

MYSTERY MURDER OF TWO ARABS Baffles JERUSALEM AUTHORITIES

Jewish Young Man Arrested on Suspicion, Later Released; Love Thought Cause

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 12.—Pinchas Heifetz, who was arrested yesterday by the Jerusalem police on the suspicion that he was connected with the shooting last Friday of two young Arabs, was released today. The case is still shrouded in mystery.

Ali Muhamed Abdullah and Muhamed Hussein Rizik, two young Arabs, were shot on King George Avenue last Friday at midnight by unknown assailants. Ali Muhamed Abdullah died as a result of the wounds and the other is in a serious condition.

There are several versions current in police circles as to the reason for the shooting. According to one theory, the two Arabs followed a Jewish girl and a Jewish young man, in an attempt to protect the girl, fired at the Arabs. Another version has it that the Jewish young man, who has not been identified, quarrelled with Ali Muhamed Abdullah over the girl, whom they both loved. Further arrests are expected.

The records of the Jerusalem police lately show a considerable increase of criminal acts of assault. The Jewish population of the city has made vigorous representations to the authorities to take extraordinary measures for protecting women against the attacks of Arabs.

FIRE CAUSES DAMAGE TO JEWISH FARMERS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 12.—Vineyards and tobacco plantations of Jewish farmers near Dzigowka, district of Mohilev, suffered great damage in a fire which swept the fields last night.

The Ukrainian Ozet allotted 1,000 roubles for the rebuilding of houses in the region affected. An appeal was sent out to other Ozet branches to give aid.

3 STREETS NAMED FOR JEWISH PHILANTHROPISTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Belgrade, June 12.—Three streets in Zagreb, the capital of Croatia, have been renamed by a decision of the Zagreb City Council after three Jewish philanthropists who died recently, S. Epstein, L. Schwarz, and L. Hartmann.

AGENCY COMMISSIONERS STUDY REPORTS OF THE NON- PARTISAN SURVEY EXPERTS

Not to Meet Again Until Friday to Permit Thorough Study; Bound Not to Make Public Statement

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 12.—The members of the Non-Partisan Palestine Survey Commission, who returned to London following the opening of their deliberations at the country home of Lord Mond, have agreed to say nothing for publication, as any statement would be premature, declared Dr. Chaim Weizmann upon his arrival to the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The next meeting of the Commission will be held on Friday, in order to permit a thorough and systematic study of the experts' reports by the members of the Commission.

A dinner in honor of the Commission members will be given on Thursday by Lord Mond. Prominent British statesmen and business men will be present at the dinner.

QUESTION OF FLOGGING PRACTICE IN PALESTINE JAILS RAISED IN COMMONS

Colonel Amery Promises Inquiry in Reply to Query of Commander Kenworthy

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 12.—No information has been received by the British Colonial Office with regard to the protest of the Palestine Federation of Labor against the flogging of prisoners in Palestine jails.

Col. Leopold Amery, the Colonial Secretary, replying to the question raised by Commander Kenworthy, stated that the office will make an inquiry into the question raised following the hunger strike declared by the ten Communist prisoners in the Jerusalem jail against the treatment accorded them.

AGUDATH ISRAEL TO HOLD WORLD CONGRESS IN 1929

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, June 12.—The Knesset Gedulla (world congress) of the Orthodox Agudath Israel will be held here in May, 1929, according to an announcement made.

Preliminary conferences of the party members will be held in various countries in September.

FORECASTS GLOOMY WINTER SEASON FOR THE JEWS THROUGHOUT RUSSIA

Former Minister of Jewish Affairs in Ukraine Raises Alarm So That Precautions May be Taken

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, June 12.—Gloomy prospects for Russian Jews during the coming winter were seen by Latzky-Bertoldi, communal worker and former Minister for Jewish Affairs in the Ukraine.

Mr. Bertoldi stated today that according to reports from reliable sources which came into his possession, hunger and sickness threaten Russian Jewry for the coming winter, exceeding the sufferings of 1922. It is necessary to raise an alarm in time, he stated, so that measures may be taken "to avert the threatening danger."

ALLOTS 12,000 DESIATIN MORE FOR CRIMEA SETTLEMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 12.—Another stretch of land for settlement by Jewish colonists was allotted by the praesidium of the Central Executive Committee of the government.

The praesidium transferred 12,000 desiatin in Crimea to the Comzet, the government department for settling Jews on the land.

Permission was granted by the Soviet government to the chaltuzim of the Tel Chai colony, Crimea, to leave Russia. They will proceed to Palestine.

DEAD SEA QUESTION AGAIN BEFORE COMMONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 12.—Sir Frederick Hall asked in Commons yesterday whether the Novomejsky group is sufficiently financed for the development of the Dead Sea products as a commercial industry or only as an experiment.

Secretary Amery replied that the most favorable tender had been accepted, subject to conditions still under discussion. If the conditions are unfulfilled the matter will lapse, he declared.

Replying to a question raised by Col. Bury, whether the Dead Sea concessionaires will be entitled to employ workers of any nationality, the Secretary said it was impossible to publish the provisions of the agreement before the concession was granted, but that the problem would not be overlooked.

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520 JEWS IN MISSION SCHOOLS; 23 IN GOVERNMENT SCHOOLS

The Palestine Department of Education has issued its annual report for 1926-1927, presenting a survey and giving statistical data regarding the position of education in Palestine. According to the report, the personnel of the Department comprises 741 members, including eight Britishers, 511 Moslems, 211 Christians, five Jews, one Druze and five Bahais. The total number of Government schools is 315; and there are 20,079 pupils. The pupils are divided as follows: 17,594 Moslems, 23 Jews, 2,153 Christians, 289 Druzes and 20 Bahais. In 1920 there were in Palestine 171 Government schools with 10,662 pupils.

The number of non-Government schools is 520, and the number of pupils is 46,841, divided as follows: Moslems, 6,343, Jews 27,017, Christians 13,414, Druzes 24, Bahais 35.

In the Christian Missionary Schools there are 9,969 pupils in all. Out of these 57 pupils attend American schools, 1,871 British, 4,701 French, 1,415 German, 1,254 Italian, and 107 Swedish schools. There are 1,637 Moslems and 520 Jews among the pupils of the Missionary schools. Nine Moslems and eight Christians attend Zionist schools.

Isidore Fellerman, of Indianapolis, was elected President of District Grand Lodge No. 2 at the 76th annual convention of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith held at Columbus, O.

IMMIGRATION COMMISSIONER EXPLAINS NEW PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION OF RELATIVES

Petitions Should be Submitted for Visas under Preferential Quota

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, June 12.—An explanation of the steps to be taken whereby relief may be obtained by separated families under the joint resolutions passed by the last Congress was given out by Immigration Commissioner Harry E. Hull.

"For the purpose of securing non-quota or preferential classification in behalf of their wives, husbands, unmarried children under the age of 21 years, fathers or mothers, citizens of the United States, should submit petitions for the issuance of immigration visas to this bureau for consideration," the Commissioner's statement declared.

"A new petition need not be filed in behalf of children who were over the age of 18 and under the age of 21 years when and if a previous petition was approved in their behalf, nor is it necessary that a new petition be submitted for an alien husband in respect of whom a petition for a preferential classification filed by his citizen wife has been approved prior to May 29, 1928. The necessary adjustment will in proper cases be made by United States Consuls abroad, to whom all communications on the subject should be addressed.

"Cases of wives, and unmarried children under 21 years of age of alien residents who were lawfully and permanently admitted to the United States, and of immigrants skilled in agriculture, their wives and dependent children under the age of 12 years, if accompanying or following to join such immigrants skilled in agriculture, will be handled exclusively by American Consuls abroad, to whom all correspondence in respect thereto should be addressed."

The first commencement exercises of the New Jersey Normal School for Jewish Teachers was held at Temple B'nai Jehshurun, Newark, when forty-nine students were graduated. The school was organized two years ago by Rabbi Solomon Foster.

The principal address was delivered by Dr. William Fineshreiber of Temple Keneseth Israel, Philadelphia.

The Naer Tormid Society of the New York Fire Department will hold their annual open meeting at the Riverside Synagogue, 510 West 103rd Street, on June 14.

Rabbi Henry Cohen of Galveston delivered the baccalaureate sermon at the Texas Memorial Stadium Sunday night before the six hundred students who were graduated from the University of Texas.

FRENCH GOVERNMENT HAS LIBERAL ATTITUDE TOWARD JEWISH IMMIGRANTS

1,000 Cases Brought to Attention of Government; Only 9 Rejected

The French Government has adopted a liberal attitude toward Jewish immigrants states the report of the Comite Central D'Assistance Aux Emigrants Juifs in Paris, covering a period of eight months.

The Committee has been very successful in its relations with the French government and the representatives of other governments in Paris. One thousand cases had to be brought to the attention of government officials and consulates. Of all the applications made to the government, only nine were rejected. In 260 cases, the Ministry of Labor issued labor permits. It is expected that similar results will be obtained in the other cases as well; 39 cases of expulsion were postponed pending further inquiries.

Fifty-four laborers, two of them with their families, were settled on the land and it is expected that this number will be considerably increased as time goes on. Owing to concessions granted by shipping companies at the instance of the Committee, the immigrants were enabled to save about 50,000 francs in transportation expenses. The Committee also carries on activities in Strassbourg, Lille and Havre through which Jewish immigrants have to pass.

The Zoning Board of Review of Providence, R. I., following a public hearing at which opposition to the erection of the Jewish Home for the Aged was voiced by owners of adjoining property, held the application for the right to construct the building for further consideration.

Attorneys for the protesting property owners declared they felt that putting such an institution in a purely residential section would depreciate the value of their property and prevent its future development.

Phillip C. Joslin, who appeared for the petitioners, stated that his clients had searched for a long time for a suitable location for the proposed institution and that he could not see that its erection on the site shown would in any way injure the adjoining property.

A 100-Year Club, composed of business and industrial groups which have been established in New York City for a century or more, is being formed by Isaac Liberman, President of Arnold, Constable & Co. There are concerns which were founded more than 100 years ago Mr. Liberman stated.

Theodore E. Straus has been reappointed a member of the Baltimore School Board by Mayor William F. Broening. His nomination for a six-year term, was sent to the City Council last Monday and confirmed unanimously. The post is considered one of the most important in the municipal government.

If you are pleased with the Bulletin tell your friends to subscribe.

DIRECTOR OF JERUSALEM SCHOOL RESIGNS POST

Dr. W. F. Albright, Director of the American School of Oriental Research in Jerusalem, has resigned from his post to occupy the chair of Semitic languages at John Hopkins University, Baltimore. Dr. Albright, who has been director of the school since 1919, will remain at its head for another year, his resignation not taking effect until next year, an announcement issued by the trustees of the school declares.

As a successor to the present director, the trustees have appointed Dr. Cheston Carlton McCown, Dean of the Pacific School of Religion, Berkeley, California. Dr. McCown has accepted the office for two years, 1929 to 1931, it not having been decided whether he will continue indefinitely. He had been on the program for the annual professorship in the school for 1930-1931.

262 JEWISH IMMIGRANTS ARRIVED IN CANADA IN MAY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, June 11.—Two hundred and sixty-two Jewish immigrants arrived in Canada during the month of May. The 43 boats which arrived at the ports of Halifax and Quebec during last month brought 22,543 immigrants.

The Jewish immigrants are destined by provinces as follows: Quebec 93, Ontario 91, Manitoba 33, Saskatchewan 20, Alberta 13, British Columbia 11 and Nova Scotia 1.

The New England Zionist Region will hold its annual convention on June 16th and 17th at the Hotel Kimball, Springfield.

A meeting of the Executive Committee of the New England Zionist Region will be held.

Prizes of \$100, \$50 and \$25 will be awarded to the first, second and third best short stories or plays respectively appearing in The Jewish Forum in any of the twelve issues beginning with June, 1928, the magazine announced. These prizes will be awarded in addition to the regular payment. The Jewish Forum will share equally with the author, all rights in the stories or plays entered in the contest.

The contest will be limited to such stories as portray the successful struggle with those conditions in this country that militate against traditionally Jewish religious life and aspirations. No story with an intermarriage theme will be eligible for entry in this contest.

The judges of the contest are M. Blaine, dramatist; Rabbi Abraham Burstein, author of "The Chetiv Messenger"; Dr. Albert J. Levine; and Isaac Rosenzweig.

All communications should be addressed to Story Contest Editor, The Jewish Forum, 2309 Broadway, New York City.

Nearly \$100,000 will be expended this year by Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim and Mr. and Mrs. Murray Guggenheim for the band concerts to be given by the Goldman Band on the Mall in Central Park and the Campus of New York University. It was stated by Edwin Franko Goldman, the conductor.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

The Institute of Jewish Studies; Its Character and Objects

(By our London Correspondent)

London, May 30.—In view of the Revisionist campaign which has been started in regard to the policy of development of the Hebrew University, Chief Rabbi Dr. J. H. Hertz, Chairman of the Governing Council of the Institute of Jewish Studies, has issued a statement outlining the character and the objects of the Institute.

"Our starting point," the Chief Rabbi said, "was the conviction that it was in the interests both of Jewish Palestine and the Jewish Diaspora that there should be in Jerusalem a centre of higher Jewish studies, attracting to its service the ablest of modern Jewish scholars, and in return sending out to Jewry at large and to Palestine Jewry in particular, teachers and spiritual leaders trained in the best traditions of modern scholarship, but steeped essentially in a positive Jewish consciousness such as only a training in a Jewish environment could provide.

"We thought that by training such an elite, producers of scholarly work of more than ordinary distinction, we would lay the foundations for the gradual evolution of a great teaching centre in Palestine; and, at the same time, provide the much needed 'Nachwuchs' to the Jewish Seats of Learning in the Diaspora. In that way, we would bring about a revival of Jewish learning and a strengthening of Jewish consciousness throughout Israel. It is for this reason that we started the Institute of Jewish Studies in Jerusalem by establishing research and postgraduate courses for advanced students. We laid down strict conditions both as regards the method of work and the admission of collaborators. It seemed to use to be of the essence of our task that the men whom we secured on our academic staff should be men of outstanding qualifications and that the work done at the Institute should be of the highest order; and to maintain the essential character of the Institute we were emphatic in excluding, at least for the present, both examinations and degrees.

"We were well aware," the Chief Rabbi proceeded, "of the difficulties that beset our task. We knew that the number of young scholars fitted for such advanced work would not be large. We also knew that patience and perseverance would be required to carry through so singular an enterprise from its tentative beginnings to its full realization. We were not insensible to the fact that so austere an academic idealism was liable to misinterpretation, that we might be accused of building up on Mount Scopus a spiritual monastery, far removed from the main current of

BREAK GROUND FOR \$1,000,000 DEBORAH SANATORIUM

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Lake Hopatcong, June 11.—Ground-breaking ceremonies for the new buildings of the Deborah Sanatorium took place on Sunday in the presence of a large gathering.

Construction work on the new buildings, which will be erected at a cost of \$1,000,000, from funds now being raised, will be started immediately upon the approval of the plans by the Advisory Board.

The sanatorium is conducted by the Deborah Jewish Consumptive Relief Society, now at Browns Mills, N. J.

ESTABLISH LINDHEIM CLINIC IN TIBERIAS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 12.—A clinic to be established in memory of the late Norvin R. Lindheim, late member of the Administrative Committee of the Zionist Organization of America, will be opened at Tiberias.

The site for the clinic has been donated by the Pica, Palestine Colonization Association.

Dr. Chaim Yassky was appointed Assistant Medical Director of the Hadassah medical work in Palestine. It is believed here that he will succeed Dr. Blustone, who will retire from the directorship in October.

the new Jewish life in Palestine and that of the Diaspora. But we were convinced of the essential soundness of our aim, and we know that we were thus serving the real requirements of that Jewish life in Palestine and in the Diaspora better than by providing mediocre courses of general training to the greatest possible number.

"I know well," continued Dr. Hertz, "that we have on that account been accused of endeavoring to establish not a university but a rabbinical seminary. The accusation can only be made by those who have not troubled to read our curricula or the reports of our conference. Let me say in passing that I for one am not shocked by the reference to rabbinical seminaries. I should be very glad indeed, if the work at our institute would never fall below the standard set by some of these institutions; and if our Institute could boast of having men like Frankel, Graetz, Bacher, Kaufmann and Schechter on its staff. It is furthermore forgotten what an infinite debt of gratitude the entire Jewish people, and especially the friends of Zion in Palestine and out of it, owe to the imperishable achievements in the realm of the Jewish spirit of these rabbinical seminaries. However, the Institute of Jerusalem is assuredly no theological college. Thus, we have established a chair for modern Jewish sociology and statistics, and ac-

(Continued on page 4)

SENTIMENT STRONG AGAINST WOMEN'S VOTE IN UNITED SYNAGOGUE OF BRITAIN

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

London, June 3.—The proposal to grant equal voting rights to women members of the United Synagogue was rejected by a majority of 44 at the conjoint meeting of the Council of the United Synagogue and the delegates elected by the constituent synagogues held here today.

Sir Robert Waley-Cohen, who presided, appealed to the delegates to listen to the discussion with an open mind. They were there, he said, not as automatons or as postmen to deliver other people's opinion but to consider this important matter with open minds and toleration.

Dr. Epstein said that they had assembled in the true interests of the United Synagogue and Judaism in this country. Some said that this proposal was not in accordance with the Jewish Din, but they were provided with requisite recognized authority such as that of the Chief Rabbi, who stated that the granting of votes to women was not against the Din.

H. H. Gordon said that this was not a trivial question but one of great importance to the future of the Orthodox community in England. The Chief Rabbi, he said, had uttered a negative opinion from which they could not create a positive attitude. He did not believe that by the granting of this franchise they would enlarge the number of women members of the synagogue. The Liberal Synagogue had tried it but had failed. Their halls were deserted and empty. They should not copy reform movements which in their origin were not Jewish. They had no demand from the women of the Orthodox synagogues for such representation and those who wanted to assimilate men and women were degrading Isaac Landau.

Isaac Landau said that if they would concede the proposition to grant this vote they would undermine the fundamentals of the United Synagogue.

Joseph Prag said that it was not the business of the Chief Rabbi to say whether women should have their votes or not; it was for the United Synagogue to decide this vital question. The world had greatly benefited by the reform movements, and from his fifty years of experience of social work he could testify that women, especially Jewish women, had strengthened every movement.

Gustave Tuck said that those who were propagating the granting of this vote were as anxiously concerned as their opponents regarding the future of Judaism in this country and he himself would have nothing to do with the proposal if it were to menace Judaism.

He had spoken that very morning to the Chief Rabbi who had stated that this question had nothing to do with Judaism. This main issue was not whether women should have a say in the election of their Minister or Chazan but what could be done to put a halt to the drifting away from Judaism of their children.

Michael Schiff and Dr. Israel Feldman advocated the adjournment of the meeting to arrange a conference with the opposition to reach some compromise. Sir Robert Waley-Cohen said that the honorary officers were unable to accept a compromise which would endanger their Constitution. He deplored the suggestion of the opponents that this vote would undermine traditional Judaism in this country. On the contrary; the admission of women to the administration of the United Synagogue would strengthen their hands for the upkeep of Judaism. The division showed 167 votes for the resolution and 21 against.

Dr. J. H. Hertz, Chief Rabbi of Great Britain, was elected a member of Phi Beta Kappa, American scholastic fraternity.

The Earl of Balfour, head of the Phi Beta Kappa in Great Britain, was to have presided at the ceremony initiating Dr. Hertz into the fraternity, but was prevented by illness from attending.

Ten acres on shores of beautiful Devils Lake, near Grande Ronde, Oregon have been given to the B'nai B'rith Center of Portland, Ore., as a memorial tribute to Mrs. Jeanette Meier, their mother, by Julius L. Meier, Abe Meier, and Mrs. Sigmund Frank.

The gift will be used for the summer camp and construction of permanent log buildings on the tract to be used when the season's camp opens July 7 has been started.

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J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from page 3)

cepted despite considerable opposition from Palestine, the proposal for the creation of a chair in Yiddish.

"Under the constitution of the Institute," the Chief Rabbi proceeded, "it forms part of the university, but enjoys complete autonomy of administration. What place the Institute will take in the larger scheme of the university depends, clearly, on its actual development and on the degree in which the aims of its founders are realized in the course of that development. Speaking for myself, I see in the Institute the life-cell of a future faculty of humanities embracing the whole range of studies which deal with the mind of man. No university, no civilization, at all, is capable of existence without a basic philosophy. A university is not a technical mechanism for the professional training of specialists, it is a creative organism embodying the highest intellectual and spiritual aspirations of an age, and in return informing and guiding those aspirations. It follows that universities are not and cannot be identical in every age and in every environment. Every university type represents a specific outlook on life and civilization. This applies even to such universities which, like the German and English universities are based on the philosophy of classical humanism. Why should it not apply to our Hebrew University? Why should not the Hebrew University be as characteristic an embodiment of the spirit of Israel?"

Beth El College of Jewish Studies, which was founded three years ago to train teachers for the Jewish Religious Schools of the Detroit Jewish community as well as to offer courses in Jewish history and literature to the people of Detroit, held its first commencement exercises. The graduating class consisted of eighteen young men and women. The commencement address was delivered by Dr. Solomon B. Freehof of Chicago. Rabbi Leon Fram is general director of the school.

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