble in connection with the oil industry in which, for the nonce, some American concerns are scoring. But whatever has happened, it is regrettable that a Jew should be found speaking in the unfriendly tone he adopted. It moreover comes from a man of his age, because if, God forbid, there were War, he would not be called upon to give over his body to mangle and slaughter. Perhaps, moreover, he would be unable to avoid heaping up still further wealth by reason of the call there would be for the commodity he sells. These things, of course, did not for an instant enter his mind when he made that speech, but that does not make his words any less unfortunate.

"It is clear that the utmost vigilance is needed on the part of those who abhor War for its cruelty and inhumanity, and despise it for its utter stupidity as a means of settling international disputes," the paper states.

supporting schools in which children shall be brought up in the religious influence to which they are accustomed in their home."

NEW ENGLAND JEWRY TO HONOR WARBURG AND WEIZMANN AT DINNER

1,000 Guests, in Addition to Delegates
to U. P. A. Conference Will Attend
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Boston, Nov. 7.—New England Jewry will celebrate the uniting of all forces in American Jewry for the extension of the Jewish Agency on Sunday evening, November 11, at a dinner to be given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warburg and Dr. and Mrs. Chaim Weizmann.

Governor Alvan T. Fuller has been invited to officially greet the National Conference of the United Palestine Appeal. One thousand guests in addition to the delegates attending the National Conference of the United Palestine Appeal are expected to attend the dinner which will mark the conclusion of the Conference.

Elithu D. Stone, chairman of the National Executive Committee of the Zionist Organization of America, will open the conference. A check for \$50,000 will be presented by Henry L. Yozell, New England treasurer of the United Palestine Appeal, to Dr. Weizmann at the dinner.

ASKS \$286,000 FOR DETROIT WELFARE FEDERATION

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Nov. 7.—The board of directors of the Jewish Welfare Federation, of which Henry Wineman is president, approved tentative budgets for 1929 totalling a request from the Detroit Community Fund for \$286,600 for all Jewish agencies. This is approximately a 15 per cent increase over 1928.

In order that the Jewish agencies may receive this sum, it is emphasized by Dr. John Slawson, executive director of the Jewish Welfare Federation, Jewish contributions must increase by 25 per cent over last year.

Samuel Summerfield, chairman of the Detroit Service Group, has accepted the chairmanship of a special committee to solicit the larger contributors. Melville S. Welt is associate chairman.

The Detroit Community Fund Campaign starts Nov. 12 and will last for twelve days.

The Jewish community of Great Neck, L. I., has organized into a permanent congregation. This congregation will be known as Temple Beth El of Great Neck. Services will be held at the Community House, temporarily, and Rabbi David Goodis has been chosen religious leader. Richard M. Adler is president.

Installation services will take place on Friday evening, November 16, at the Community House of Great Neck. The speakers will be Dr. Joseph Wise of the Central Synagogue, and Dr. Nathan Krauss, of Temple Emanu-El, New York City.

Junior Hadassah, the Young Women's Zionist Organization of America, is conducting a nationwide membership campaign to increase its membership from 10,000 to 15,000. Mass meetings, receptions, and social events will be held during the month of November to attract new members. Sunday, Nov. 4, was celebrated as Junior Hadassah Day throughout the country. The Campaign will continue until November 15.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

League Hears British View on State
Lands for Jewish Colonization
(By Our Geneva Correspondent)

Geneva, Oct. 22.—The observations made by the British Government in reply to the memorandum from the Zionist Organization which it transmitted to the last session of the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations held here in June, are contained among a number of documents which have just been deposited in the Library of the League.

On the question of the settlement of Jews on State lands in accordance with Article 6 of the Palestine Mandate, the British Government says that the Palestine Government are not unmindful of their obligations under Article 6 of the Mandate, and as recognized in the letter from the Zionist Organization, they are endeavoring to arrive at some satisfactory arrangement in regard to the Beisan lands. As the Mandates Commission last year of a petition in regard to the Barrat Caesarea lands, it proceeds, the pre-war inhabitants of Palestine still regard with considerable suspicion any act of the Palestine Government on matters pertaining to the position of State lands. It is therefore the duty of the Palestine Government to discharge their obligations under Article 6 of the Mandate with the caution which is clearly essential to the peaceful order of the country without which the Jewish National Home cannot be established on sure foundations.

Regarding the Beisan lands, the Government states that claims arising out of that agreement have been and are being investigated by a Special Commission, which has made considerable progress. In addition, attention has been given to the possibility of enabling individuals and bodies concerned with agricultural development to acquire land from beneficiaries under the Beisan agreement on the conditions on which those beneficiaries held the land. This possibility is still being considered and while His Majesty's Government are hopeful that a satisfactory conclusion may be reached, they wish to point out that the matter is one in which it is necessary to proceed with caution in order to guard against the landless class of the present beneficiaries under the agreement thus nullifying the object of that instrument.

As regards paragraph 3 of the memorandum from the Zionist Organization, (urging that lack of capital alone should not constitute a bar to immigration, provided that the intending settler possesses personal capacities which would be likely to make him an asset to the country, and further that the amount of capital necessary to secure admission for an immigrant as a person of "independent means" should be fixed in accordance with a suitable sliding scale, and should not be left to the arbitrary decision of the Immigration Officer), the Government explains that the Chief Immigration Officer acts under the explicit directions of the High Commissioner and does not exercise any arbitrary powers in regard to the admission

SOVIET REFUSES YIDDISH STATE THEATRE PERMISS- SION TO COME TO U. S.

Must First Become Wholly Imbued
with Proletarian Spirit
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Nov. 7.—Because it is not yet wholly imbued with what is termed in Russia the "proletarian spirit," the Yiddish State Theatre, a product of Soviet art conceptions, now touring Europe, was refused permission by the Soviet government to proceed to the United States as it originally intended. The Yiddish Communist does, "Emers" states that the permission was not granted because the Soviet authorities considered that the group is not yet sufficiently "revolutionary," and it must return to Moscow for further proletarianization.

It was learned here that the manager of the troupe, Granovsky, wired from Berlin that they will return to Moscow if furnished with travelling expenses.

HADASSAH HONORS MRS. WEIZMANN AT TEA

Mrs. Chaim Weizmann, wife of the world Zionist leader, was the guest of honor at a tea given by the National Board of Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America, at the home of Mrs. Hannah Liebowitz, on Tuesday.

Mrs. Weizmann, who is visiting this country with Dr. Weizmann, is a leader in the Women's International Zionist Organization in London. Mrs. Henrietta Irwell, also of London, and of the same organization, and Mrs. Fiddange, of the Panama Hadassah, were guests with Mrs. Weizmann. Mrs. Zip Szold, national president of Hadassah, and Mrs. David de Sola Pool greeted the guests in behalf of the board.

Others at the tea were Mrs. Moses Epstein, Mrs. Anna Moscovitz Kross, Miss Hortense Levy, Mrs. Rose Halprin, Mrs. S. C. Lampert, Miss Rachel Natanson, Mrs. I. S. Adlerblum, Mrs. A. H. Fromenson, Miss Juliet Benjamin, Mrs. Samuel Inselbuch, Miss Pearl Bernstein, Miss Ruth Meirick, Miss Sarah Kussy, Miss Marie Syrkyn, and Miss Ruth Cohen.

to Palestine as immigrants of persons of independent means.

As regards paragraph 31 of the memorandum, (drawing attention to the inadequacy of the contributions made from public funds to Jewish health work, and asking, in view of the fact that the main burden of Jewish health services continues, as in the past, to be borne by the Jewish organizations, that some contributions be made to assist the Tel Aviv Municipal Hospital and help be given to provide more suitably for the Jewish insane), attention is invited to the fact that the Palestine Government have provided funds amounting to £3,800 for the completion of the Tel Aviv Hospital, that they are contributing £2,000 towards its equipment and propose to ensure a contribution of £3,000 for three years by the aid of the Council's finances. Proposals to provide additional accommodation for insane patients are under consideration.

FEW DISSENTING VOICES HEARD FROM JEWISH LEADERS ON AGENCY PACT

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RABBI DANIEL L. DAVIS, Congregation Shaarai Shomayim, Lancaster, Pa.—"No one can realize at the present how far-reaching this action of American Jewry will be. Certainly it is a manifestation of an inherent spirit of unity in Israel. It demonstrates that the Jew still is responsive to the appeals that call to great spiritual undertakings. The action of the Non-Zionist Conference in one grand sweep thrusts bickering out of the way and hails all Jewry, in America and throughout the world, to understand and appreciate the magnificence of the task of rebuilding Palestine. No Jew now will be able to turn his thoughts away from this great venture of modern Israel. May the fine spirit of harmony engendered by the actions of the Non-Zionist Conference become the abiding spirit of all who are called to work in the greater and wider task of the Jewish Agency in fulfilling the obligation of Israel towards the land of its birth."

RABBI ABRAHAM J. FELDMAN, Congregation Beth Israel, Hartford, Conn.—"I am rather hopeful that as a result of this Conference there will be created not alone a unity for Palestinian work but that our Jewish communities which in the past have been driven by the enthusiasm of the Zionist group and the indifference of the non-Zionist group, the consequent friction and misunderstanding, the frequent retaliation, the undemocratic airs of condescension, of which both sides were guilty, will also become welded into a harmonious whole for effective Jewish work in all Jewish causes. I am hopeful, too, with the enthusiasm and example of the erstwhile non-Zionists, that the Palestine Appeal will receive hereafter a more enthusiastic support."

WILLIAM FISCHMAN, New York City.—"The Jewish Agency appears to me as a most excellent medium to unite all Israel in the cause of Eretz Israel."

"Let us hope that our people will rise to this occasion so that the dreams of Israel may be realized."

ISAAC W. FRANK, Pittsburgh, Pa., Outstanding Leader and Philanthropist.—"I have read with interest concerning the Non-Zionist Conference on Palestine, and I am pleased to note that the Zionists and non-Zionists have gotten together on satisfactory grounds. Personally, I have been a practical Zionist since my visit to new Palestine in 1912, and I am sympathetic with those Jews who wish to go to Palestine and make it a homeland, though I appreciate they will undergo more hardships there than in any other place in which they could settle."

"I have given to the cause of the upbuilding of Palestine, and expect to continue to do so, though I am not sympathetic in any way with Nationalistic Zionism."

RABBI LEON M. FRANKLIN, Congregation Beth El, Detroit, Mich.—"The Non-Zionist Conference under the

Chairmanship of Mr. Louis Marshall was nothing short of an epoch-making occasion. It served to give concrete expression to the hope and the will of a vast majority of American Jews to work together for the rehabilitation of Palestine irrespective of their attitude toward Nationalism or political Zionism. American Jewry should be congratulated that at last a basis for co-operation among all Jews has been found. It is a first step, we hope, in the direction of better understanding between Jew and Jew."

RABBI WILLIAM S. FRIEDMAN, Denver, Colo.—"I heartily endorse the resolutions adopted at the conference of Non-Zionists concerning Palestine."

HERMAN GAMSE, Baltimore, Md.—"With the establishment of the Jewish Agency, which these gentlemen are committed to support morally and financially, it will mean that the hope of the Jewish people in the establishment of a homeland in Palestine will be realized in our generation."

MYRON M. GOLDMAN, New Orleans, La.—"I am always happy when the Jewish people without regard to their separate outlooks come together on a common ground for their benefit and uplift. In my opinion, that is the only way to solve Jewish problems."

RABBI LOUIS J. HARRIS, Reading, Pa.—"Epoch-making and far-reaching in its effects will be the proceedings of the Non-Zionist Conference. Assuredly this gathering is an augury of eventual unity in the ranks of K'thal Yisrael. What historic and never-to-be-forgotten words uttered by Louis Marshall, that indomitable and stalwart champion of Jewry: 'We are no longer non-Zionists and Zionists, but we are Jews together, intent on bringing about united action for the purpose of making the Jewish people a great force for good wherever they may live.' Honor to him and to Dr. Chaim Weizmann—leaders to whom great honor is due."

RABBI A. M. HERSHMAN, Congregation Shaare Zedek, Detroit, Mich.—"The resolutions adopted by the Non-Zionist Conference held in New York on October 20 and 21 are fraught with far-reaching consequences. They augur well for the realization of our great task—the upbuilding of the Jewish Homeland in Palestine. At last we have the declaration of a United Israel 'to work with might and main for carrying out the Balfour Declaration.'"

MRS. SIEGMUND HERZOG, Cleveland, O.—"I was very much impressed with the meeting in New York, because of the fact all differences seemed to have been forgotten and that one purpose unites the forces of Israel in the upbuilding of Palestine."

RABBI JACOB KATZ, Montefiore Congregation, New York City.—"To my mind the Non-Zionist Conference under Louis Marshall is the greatest event in contemporary Jewish life. The chimera of dreamers will now become a reality of statesman and the vision of prophets will be turned into practical policy."

A. RAY KATZ, Baltimore, Md.—

"Palestinian reconstruction is a work that should appeal to every American Jew, and the Non-Zionist Conference recently held was, in my opinion, a very important step toward bringing this about."

J. J. KISER, Indianapolis, Ind.—"Frankly, I have practically no interest in the matter. I am not only a Non-Zionist, but also a Non-Palestinian, if there is such a term."

"I feel that much better results could be obtained by promoting Jewish colonization in Russia or other more suitable countries of the world, than by throwing money away in Palestine."

DR. NATHAN KRASS, Congregation Emanu-El, New York City.—"I believe that all Jews should unite for the upbuilding of Palestine, and I am pleased that the desire for unity was so emphatically expressed at the Non-Zionist Conference. Former Zionists and Non-Zionists, through the Agency, will, I hope, do great work for the Jews in Palestine."

RABBI A. LINCOLN KROHN, Temple Shalom, Plainfield, N. J.—"I have already set in motion the machinery for uniting the Zionist and Non-Zionist elements of this community in the spirit of the accord which grew out of the Conference in New York, to the end that the upbuilding of Palestine as contemplated by the Jewish Agency may become the sacred obligation of every Jew in Plainfield."

"In so doing I feel that I have best expressed my reaction to the proceedings of the Conference."

SIDNEY G. KUSWORM, Dayton, O.—"With a common idealism, under one banner, and with all lines of demarcation thrown to the four winds, the success of the Palestinian program of rehabilitation is assured."

OSCAR LEONARD, St. Louis, Mo.—"The Jewish Agency will be not only an agency for Palestine but an agency for Jewish solidarity, so that at last brethren can sit together in harmony and work together in the joy of their hearts."

SAMSON LACHMAN, New York City.—"The unanimity of opinion and feeling in the Non-Zionist Conference was most unusual and refreshing. The recognition of the years of research and investigation was inspiring and I can see no reason why the endorsement of the carefully considered plan for harmony and joint action should not result in practical advancement of what has been largely sentimental and emotional in the past."

RABBI MORRIS S. LAZARON, Baltimore, Md.—"At last American Jewry has formally accepted the challenge of Palestine. There can be no question as to the bona fides of the New York meeting. It appears to have been a thrilling and historic gathering."

"But let no one imagine the work has been done and the goal reached. The Jewish Agency as conceived by Weizmann and Marshall has enemies within the Zionist ranks. They must be won over. It yet remains to be seen whether the representative men who so splendidly answered the call of Palestine can swing their constituents into line."

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FEW DISSENTING VOICES HEARD FROM JEWISH LEADERS ON AGENCY PACT

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"This much is certain: that never before has so broad a backing been given to Jewish effort in Palestine. Never before has the goal seemed so possible of accomplishment. This should hearten every friend of Palestine; it should sober those whose programs may differ; it should move to greater interest them who have been lukewarm in the past.

"Our people has been resurrected from a thousand funeral pyres because it willed to live. The ancient glories of Eretz Yisroel will be revived by the indestructible will of our Eternal People."

RABBI DANIEL LEFKOWITZ, Dallas, Tex.—"A number of details whose importance it would be foolish to minimize still remain to be settled, not the least of these being the difference between the recommendations of the commission which had carefully studied the Palestinian situation and the reservations to these recommendations made by the Zionist Council at its Summer session in Berlin. But the great step toward unity in Israel has been taken, and we hail this consummation with rejoicing. Let every Zionist and non-Zionist give evidence in good faith by word and act that behind the four hundred who took the first official step toward unity in that conference at the Biltmore Hotel, and behind Dr. Weizmann and the other leading Zionists who acclaimed that action, are the millions of American Jews concurring gladly in this reunion of Israel."

AARON LEVINSTONE, Newark, N. J.—"The Conference is a revelation to me. As I watched the march of one dignitary after the other of the reform movement, as well as of the aristocracy of American Jewry, appearing on the platform and declaring their faith in Palestine and the Jewish Renaissance, I began to realize the power and invincibility of an ideal."

I. MONTEFIORE LEVY, New York City.—"The decisions of the Conference were momentous, but the Conference itself and the spirit it injected were the epoch making events that will radiate its influence over the whole of Jewry."

RABBI THEODORE N. LEWIS, Mount Sinai Congregation, Sioux City, Iowa.—"In my opinion the success of a Non-Zionist Convention marks the greatest achievement for unity and harmony of purpose in the history of American Israel. The result of the conference will not only prove a boon to Palestine, but will radiate many blessings to other American Jewish undertakings, of spiritual and cultural nature."

RABBI M. LICHTENSTEIN, Congregation B'nai Israel, Toledo, O.—"The so-called Non-Zionist Conference, which declare itself unanimously in favor of joining the Jewish Agency for the upbuilding of Palestine, rose to a height of Jewish duty and dignity that will inscribe its name indelibly in the history of our people."

"Not only will the rebuilding of the Homeland be speeded by its action, but it will be instrumental in rallying all

Israel in behalf of the Holy Cause. Such a union will be of far-reaching benefit not alone in Palestine but for all Jews wherever they are found."

WILLIAM LIEBERMANN, Brooklyn, N. Y.—"Never for a moment did we hesitate to answer the call of our peerless leader, Louis Marshall. I am frank to admit that we entered the conference hall with greatly perturbed minds and with many misgivings. We asked ourselves has the new day dawned for Palestine—for world Jewry? Has stiff-necked Israel at last seen the light?"

"We found that Louis Marshall and Chaim Weizmann, the torch-bearers, had blazed the trail that led us to the light. We learned that even as of old Lord Melchett, Felix Warburg, Dr. Lee K. Frankel and Dr. Wasserman with their staff of experts had searched out the way."

SIMON LYON, Washington, D. C.—"While I have regarded myself as a Non-Zionist this term or expression should be no longer regarded seriously for all fair-minded Jews should give their unstinted support in all matters relating to Palestine."

"Unlimited praise is due Mr. Marshall, Dr. Weizmann and the Commission which made a very complete report to the Conference and I express a sincere wish that American Jewry will continue to give this fine cause their everlasting support which it so justly deserves."

RABBI ISAAC E. MARCUSON, Recording Secretary, Central Conference of American Rabbis, Macon, Ga.—"I desire to say that I believe that the time has come when all forward-looking Jews can voice that at last a platform has been found on which all Jews can unite so that the work of the upbuilding of Palestine can proceed. There were many of us who felt that so long as nationalism was emphasized as the basis of the work in Palestine that we could not conscientiously cooperate. Now that this element has been removed from the foreground of reconstruction and the cultural elements will be stressed all are ready to do their best to help in the work."

"May this union be but the beginning of a real unity in Israel."

RABBI HARRY S. MARGOLIS, St. Paul, Minn.—"The recent Non-Zionist Conference marks a new chapter in the history of Palestine Reconstruction Work. The extension of the Jewish Agency to include Jewish representatives of all classes in Jewry regardless of their affiliation with the Zionist Organization, lifts the entire problem of Palestine out of the mire of partisanship onto the heights of unified purpose and action. History will record this recent Conference as monumental in importance—alongside the Balfour Declaration and the San Remo Conference. Palestine now becomes the concern of everyone."

RABBI C. DAVID MATT, Temple Beth David, Buffalo, N. Y.—"The agreement concerning the Jewish Agency is a momentous, historic event. Now that Jews have proved they can unite in the Diaspora for Palestine,

they will be able to work in harmonious cooperation in Palestine. Once again, though in a new sense, Palestine is to be the center of the Jewish world and the means of consolidating Jewry. Mr. Marshall and Dr. Weizmann deserve the thankful admiration of all Jews for their achievement."

ARMAND MAY, Atlanta, Ga.—"I have never been able to satisfy myself that a project founded upon forces that tend to make its very existence a drain upon the balance of the Jewish world as a homeland, whether such an undertaking, where the field of personal activity and ambition is limited, is practical or not."

"Knowing something regarding the imagination and the ambition of the average Jew, and knowing that he is by nature, individualistic, I believe that there are many possibilities of failure, and in comparing the general improvement of the Jewish standing throughout the world, I can't see any reason for this great experiment, for I believe that with equal expenditures in other fields, greater good can come to a greater number, and as far as the spiritual and cultural effects are concerned, I believe they would come where there is opportunity for individual development."

JUSTICE MITCHELL MAY, New York Supreme Court, Brooklyn, N. Y.—"The action of the Non-Zionist Conference must be a source of great inspiration and a heartening to all of Israel. It marks the most forward-looking step towards the complete spiritual reunion of Jewry and constitutes the greatest achievement in our history. As Jews, laying aside whatever difference in one phase or another of religious approach, we have rededicated ourselves to the restoration of Palestine to the former glorious position it occupied in history, and have thereby signaled an achievement which gives bright promise for a happier day for the peoples of the earth. Palestine, the birthplace of true religion, where first was given to the world the one omnipotent and only God, is again to be reconsecrated to the doctrine of peace, love and brotherhood."

RABBI SAMUEL S. MAYERBERG, Congregation B'nai Judah, Kansas City, Mo.—"The Non-Zionist Conference, recently held under the chairmanship of America's great Jew, Louis Marshall, was epoch-making."

"To this Conference came the recognized Jewish leaders representing every phase of American Jewish life. That in itself is a harbinger of joy to American Jewry. It is rare that a divided Israel has found any one platform upon which to unite. That such a platform has been found is an omen of a strengthened Israel in America."

"No Jew of average intelligence can find objection to the agreements entered; every Jew has every good reason to support them. The Non-Zionist Conference will ultimately prove not only a marvelous means of bringing aid to Palestine, but it will serve also as a unifier of American Israel."

EMILE MAYER, St. Louis, Mo.—"As a Non-Zionist, but as one in sym-

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FEW DISSENTING VOICES ARE HEARD FROM JEWISH LEADERS ON AGENCY PACT

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pathy with many Zionist aims and purposes, I express the hope that the harmonious proceedings of this Convention may find a responsive echo in the hearts and minds of our Zionist brethren and that their Conventions in the future may reveal a similar spirit. May we all realize, Zionist and non-Zionist, that the success of a great undertaking means sacrifice and tolerance, that petty differences and unworthy ambitions must give way to an earnest desire for real accomplishment.

"In the beginning God said, 'Let there be Light!' I believe that the beginning has been made. I believe that the light of reason and understanding has begun to shine. I believe that a better understanding between Jew and Gentile and a sympathetic co-operation in our common cause, will be the result of this memorable Conference."

CHARLES MORRIS, Louisville, Ky.—"I am impressed with the by-product: the beneficial result with relation to the Jews of America. I feel that every great inspirational achievement of this character is a factor in welding together the diverse elements of American Jewry and in making for a more cohesive and effective Jewish consciousness in the United States."

N. MUROV, Shreveport, La.—"The Non-Zionists will help not only materially, which to me seems very important, but it would be more important if they would take the responsibility at once on the political situation and in a diplomatic way, to help Dr. Weizmann to lighten the burden in dealing with England. It seems to me that it will have a good deal more weight on the English government with the non-Zionists taking share in diplomatic affairs."

RABBI MORRIS NEWFIELD, Temple Emanu-El, Birmingham, Ala.—"The recent meeting of non-Zionist leaders is a historic event in American Jewry. The sponsors of the movement to find a method of cooperation between the hitherto conflicting groups in the matter of rebuilding Palestine merit the lasting gratitude of American Jews. Without abandoning their respective principles, both Zionists and non-Zionists should henceforth heartily work together in a common endeavor to enlarge the opportunities offered to oppressed Jews seeking refuge and a home in Palestine. This cooperation of a united American Jewry should make itself felt even before the establishment of the proposed Jewish Agency."

RABBI ABRAHAM NOWAK, Cleveland Heights, O.—"I have always felt that Palestine would absorb all differences of opinion in Israel. There has ever been the dominant ideal of Israel. The Non-Zionist Conference held in New York gives us all good cause to rejoice and exclaim: 'Hear, O God, Israel thy people, Israel is one.'"

RABBI HYMAN R. RABINOWITZ, Shaare Zion Congregation, Sioux City, Iowa.—"Indisputably, October 21 will

enter the Jewish calendar as one of the historic and momentous days of our era. It will eventually be celebrated as Jewish Armistice Day in the American Jewish camps. This Conference with its inspiring "Confession" and its outburst of suppressed loyalty to Palestine," marks the end of even tacit hostilities which were so detrimental to the best interests of World Jewry."

RABBI MAX RAISIN, Congregation E'nai Jeshurun, Paterson, N. J.—"In regard to the Non-Zionist Conference on the Jewish Agency, I will say that my reaction is that the Conference was the most noteworthy event in the struggle for the upbuilding of Palestine in the last three decades."

"The Non-Zionist Conference has demonstrated that there is room in the movement for Palestine for all classes of Jews; nay, that Palestine is indeed the concern of all Jews, who must be encouraged to lend a hand in the work of rehabilitation. A Jewish political state may be a beautiful ideal, but its realization must perforce be deferred to a much later stage. Supremely important for our day is the turning of Palestine into a land that can receive a large number of Jewish immigrants. We must create the conditions that will make possible the settlement of half a million Jews in the shortest possible time. An economically sound Palestine will also create a sound cultural life in which the Hebrew idealism of the Jews will not merely the revival of Hebrew, but Judaism at its best, will predominate. The political phase of the movement will then also find a likelihood for its realization."

RABBI MAX REICHER, Beth Shalom-Peoples Temple, Brooklyn, N. Y.—"Every Jew must rejoice at this manifestation of unity in Israel. Let us hope that unity about Palestine will lead to unity in other directions. The American Jew is destined to show the way to achievement and spiritual strength."

DR. SAMUEL SCHULMAN, Congregation Emanu-El, New York City.—"It was quite correct to characterize the Non-Zionist Conference of October 21, 1922, and the resolutions adopted, as of historic importance for the Jews of the world. The action taken at this conference was a fine expression of the unity of Israel."

"For a generation, a great controversy had been going on in this country, as all over the world, between two philosophies of Jewish life. The Zionist or Nationalist interpretation of Jewish life, and that view which looks upon Israel as primarily and essentially a religious community, whose destiny it is to be scattered all over the world in order to bear witness to God, and which does not see in a national existence of the Jew as such, as the realization of Israel's ideal. The building up of Palestine was therefore connected in the minds of many who opposed Zionism, with the philosophy of Jewish life for which Zionism stands."

"While Zionism, however, is a nationalist movement in Jewry, there is also another side to it. It is an enterprise

which aims at availing itself of the opportunities offered in Palestine for the transplanting of a number of Jews from lands in which conditions of life are made hard for them, to a country in which they may lead freer and happier lives. Non-Zionists have necessarily sympathized with the practical side of Zionism, while they opposed the ideals which inspired it."

"The controversy has by no means been ended by this conference. Intellectual freedom is left to both sides to that controversy. The Zionist will continue to teach nationalism, and the Non-Zionist will continue to uphold his ideals. Both groups will face facts and problems as they will be presented by the conditions of life which confront the Jews in Palestine, and the relation of Palestine to the Mandatory Power. There is no doubt in my mind that when the new Agency shall have been constituted, an entirely new situation will have been created. The Zionist organization will cease to be the Agency which is to act as an Advisory Board to the Government in Palestine. The new Agency will represent all Israel for the purpose of practical work in Palestine, and this practical work will take its place as part of the larger work which has to be done for Jews all over the world, who may need the help of their coreligionists."

"The Palestine Survey Commission, whose report was accepted, made a very impartial and objective investigation of conditions in Palestine. It includes its report by recommending the support of the building up of Palestine for Jews who wish to go there. American Jewry has this report now before it. It can intelligently study it. And it is the duty of American Jews in accordance with the report, and in accordance with the recommendations of the new Agency, when it shall have been constituted, to contribute of their means to the work in Palestine. American Jews alone can not assure the creation of the new Agency. Non-Zionists in other lands, if the new Agency is to be a success, will have to join it. If they join it, and the Agency is created, a new stage will have been reached in the development of the Palestinian problem."

"I hope that the new Agency will be established, and will be a success, and if a sufficient number of Jews are settled in Palestine, then there will develop a new center of Jewish spiritual life in Palestine, which cannot but exert great influence upon the Jews in the world."

"History was thus made for the Jews by the Non-Zionist Conference. It established the fact that the brotherhood of Israel is superior to differences of opinion amongst Jews, even upon the most vital questions. And these vital questions will continue to be discussed, and contrasting ideals will continue to be preached, even in Palestine, as they are all over the world."

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