REMNANTS OF DENIKIN POGROM BANDS TERRORIZE THE MOUNTAIN JEWS
Violence Assumes Character of Massacres, 'Pravda' Article States
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 27.—Former leaders of Denikin’s pogrom bands, now holding posts in the local Soviets in Dagh- hestation, are terrorizing the mountain Jews, writes J. Larin, Jewish leader, active in the work of the Ozet, in an article appearing in the “Pravda”, the government organ.

The mountain Jews are in a terrible economic and political position, Larin writes. The authorities practice violence against them, assuming the character of massacres. The central government’s decisions to improve the position of the mountain Jews are blocked by the authorities who prevent the organization of Jewish Soviets where the Jews are settled in compact masses.

The heads of the Daghestation Republic do not punish those who are guilty and reject all Jewish complaints. Larin cites the instance of the Jewish peasants’ delegate, Antiloff who was sent to Moscow to voice the complaints of the Jews. Upon his return to Daghestation he was arrested, but finally acquitted.

Despite the 1926 pogrom in the capital, Machatchkala, and other towns following the spread of the ritual murder Ebel, the authorities did not change their hostile attitude to the Jews.

An investigation, leading to the punishment of the guilty, is demanded by Larin.

VIENNA HAKOAH DISBANDS AS PROFESSIONAL TEAM
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, June 27.—The Jewish soccer team, Hakoah, which lost the championship it formerly held, has dissolved as a professional team, renouncing its membership in the Austrian Football League.

The club will continue as an amateur organization. Several proposals for re-engaging the former Hakoah stars who joined American teams, as well as a proposal that the Hakoah stars join other local Austrian teams, failed as none of the local teams was in a position to compete with American offers.

JUDGES COMMITTEE TO ISSUE REPORT TODAY ON ZIONIST ADMINISTRATION CHARGES
Peace Efforts Fail; Fight Will be Carried to Pittsburgh; Further Accommodation Loans Cited

The judges committee composed of Judge Edward Lazansky, Judge Mitchell May, Judge Grover Moscowitz, Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, appointed by Dr. Chaim Weitzmann to probe the opposition charges against the Zionist administration, will make public today their findings.

The committee went into session yesterday afternoon in Judge Lazansky’s Chambers, Borough Hall, Brooklyn, to draft their report.

The final public session of the judges’ committee was held Tuesday evening at the Unity Club, Brooklyn, following a dramatic move made by the Administrative Committee of the Zionist Organization of America, which asked that the judges complete the hearing and render their report as speedily as possible. None of the parties interested in the controversy made any public statement concerning the negotiations which preceded, but according to reports current the situation was as follows:

The Committee of Nine, which was appointed by the judges to seek an amicable solution, after having been apprised of Mr. Lipsky’s statement to the Administrative Committee of the Zionist Organization that he will not be a candidate for any office within the organization, agreed to a commission of nine to govern the affairs of the Zionist Organization in the United States. The administration’s three representatives on the Committee of Nine had agreed to the slate. It was stated that in case of an agreement, the judges will not find it necessary to render their report.

On Monday afternoon, however, when the judges committee was to hold its final session, the Committee of Nine demanded that the slate as agreed upon should be ratified by the Administrative Committee as a body and that the Administrative Committee undertake to advocate the election of the new commission at the Pittsburgh convention.

At a special session called Tuesday afternoon, the Administrative Committee of the Zionist Organization rejected the proposal advocated by the Committee of Nine, including its own representatives, and delegated a new committee, including Jacob Fishman, Maurice Samuel, Dr. A. J. Rongy and Abraham Goldberg to

HUNGARIAN SENATE DEBATES NEW NUMERUS CLAUSE LAW FOR LANDOWNERS
Says Measure is Aimed Only at Influx of Eastern Jews
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, June 27.—The government bill contemplating limitations to be imposed on “undesirable elements” who would purchase land came up in the Senate several days ago. The measure has distinct anti-Jewish characteristics.

Minister of Agriculture Mayer, in defending the bill, stated that paragraph 7, which is described as an anti-Jewish measure, is aimed only against the influx of Eastern Jews, particularly from Galicia, but will not affect assimilated Hungarian Jews.

Count Hadik, opposing the measure, stated that the government would do better to introduce a stronger control of aliens than a control on the purchase of land. This remark called forth the statement of the Prime Minister, Count Bethlen, that the government is doing everything within its power to curtail the number of aliens permitted to stay in the country. During the recent alien raids in Upper Hungary, about 2,000 Galicians who had no right to stay in the country were apprehended, he stated.

TO LEGALIZE FLOGGING IN PALESTINE JAILS
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 27. — An ordinance introducing flogging as a legal penalty will be promulgated shortly, it was stated here. The penalty is to be applied particularly for depravity.

Sara Braude was sentenced to two months imprisonment to be followed by deportation. The charge brought against her was membership in the Communist party.

Three Communists, held in prison for participating in an illegal assembly, refused to return to their cells after exercise in the prison yard. They threw stones at the wardens but were finally overpowered and punished with lashes. They have been recommended for deportation, which will be carried out in due course, it was declared.

London, June 27. — The question of flogging prisoners in Palestine prisons was raised in the House of Commons by Lieutenant-Commander Kenworthy.

(Continued on page 4)
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SETTLEMENT IN UKRAINE CONTINUES UNABATED
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 27—A report on the transmigration taking place in the Ukraine was presented to the Central Executive Committee of the National Minorities Council in the Ukraine.

In the districts of Cherson, Mariupol, Odessa, Melitopol, Zaporozhie, 150,000 hectares have been allotted, mainly to Jewish colonists.

The Ukrainian governmental department for settling Jews on the land has decided on stringent measures to supply the colonists with flour, fodder, and seeds and to increase the number of tractor associations. The settlers will be provided with an average of two cows.

All representatives of the Comitet have been ordered to carry on undiminished the construction schedules.

200 FAMILIES ROOFLESS IN LATVIAN TOWNS
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, June 27—Two hundred Jewish families are without roofs over their heads as a result of the damages caused by rains in several villages.

The towns of Bausk, Reshitke and Mitin, where the majority of the inhabitants are Jews, suffered most severely.

Mayor Frank Edwards of Seattle, Wash., appointed Simon Burnett, prominent jeweler in the city, to a board for a term of three years. Dave Hinsbeck was chosen a member of the Board of Moving Picture Censors. Both are active in Jewish communal life in the city and state.

COMMISSIONERS ADD IMPORTANT AMENDMENT TO JEWISH AGENCY REPORT

Stipulate Settlers Delinquent in Payments will be aided by Jewish National Fund
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 27—An important amendment to the recommendations of the Jewish Agency Commission concerning the repayment by the settlers of the investment made by the Jewish Agency in their land and its improvement was made by the Commissioners.

To paragraph 12 of the recommendations concerning agriculture, expressing the desirability of enabling the settlers to become the actual owners of the land allotted to them from the Jewish Agency’s land reserve, the following provision was added:

"It is recognized that there are instances where the settler may be unable to repay the entire cost of the land because of inadequate returns.

"In such cases, it may become necessary to continue the existing or a modified leasehold system through the Keren Kayemeth (Jewish National Fund)."

RABBI MAGNIN HEADS WEST COAST I. O. B. B.
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Spokane, Wash., June 27—The sixty-fifth annual convention of Grand Lodge No. 4, Independent Order B’nai B’rith, closed last night with the election of Rabbi Edgar E. Magnin of Los Angeles, as president.

The other officers elected were: George M. Lipman, San Francisco, and Rabbi Samuel Koch, Seattle, vice-presidents; Joseph L. Goldsmith, San Francisco, treasurer; Richard E. Gutstadt, San Francisco, executive secretary.

The women’s lodge elected Birdie Stodel, Los Angeles, president.

The next session will be held in Oakland, California, it was decided.

PENSION FUND FOR MEMBERS OF RABBINICAL ASSEMBLY PROPOSED AT CONVENTION

Maimonides’s Formula for Jewish Law Interpretation Valid for Present Day Conditions
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Long Branch, N. J., June 27.—The establishment of a half million dollar fund to provide a task force of rabbinists was presented to the Wednesday morning session of the Rabbinical Assembly of the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, which is holding its convention at the Hotel Scarboro here.

A report of the committee on the pension fund was presented by Rabbi Bosniak of Brooklyn, recommending that ways and means be found for establishing the pension fund. The cost of maintaining the fund would be about $50,000 annually in premiums, it is estimated, and a sum of $500,000 would be necessary to establish the fund. Action by the convention is to come up during the session.

Cooperation between the Rabbinical Assembly and the United Synagogue of America was urged by S. Herbert Golden, president of the United Synagogue, who brought the greetings of his organization to the convention. Expressing thanks for the support rendered in the past, Mr. Golden urged further cooperation.

Rabbi Louis Finkelstein of the Jewish Theological Seminary, in his paper, "Can Maimonides Guide Us Today," declared: "The constitution of the United States has added to it in the course of the last century and a half not more than a score of amendments. We have no added Song of Songs or additions at all, merely working to express and make more explicit what has been implicitly in the instrument itself, but there can be no doubt that the Supreme Court, through its daily interpretation of the Constitution, has given the document a vastly different and more workable significance than it had when it was first published. In a way, the task that lies before us this generation is similar to that of the American judges. We have before us words and traditions of many ages and it is our task in interpreting the law not to be blind to the circumstances about which we are to render decisions, no more than we can ignore the historical, traditional and well-established legal principles on which any decision must be based.

"I believe that the Maimonidian formula of 'an immutable Torah with adaptable parts' is exactly that by which we can hope to retain loyalty to the Jewish traditional custom in this land."

A round table discussion was held under the charmanship of Dr. Israel (Continued on page 4)
HADASSAH OPENS ANNUAL CONVENTION IN PITTSBURGH; MISS SZOLD URGES PEACE

Mrs. Lindheim, in Message, insists Upon Reforms in Zionist Administration
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Pittsburgh, Pa., June 27.—With 280 delegates already arrived and more of the 500 expected streaming in, the first session of the convention of the Hadassah, women's Zionist organization, was opened here this morning at the Hotel William Penn.

Peace and unity were urged in a message to the convention from Miss Henrietta Szold, honorary president of Hadassah and chairman of the Jerusalem Zionist Executive.

Mrs. Irma Lindheim, president of the Hadassah, who is now abroad, in her message to the convention declared that for the good of Palestine, the women's organization must insist on its program of reforms in the Zionist administration. Mrs. Lindheim urged that Miss Szold's policies should be the guiding light during the deliberations.

Miss Alice Seligman of New York was chosen chairman of the convention. Miss Ruth Cohen, will act as convention secretary.

A message from Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Straus was read at the opening session. Rabbi Herman Halpern of Pittsburgh delivered the invocation. Memorial services for the late Norvina R. Lindheim were held.

The delegates were urged by the chairman to keep the facts and issues clear and to seek peace as far as possible.

Simultaneously with the opening of the Hadassah convention, the Junior Hadassah, under the chairmanship of Miss Florence Snyder of Pittsburgh, began its sessions with 300 delegates in attendance.

The surplus of $20,000 marked the budget of the Junior Hadassah last year, this was loaned to the senior organization for educational work in Palestine.

A Jewish chapter of the Modern Woodmen of America has been organized in Duluth, Minn., with a membership of 100 Jews.

In recognition of thirty years in the pulpit of Temple Beth El, Detroit, the Board of Directors has voted to grant Dr. Leo M. Frankfurter a Sabbatical year to begin at such date as he may choose following the coming High Holy Days.

During the period of his ministry Dr. Frankfurter has seen the congregation grow from less than one hundred and fifty members to its present size of about 1,260, many of whom have moved from the city to the suburbs. The congregation has also been active in many community enterprises.

JEWISH BIG BROTHERS ASK SOCIAL WELFARE TRAINING FOR TEACHERS

Believe Juvenile Criminality Due to Inadequacy of Welfare Organizations

In the belief that increased juvenile criminality is due in some measure to the "inadequacies of social welfare organizations" and that "many such criminals could have been detected and directed at an early age," the directors of the Jewish Big Brothers, a constituent group of the Jewish Board of Guardians, recommended to the Board of Superintendents of the Board of Education that social case work be introduced into the curriculum of the city's various training schools for teachers.

Benjamin B. Greenberg, chairman, and Michael Smith, executive secretary of the Jewish Big Brothers, appeared yesterday afternoon before Dr. Gustave Straubenhauer, associate superintendent of schools in charge of training schools, and presented a resolution passed by the Big Brother organization.

LEADERS OF LIBERAL JUDAISM ATTEND CHICAGO CONFERENCE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, June 27.—The Central Conference of American Rabbis opened its thirty-ninth annual convention at the Hotel Shoreland here today.

The outstanding leaders of the Liberal pulpit have arrived here for the session which will last three days.

Dr. H. G. Enelow of New York, president of the Conference, delivered his annual message at the opening session.

The Educational Alliance yesterday made public a report of its work for the last calendar year, submitted by the board of trustees of the Alliance, of which Benjamin W. Gold and Dr. Henry Felschman is director.

The educational department of the institution conducted seventeen classes in domestic art and homemaking, giving instruction to 1,575 juniors and seniors. There were ten classes in English for adults, with a total enrollment of 760.

The religious department reported that the People's Synagogue had a membership of 2,160 and that there were 200 recipients of the special services for the Holy Days.

The institution conducted forty-six classes in the School of Religious Work, the number taught being 2,498.

The report of August Goldsmith, the treasurer, shows that the Alliance spent $16,697 during the year and that toward this amount the Federations of Jewish Philanthropic Societies contributed $16,179.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise was the principal speaker at the benevolent service of the State Training School for Girls at Hudson.

PALESTINE PRESS DIVIDED ON REPORT OF JEWISH AGENCY COMMISSION

Laborites Dissatisfied with Private Ownership Recommendations

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 27—Comments in the Palestine Hebrew press on the report of the Jewish Agency Commission are divided along party lines.

The "Davar," Labor organ, bitterly attacks the Commission's report, declaring that it proposes no plans of a "financial system of their own, no plan for investment enterprises, no big colonization project."

Special attention is given to the citrus plantations, to artificial fertilization, to hotels, matters which Sir Alfred Mond likes particularly, the "Davar" observes. The newspaper then criticizes the Commission's opposition to the communal farms, known as Kvutzoth, of the labor class, condemns the principle of obligatory individual ownership of the land recommended in the report.

This recommendation is an infringement on the work of the Jewish National Fund, the paper says, asserting that "Dr. Weizmann has committed a Zionist crime in endorsing the report which attacks the national-social basis of the Zionist movement."

The "Doar Ha'Yom" and the "Ha'Aretz" welcome the report. These newspapers stress the importance of the fact that the Jewish Agency Commission has expressed its appreciation of Zionist achievements and idealism.

The papers declare that they are not surprised at the Commissioners' "bourgeois" attitude but commend their non-partisanship.

The "Ha'Aretz" declares editorially that it appreciates the Commission's conclusion that there exists a possibility of establishing 83,000 farms in Palestine. "This makes us optimistic of the country's capacity. However, our pleasure would have been greater if the report was accompanied by a concrete financial beginning."

The "Doar Ha'Yom" states that it will be sufficient if the Jewish Agency will care for Palestine's material needs; the spiritual and political needs will be met by the Zionist Organization and the Yishuv.

LITHUANIAN JEWS WELCOME UNION IN U. S.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kowno, June 27.—The plan to organize a Union of Lithuanian Jews in America was greeted by Jewish leaders here.

An editorial welcoming the new organization appeared in the "Yiddische Stimme."

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JUDGES COMMITTEE TO ISSUE REPORT TODAY ON ZIONIST ADMINISTRATION CHARGES

(Continued from Page 1)

present its decision to the judges committee.

Morris Rothenberg, who acted as counsel at the previous hearings and who was a member of the Committee of Nine, declined to continue in this capacity at the final hearing.

The administration was represented by Maurice Samuel, Jacob Fishman, David Freiberger, Meyer W. Weisgal, I. D. Morrison. The opposition was represented by its counsel, Abraham Tulin, Robert Szold, S. J. Rosensohn, Jacob de Haas and a special accountant.

At the hearing Edward Jacobs, appointed by the judges committee to make an audit of the books of the Zionist Organization of America, with regard to special items of the transfer department and loans, presented his report. It disclosed the existence of books of additional notes and loans endorsed by the Zionist Organization of America for Prof. Boris Shatz of the Bezalel Art School of Jerusalem in the amount of $985, and two loans, one for $3,000 and another for $1,000, executed during the treasurership of the late Herman Conheim, and countersigned by Louis Lipsky, to Maurice Samuel, who was at that time employed by the Zionist Organization of America and served as a member of the Administrative Committee.

The auditor also presented details with regard to the use of the "non-organization items," such as sums paid in to the Zionist Organization for transfer to private individuals in Palestine and elsewhere and sums earmarked for the Hebrew University. These funds, the auditor declared, were deposited in the general fund and were used. The loans to Mr. Samuel and to Prof. Shatz were repaid in full. Regular audits had been made of the Zionist Organization books by certified accountants, Mr. Jacobs testified.

Replying to questions of the administration representatives, the auditor testified that items of earmarked funds were, on certain occasions, transferred from the special accounts to other accounts during the administration prior to 1921.

Judge Lazansky at the beginning of the session read portions of a letter addressed by I. D. Morrison to an unnamed person. In this letter, given to the committee by Mr. Morrison, the writer complains that a proposal was made to the Administrative Committee by the auditor to present the income of last year's Life Membership as regular income in order to show that the deficit was decreased. Mr. Morrison, who declared that at the forthcoming convention he will retire from membership in the Administrative Committee, wrote in his letter:

"I have perfect confidence in Mr. Lipsky, but he has no qualifications for leadership in such a cumbersome machine and he is not able to enforce discipline among his own officers because he is too good-natured."

During the hearing, the representatives of the administration frequently rose to make general explanations of the nature and character of the Zionist movement, its aims, origins and purposes. The former was elaboration of the Jewish Agency and the attitude of various groups within the movement was one of the arguments.

At the conclusion, both the representatives of the opposition and the administration expressed their thanks to the judges committee for their painstaking efforts in fulfilling a public spirited duty. Each of the groups contended that the interest of the Zionist movement must be borne in mind in the drafting of the judges' findings. Mr. Tulin argued that the opposition has undertaken the painful duty because it believes that exposing wrongs will serve the best interest of revitalizing the organization, while Mr. Rothenberg contended that with the exception of a few instances which cannot be condemned, nothing has been shown to warrant a general condemnation of the organization and its leadership during the past seven years.

TO LEGALIZE FLOGGING IN PALESTINE JAILS

(Continued from page 1)

Replying to the question, Colonial Secretary Amery stated that there are nine Jewish Communists in the Jerusalem prison who are causing considerable trouble to the prison authorities. Flogging is the legal punishment for violence in prison and the High Commissioner has been satisfied that flogging was the proper punishment in this case, the Colonial Secretary stated.

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PENSION FUND FOR MEMBERS OF RABBINICAL ASSEMBLY PROPOSED AT CONVENTION

(Continued from page 2)

Davidson and the following papers presented: The Jewish Community in Waw saw by Rabbi David Aronson; The Jews of Vienna by Rabbi Jesse Binenfeld; the Jews of Germany and the War by Rabbi Kurt Wilhelm, Chief Rabbi of Brunswick, Germany.

Rabbi Louis M. Levitsky was toastmaster at the banquet held last night at which the speakers were Rabbi Charles I. Hoffman of Newark, Rabbi Moses Hyamson of New York City, Rabbi Elia Margolis, Rabbi Moses J. Abels of Brooklyn. Rabbi Abels, who spoke on the position of the Rabbinic in various communities, said that in some communities the congregations have high salaried cantors and low salaried rabbis. He has been trying to bring about a reversal of this situation and has met with some measure of success.

An Executive Session was held on the admission of new members, after which the following members were admitted: Rabbi Max Franklin Farber of Pottstown, Pa., Rabbi Milton Steinberg of Minneapolis, Rabbi Harry Jolt, Rabbi James N. Cohen, Rabbi Hans Fischer, Rabbi Harry M. Katzin, Rabbi Meyer J. Bereman and Rabbi L. H. Lesser of Chicago.

In a paper "Judaism as a Civilization," Rabbi Mordecai M. Kaplan declared that Judaism does not depend on external conditions, such as persecutions, nor does it depend on the nationalist movement, but is an internal force, a civilization or a philosophy of life. He expressed disapproval of the action of some elements in Palestine who, he said, have stripped Judaism of all religious significance and left only the rationalistic and cultural part.

Dr. Chaim Tchernowitz presented his plan for the publication of a Talmudic Library in 12 volumes in English and Hebrew. Action on the plan will be taken during the sessions, it is expected.

The third Seminar on Relations with Mexico, organized by the Federal Council of Churches of Christ, which will open in Mexico City July 5 will be attended by Rabbi Leon Fram of Temple Beth El, Detroit. Rabbi Fram will be the only Jewish member. Rabbi Fram intends to make a study of the effect of the Church and State situation in Mexico upon moral and religious education.

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