

Vol. V. Price 4 Cents

Tuesday, June 5, 1928

Est. as 2nd Class Matter at Post
Office, Long Island City, N. Y. No. 1083

BRATIANO PLEDGES PROTECTION OF JEWISH LIFE AND PROPERTY

Roumanian Government Dignitaries
Receive Lea Fischer
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, June 4. — The official declaration of the Roumanian Government, promising to always take full measures for the protection of the life and property of Roumanian Jews was issued today by Prime Minister Bratiano. The declaration simultaneously expresses the appreciation of the Roumanian Government of the action taken by the United Roumanian Jews of America in issuing their statement on the loan Roumania is seeking in America.

The declaration followed a number of conferences held with government dignitaries by Leon Fischer, New York printer, vice-president of the United Roumanian Jews of America, who is here on a visit. Mr. Fischer was also received by Queen Marie, on the recommendation of George Cretziano, Roumanian Minister to Washington.

Following the conferences Mr. Fischer declared that Prime Minister Bratiano had shown him the order, just signed, allotting the amount of \$10,000 for the victims of the anti-

(Continued on page 4)

SIR ALFRED MOND ELEVATED TO PEERAGE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 5.—Sir Alfred Mond, former Cabinet Minister, Chairman of Imperial Chemicals, Limited, and one of the Commissioners of the Non-Partisan Palestine Survey Commission of the Jewish Agency, was made a baron in the honors conferred on the King's sixty-third birthday.

A dinner in honor of Felix M. Warburg, who arrived here in connection with the forthcoming sessions of the Survey Commission, will be given to-night by Lord Alfred, James de Rothschild will be among the prominent guests.

NOTABLES ATTEND FUNERAL OF MIZRACHI LEADER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 4.—The funeral of Samuel Landau, who died here yesterday, was held today. Chief Rabbi A. I. Kook, Dr. David Yellin, Sprinzak and Rabbis Meyer Berlin and Fishman, eulogized the late Mr. Landau.

Samuel Landau, who was a member of the World Mizrahi Committee, was 36 years old.

SAYS ELECTION OF JEW OR CATHOLIC AS PRESIDENT TEST OF RELIGIOUS LIBERTY

Dr. John Haynes Holmes Would Put
America to the Test

The election of a Catholic or a Jew as the next President of the United States was advocated by Dr. John Haynes Holmes to provide a test of American religious liberty. In his sermon at Community Church on Sunday, on "Should a Roman Catholic be Elected President?" Dr. Holmes declared:

"The test of our democracy is not words but deeds. We say that we believe in religious liberty. The election of a Catholic to the Presidency would vindicate this belief. So would the election of a Jew."

COMMUNISTS IN JERUSALEM CLASH WITH THE POLICE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 4.—A large number of workmen were arrested yesterday following demonstrations in Haifa and Tel Aviv.

The demonstrations were staged in protest against the deportation of ten Communists, ordered by the government. A clash with the police occurred, when the demonstrations were dispersed.

Moses Kafailov, a workman, will be deported from the country, according to a decision of the authorities. It was found that he had entered the country illegally.

HINDENBURG RECEIVES THE MARQUIS OF READING

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 4.—Paul von Hindenburg, President of the German Republic, received the Marquis of Reading, former Viceroy of India, yesterday. The audience lasted for several hours.

A cable from Berlin to the "Jewish Morning Journal" quotes the Marquis of Reading in a special interview on the present Zionist controversy in the United States. He was familiar with the American controversy, the Marquis stated.

Although he would not like to take a stand in the controversy, he regrets however the damage which will result. He also commented on the recent criticism by Dr. Stephen S. Wise of Great Britain's attitude in Palestine. This criticism is unjustified. The policy of Dr. Weizmann is the right one, he declared.

\$20,000,000 PALESTINE BANK UNDER JEWISH AGENCY PLAN PROPOSED BY WASSERMAN

Would Take Over Colonization Work
from Zionist Organization
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, June 4.—The establishment of a Palestine Colonization Bank, with a capital of twenty million dollars, will be proposed to the Jewish Agency Commission session in London by Herr Oscar Wassermann, president of the Deutsche Reichsbank and one of the Commissioners of the Jewish Agency, it was learned here.

The bank, which is to be supervised by the Jewish Agency would take over the Palestine colonization work from the Zionist Organization. Great interest is displayed in Zionist circles in Europe in this recommendation. Speculation is going on as to whether the American representatives, Louis Marshall, Felix M. Warburg and Dr. Lee K. Frankel, will support the definite recommendation of Herr Wassermann and whether the London sessions will result in the formulation of plans for raising the twenty million dollar fund. The fate of the Jewish Agency depends on whether or not such concrete measures will be adopted, according to opinion prevalent in European Zionist circles.

SANDOR WITHDRAWS INTER- PELLATION AGAINST HORTHY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, June 4. — Paul Sandor, Liberal deputy, withdrew his interpellation introduced into parliament against the recent address of Admiral Horthy, in which the Regent attacked the integrity of Hungary's merchant class.

The interpellation was withdrawn after Prime Minister Bethlen issued the statement that the Regent had been misunderstood and that the version of his address that was published was not authentic.

TRIAL TO VINDICATE SLATER OPENS IN JULY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Edinburgh, June 4. — The trial of Oscar Slater, who was released from Peterhead prison after serving eighteen years, when the Parliamentary Committee ruled that the evidence against him had been insufficient, will be opened here on July 9.

The new trial was ordered to vindicate Slater of the charge that he had murdered an aged Glasgow woman, for which he served eighteen years.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the
JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Publication Office:
116 Bridge Plaza, South, Long Island City, N.Y.

Address All Mail to
Executive and Editorial Office:

611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Jacob Landau.....President

Samuel Binstock.....Treasurer

John Simons.....Secretary

William Z. Spiegelman.....Editor

Vol. V. Tues., June 5, 1928 No. 1083

Office of the Jewish Daily Bulletin
New York.....611 Broadway
London.....244 High Holborn
Paris.....5, Rue Cardinal Mercier, Paris VIII
Berlin.....Eisenbahnstrasse 6, Berlin-Halensee
Warsaw.....Ullica Aleja Jerozolimskie No. 18
Jerusalem.....Hasolel Bldg.
Cairo.....13, Abou-El-Sebeh

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927,
at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under
the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

JEWISH COMMUNISTS

START ANTI SHECHITA DRIVE

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Moscow, May 20—The Jewish Communists in Minsk have started a determined fight against Shechita. At present in all the slaughtering houses in Minsk the animals are killed according to the Jewish method. The Jewish Communist leaders in Minsk contend that this is a waste of money and that the budget of the slaughtering houses could be cut down very considerably if the Shochetim and the Mashgichim are dismissed. The practice of the Minsk municipal slaughtering houses of killing their animals according to the Jewish method, they say, leads to the maintenance of a number of Rabbis and other Jewish religious functionaries at the cost of the Government.

The anti-Shechita fight has been going on for nearly four months, but so far the Jewish Communists have made no progress. All killing in the slaughtering houses in Minsk is still carried out according to the Jewish method. The leaders of the local Communist section have now applied to the local Control Inspector demanding an investigation into the Shechita question and urging that an order should be issued that in the slaughtering houses in Minsk animals should not be killed only in accordance with Jewish law.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Says Lack of Unity Among Lithuanian Jews Prevents Government's Meeting Demands

(By our London Correspondent.)

London, May 24.—“We have found a great deal of difficulty in dealing properly with the demands of the Jews of Lithuania,” the Lithuanian Premier, Professor Voldemaras, who is now on an official visit to London, said in the course of an exclusive interview with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency correspondent today, “because of the fact that these demands were not presented to us as the unanimous demands of the Jewish population in Lithuania. It has been hard for us sometimes,” he said, “to find out exactly where the truth lies as between the conflicting claims of the Orthodox and non-Orthodox Jewish factions. If they would only get together at some kind of a congress or conference and first come to a definite agreement among themselves that would impress us as the real sentiment of the great mass of Jews, it would be so much easier for us to be fair all round.”

Speaking of the complaints made by Lithuanian Jews against the rigorous application of the Sunday Closing Law, the Premier said that the law is subject to a good deal of elastic interpretation and a great deal depended upon the view taken in each individual case. “I, for instance,” he stated, “looked into a number of cases that came to my attention, and I found it quite possible to place a liberal construction upon the letter of the law without in the slightest degree violating its spirit. Of course, by following the letter of the law too closely hardship may be caused unnecessarily.”

Turning to the Jewish school question in Lithuania, the Premier said that they had handled this in the way they did because there were too many schools carried on the budget that failed to satisfy even the most elementary requirements for which they were intended; for instance, they had found a number of schools carried on the budget that did not have even text books for their pupils. It was only fair to admit, on the other hand, that a few instances had come to his attention in which non-Jews had been appointed headmasters of Jewish schools, which was absurd. In all these cases the defects were remedied as soon as attention was directed to them. As for the university, there were no restrictions whatsoever in regard to the admission of Jews and it was a fact that in the Medical Faculty

(Continued on page 4)

UNITED SYNAGOGUE
IN ENGLAND REFUSES THE
RIGHT TO VOTE TO WOMEN

Opponents Declare Vote in Administration Degrading to Women

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, June 4. — A resolution to grant women the right to vote in the synagogue administration was defeated by a vote of 211 to 167 at a meeting of the members of the United Synagogue Council and representatives of the synagogues affiliated with the United Synagogue held yesterday.

Despite the plea of the chairman, Sir Robert Waley Cohen, that the granting of the vote to women would not undermine traditional Judaism and that, on the contrary, the admission of women to the administration would strengthen Jewish observance, the measure was defeated.

The opponents of the resolution urged that the United Synagogue must not follow Reform tendencies. The women in the Orthodox synagogues do not want the vote, they declared and those who seek to bring women within the administration are guilty of degrading womanhood.

ARGENTINE JEWS VOTE
\$53,000 FOR IMMIGRANT AID

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Buenos Aires, June 4. — An annual budget of 126,000 pesos (about \$53,000) to carry on immigrant aid work was voted by the Jewish immigration Congress which closed its sessions here Friday. The deliberations lasted three days and were participated in by representatives of various Jewish communal institutions in Argentine and in neighboring countries in South America.

A nation-wide organization to provide immigrant relief was set up.

The Congress adopted resolutions of thanks to the Hebrew Immigrant Aid Society of America, the Jewish Colonization Association and the Emigdirekt, United Jewish Emigration Committee of Berlin, for their cooperation in immigrant welfare work. A special resolution of thanks was adopted for the delegation of the Hicem, a combination of the three above-mentioned organizations, who are now visiting South America surveying conditions.

The second annual award of the Hospital for Joint Diseases Orthopedic Scholarship of \$2400, yearly, left by the late Dr. Henry W. Fraumhafer, founder of the Hospital was given to a member of the intern graduating staff, Dr. David Sashin, he having showed aptitude for advanced orthopedic work.

The scholarship affords six months study in the large orthopedic clinics in the United States and six months in Europe. Upon completion of his studies a report is to be sent to the Hospital for Joint Diseases.

If you are pleased with the Bulletin tell your friends to subscribe.

8 RABBIS AND 23 TEACHERS GRADUATED FROM THE JEWISH THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY

Additional \$400,000 Toward Building Fund Subscribed; Dr. Adler Takes Issue With Those Who Demand Party Judaism; Dr. Solomon Solis-Cohen Receives Honorary Degree

Eight rabbis were graduated from the Jewish Theological Seminary of America, twenty-three diplomas for graduates of the teachers' institute of the Seminary and eight certificates from the extension department were awarded at the commencement exercises held Sunday at Pythian Temple, New York. The exercises marked the forty-second anniversary of the Seminary.

The honorary degree of Doctor of Hebrew Literature was conferred upon Dr. Solomon Solis-Cohen of Philadelphia. In conferring the degree, Dr. Cyrus Adler, president of the Seminary who presided over the exercises, declared: "Solomon Solis-Cohen, skilful, humane and kindly practitioner of medicine, teacher of a generation of students, investigator and writer in many departments of medical science, in whom are exemplified the words of Sirach: 'Honor a physician before need of him; Him also hath God apportioned.'"

"Poet in your own right and interpreter in English verse of the first Hebrew poets of Spain and Portugal, one of the founders of this Seminary, friend and counsellor of all its presidents, active supporter of every worthy cause for the spread of Jewish knowledge, we gladly admit you to the degree of Doctor of Hebrew Literature honoris causa."

Further subscriptions of \$400,000 to the Seminary Building Fund, in addition to the \$1,200,000 previously announced, including subscriptions from Mortimer L. Schiff, Felix M. Warburg, other members of the Schiff family, Israel Unterberg, William Prager and the bequest of Louis S. Brush, were announced by Dr. Adler in his address. The donors of this sum do not wish to disclose their names at present. The building fund will be used for the erection of three buildings, a library, a dormitory and a building for the Teachers Institute, on a site opposite the present quarters of the Seminary, on Broadway between 122nd and 123rd Streets.

"All these have been voluntary gifts," Dr. Adler stated, "and I am emboldened to hope that the few hundred thousand dollars still required for building and equipment will come to us in like generous fashion."

Those who received the degree of rabbi were Jeremiah J. Berman, Jacob Morris Cohen, Henry Fisher, Harry Jolt, Harry M. Katzin, Maurice A. Lazwick, Meyer Rubin and Milton Steinberg.

Dr. Hirsch L. Gordon of Newark

received the degree of Doctor of Hebrew Literature.

Dr. Elias N. Rabinowitz delivered the invocation. An address by Dr. Solis-Cohen followed the conferring of degrees by Dr. Adler. Rabbi Jacob B. Grossman of the Temple Gates of Prayer, Flushing, L. I., delivered the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class on Sunday morning.

Dr. Adler, in his address, declared that the seminary plan for training rabbis and teachers is the only one feasible in the western world. The president of the Jewish Theological Seminary took exception to the arguments of those critics who demand a clearer definition of Conservative Judaism.

"Forty-two years is a brief period in the history of Jewish institutions of learning which go back to the distant past, but it represents nearly one-half of the whole period of the modern Jewish Theological Seminary, a descendant of the ancient academies and the mediaeval Yeshibahs which, facing the new conditions in the world that required general knowledge along with Jewish learning, brought about a situation whereby seminaries were established, detached schools of divinity, as it were, but always flourishing along side of great universities and in close connection with them.

"Those who have watched the development of these Seminaries, and particularly of our own, are well persuaded that we are proceeding upon the only plan feasible in the western world and that it is not unlikely that a similar plan will commend itself to the Jewish people wherever they may hold fast to the desire to provide spiritual guides for the synagogue, and competent teachers for the religious school.

"The body of our students in the Seminary, in the Institute and in the extension courses, now numbering well on to five hundred, constitute our main strength," Dr. Adler continued. "These, some older and some younger, are giving themselves whole-heartedly to a cause which many people consider a losing cause and about which we hear dire prophecies, a cause I would describe by its largest term as the cause of Judaism. One or another uneasy spirit and some critics and non-well-wishers clamor for a definite platform, and they would like us to qualify our Judaism in some such way as the figures are labelled in an ethnological museum.

"Having myself for a long time been engaged in museum work, I realize that nothing can be definitely labelled until it is dead. Even in a good Zoological park the labels are not definite as they are in (printed on parchment)

SENATOR KING URGES ZIONISTS TO HEAL DIFFERENCES AT BRITH SHOLOM CONVENTION Points to Building of West as Example for Palestine

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., June 4.—A mild rebuke to Rabbi Stephen S. Wise for his stand in the present Zionist controversy was administered by United States Senator William H. King at the opening session of the twenty-third annual convention of the Independent Order Brith Shalom here. The Senator deplored the action of Rabbi Wise in resigning from the Zionist Executive committee and pleaded with the Jews of America to "heal their differences."

After expressing the hope that the number of Jews in Palestine will increase rapidly the Senator pointed to the efforts of the United States Government in building up the western part of this country. "Look at our own West," the Senator declared by way of illustration, "forty millions of dollars were wasted and project after project was scrapped before any headway was made. Palestine is yours. Unite in its behalf."

"The Senator also told of a number of invitations to address Zionist meetings which he refused because he did not want to take sides in the controversy."

Four hundred delegates representing lodges in 25 States and 101 cities are attending the convention. In his annual message, Sol C. Kraus of Philadelphia, Grand Master of the Order, urged the members to intensify their interest in Jewish affairs. Judges Joseph L. Kun, Leopold C. Glass and William M. Lewis of Philadelphia addressed the session. The convention will continue until Tuesday evening.

PLANS MORTGAGE BANK FOR PALESTINE AND SYRIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 4.—The establishment of a mortgage bank for Palestine and Syria is a project now being advocated by Emir Michel Lutfallah, prominent Arab leader and anti-Zionist.

In an announcement in the Arab press it is stated that the Emir has undertaken the formation of a company which will issue shares for the purpose mentioned, as well as for the construction of a railway line from Beirut to Acre.

At the dedication of the Wilmington, N.C. Airport a monument was unveiled in honor of Arthur Bluthenthal, first of Wilmington and second of the State of North Carolina to die in action during the World War.

When the World War broke out, prior to the entry of the United States, Arthur Bluthenthal while a student at Princeton, joined the American Ambulance Field Service in May 1915. He was awarded the Croix de Guerre.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from page 2)

of the Lithuanian State University over 70 per cent of the students were Jews. He hoped that this was sufficient proof that the doors of the Lithuanian University are open to the Jewish people. As a matter of fact, he added, it showed that there was an overproduction in a profession already crowded, and it might be to the advantage of the Jews if they sought more openings in other professions, such as engineering.

"There is nothing in our laws," the Premier went on, "to prevent a Jew from reaching any rank in the army and we have had quite a number of Jewish volunteers very frequently. The same applies to the civil service, although it must be pointed out that the emoluments of the service are not so lucrative as to attract the type of Jew who can get on much better in private occupations, and this probably accounts more than anything else for the fact that we do not have many Jews in our civil service, since the law, as I said before, does not place any obstacles in the way of their employment in Government institutions."

With regard to the suggestions made that there may be a definite attempt on the part of lower officials who are antagonistic to the existing Government in Lithuania to cause it difficulties by deliberate persecution of the Jewish population of Lithuania, Professor Voldemaras said that, while it was hard to prove this, the possibility of such an attitude among certain lower officials was by no means excluded, and he was bearing it in mind in his efforts to re-organize the governmental apparatus and would not fail to take drastic measures wherever cases of this kind became evident.

Professor Voldemaras concluded by declaring his firm belief that the Jews would continue to remain useful partners in the upbuilding of the Lithuanian State and that while there were extremists and extreme demands among all peoples, as well as among the Jews, he relied upon the sensible elements to do their full share of cooperation with him and the Government of Lithuania to insure a brighter future for all citizens.

The second annual convention of the Jewish Academy of Arts and Sciences will open on June 9, at the Tru Sisters Building, New York City.

Professor Herman Struck will deliver the principal address. The guests of honor of the Academy will be Messrs Enrico Glicenstein, Leopold Pilschowski and Herman Struck.

The sessions will continue on Sunday morning.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise delivered the baccalaureate sermon at Bryn Mawr College on Sunday night.

DEMAND GREATER CONTROL OF FOREIGN GROUPS IN RUSSIA

(G. T. A. Mail Service)

Moscow, May 18—A resolution which demands a strengthening of the control exercised over the foreign organizations which are working in the Ukraine to assist the Jewish colonization movement was adopted at a meeting of the Central Committee of National Minorities at the All-Ukrainian Central Executive Committee.

The resolution urges that 'he representatives of the Government Commission for Jewish Land Settlement, Comzet, should in future control the activity of these foreign organizations, should demand frequent reports from them and should arrange for closer relations between the agricultural experts of these organizations and the agricultural experts of the local settlements.

In the last three years, it was reported to the meeting, 140 Jewish settlements have been established in the Ukraine with 3,000 houses inhabited by nearly 35,000 people.

COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR

Sir, I have been informed that a Rabbi Jerome Widlaky, of Chelsea, Mass., has made unauthorized use of my name in connection with what he claims to be a translation of the Talmud. May I state through your columns that I have no connection whatsoever with this man or with any venture promoted by him.

The writer is co-author with his father, Mr. Abraham W. Steinbach, and with his brother, Dr. Reuben Steinbach, in an English annotation and punctuation of the first chapter of Baba Mezia, but is in no way associated with Rabbi Widlaky or with any of his projects.

Very truly yours,

Rabbi Alexander Alan Steinbach.
Norfolk, Va., May 23, 1928.

Improvement of health conditions on the east side and the advantage of various methods in combating disease are outlined in the annual report of the Henry Street Settlement issued by Lillian D. Wald.

Among its activities the settlement conducts a Visiting Nurse Service in which 200 graduate nurses are employed.

Edgar Goldberg, founder and editor and publisher of the Texas Jewish Herald for the past twenty-one years, will be honored at a testimonial dinner to be given by the Jewish community of Houston on June 14. The dinner is being sponsored by the local B'nai B'rith lodges.

The dedication of the new synagogue of Congregation Beth Israel of Borough Park, Brooklyn, N.Y., was held on Sunday. Meyer Goldman, State Senator Philip Kleinfeld and former Magistrate Joseph Goldstein were the speakers.

Facilities for all Sports

THE NEW AGASSIZ HOTEL

In the Heart of the White Mountains

BETHLEHEM, NEW HAMPSHIRE

Rooms with Baths
Hot and Cold Running Water
Steam Heated

Renowned Reputation
Because of
Excellent Food and Service

Write for Prospectus

8 RABBIS AND 23 TEACHERS GRADUATED FROM THE JEWISH SEMINARY

(Continued from page 8)

a museum. You get the name of the creature in captivity and the family to which he belongs and sometimes a map indicating his habitat. Geographical Judaism never interested me because I feel as much at home with my brethren in lands abroad, where I occasionally wander, as I do in New York or in Philadelphia. Party Judaism has no interest for me because Judaism is not a political institution and is not to be divided into parties. As a development of a great religion with four thousand or more years of history behind it, subject to growth and in spots even to the decay to which all living organisms are subject, it has occasionally given rise to abnormalities. These in theological parlance are called sects, and we have had our share of them and at times they have been very strong and have left their impress upon the main trunk. But they withered and the great tree still remains. It is under this tree that we, of this institution, take our shelter.

"Among the many debts of gratitude that we owe to Professor George Foot Moore for his splendid work on Judaism, the most notable, I think is the coining of the phrase Normative type of Judaism, or normal Judaism, and the moment you use such a qualification you realize that it is unnecessary." Dr. Adler declared.

BRATIANO PLEDGES PROTECTION OF JEWISH LIFE AND PROPERTY

(Continued from Page 1)

Jewish exiles in Cluj and Oradea-mare. The Prime Minister also assured him that the first payment for the needs of Jewish religious institutions in Roumania, for which the state budget provided \$62,500 this year, will soon be made.

Eleven Jewish students are among the graduates of the University of Washington to receive diplomas at the exercises on June 11.

Assists Nature—Does Not Force It

EX-LAX

The Ideal Laxative

"Chocolated" and "Fig Flavors"

Jewish Dietary Laws Observed