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71 SUMMONED TO APPEAR BEFORE JUDGE MACK TODAY IN KOSHER CHICKEN INQUIRY

\$14,000,000 Said to be Extorted Annually from Consumers

Seventy-one persons were summoned to appear in Federal Court before Judge Julian W. Mack today, Friday, August 24, in the kosher chicken market inquiry, after the bombing of the home of one of the kosher chicken dealers in Brownsville, bringing to the surface the existence of unusual conditions in this industry.

An organization known as the Greater New York Live Poultry Chamber of Commerce was described by the authorities as a trust which is responsible for the high prices on kosher poultry and is said to be involved in a number of actions to maintain its supremacy.

The disclosures and the following intervention of the United States and New York State authorities have called forth consternation in Orthodox Jewish circles, where the wish was expressed that an end be put to the scandalous conditions. It was asserted that the poultry dealers could well afford to sell chickens with a three to four cent profit per pound. Under present conditions, poultry is sold by the wholesaler at a profit of from seven to ten cents per pound. It was estimated that by this trust method a sum of \$14,000,000 is being extorted from the consumers of kosher poultry annually. The assertion was also made that certain individuals among the shochtim (ritual slaughterers) are involved in the manipulations. Some of them will be summoned to appear in court.

The charge was also made that the leaders of the trust have been paying out \$3,500,000 annually to gangsters to intimidate the individual butchers and retail chicken dealers.

The matter was frankly termed a "Hilul-He'shem" (a disgrace to the Jewish name) and the demand was voiced that the organizations of Orthodox Rabbis issue a statement on the matter.

ARREST 30 JEWISH WORKERS IN LABOR DISPUTE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Aug. 23.—Thirty Jewish workers were arrested by the authorities yesterday on charges of instigating a strike. They will be tried shortly.

The strike was proclaimed following the action of the government in dissolving several trade union on the assertion that they were influenced by Communist doctrines.

ASKS PETACH TIKVAH COLONISTS TO FIND WORK FOR JEWISH LABORERS

District Commissioner, Seeks to Prevent Repetition of Last Season's Labor Troubles

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jernsalem, Aug. 23.—The Jewish colonists of Petach Tikvah were asked to make provision for the employment of Jewish workers during the harvest work in the colony at a conference called by the Assistant District Commissioner of Jaffa.

To the representatives of the colonists and Jewish workers the Commissioner declared he was anxious to prevent a repetition of the labor troubles which occurred last year when Jewish workers demanded an opportunity for employment in the colony at a time when the Arab merchants who purchased the colony crop employed only Arab workers for the harvesting. The Commissioner asked that the colonists insert in their contracts with the merchants a clause obliging the latter to employ Jewish labor.

The colonists stated that all they can do is to exercise their influence with the contractors, but they cannot demand the insertion of a specific clause to this effect.

The workers' representatives suggested the creation of a joint commission to solve the question.

REPORT NEW ZIONIST ARRESTS IN UKRAINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Aug. 23.—New arrests of Zionists are reported here in despatches from the Ukraine.

Fifteen leaders of Zionist groups, including several women, were said to have been arrested by the Soviet authorities in Kamieniec-Podolsk, Retshiza and other cities. One of the women arrested was exiled.

HAKOAH, VIENNA SPORT CLUB, REORGANIZES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Aug. 23.—The difficult situation existing within the Hakoah Sport Club for the last half year, since the loss of championship rank on the part of its professional soccer team, has been overcome.

The professional and amateur divisions of the club have been entirely separated, and the professional soccer team has undertaken the payment of the debts incurred by the previous team. Besides the new professional soccer team, the Hakoah will form an amateur soccer section.

SABBATH ALLIANCE PROTESTS AGAINST PROPOSED CALENDAR CHANGE

Directs Communication to Washington Committee

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C. Aug. 23.—Objection to the proposed calendar reform now under consideration by the National Committee on Calendar Simplification here was voiced by the Jewish Sabbath Alliance of America, in a communication directed to the Committee.

"It has been brought to the attention of the Jewish Sabbath Alliance of America, the organization representing the Seventh Day observing Jews of America, that there is a proposal before you to reform the calendar by causing one or two days of the year to be disconnected from the week in order that the New Year may always begin on the same day, which is, as we understand, to be considered Sunday," the communication read.

"We wish to call to your serious attention the fact, that this arrangement, if carried out, would have most serious, in fact disastrous consequences for all those who observe the historic Jewish Sabbath, which is known as the Seventh Day of the week. At present, in accordance with the arrangement which has now existed for many centuries, the Sabbath is practically identical with the Saturday, it begins on Friday evening at sundown and ends on Saturday evening at sundown. This period is clearly recognizable and is well known and familiar to all, both Jews and Gentiles. Under the proposed arrangement,

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SAENZ, MEXICAN STATESMAN, DENIES JEWISH ORIGIN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Monterrey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, Aug. 23.—Aaron Saenz, Mexican statesman and present governor of Nuevo Leon, denied today to the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency reports current in some American journals that he was of the Jewish faith or of Jewish origin.

"The report that I am of the Jewish faith or of Jewish origin is absolutely false," he stated.

The "Osservatore Romano," official organ of the Vatican, published in Rome, recently referring to Governor Saenz termed him a "Protestant Jew" and asserted that he "opened the gates in the most barefaced fashion to the immigration of his co-religionaries."

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DECLARES CHAIN STORE COMPETITION DRIVES JEWISH MERCHANTS TO FARM

**Rabbi Brickner Addresses Williams-
town Institute on Jewish Back
to the Farm Movement**

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Williamstown, Mass., Aug. 23.—The crushing competition of the chain stores has driven many small Jewish merchants to the farm, declared Rabbi Barnett Brickner of Cleveland, before Professor Charles R. Fay's round table on Agriculture and the Agricultural Surplus at the Institute of Politics. Rabbi Brickner was one of the organizers of a Jewish Farm School in Canada and during last year visited the Jewish farm colonies in the Crimea and in Palestine.

Rabbi Brickner suggested, as a particularly interesting aspect, that the Jewish "back to the soil" movement in the United States has been accelerated during the last twenty-five years in the very period when the drift from the farm to the city has been most pronounced.

"It also proves that, given the opportunity," he continued, "the Jew can farm as well as merchandise; that it is not racial genius for trade and commerce which has led the Jew into these occupations instead of to the farm, but the restrictive laws which for centuries forbade him to hold and till the soil."

The motives behind the movement in the United States are partly economic, partly idealistic, he said. There is the small merchant, driven out by the crushing competition of the chain stores. There is the industrial worker who is tired of strikes, or who feels that his years of industrial employment are growing shorter. There is also the Jewish idealist who can not adapt himself to city life and who feels a craving for the soil, intensified in his case by years

AMERICAN HEALTH METHODS TO BE APPLIED TO POLISH JEWISH INSTITUTIONS

**J. D. C. Brings Warsaw Nurses for
Post-Graduate Study at Columbia**

Two Jewish girls from Poland are due to arrive in this country early in September for the purpose of entering Columbia University for a year's training in public health care, nurses' administrative work, and direction of hospitals. After a year's study, they will return to Poland.

These young women are the first of the graduates of the Jewish Nurses' Training School in Warsaw to be sent to this country for post-graduate study, and it is planned to follow this procedure with possibly larger groups of students.

With the aid of 85 graduates of the school who are now occupying responsible positions in the Jewish hospital and other health institutions in Warsaw, and the 75 students now in training, Miss Amelia Greenwald, founder and first director of the school, who is now in this country, plans that the institution obtain the best that the world has to offer in public health care.

Despite the gratifying success of the school, Miss Greenwald stated that her work in Poland is still far from being completed. "What we had in mind when the Joint Distribution Committee started this school," she declared recently, "was to create an institution that would be the nucleus for spreading throughout every province in the country the knowledge and methods of the highest type of public health propaganda through workers trained at this school, and thereby gradually raising the health standards of the Jews all over Poland. We have not come to that yet. The nurses that have so far graduated from the school were immediately offered positions in Warsaw at the Jewish Hospital or other institutions and have proved themselves such a great asset to these institutions, that they have had to remain in the capital. And as is to be expected, the overcrowded city of Warsaw with a great Jewish population had to receive

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of legal deprivation.

"The Jews," he went on "are engaged in every branch of farming, their children stay on the soil as long as those of their neighbors, and they have usually a trade to fall back upon in periods of slack on the farm. Jews have been leaders in the field of cooperation. To mention only Aaron Sapiro and David Lubin suffices."

Rabbi Brickner described the Jewish farm movement in Russia and Palestine, saying that this will tend to solve the Jewish problem, so aggravated for centuries. "Prejudice against the Jew will lessen as he takes his place back on the soil, he said.

SAYS COMMON FATE NOT FAITH ALONE HOLDS JEWS TOGETHER

**Leader of German Body, Opposing
Jewish Nationalism, States View
(J. T. A. Mail Service)**

Berlin, Aug. 10.—Zionism arose in the same way as the Central Union, to exercise criticism against the position of the Jews as it existed at that time, writes Dr. Ludwig Hollaender, Director of the Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith, in an article appearing in the "C.V.-Zeitung," the organ of the Union, setting out the attitude of his Union on the question of the place of the Jews in the life of the world.

"We no longer maintain today," he says, "the principle that it is religion alone which makes the Jews of a country distinctive from their fellow citizens. We observe today, as always, that the decisive point in Judaism is that the Jews are a religious community, but we recognize that common fate and common origin also have great significance. The founders of the Central Union desired to preserve Judaism in the same way as we desire it. They believed that by achieving emancipation, equal rights and equal respect, they would assure this."

"The Central Union did not, as it is the habit to contend today, learn from the Jewish Nationalist writers to criticize the Jewish sluggishness in certain Jewish circles. On the contrary, this criticism was started by us. The contradiction between the two tendencies, Zionism and our own, does not lie here. It will have to be sought rather in the conception of the so-called unity of Judaism and Jewry. Here the two conceptions are fundamentally apart. We regard an absolute unity of Jewry throughout the world, not even as a desirable aim, let alone a fact. Even the Middle Ages could not absolutely unify the Jews in the various Ghettos of the world. Two tendencies came into existence: one in the field of spiritual conviction, demanding Jewish unity, the other of real attachment on the part of human beings to their home and their country. Both are vital.

"The Central Union saw its direction in the attachment to both—faith and home. Our Judaism is a community of people partly bound together by a common fate, partly by common origin, partly bound together religiously by inherited beliefs. It is from these spiritual ties that the will comes to be and to remain a Jew. The leaders of the Central Union always emphasized this—that they see the basis of our activity in the spiritual and not in the national elements of Judaism, that to them Judaism signifies a spiritual unity with definite demands in our conception and our conduct of life. We believe that in this way we are working effectually to maintain Judaism.

"If we and our generation do not

SUPREME COURT TO DECIDE INDIVIDUAL'S PROPERTY RIGHTS IN PUBLIC INSTITUTE

Dr. Buchler Claims He Owns Jewish Court of Arbitration

The Supreme Court of New York County will soon be called upon to render its opinion as to whether an individual has any property rights in a public institution which he helped to organize.

The case, brought to court by Dr. Samuel Buchler, New York attorney of 58 Park Row and formerly president of the Federation of Hungarian Jews, is of the Jewish Court of Arbitration, Inc. against another Jewish Court of Arbitration at 225 Broadway, New York City. In a petition filed by Dr. Buchler, the plaintiff asks the court to issue an injunction restraining the Jewish Court of Arbitration of 225 Broadway, from receiving and hearing cases of a Jewish nature brought by individuals for settlement without litigation.

The Jewish Court of Arbitration was organized in 1920 at a meeting of the United Orthodox Synagogues. Dr. Samuel Buchler was elected honorary secretary of the court. He, in turn, appointed Louis Richman, at that time his law partner, as Executive secretary of the court. When the two dissolved their partnership, the Jewish Court of Arbitration was continued by Mr. Richman at 225 Broadway. Former Judge Jacob Panken, is chairman of the court. Dr. Buchler, then incorporated the Jewish Court of Arbitration under the name of Jewish Court of Arbitration, Inc.

The Jewish Court of Arbitration in its complaint on file in the supreme court, claims the exclusive right to conduct arbitration activities under that name and asks the injunction. The trial was set for October.

OTTO WARBURG, SCIENTIST, MARKS 70th BIRTHDAY

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Jerusalem, Aug. 1.—Prof. Otto Warburg, noted botanist and former president of the World Zionist Organization, observed his seventieth birthday on July 21. He was the recipient of many congratulatory messages from Zionists throughout the world.

Prof. Warburg was one of the outstanding leaders of the Zionist movement and among the first German Jews to join the movement at the call of Dr. Herzl. He is now head of the Agricultural Experiment Station of the Zionist Organization.

increased in strengthening our recognition of Judaism, neither Zionism nor the Central Union will avail Jewry. It will have to collapse. But if—and there are good signs of this—the old, as well as the coming generation, are clear on this point—that the strengthening of feeling for both faith and homeland is the only path, then tolerance and equality and respect will follow, and Judaism and Jewry will fulfil their given task."

J.D.B. NEWS LETTER

Sir John Russell Tells Australian Zionists of Palestine's Possibilities

(Special Correspondence)

Melbourne, July 11.—Representatives of the Executive of the Australian Zionist Federation recently waited upon Sir John Russell here and obtained his views with regard to Jewish colonization work in Palestine.

Sir John, the acknowledged British authority on soil and crop production, visited Palestine recently at the invitation of the Zionist Executive and the Empire Marketing Board and submitted a report both to the Palestine Executive and to the British Government with regard to agriculture in Palestine and future possibilities. He also served as one of the experts of the Joint Palestine Survey Commission. Sir John explained in the course of the interview that there are considerable tracts of land in Palestine capable of development. Such work has already been started by the Zionist Organization and by other Jewish bodies interested. First comes the Plain of Sharon, he said. Here citrus plantations, especially oranges, are being worked with success. The Jaffa orange even today is the foremost on the British market. Additional plantations are being laid out and further areas are available for citrus culture. Other crops are being tried with promising results, notably bananas and dairy produce.

The second district is the Plain of Esdraelon. At present it is under cereals growing in accordance with dry farming principles. So far as can be seen at present, it will remain a dry farming area, though there are possibilities of developing more intensive branches of farming. Sir John specially mentioned the importance of mixed farming, that is, each farmer devoting himself to several cultures, including dairying, and the catering for the tourist traffic which, under the more settled conditions now prevailing, is likely to increase.

Both areas at present include swamps which are useless and even harmful. This land is being reclaimed by the Pica, Keren Hayesod and Jewish National Fund, and will become most fertile; areas at present barren will be put under cultivation.

The third area is the Jordan Valley with the plain of Beisan, a continuation of the Esdraelon district. The Palestine Electrical Corporation, headed by Engineer Rutenberg, has already started the establishment of its Jordan Electric Plant. Its second aim will be to provide facilities for irrigation. The Beisan Valley is part of the Jordan Valley District, and has a promising future. In some of these districts the climate is warm, so that immigrants used to such conditions will have to be

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USE ROSENWALD'S GIFTS FOR NEGRO UPLIFT FOR ANTI-JEWISH PROPAGANDA

German Paper Says Jewry is Rearing Negro Army

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 23.—A striking example of the methods of falsehood and distortion with which the anti-Semitic press in Europe feeds its readers in order to strengthen anti-Jewish prejudice and hatred, was furnished today by the "Voelkische Beobachter," organ of the anti-Semitic Hitler group.

In huge letters on the front page the "Beobachter" carries the headline, "A Negro Army for World Jewry" and interprets the generous benefactions of the Chicago Jewish philanthropist, Julius Rosenwald, in a scandalously distorted and malicious manner.

Julius Rosenwald spent \$20,000,000 for the purpose of providing education to 353,000 negro children. These negro boys are won for the contingency of Americans attempting to throw off the Jewish reign of money," the maniacs' organ states.

EUROPEAN FILM CONGRESS MOVES TO BAN PREJUDICE

Banning of films which might arouse international hatreds was declared by Leopold Guttman, president of the German Picture Theatre Owners' Association, to be one of the principal aims of the European Film Congress which opened in Berlin yesterday, an Associated Press despatch from Berlin states.

Five hundred persons prominent in the film world and representing fifteen nations, are attending the Congress.

The motion picture production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," against which protests were made in the South, was changed by the producers, for the picture's exhibition in Southern cities. Simon Legree, the villain, was changed to a Yankee and some of the "cruelty" footage was eliminated, an Associated Press Despatch from Dallas, Texas, states.

A prologue was added explaining that such occurrences as the film depicts were not common in the South of pre-war days.

I. O. B. B. TO HOLD TRI-STATE CONVENTION

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Denver, Col., Aug. 23.—Colorado, Wyoming, and New Mexico will join in a tri-state convention of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith at Cheyenne, September 2.

When the last convention was held in Colorado Springs, 250 were present and more than twice that number is expected at Cheyenne this year.

There are no official delegates to the convention, it being open to all members of the Order. Tri-state president is Louis Veta.

SABBATH ALLIANCE PROTESTS AGAINST PROPOSED CALENDAR CHANGE

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if carried out, there would be no definite day of the week identical and recognizable as the Sabbath. In some years it might be observed on Monday, in other years on Wednesday or Thursday, and so forth, and there would be no regularity whatsoever in the matter.

"The consequences of this confusion on the observance of the Jewish Sabbath can easily be perceived. It would bring a tremendous uncertainty into the Sabbath observing Jewish community, for since there can be no other day substituted for the Seventh Day of the week, and this would be liable to occur on different days, it would be very difficult for the masses of Sabbath observing Jewish people to harmonize their observance of their Sabbath with the constantly varying conditions. We are, of course, not authorized to speak for the Christian denominations, but it would seem to us, that the conferring of the name Sunday on different days of the week, would also be highly objectionable to those who observe the first Day of the week in accordance with their traditions.

"We wish to add our protest, in the name of the millions of Sabbath observing Jews in both Americas, to the protest from leaders and organizations in Europe, against this proposed change in the calendar.

"If a change is to be made, we think that some method might be found by skilled astronomers and other scholars acquainted with the problem of the calendar, through which the existing difficulties might be surmounted without interfering with traditional observances either of those who revere the Seventh Day or the First Day of the week as holy time," stated the letter which was signed by Dr. Bernard Drachman, president of the Jewish Sabbath Alliance, and William Rosenberg, Executive Secretary.

ORGANIZATION FORMED TO SURVEY CONDITION OF JEWISH GROUPS IN THE ORIENT

Organization of the Ha'Or, Oriental Jewish Committee of America, has been announced. The association will have its headquarters in the Hias Building, New York City. The purpose of the Ha'Or will be to create a commission to make a survey of the conditions of the Jewish communities of central and southern Asia with a view to formulating plans for improving those conditions.

According to plans, a scientific institution is to be made to determine the best procedure for improving the health, educational, and economic conditions of their co-religionists in the unlightened sections of the Orient.

The organization already has a considerable number of members, the announcement stated. Among them, in

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selected for colonization. At the same time, after the valleys have been developed, there is a possibility of the population gradually extending to the hills, but only small parts of these would be of value, so far as can be seen at present.

Sir John did not give any actual figures as to the number of immigrants which can be settled in the country, but he believed that there can be established farmers in sufficient numbers to create a strong basis for the Jewish National Home. Sir John explained that from a purely commercial point of view it is probable that better results can be obtained by individuals in countries more developed than Palestine. We are fortunate in having idealistic settlers. All they want is to settle in the country and to have the possibility of finding their livelihood, and this they certainly can do. Colonization means either sacrifice in money or sacrifice in human life and suffering. In Palestine, human suffering is comparatively small, and this is due to the efforts of the Zionist Organization and other bodies interested in the country.

Land in Palestine is being bought at prices rather high. Nevertheless, if not at present then in the future, the economic value of the land is bound to increase and the investment in land may yet prove a good one. But the colonization should not be regarded solely as a business proposition.

Generally, Sir John is optimistic, and believes that the work in Palestine is being and can be made a success. He specially stressed the devotion of the leaders of the Zionist movement and their efforts for the cause which they have at heart.

Jewish enterprise in Palestine is being watched with much sympathy and interest in Britain, both by the Government and by many of the people, he declared.

In addition to the American members, they have representation from Persia, Afghanistan, the Bokhara district of Turkestan, India, Arabia, Egypt, and other countries in the same region.

The officers of Ha'Or are: Joseph A. Kashioff, president; Norman Jemal, vice-president; Morris Zekaria, treasurer; Ellis Meyer, secretary; Abraham Emanuelson, field manager; Morris Obada, assistant secretary.

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AMERICAN HEALTH METHODS TO BE APPLIED TO POLISH JEWISH INSTITUTIONS

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first attention.

"We hope that among those nurses to be graduated in the near future, there will be many who will return to their native cities and do there what their colleagues are doing for the institutions in Warsaw. And with the wide recognition of the school by government authorities, the graduates are more likely to gain the confidence and support of the officials in their home cities as well and should have no difficulty in getting subsidies for the introduction of their public health services.

"Since it is the highest type and kind of public health information which we want to sponsor throughout Poland, we hope that these two girls now on their way to America are just pioneers of larger groups to follow in their footsteps from year to year and so, in an ever-widening circle, spread their knowledge to every Jewish community, large and small.

"At present," continued Miss Greenwald, "the Joint Distribution Committee contributes only twenty-five per cent of the budget of the Nurse's Training School. Fifty per cent is granted by the City of Warsaw, and the balance is contributed by the local Jewish community. We need more funds for expansion, for improvement, and especially for these post-graduate courses in this country. What the school really needs is an endowment fund of about a half million dollars which would permit of further development and, in time, the completion of our original plan to raise the public health work in Poland among Jews to the level of our own standards in America. The funds of American Jewry administered by the Joint Distribution Committee," Miss Greenwald concluded, "have helped to build the school we now have. I hope that for the good of Polish Jewry, American Jews will continue to help us so that we may bring our present work to a successful conclusion."

THE NEW PALESTINE

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