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## SENSATIONAL TRIAL OF CZERNIN, WHO BOASTED ANTI-SEMITISM, BEGINS

Statesman Encouraged Jewish Businessmen to Secret Deals  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Mar. 17.—A sensational trial, involving the anti-Semitic boasts and war profits of Count Czernin, former Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Austro-Hungarian empire, started here in the Criminal Court.

Count Czernin, who in his published diary referred to "Jewish profiteers and war speculators," called forth a reply in the German Zionist weekly, "New Welt," published in Vienna by Robert Stricker, in which it was revealed that the Count encouraged Jewish businessmen to enter into secret deals with him, from which he reaped huge war profits. Upon the publication of this revelation, Count Czernin started a libel suit against the editor of the "Newe Welt."

At the hearing of the case, Attorney Plaszkes, representing the Jewish weekly, offered to submit proof of all the accusations made against Count Czernin.

(Continued on Page 4)

## TRANSJORDANIA BEDOUINS ARMED BY EMIR ABDULLAH TO RESIST WAHABI ATTACK

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17.—The Bedouin tribes in Transjordan were given arms by Emir Abdullah's government to prepare for the emergency of a Wahabi attack. Particular measures were taken in the vicinity of Amman, Transjordan's capital.

Notwithstanding reassuring official statements issued by the authorities, the Bedouin tribes remain alarmed at the possibility of Wahabi warfare. Aeroplanes are constantly reconnoitering the territory.

A force of 10,000 Wahabis under the leadership of Sheik Ibn Hamid, heading the tribe Atibah, was checked from making a raid on Iraq. It was stated that the forces were halted by messengers from Ibn Saud, Wahabi leader.

## ASSEMBLY OF NEW JERSEY PASSES KOSHER FOOD BILL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Trenton, Mar. 17.—The kosher food bill, modeled after the New York State Kosher Law was passed yesterday by the New Jersey Assembly.

The bill, which was previously passed by the Senate, will now go to the Governor for signature.

## HIAS ASKS \$400,000 BUDGET TO CONTINUE IMMIGRANT WELFARE WORK HERE AND ABROAD

Cooperation with Ica Proves Effective in Aiding European Wanderers; Unemployment Relief Part of Program; Senator Watson Addresses Annual Meeting

The policy of cooperation between the Hebrew Immigrant Aid and Sheltering Society of America (Hias) and the Jewish Colonization Association (Ica) of Paris in aiding Jewish emigrants from European countries to find shelter and to facilitate their adjustment in South American countries of immigration has proven effective, it was reported yesterday at the nineteenth annual convention of the Hias, the Hebrew Immigrant Aid and Sheltering Society, held at Cooper Union Hall.

Notwithstanding the restrictions on immigration to the United States, 12,084 Jewish immigrants arrived in the country during 1927 and 3,932 Jews entered the country as non-immigrants. The records show an average arrival of 1,335 Jewish immigrants per month.

The recent unemployment in American cities has affected a considerable number of Jewish workers who come to New York in search of employment. Very few of these Jewish job-hunters are to be found in the municipal lodging houses and other public welfare agencies, but the Hias has, during the year, endeavored to help these workers and during the year provided 38,558 meals to transient, homeless and unemployed men and women. Eight thousand one hundred and eight nights shelter was provided. Arriving immigrants were furnished shelter amounting to 5,959 nights and 28,167 meals were given them.

For the coming year, the Hias will require a minimum budget of \$400,000 to be able to continue the welfare work for

## CHRISTIAN SECT AMONG BUDAPEST JEWS DISBANES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Mar. 17.—Many members of a Christian sect which has arisen among Budapest Jews, following the days of the White Terror in Hungary, are now falling off and the movement is considered to be in a state of liquidation.

It was revealed today that the movement several years ago embraced a considerable section of Budapest Jews. The missionaries, in propagating the Christian-Jewish sect, made strong propaganda among pupils of the Budapest Rabbinical Seminary, promising them good posts as teachers and preachers.

the emigrants proceeding to South America and to care for those coming to these shores.

These facts were related in the annual message of Abraham Herman, president of Hias. The principal speaker at the meeting was Senator James E. Watson of Indiana, who recently introduced a bill in the Senate which would bring relief to families separated by the present immigration law.

John L. Bernstein, former president of (Continued on page 3)

## 31 RABBIS IN RUSSIA COERCED INTO SIGNING PROTEST ON RELIGIOUS PERSECUTIONS Apparently Take Exception to Com- plaint of Polish Rabbis

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Mar. 17.—Thirty-one rabbis leaders of Jewish congregations in Minsk, Witebsk, Homel, Bobruisk and other cities in White Russia, published a protest in the Yiddish Communist daily, "Oktyabr," against resolutions adopted recently at the Conference of Polish Rabbis in Cracow and the Mizrahi conference in Warsaw.

In these resolutions, the Polish rabbis and the Mizrahi leaders reiterated their protest against the religious persecutions in Soviet Russia. The resolution called for the creation of a special committee to deal with the subject.

The thirty-one rabbis, whose names are signed to the protest in the "Oktyabr," declare that the Polish rabbis have more cause to complain of conditions in their own country than to protest against religious persecutions in Russia. The Jews in Poland have fewer rights than the Jews in Soviet Russia. Besides, the White Russian rabbis utter a protest against what is termed in the text "exploitation of religion in politics."

Well informed Orthodox Jewish leaders here who are close to the Agudath Israel declare that these thirty-one rabbis were, apparently, coerced into signing the protest. It is noted that even in this protest the rabbis do not deny the existence of religious persecutions. The Communist daily which published the protest simultaneously rebukes the rabbis as "clericals" and states editorially that religion is and will be persecuted in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics.

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## M. KIRSCHBRAUN, AGNDAH LEADER TO GET SEJM SEAT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 17.—M. Kirschbraun, leader of the Orthodox Agudath Israel, which was defeated in the recent parliament and senate elections, will nevertheless be given a seat in parliament.

It was stated today it is very likely that the Agudah leader, who was placed at the end of the pro-government party list, will be given a mandate, as several of the pro-government candidates were elected in more than one district. By the procedure in Polish elections, such candidates, in resigning, transfer their mandate to the candidates listed after them.

## DR. PAUL NATHAN'S DEATH ANNIVERSARY OBSERVED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 17.—The first anniversary of the death of Dr. Paul Nathan, late German Jewish leader and one of the founders of the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden, was commemorated here.

A bust of the late leader was unveiled in the art gallery of the Berlin Kehillah. The speakers at the unveiling ceremony, including Herr Sandler on behalf of the Kehillah, Professor Schaeffer on behalf of the Hilfsverein and Herr Weil on behalf of the Central Verein and Dr. Syngalowsky of the Ort, paid tribute to the memory of Dr. Paul Nathan who was described as the leading personality of German Jewry having devoted his life to Jewish reconstruction work.

## CHRISTIAN LEADERS PAY TRIBUTE TO JUDAISM AT FELLOWSHIP MEETING

### Action is Threatened by Presbytery Against Dr. John MacCallum

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Mar. 17.—Ignoring the resolution recently adopted by the Presbytery of Philadelphia "enjoining upon his ministers and elders the duty of abstaining from any participation" in meetings where various religions are considered equal, Dr. John A. MacCallum, pastor of the Walnut Street Presbyterian Church, and other leading Christian ministers in this city joined last night under the auspices of the Fellowship of Faith to pay tribute to Judaism. Nearly one thousand persons filled St. Stephens Episcopal Church in the center of the city. An overflow meeting to provide for those unable to gain admittance was held simultaneously at the Friends Meeting House several blocks away.

In his address Dr. MacCallum did not refer in any way to the resolution of the Presbytery nor did he express any irritation at the criticism directed at him by his colleagues in the denomination. "I am glad to pay my tribute to Judaism," he said in opening his address, "remembering that I speak only in a personal and unofficial capacity and yet, I believe, expressing the sentiments of a large number of my own household of faith." He said that he was indebted to Judaism "for the consolation and the fortitude in many a weary hour when fear would otherwise have overwhelmed me." He expressed himself as being in debt to Judaism for "the stimulus to my nobler nature that I have derived from the Hebrew heroes and prophets whose inspiring achievements and utterances are recorded in the Old Testament which forms so large a part of the

## PEDIGREE POULTRY SHIPPED FROM CANADA TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, Mar. 17.—A shipment of pedigree poultry has been forwarded to Palestine by the Canadian Hadassah. The shipment contained twelve cockerels consigned to Mrs. Hannah Maisel-Schochet, the superintendent of the Canadian Hadassah Agricultural School for Girls at Nahalal. One of the most urgent needs of the poultry industry in Palestine, was the raising of the present standards.

Through Mrs. A. J. Freiman, the Dominion President, who applied to Prof. F. C. Elford, Dominion Poultry Husbandman at the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, the Canadian Government donated six white leghorn cockerels. The rest of the shipment was purchased by Canadian Hadassah from poultry farms.

Bible of the Christians."

Several of the speakers apologized for the persecution of the Jew throughout the centuries. Virtually all praised Judaism for its contribution to social ethics and its emphasis upon man's moral obligations to his neighbor. Others spoke of the contributions of individual Jews, the Old Testament literature, the heritage of the Sabbath, moral earnestness and "a prophetic optimistic spirit which has constantly characterized the race. The speakers were Dr. Horace J. Bridges of the Chicago Ethical Society, the Rev. Dr. F. R. Griffin of the First Unitarian Church, Dr. Jessie H. Holmes of the Society of Friends, the Rev. Dr. E. A. E. Palmquist of the Philadelphia Federation of Churches and the Rev. Ivan Murray Rose of the First Baptist Church.

In responding to the tributes, Rabbi William H. Feinszreiber of Temple Keneseth Israel, declared that the whole spirit of religion is summed up in the admonition "that we should love our neighbors as ourselves." "I glory that after centuries of persecution the time has finally come when you and I can sit here for a few moments and hear the words of truth and justice from the lips of men who are descendants of those who persecuted us," he said. "I am profoundly grateful to this church and its rector for the breadth of mind to allow this meeting to be held here and to allow me to speak in this sacred place," he added. Rabbi Julian B. Feibelman was the speaker at the overflow meeting.

Immediately upon hearing of Dr. MacCallum's attendance at the meeting, Dr. George Beil, pastor of the Patterson Memorial Church, and with Dr. Donald Grey Barnhouse, author of the recent resolution forbidding such association, declared he is considering action upon Dr. MacCallum's "breach of the law."

"We drafted the resolution because we wanted the people of Philadelphia to know the Presbytery as a whole is unalterably opposed to movements that would put Christianity on a basis with other religions," Dr. Barnhouse said.

A dinner, sponsored by a committee of Brooklyn Jewish citizens, will take place on April 22nd at the Brooklyn Jewish Center on Eastern Parkway for the purpose of strengthening the Scholarship Fund of the Jewish Education Association, Januk J. Goldstein, chairman of the Finance Committee, announced at a luncheon of Brooklyn Jewish Chamber of Commerce building. Jacob H. Cohen, a member of the Association Board, was chairman.

Justice Edward Lazansky, who was the guest of honor, urged greater effort to increase the registration of the Jewish religious schools in Brooklyn.

M. J. Krupp, Director of the Training School for Jewish Social Work in New York who has been ill, is now reported as showing improvement.

**HAS ASKS \$400,000 BUDGET  
IN ORDER TO CONTINUE  
IMMIGRANT WELFARE WORK**

(Continued from Page 1)  
organization. Rev. Z. H. Masliansky and Jacob Massel were the other members.

The following directors were elected for the next three years: Morris Baskin, Joseph Baskin, Aaron Benjamin, Joseph E. Eron, Louis Fabricant, Harry Fischel, Samuel Goldstein, Abraham Litzman, Rev. Philip Jachas, Alexander Kahn and Nathan Zvirin.

In his message Mr. Herman declared: "The Jew in middle Europe stands today on a precipice. He is in a dangerous position. He cannot turn back nor can he remain here. He is being driven out of his homes. The gates of the United States are practically closed. The question is where shall these thousands of homeless wanderers go? It is to bring an answer to this cry which comes from the lips that the activities of the past year."

Referring to the work undertaken during the past year in conjunction with the Hias organizations, Ica and the United Jewish Emigration Committee of Berlin, the report stated that "diligent surveys and research has been made into such countries as Argentine, Brazil, Uruguay, etc. by means of interviews with government authorities and business organizations, every effort was made to see that agricultural and industrial opportunities were open to the Jew. This information was then referred back to the Hias branches in Poland, Roumania, Latvia, Lithuania and other European countries where Hias, by means of classes in languages and trades, gave instruction in agriculture and arranged for the passage of hundreds of these people to their new lands."

Concerning the work in Poland the message disclosed that: In Poland, 53,059 persons received varied information; of this number 20,213 were emigrants. In 1927 65,000 legal aid was provided.

In Danzig, 2,329 emigrants registered and asked for help. In Latvia, 1,152; in Lithuania, 2,240; in Roumania, 2,093; in France, 2,649 and in Belgium, 428.

In all, 69,089 persons were served in different capacities; of which number 20,213 were emigrants who received services of various kinds within the scope of the organization. Legal aid was provided in 11,959 cases. In the entire sphere of transportation a saving of \$21,897 was effected for the emigrants.

In Poland, Besarabia and Latvia, courses in agriculture were provided for all emigrants who contemplated following such pursuits. These courses were given in 23 centers. In Warsaw, Lodz and Kishineff, emigrants were trained in technical occupations and courses in different languages were provided.

"The great need of the present mo-

ment," the message continued, "is the establishment of institutions in these new countries through which the Jewish wanderer may find shelter, secure employment and be given that information and that guidance which will enable him to become self-supporting. In connection therewith, it is essential that loan funds be created. Such agencies as there are must be strengthened. Where none exist, they must be created."

The report described the work undertaken in various South American countries by Hias agencies established there for that purpose: In South American countries employment bureaus have been opened from which contracts on behalf of the immigrants are made with trade unions, employers of labor, and governments. From such bureaus representatives maintain an alert outlook for labor opportunities and arrange to secure positions for applicants.

In order that these newcomers may not be looked upon as alien in spirit to their newly found homes, or lacking in material contribution to them, efforts are made to equip the immigrants for citizenship, and to teach them the spirit and customs of their new environment; and to make them self-supporting at the earliest moment. The importance of this work not only to the immigrants and their families but also towards fostering a friendly and co-operative spirit towards them on the part of these governments must be manifest.

Added to this task, is the social work of receiving and caring for girls and women who travel alone and of finding work for them. With this purpose in view, tailoring establishments have been opened and are maintained so that the pitfalls which always confront women and girls struggling alone may be avoided. Thus, more than a thousand women and girls, who have migrated to South America, have been taken care of. In each case our agents were informed by cable of their departure and arrangements were made to meet them and care for them on arrival.

In Buenos Aires, 1,208 immigrants were assisted. The society in Montevideo aided 677 and in Rio de Janeiro 850, making a total of 2,735 aided since the Hias-Ica-Emigdirect began to function in this new phase of the immigration problem.

John L. Bernstein, former president, discussed the work both at home and abroad and pointed out the need for greater expansion, explaining that the work had assumed greater international proportions and that the united support of all Jewry in the fullest possible measure will be necessary to insure the success of the work.

Jacob Massel, a director of the or-

**PALESTINE HEBREW SCHOOL  
ORDERLIES DECLARE STRIKE**  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 17.—A strike of the orderlies in the Hebrew schools of Palestine was declared Friday.

The cause of the strike was said to be the refusal of the Zionist Executive to include in the cancellation of dismissal several orderlies who had previously been dismissed. The orderlies also demanded an increase of wages.

The report stressed the need for the establishing Hias branches in those countries where the new immigration will be heaviest and providing the equipment which would enable the newly arrived to make a rapid adjustment, free of excessive burdens or hardships.

Rev. Z. H. Masliansky pointed out that thousands of Jews throughout the world had come to look upon Hias as an important institution in their lives and he urged those present to make possible expansion of the work.

The report states that the budget requirements for the year 1928 for work both in the United States and in other countries will be a minimum of \$400,000.

"To perform the new undertakings," the report continues, "the Hias-Ica-Emigdirect budget for 1928 provides for a total expenditure of \$196,000. The cost of the work of direction and preparation in the emigration countries amounts to \$49,938, covering activities in Poland, Roumania, Latvia, Lithuania, Danzig, England, Belgium, Holland, Harbin, China and Russia. A fund of \$10,000 is set aside for language, agricultural and vocational training courses in many of these countries. An emergency fund for the relief of needy emigrants has also been established.

"The sum of \$97,912, which we hope gradually to increase, has been assigned for work in Argentine, Brazil, Uruguay, Cuba, South Africa, Australia, and France. A loan fund with a capital of \$20,000 has been set aside for these countries to enable the immigrants through loan funds to purchase tools, implements, and merchandise."

In the field of citizenship, 8,545 applicants were aided to obtain their citizenship papers; of these 3,830 were first papers and 4,715 second papers. Hias files, verifying arrivals and landings of these very applicants, proved of inestimable value. Many classes were conducted on citizenship and civics.

In the year 1927, the Bureau of Information and Advice at the Hias headquarters in New York City served 62,567 applicants, interpreting the immigration laws, furnishing information regarding the immigration possibilities wherever surveys had been made, drafting documents, translations, proper certifications for submission to authorities, aiding in domestic relations, in detention and threatened deportations at Ellis Island, reports at the meeting showed.

## NEW YORK JEWISH SURVEY IS DESCRIBED AS MODEL OF PHILANTHROPIC FORESIGHT

Commendation of the Citizens Committee which ordered the Jewish Communal Survey of Greater New York was expressed by the "New York Evening Post." Writing editorially, the paper states:

"During the past ten years the Jewish population has decreased in every part of Manhattan except Washington Heights. In The Bronx and Brooklyn has increased. The increase in Brooklyn has been so large that that borough now has almost as many Jews as Manhattan and the Bronx combined. Moreover, the trend away from Manhattan is continuing.

"These facts have been ascertained in a study made by the Jewish Communal Survey, which has for its object the finding of answers to such questions as where Jewish hospitals, educational centers and other institutions which may be established in the next few decades should be located, and whether there should be two federations as now, one in Manhattan and one in Brooklyn, or a single federation to include all Jewish charities in the greater city.

"We cannot say that we are surprised at this fresh evidence of the alertness of New Yorkers of the Jewish race who are interested in philanthropy. The record of the two federations is so extraordinary as to make it difficult for anybody who has followed their work to be astonished at any achievement they may add to the list. The present survey is worth noting, however, as an example of the kind of activity that renders modern philanthropy a new thing under the sun—a combination of sympathy and efficiency which, if anything can, will some day reduce poverty to the vanishing point.

"What the Jewish survey is doing for Jewish charitable endeavor might well be done by other surveys for the charitable work of other organizations. In a way, of course, any one tries to look ahead before selecting a permanent site for any activity, but the special merit of the Jewish study lies in its comprehensiveness. It takes in the entire city and the trend of population from one part to another. It asks what the situation is likely to be ten years from now and it proposes to plan on the basis of the answer to that question.

"The Jewish federations have long been a model of philanthropic administration. The present survey is a model of philanthropic foresight," the Post concludes.

## 75 AMERICAN SCHOLARS AND ARTISTS SENT TO EUROPE BY GUGGENHEIM FOUNDATION

Seventy-five young American scholars, scientists and artists who have shown unusual ability will spend all or part of the coming year in study and research abroad through the awards of fellowships announced by the trustees of the John Simon Guggenheim Memorial Foundation.

The Foundation, which has a capital fund of \$3,500,000, was established in 1925 by former United States Senator and Mrs. Simon Guggenheim as a memorial to a son who died on April 26, 1922. The wards total \$173,000 for the coming year.

Doris Spiegel and William Auerbach-Levy, New York artists, will be among those who will go to France and Italy for creative work in painting under the Foundation.

Dr. Harry Caplan, assistant professor of the classics, Cornell University, Ithaca, New York was awarded a fellowship to prepare a book on the history of mediaeval theories of rhetoric.

The trustees of the Foundation are Simon Guggenheim, Mrs. Simon Guggenheim, Francis H. Brownell, Carroll A. Wilson, Charles D. Hilles, Roger W. Straus and Charles Earl, all of New York City.

## \$36,000 IS RAISED BY WEST SIDE DIVISION OF U. P. A.

The West Side Division of the United Palestine Appeal of Greater New York, which is headed by Judge Max S. Levine and Congressman William Cohen, has raised \$36,000, according to a report issued by Judge Levine. Fifteen thousand dollars was subscribed at the first meeting of the Palestine Group of the Society for the Advancement of Judaism, of which Harold Spiegelberg is Chairman. Dr. Mordecai M. Kaplan addressed the meeting.

Among the contributors are: A. L. Liebovitz, \$2,000; Israel Usterberg, \$2,000; H. H. Liebovitz, \$1,500; S. Liebovitz, \$1,500; J. M. Wachman, \$1,500; Harold Spiegelberg, \$1,000; E. J. Liebovitz, \$750; Max Hillson, Sam Samuels, Joseph Samuels, and Joseph Levy, \$500 each; Nathan Levy, \$250; Dr. Mordecai Kaplan, \$150; David Baron, Albert Samsel, A. J. Bromberg, Simon Asserman, Harry Bachrach, H. B. and I. Bernstein, Max J. Schwartz, and Louis Kleban each gave \$100. Other subscribers include I. D. Morrison, \$7,500; Dr. Stephen S. Wise, \$1,500; Samuel H. Golding and Dr. A. J. Rongy, \$1,000; Jacob Klein, Lazarus White, M. J. Lederman, \$500 each; Michael Addison, \$125; Burstein and Geist, Harry Furst, \$100 each; and Samuel Valentine, \$200.

## SENSATIONAL TRIAL OF CZERNIN, WHO BOASTED ANTI-SEMITISM, BEGINS

(Continued from Page 1)

Czernin in the newspaper. The court presided over by Judge Seifman ruled that proof may be submitted on the point on which the suit is based, that is, on the accusation that Count Czernin, when Austro-Hungarian ambassador to Bucharest during the World War, accepted huge commissions from Jewish provision merchants. This accusation, when substantiated, will prove that the Count had misused his authority.

The counsel for the defense called a large number of Jewish witnesses with whom Count Czernin had business relations. Outstanding among the witnesses is Nathan Eitinger, multimillionaire and Count Czernin's confidential adviser on economic questions during the war. Mr. Eitinger was asked by Count Czernin to accompany him to Brest Litovsk to the peace conference with Russia as his adviser. In testimony admitted is the statement that Eitinger made to the Vienna provision police during the war. "I gave Count Czernin during the war 3,000 Pounds Sterling for facilitating my provision deals in Roumania. After the war Count Czernin made the amount of 3,500,000 shilling on our business transactions. Then, we were equals; today he is the Count and I am the Jew."

Count Czernin's counsel is the Jewish attorney, Katz. Herr Katz replied to this statement that his client had borrowed the three thousand pounds from Eitinger and was unable to repay it because he was impoverished. The attorney, Flaschke exclaimed: "Poor Czernin! He draws only \$10,000 monthly from his real estate holdings in Berlin." The proceedings have been postponed in order that new witnesses may be called.

## ROCHESTER ADOPTS \$50,000 QUOTA IN YESHIVA DRIVE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Rochester, N. Y., March 17—A quota of \$50,000 for the Yeshiva College Building Fund was adopted by the Jewish community of Rochester. The quota was adopted at a conference presided over by Simon Stein, Harris L. Selig, executive director of the fund, was the principal speaker at the conference.

A provisional committee was formed to plan the campaign. The committee includes Samuel Heart, Simon Stein, Judge Harry Rosenberg, Hyman Kohn and Jacob Hollander.

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