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## CHRISTIAN STUDENTS' LEAGUE IN ROMANIA DEFIES ORDER OF GOVERNMENT TO DISBAND

**Sees Jewish Problem Solved by Loan Agreement and New Policy**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, May 26.—The Union of Christian Students, under the leadership of Alexander Cuza, has issued a statement declaring that as the representative of 28,000 students, it refuses to lay down its arms.

The Rectorate, it contends, had no right to dissolve the Union, which includes the student organizations of all the university towns. The students, it says, are just as good patriots as the representatives of the authorities. The Union, the statement concludes, will stop its activity only when this is demanded by the students who elected it.

The Government decision to dissolve the Union of the Christian Students, the "Diminaiata" here states was made for the following reasons:

The participants in the Congress of Oradeamare included, in addition to a large number of students, the delegates of various student organizations, some of which have been recognized and some of which have not been recognized by the University Senate. Fol-

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## ŁÓDŹ JEWISH WEAVERS TAUGHT TO USE MODERN MACHINES

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Warsaw, May 14. — Steps directed toward transferring the Jewish weavers of Łódź, the textile center of Poland, from hand weaving to power weaving have been decided on at a Conference of Jewish social workers held in Łódź, representatives being present from the Joint Distribution Committee office in Warsaw.

A sum of money has been allocated for the purpose. The decision is of tremendous importance for the hundreds of thousands of Jews in Łódź who are engaged in the textile industry. In recent years, with the increase in the use of power machines in the textile industry in Poland, large numbers of Jewish weavers, who are able to work only the hand looms, have been thrown out of employment. The initiators of the new movement will set up classes to teach the Jewish hand weavers to adapt themselves to working the power machines.

## BUREYA REGION UNFIT FOR COLONIZATION, MILIUKOV SAYS IN N. Y. INTERVIEW

**Attributes Growth of Anti-Semitism in Russia to Soviet Policy**

The Bureya region, now boomed in Russia as a district for extensive Jewish colonization, sponsored by the Comzet the government department, is unfit for such a project, Pavel N. Miliukov, Russian liberal leader, former Minister of Foreign Affairs in the Provisional Government and Soviet foe, declared in an interview with the representative of the Jewish Daily Bulletin.

Professor Miliukov, the outstanding leader of the Russian Constitutional Democratic Party (Ka-Dets), who is now on a lecture tour in this country, is a resident of Paris where he publishes the Russian emigres paper, "Poslednia Novosti".

"The Bureya district is unsuited for settlement on a large scale because of the region's topographic characteristics. During the Czarist regime, when I was a member of the Duma, the Bureya district was considered as a possible region for new settlement. Experts sent to investigate the territory discovered, however, that the area available is a strip of land under the surface of which there is a heavy layer of ice which never melts and which prevents plantations from taking proper root," he stated.

Discussing present condition in Russia, particularly the recent decision of the Soviet government to inaugurate a vigorous campaign against anti-Semitism, (Continued on page 4)

## PHILIPPOPOLIS JEWS, QUAKE VICTIMS, APPEAL FOR AID

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Sofia, May 26.—Scores of Jewish families are still in dire need as a result of the earthquake devastation in Philippopolis, one of the cities affected.

Representatives of the community who came to the capital asked the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here to present their plea to the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee to grant them long term loans at low interest, in order that they may be able to rebuild the houses and synagogues. The aid given up to now is like a drop in the ocean, they stated.

Many families are compelled to roam about the streets for lack of housing facilities, many children are wandering about without shoes and with little clothing. They are suffering from hunger.

## DEAD SEA CONCESSION THE SUBJECT OF A LENGTHY DEBATE IN HOUSE OF LORDS

**Details of Negotiations Cannot be Discussed Now Says Lord Lovat**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 26.—A lengthy debate on the concession to exploit the salts of the Dead Sea took place in the House of Lords on Tuesday.

Lord Islington asked what progress had been made toward settlement, while Lord Thomson complained of the long delay in granting the concession.

Lord Lovat, Under-Secretary of the Dominions, replied that the delay was unavoidable and that negotiations must be conducted step by step. The Colonial Secretary is awaiting reports from the Palestine and Transjordanian governments. Meanwhile, it is inadvisable to report on them. The government considers the financial support behind Novomejski and Tulloch satisfactory, he stated.

Viscount Haldane said that the Colonial Office had been dilatory. Lord Gainsford urged that British interests be safeguarded when the concession is granted, while Lord Dansford demanded that the terms of the concession be submitted to parliament.

Lord Birkenhead replied that the government is ready to submit to par-

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## 100 REPRESENTATIVES OF POALE ZION IN GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, May 26.—The Jewish labor party, Left Poale Zion, has 100 representatives in 33 Polish city governments, it was reported at a convention of Jewish aldermen belonging to that party, which opened here yesterday at City Hall.

Zerubabel, one of the leaders of the party, reviewing the progress of the past ten years recalled that in 1917, when the first communal elections were held in Poland, the party succeeded in electing only one representative to a city council.

## POGROM LEADER SENTENCED TO PRISON BY SOVIET COURT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, May 26.—Stepan Miltchuk, leader in the Proskurov pogrom of 1920, was sentenced today by the Soviet court.

He will have to serve a term of eight years in prison, the court ruled.

# **BUREYA REGION UNFIT FOR COLONIZATION, MILIKOV SAYS IN N. Y. INTERVIEW** (Continued from Page 1)

Professor Milukov, interviewed at the Park Avenue apartment of Mr. Charles Crane, attributed the present spread of anti-Semitism in Russia directly to the Soviet's "policy of nationalism" and charged that Joseph Stalin, Soviet dictator, is an anti-Semite.

The Jew, he says, has nothing for which to thank the Soviet. The only contribution the Soviet Government has made to the Jews is a gift of economic distress and social hatred. "Juridical and political equality were gifts bestowed upon the Jew by the Provisional Government and simply carried over by the Soviet as a heritage."

While economically, the Jews have no problem which can be separated from the general Russian problem, socially their position is aggravated by anti-Semitism, says Milukov.

The anti-Semitism of Soviet Russia differs radically from the anti-Semitism in the days of the Czar, he points out. In those days, anti-Semitism was a slogan, fostered by the Czar, but fought by the intellectual classes. Today anti-Semitism has infected the intellectual classes and is fostered even by Soviet officials themselves. "My personal impression is that Stalin, General Secretary of the Communist Party and virtual Dictator of Russia, is an anti-Semite. The virus of anti-Semitism is seeping through the working classes as well as members of the Communist party."

Hatred of the Jews is further propagated by the Soviet's policy of nationalism. Hatred of everything not Russian is the crux of the Soviet's so-called "international" philosophy. The Jews are the first victims of this philosophy, he said. The Soviet Government's strong armed methods of suppressing anti-Semitism, in his opinion, cannot succeed so long as it negates the fight itself by its philosophy of hatreds and its complete lack of a free press.

Bernard A. Abrams, for more than fifty years an outstanding figure in the needle trade unions of the country, and the trade union and executive of the late Samuel Gompers, was buried Sunday at Rabbi David Foster officiated and interment was at Silver Field Cemetery.

Mr. Abrams was one of the founders of the United Garment Workers, the parent body of the needle trade unions of the country. He was a frequent delegate to conventions of the American Federation of Labor, and the State Federation of Labor and as a member of the executive board of the organization traveled the United States, Canada and Mexico. He also took an active part in the organization of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

A report on the investigation of the Soviet situation in Palestine, including that of the only group of agricultural Jew Society in the world, will be presented at the national convention of Young Judaea, which is to be held at Long Branch, New Jersey on June 21 to 24.

# **CHRISTIAN STUDENTS' LEAGUE IN ROMANIA DEFIES ORDER OF GOVERNMENT TO DISBAND** (Continued from Page 1)

lowing the disturbances which took place at Oradea, the University Senates punished the guilty students in accordance with the findings of the Inquiry Commissions. In university circles it was thought that this punishment would result in the students preserving order and devoting themselves to their studies.

The student organizations of the capital, however, continued to carry on their agitation, only this time under the pretext that they were seeking to obtain the release of their imprisoned colleagues. The University Senate thereupon decided to reconsider the sentences. Several of the students were released, because it was found that they were innocent. But the Senate soon realized that this did not restore order. The Bucharest student organizations continued to hold their inflammatory meetings.

The Rectorate, the "Diminiazta" states, therefore decided to dissolve them. As for the Union of Christian Students, it functioned hitherto without the permission of the University Senate, and it was therefore dissolved by the Ministry of the Interior. If the students attempt to continue their agitation they will be dealt with by the courts martial.

The 22 students who are under arrest are kept in the fortress of Szilag. Their leaders, Sirbulescu and Theodorescu, are to be put on trial for breaking into the residence of the Rector, Dr. Pangrati. The others will be tried for disturbing the peace. The offices of the Union have been sealed up and have been placed under military guard.

The recent statement of the United Romanian Jews of America, favoring the \$60,000,000 loan being sought in the United States by the Romanian Government, was viewed as marking the conclusion of an entente cordial between the Romanian Government and the Jews of Roumania in a news item which appeared in Saturday morning's issue of the "New York Times."

The "Times", reproducing the statement of Bennett E. Siegelstein, president of the United Romanian Jews of America, published in the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" some time ago, reports

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# **DEAD SEA CONCESSION THE SUBJECT OF A LENGTHY DEBATE IN HOUSE OF LORDS** (Continued from page 1)

liament the names of those concerned before signing the binding agreement, but it is unable to submit the terms of the agreement. This has never been the practice. It is impossible to conduct delicate negotiations if particular interests are discussed in parliament, he stated.

A resolution demanding the submission of papers on the concession was defeated by a vote of 38 against 25.

London, May 26. — Replying to Josiah Wedgwood's question raised in the House of Commons, Austen Chamberlain stated that no negotiations were under way and no pledges given to the Italian government regarding the protection of Holy Places in Palestine by the Italian government.

that Dr. Stephen S. Wise, as president of the American Jewish Congress, expressed agreement with the move. The dissolution of the Christian Students League and the retirement of Cuza from the chair of economics at the University of Jassy were pointed to as indications of the new agreement.

The newspaper also quoted George Cretziano, Roumanian Minister to this country, as saying that "the action of the Roumanian Government has solved the Jewish problem to the entire satisfaction of the Jews in this country, I believe."

"The support by the Roumanian Jewish society in this country to the proposed Roumanian loan," the Minister stated, "whose principal purpose is to stabilize the currency, will be very beneficial. It will have value not only to Roumanians as Roumanians but as Jews because of the fact that a large proportion of the country's trade is in Jewish hands."

"The agreement was arrived at after many conversations between leaders of the United Roumanian Jews in America and the Roumanian Legation in Washington."

Providing that the bulk of his estate go eventually to the Lewis Baer Foundation, a charitable organization for establishment of needy children in nursing homes, the will of Lewis Baer was probated in the Orphan Court, Baltimore, Md. The estate was estimated to be valued at \$200,000, according to the bond.

Mr. Baer, who was 72 years old, died last Sunday.