

Vol. V. Price 4 Cents

Wednesday, April 25, 1928

Ent. as 2nd Class Matter at Post  
Office. Long Island City, N. Y. No. 1050

## LITHUANIAN OFFICIALS, TRIED FOR TORTURING JEWS, ARE ACQUITTED

Testimony Reveals Acts of Cruelty;  
One Victim Lost His Mind

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, April 24.—Police officials of Mariampol, charged with torturing Jewish prisoners, were acquitted by the Kovno court. Publication of the proceedings of the trial was prohibited by the censor.

Testimony presented at the trial brought out that one Jewish prisoner was so badly tortured he had to be taken to a hospital. Later he had to be committed to an insane asylum. Another prisoner testified that the officials had declared: "We torture you like you tortured Christ." He was forced to undress and stand outdoors in freezing weather. Others were subjected to electric shocks.

## 'SAVE US FROM STARVATION,' IS NEMIROFF JEWS' CRY IN APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, April 24.—"Save us from starvation," was the appeal of one hundred Jews of Nemiroff, all former small traders, directed to the Government.

The group ask that they be permitted to organize garden collectives and that land be given them in the vicinity of Nemiroff.

"Once we were traders. Now we have no hope of working because there are no shops around Nemiroff. We want to settle on the land, but must wait years," the group declares in the appeal. "There is nothing left for us but to become beggars. We can be saved if given land to cultivate gardens," they declare.

## ARAB KILLED IN FIGHTING LOCUSTS IN JERICHO AREA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, April 24.—An Arab member of the field company organized to combat the locusts in the Jericho area was instantly killed yesterday by one of the flame guns used in combatting the pests.

A Jewish member of the company was seriously injured by one of the guns. He was taken to the hospital, his condition being declared very grave.

Five hundred inhabitants in the Tiberias area have been mobilized by the Government to combat the danger of the locusts. The locusts are flying in the direction of Galilee.

## HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT RECOMMENDS 50% OF QUOTA FOR REUNITING FAMILIES

Immigration Committee Files Favorable Report on Jenkins' Bill

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, April 24.—The House Immigration Committee has filed its report on Congressman Jenkins' bill, granting fifty percent of the immigration quotas to unmarried children under 21, husbands and wives of aliens lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence, and also any portion of the other 50 percent not used by parents of American citizens and agricultural workers who now are entitled to preference within that 50 percent.

The report sets forth a letter from Secretary of State Kellogg giving the department's attitude toward the bill and including estimated figures in connection therewith. The report of the committee states:

"The Committee on Immigration and Naturalization, to which was referred H. R. 12816, after hearings and consideration, reports the same favorably and recommends that the bill do pass.

"The passage of the Johnson quota law in 1924 marked an epoch in immigration legislation. The application and enforcement of any comprehensive law brings out suggestions for its improvement. The strict application of the

(Continued on page 4)

## JEWISH LABOR INSPECTOR IN COMMUNIST FACTORY PERSECUTED, TAKES LIFE

Anti-Semitic Chicanery Given as Cause for Suicide

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, April 24.—The suicide of a Jewish labor inspector in a Communist factory, the Red Flag, in Starobelski, attracted wide attention in the Moscow press.

The chief inspector, Medvedieff, was arrested in connection with charges brought against him that his systematic anti-Semitic persecutions against Bezverki, the Jewish inspector, led to the latter's suicide.

Bezverki demanded reorganization of the factory where he had found mismanagement. Medvedieff tried to counteract Bezverki's demands by chicaneries. Bezverki then hanged himself.

In the note he left, Bezverki stated: "The reason for my suicide was because I was not permitted to do honest work."

## 'NEXT YEAR IN BUREYA' IS SLOGAN OF NEW PIONEERS IN SIBERIA COLONIZATION

Soviet Will Not Admit Commission to Investigate Bureya

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, April 24.—"Next year in Bureya," a paraphrase of the traditional Jewish prayer, "Next year in Jerusalem," is becoming the slogan of the pioneer groups which are leaving the Russian towns and villages in small numbers for the far off "land of promise" in Bureya, Siberia, where extensive Jewish colonization work is to be inaugurated under the auspices of the Ozet, society for settling Jews on the land, in cooperation with the government department.

In several towns the farewell meetings to the Bureya migrants were held under the slogan: "L'shono Ha'booh B'Birzhan" (Next year in Bureya). Many groups of the Left Poale Zion party, formerly a labor party with Zionist tendencies, have changed their name to Poale Birzhan.

A group of 162, including 149 from White Russia, left Moscow yesterday for Bureya.

Riga, April 24.—The Soviet Government would not welcome a commission of foreign experts to investigate the territory of Bureya, allocated for Jewish colonization work, Samuel Weizman, brother of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, stated in a press interview here.

Mr. Weizmann is a member of the administrative board of Ozet, the society for settling Jews on the land, which is sponsoring the Bureya plan. The suggestion that a foreign experts committee proceed to Bureya has been made repeatedly in the Jewish press in Latvia.

## DR. BERENDT SALOMON, MANCHESTER RABBI, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Manchester, Eng., April 24.—Dr. Berendt Salomon, chief minister of the Great Synagogue of Manchester, died yesterday. He was eighty-one years old.

## THIEVES INVADE SYNAGOGUE IN JASSY, STEAL SCROLLS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jassy, April 24.—The Pekuba Street Synagogue was broken into last night by thieves. All Torah scrolls and other religious objects were stolen. The thieves were not caught.

# JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except  
Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the  
JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Publication Office:

114 Bridge Plaza South, Long Island City, N.Y.

Address All Mail to

Executive and Editorial Office:

61 Broadway, New York, N. Y.  
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Vol. V. Wed., Apr. 25, 1928 No. 1050

Office of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York ..... 611 Broadway  
London ..... 244 High Holborn  
Paris ..... 5, Rue Cardinal Mercier, Paris VIII  
Berlin ..... Niemannstrasse 6, Berlin-Halensee  
Warsaw ..... Ulica Aleja Jerozolimskie Nr. 18  
Jerusalem ..... Hasael Bldg.  
Cairo ..... 18, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 15, 1927,  
at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under  
the Act of March 3, 1879.

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## MOSLEMS DENOUNCE ACTION OF OFFICIALS IN PROTEST ON MISSIONARY CONGRESS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, April 24. — A protest against the action of the British authorities in Gaza, dispersing an Arab demonstration against the missionary conference in Jerusalem, was despatched by Moslem leaders here.

The protest was sent to King George of England, the Governments of Italy and France, to High Commissioner Plumer and to all Moslem rulers.

## WARSAW KEHILLAH WILL ERECT COMMUNITY HOUSE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, April 24. — A plan to erect a community house for the use of the Jewish population of Warsaw was presented to the Kehillah Executive.

The community house is to contain a large meeting hall, a lecture room, library, reading rooms and an art gallery. The project will involve an expense of 500,000 Zlotys.

The New York Federation of Temple Sisterhoods which held its sessions in Buffalo last week devoted itself to a discussion of the problems of adult education and direction of the young.

Rabbi Alexander Lyon of Brooklyn, Dr. Nathan Krass of Temple Emanuel, El. New York, and Rabbi Joseph L. Pink of Temple Beth Zion, Buffalo, addressed the convention. Plans for work during the ensuing year were adopted.

Temple Sisterhood of Betha Ha Tephila Asheville, N. C. has purchased the T. B. Tab residence for use as Jewish Community club and Sunday School rooms.

## POLISH WORKERS LAUNCH MILLION ZLOTY DRIVE FOR PALESTINE LABOR NEEDS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, April 24. — A campaign to raise 1,000,000 Zlotys for the needs of the labor institutions in Palestine, was proclaimed yesterday by the Zionist labor groups. Representatives of the Palestine Labor Federation who are here on a visit, will participate in the campaign.

Collections for the fund will extend over a period of three months.

## GENEVA STUDENTS RIOT AT ESPERANTO LECTURE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, April 24. — A disturbance of an anti-Semitic nature occurred at the University of Geneva during an Esperanto lecture delivered by Professor Edmond. The disturbance was caused by students belonging to the reactionary organization, "Helvetika."

Shouting "Zamenhof (founder of Esperanto) was a dirty Jew," the students interrupted the lecture. The members of the faculty who were present at the lecture ordered the ejection of the students, which resulted in fighting.

## JUGOSLAV JEWS GET HIGHEST PER CAPITA ALLOCATIONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Belgrade, April 24. — Jugoslavian Jews lead in the per capita allocations made by the Ministry of Worship for the needs of the religious communities.

While 17.64 dinar are allowed per capita for the Jewish religious needs, 9.6 dinar are awarded the Greek Catholics, 6.8 dinar for Roman Catholics, 5.25 dinar for the Protestants, 14.23 dinar for the Moslems.

## MIZRACHI BANK VOTES 4% DIVIDEND; REDUCE INTEREST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, April 24. — The board of directors of the Mizrahi bank, established by the Mizrahi Zionist Organization, have decided to declare a 4 per cent dividend for this year.

The decision will be presented at the next shareholder's meeting. Many American Jews are shareholders in the bank.

The board also decided to reduce the interest on loans.

## SYNAGOGUE CONVERTED INTO ARTISAN SCHOOL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, April 24. — The synagogue in the town Chastchevsky will be converted into a school for training artisans. The decision to turn the synagogue into a school was taken by Jewish workers and artisans of the town at a recent meeting.

## SOUTHERN B'NAI B'RITH LODGES PREPARE FOR WIDER SCOPE ACTIVITY

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Houston, Tex., April 24. — Endorsement of the Wider Scope Campaign and discussion of ways and means of speeding its work, occupied the major portion of the Monday morning and afternoon sessions of the three day convention being held here by District Grand Lodge No. 7 of B'nai B'rith. One hundred and eighty delegates representing seven Southern States are present. The gathering is the largest ever in attendance at a southern B'nai B'rith conference, according to Myron M. Goldman of New Orleans, district grand secretary.

Thirty-two homeless aged are being cared for in the B'nai B'rith Home for the Aged at Memphis, Saul G. Schapiro, secretary of the governing board of the home, reported.

Maurice Hirsch of Houston, district president, outlined the Wider Scope Campaign work. Other speakers stressed the importance of the Hillel Foundations at American universities.

Rabbi Martin Zielonka of El Paso, chairman of B'nai B'rith immigration work in Mexico, reported on the activities of the order's bureau in Mexico City.

## DR. BADE HEADS PALESTINE INSTITUTE ON PACIFIC COAST

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Berkeley, Calif., April 24. — Dr. William Frederick Bade, world famous archeologist, who returned last year from his second expedition to Palestine, where he unearthed an ancient city believed to be the Mizpah of Benjamin mentioned in the Old Testament, has been appointed director of the Palestine Institute, a new feature of the Pacific School of Religion in this city. A new building will be erected and the institute will house not only the hundreds of rare archeological specimens brought back by Dr. Bade, but will be a teaching museum, where the specimens will be used for research and instruction.

Dr. Bade is planning to return to Palestine, where he will complete the work he began on his two previous expeditions in 1925 and 1927, of uncovering the buried city at Tell-el-Nasbeh, seven miles north of Jerusalem.

Among the twenty-seven students on the highest scholarship list at Harvard College are the following Jewish students: J. M. Alper of New York City, Charles Danzig of Newark, William Finkelstein of Waterbury, Conn., Martin Freedman of Springfield, Mass., Saul Grossman of Cambridge, Mass., Abraham Grossman of Beverly, Mass., Z. I. Mosses of Uniontown, Pa., Saul Rosenzweig of Malden, Mass., and W. V. Strauss of Cincinnati, O.

## SEMINARY PUBLISHES TWO VOLUMES, 7 AND 8, OF GENIZAH

Two volumes of "Genizah Studies in Memory of Doctor Solomon Schechter," forming volumes 7 and 9 of the series of texts and studies of the Jewish Theological Seminary, have been published.

In 1902 when Doctor Schechter left England to become president of the seminary, the University of Cambridge permitted him to bring over a considerable number of Genizah manuscripts which he hoped to publish. This he was prevented from doing and members of the faculty of the seminary have now undertaken to edit these in his memory.

The first volume is devoted to Midrash and Haggadah and is edited by Professor Louis Ginzberg, and the second volume is devoted to Liturgical and Secular Poetry, edited by Professor Israel Davidson. In the latter volume, besides the Genizah Fragments in Cambridge, texts are included from other distinguished public and private collections, the main portion being of the Taylor-Schechter Collection. Publication of these volumes were made possible through the generosity of Louis Marshall and Felix M. Warburg, members of the board of directors of the seminary.

Dr. A. S. W. Rosenbach of Philadelphia has spent more than \$25,000.00 in books in Europe in the past ten years, the well known book collector and dealer stated following large purchases made in London.

A memorial for Bobbie Franks will be erected according to provisions in the will of his father, Jacob Franks, who died in Chicago last week.

The will left most of the estate to Mr. Franks' widow, providing that \$100,000 be given to her outright besides \$60,000 he had given to her previously and that she receive the income from a trust fund of \$250,000. The sum of \$100,000 in the will was set aside for the memorial.

A fellowship at the Training School for Jewish Social Work in New York to be known as the Hannah G. Solomon Fellowship, will be awarded by the National Council of Jewish Juniors.

The Fellowship has been established through contributions of Junior sections of the National Council of Jewish Women. Maintenance and tuition for fifteen months will be granted to the winner of the fellowship.

Applicants will be examined by a committee of award, including members of the Council and of the school. Members of Junior Councils, as well as other Jewish people interested in social service, are eligible. Applications should be filed with May R. Freedman, 5413 Cornell Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

Carl Dreyfus has been named a member of the committee of seven to make survey of the Boston school system. He will represent the Chamber of Commerce on the joint committee representing educational and business interests. Mr. Dreyfus is a graduate of Harvard College and is a trustee of Simmons College. He has been active in the work of the local Chamber of Commerce since 1909. The appointment of Mr. Dreyfus will come up for confirmation at the next meeting of the school committee.

## J.D.B. NEWS LETTER

### Philosophers Discuss Patriarchs' Ages and Immigration Problem

(By our Philadelphia, correspondent)

Philadelphia, Pa., Apr. 24.—The age of the patriarchs, the kingdom of Sheba and the problem of immigration were some of the subjects under consideration at the annual convention of the American Philosophical Society, which held its sessions here.

The suggestion that the ages ascribed to many of the Biblical patriarchs indicated the ages of their clans and not of themselves as individuals was advanced by Robert T. Field. Acting upon this hypothesis, Mr. Field explained this new theory of the reading of the Old Testament era, estimating the antediluvian period from Adam to Noah at eight to ten thousand years, instead of the now generally accepted one thousand, six hundred and fifty-six years, and the postdiluvian period at four thousand to six thousand years, instead of four hundred years.

"The first eleven chapters of Genesis contain the history of clans and nations bearing the same name," Mr. Field said. "Instead of one Adam, Adam was a tribe. Jacob was named Israel, used to designate him personally and his descendants. The names from Adam to Terah, with their unusually long ages are perfectly understandable as clans and tribes. The clan of Adam lived nine hundred and thirty years, that of Seth nine hundred and twelve years and they, instead of being fathers and sons at the ages of 105 and 130, died at those ages."

Professor James A. Montgomery of the University of Pennsylvania discussed an ancient stone document found in Southern Arabia which indicated, he said, that the kingdom of Sheba was the first limited constitutional monarchy and that it foreshadowed the British constitution in a remarkable manner. The ancient parliamentary document of the kingdom of Sheba is undated and probably belonged to a period considerably later than that of the queen who visited Solomon. That visit occurred soon after one thousand before the Christian era. Professor Montgomery expressed the belief that this ancient legislative enactment took place many centuries later and not much before the Christian era.

Dr. Ernest Minor Patterson, professor of economics at the University of Pennsylvania, discussed the population growth and the migration of peoples, stating that they furnish an issue which may soon become acute in international policies. The problem presented is not easy of solution, said Professor Patterson. "Thus far Americans have taken refuge in the easy but superficial contention that immigration is a purely domestic question and that we may decide it as we see fit. But is it?" The same argument has been

## DEMAND TEL-HAI PIONEERS BE ADMITTED TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, April 24 — A resolution protesting against the liquidation by the Soviet Government of the Chaluzim settlement at Tel-Hai in Crimea and demanding of the Zionist Executive and the Palestine Government that all pioneers of the Tel-Hai be permitted to come to Palestine was adopted by the Council of the Jewish Labor Federation at its session held in Tel Aviv.

The Council also expressed a protest against the non-admittance of Sholom Schwartzbard as well as against the frequent deportations.

The Council decided to give its attention to the plan of colonizing thousands of working families in the plantation area and other places, putting this in the centre of activities of the Labor Federation at the present moment.

## KAUFMANN ADDS \$625,000 TO HIS GIFTS FOR SETTLEMENT

Henry Kaufmann, through a gift amounting to \$625,000, has made it possible for the Irene Kaufmann Settlement of Pittsburgh to erect a series of new buildings, Judge Irving Lehman, president of the Jewish Welfare Board announced. One of the new buildings will be an auditorium in memory of his wife, the late Theresa Kaufmann.

The cost of the land, buildings and equipment included in Mr. Kaufmann's gift will exceed \$625,000, which makes the total of his benefactions to the Irene Kaufmann Settlement of Pittsburgh in excess of \$1,750,000.

Recently Mr. Kaufmann contributed \$200,000 to the 92nd Street Y. M. H. A. of New York City. Mr. Kaufmann, who was a resident of Pittsburgh before he came to New York, is now on a trip abroad.

The amount of \$1,222,720 was loaned without interest last year by the Hebrew Free Loan Society, Julius J. Dukas, president, reported in his annual message presented at the society's meeting. The losses for the year, Mr. Dukas said, were only \$972.50, less than a tenth of 1 per cent. of the amount lent. Adolph Lewishin announced a gift of \$1,220 to the society, increasing the total he has donated to \$20,000.

pressed in support of our tariff policy, yet slowly and surely people of all parts of the world are coming to realize that restrictions on the importation and exportation of commodities are facts of international significance. What is done by one country is a matter of concern to all he said.

"Our immigration policy will be challenged vigorously. The issues raised are becoming more insistent and the answer is not easy. Mere assertion of so-called rights will be inadequate," he declared.

## 4,827 WANDERERS IN FAR EAST WERE HELPED BY HIAS OFFICE

The Far East Information Bureau of the Hias aided 4,827 Jewish refugees during last year, according to a report for 1922 received by the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America from Harbin. Seven hundred and sixty four new immigrants were registered at the bureau. Among these were 374 from Harbin and 390 who had arrived from Russia.

Information regarding various immigration questions and possibilities in various countries was given to 4,295 persons.

The sum of \$39,255, was received and transmitted to emigrants; 1,612 relatives were traced for the emigrants and others were aided in many ways in their contact with the Japanese and Chinese governments.

With the aid of the Bureau, 616 emigrants, 324 men and 2 women left for the United States, Australia, Philippine Islands, Russia and other European countries, British Indies, Dutch Indies, Siam, Colombia, Mexico, Argentine, Brazil, Chili Uruguay, Canada, South Africa and Palestine. During the year the Bureau succeeded in securing important concessions for Jewish wanderers through the Japanese Consul General, English Consulate regarding immigrants to Australia, the American Consulate in respect to Rabbits and Japanese shipping companies.

Professor Shirley Jackson Case, eminent New Testament scholar and member of the Faculty of the Divinity School of the University of Chicago, delivered a series of lectures at the Hebrew Union College.

The course of lectures was given in accordance with the arrangement which the Hebrew Union College has with the Divinity School of the University of Chicago, Garrett Biblical Institute of Evanston, Ill., and McCormick Theological Seminary of Chicago, as a series of exchange lectures. Professor Jacob Z. Lemberch of Hebrew Union College will deliver a course of three lectures before the faculties and students of the Divinity School of the University of Chicago and Garrett Biblical Institute, beginning today on the subject "The Pharisees."

Permit for construction of a temple at Miami Beach was issued recently.

The temple, which will be known as Temple Beth Jacob, will be built at a cost of \$25,000. Harry Levine is chairman of the building committee.

Thirty-five hundred school children attending the various religious schools affiliated with Reform congregations in Greater New York participated in the second annual religious school rally held at the Century Theatre on Sunday. The rally was held under the auspices of the Religious School Committee of the New York City Federation of Temple Sisterhoods. Rabbi Joseph H. Wise, of the Central Synagogue, presided.

The purpose of the rally, as explained by Rabbi Wise, was to focus the attention of the parents of the religious problem of growing Jewish children.

Mrs. Albert J. May was chairman of the special committee in charge of the rally, and Rabbi Irving Reichert was chairman of the committee of Rabbis which cooperated with the Sisterhoods in this event.

## HOUSE COMMITTEE REPORT RECOMMENDS 50% OF QUOTA FOR REUNITING FAMILIES

(Continued from Page 1)

quota has worked some hardships; it could not well have done otherwise. To remove some of these hardships without seriously affecting the underlying principles of the Johnson Act is the purpose of H. R. 12816.

"In the consideration of the quota restrictions of our laws it appears that the people who are interested in the matter divide themselves into two classes. There is that class of restrictionists who maintain that 'there should be no letting down of the bars' and there is that class that contends for a 'reuniting of families.'"

"In the first-mentioned class are many who, if confronted with the situations that confront those in the second group, would no doubt give serious consideration to the requests for a reunion of members of families. Recognizing that restriction of immigration is an accepted national policy, and further realizing a happy family life is the corner stone of Americanism, it is believed that H. R. 12816 gives the maximum of relief to families that can be provided without extending the quotas and at the same time lets down the bars to the very minimum."

"H. R. 12816 amends section 4 and section 6 of the immigration law. No other sections are involved. Under section 4 as it now reads, the unmarried child under 18 years of age or the wife of a citizen is admitted outside the quota. The husband is not included in this language. It is argued with much force that the age limit should be increased to 21 years and that the husbands should be included with the wives. There was much sentiment for this change when the original quota law was adopted. It is claimed that if a citizen husband is entitled to have his wife come in nonquota, a citizen wife should have her husband come in nonquota. It is claimed that in these modern days unmarried children between the ages of 18 and 21 are usually finishing their education and should not be separated from their parents. These are the arguments for this bill as made by those who favored reuniting the families. If this bill becomes a law, it is hoped that it will become a permanent part of the quota law."

"As to how many will be entitled to admission by reason of the change in section 4 there is some uncertainty. The Department of State has made a survey of the situation and, as will appear from that survey hereto appended, it is estimated if this proposed amendment had been in the original law, 8,251 children and husbands would have been entitled to admission from July 1, 1924, to March 1, 1928, or a little over 2,000 per year."

## ORTHODOX UNION TO HONOR ITS FOUNDER, DR. H. P. MENDES

The Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America, will honor its founder, Dr. H. Pereira Mendes on Monday, May 21, according to an announcement by Rabbi Herbert S. Goldstein, president of the union.

Public gatherings will be held in Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Cleveland, Houston, Los Angeles, Milwaukee, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and San Francisco in honor of Dr. Mendes simultaneously with the celebration in New York. The program will be broadcast over the radio from New York City through a hook-up with radio stations in other cities.

The establishment of a "Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes Educational Endowment," to subsidize Talmud Torahs, and Religious Schools in small towns and rural communities, publish Curricula, and text-books and promote Jewish education in the United States was decided upon by the union.

The South Carolina Federation of Temple Sisterhoods met in annual convention in Darlington last week. Rabbi Jacob S. Raisin of Charleston and Rabbi Ferdinand Hirsch of Temple Sinai of Sumter greeted the convention.

Mrs. M. S. Lomansky of Darlington was elected president for 1923. Greenville was selected as the next meeting place.

Representatives of the Daughters of the American Revolution, United Daughters of the Confederacy, Kings' Daughters and women's societies of various denominations were present to greet the delegates.

## THE NEW PALESTINE

(Published in English)

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