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JEWISH POPULATION IN GREATER NEW YORK NUMBERS 1,728,000, JEWISH COMMUNAL SURVEY SHOWS

Movement of Population from East Side to Yorkville, Harlem, Bronx, Brooklyn and Park Avenue Section Tells of Economic and Social Rise; Brooklyn Supplants Manhattan in Concentration of Jewish Population; Coney Island, Brownsville, Williamsburg, New Lots and Tremont Section of Bronx Have Largest Percentage

The Jewish population in Greater New York was placed at 1,728,000, on the basis of estimates in the Jewish Communal Survey of Greater New York, the results of which were made public yesterday by the Bureau of Jewish Social Research.

Brooklyn has supplanted Manhattan as the center of Jewish population and "for the time to come will have to be the main focus of attention" as far as a Jewish communal program is concerned, according to the first section of the survey.

In the statistical tables of the survey the steady economic growth of the Jewish community is shown. The onward march from the tenement districts of the lower East Side is portrayed in chart form and the story in figures describes the movement to Yorkville, Harlem, Bronx and into the Park Avenue section.

The survey, which was undertaken almost two years ago at the direction of a Citizens' Committee, of which Judge

SEVEN JEWISH SENATORS ARE ELECTED IN POLAND, AC- CORDING TO FINAL RETURNS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 13.—Seven Jewish representatives were elected to the Polish Senate in the national election which took place Sunday, March 11, final returns show.

Five of the Jewish senators were elected on the ticket of the national minorities bloc, 1 on the Zionist ticket in Galicia and 1 on the pro-government list. Among those elected are Moses Roemer, Joseph Davidsohn, a brother of the late Dr. Noah Davidsohn, Rabbi Isaac Rubinstein, Mitzrachist, Zernach Shadach, Solomon Moses Budziner, David Schreiber, and Lazar Dal, chairman of the Jewish Merchants Association in Volhyn who was elected on the government ticket.

Of the 111 senators the pro-government party secured 49 seats, the national minorities bloc 22, the Polish Socialist Party, 9, the National Democrats 9, the Peasant party, Wyzwolene, 7, the Christian Democrats 6. The Orthodox Agudath Israel and the Volkist group under Prylukski suffered defeat.

Otto A. Rosalsky is chairman and Dr. Lee K. Frankel is chairman of the executive committee, was made by a staff of fifty research workers headed by Samuel A. Goldsmith, executive director of the bureau. It includes in addition to a study of the movement of the Jewish population of the five boroughs, a study of mortality among the Jews and an evaluation of communal resources in the fields of child care, family welfare, health, delinquency work, community organization, recreation, and Jewish education.

On the basis of calculations of the school population of Jewish children, as prepared for 1925 by the Jewish Education Association, the survey places the general Jewish population at 1,728,000. In that year, the study reveals, Brooklyn had 45.6 percent of the Jewish population of New York City. Manhattan was second with twenty-eight percent and the Bronx, with twenty-two percent, was third. Queens, according to the latest figures, has three percent and Richmond one-fifth of one percent.

In 1916, according to the study, there were 696,000 Jews in Manhattan; in 1925 there were 499,500, or a decrease of 28.3

(Continued on page 3)

HUNGARIAN SENATE PASSES NUMERUS CLAUSUS MOD- IFICATION BILL BY LARGE MAJORITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, March 13.—The Upper House of the Hungarian Parliament passed today by a large majority the government bill for the modification of the Numerus Clausus, which makes a nominal change in the present law without

ITALIAN GOVERNMENT OPENS JEWISH SEMINARY AT RHODES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, Mar. 13.—A seminary for the training of rabbis to serve the Jewish communities of Italy will soon be opened at Rhodes. The seminary is being established by the Italian government.

The Italian press in commenting upon this announcement stresses the importance of creating "a university of Judaism" for the Near East. The establishment of an Italian university at Rhodes was also announced.

DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN SAILS FOR UNITED STATES ON AQUITANIA, DUE HERE ON MAR. 20 Is Optimistic of Palestine Situation and Prospects of Zionist Loan

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 13.—Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, sails tomorrow on the Aquitania for the United States.

When interviewed by the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, Dr. Weizmann declared that he will stay in the United States two months, as he wishes to return in time to participate in the meeting of the Zionist Actions Committee which will be held in June either in Berlin or in Jerusalem.

Dr. Weizmann related that prior to his departure he had a conference with Sir Alfred Mond who has just returned from Palestine. Sir Alfred told him that the unemployment in the country will disappear within two months. During his visit, Sir Alfred invested in Palestine enterprises to the amount of \$90,000. Sir Alfred also gave Dr. Weizmann \$50,000 and promised an additional \$100,000 for a Zionist institution whose name he was not desirous to disclose. Sir Alfred is now drafting a report of his Palestine survey which he will soon submit.

In commenting upon the general situation, Dr. Weizmann expressed his optimism with regard to the Palestine situation and the prospects of the Palestine loan.

A letter from Felix M. Warburg, one (Continued on Page 4)

abolishing the restrictions against Jewish students in the Hungarian universities.

This bill was recently passed by the Lower House after a long and bitter debate.

The Senate adopted the measure despite the fact that most of the speakers who participated in the discussion prior to the vote were opposed to it.

JEWISH PILGRIMS FROM AMERICA LAND AT HAIFA (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Haifa, Mar. 13.—The Cunard liner Mauretania, carrying a large number of American Jewish pilgrims to Palestine for the passover holidays, landed today at Haifa, flying the Zionist flag.

A large number of the Jewish population of Haifa welcomed the American visitors, who number 500.

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GREAT BRITAIN WILL MAKE TERRITORIAL CONCESSIONS TO APPEASE WAHABI TRIBES

Colonial Secretary Amery Denies Holy War Was Proclaimed (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 13.—Akaba, the Red Sea port mentioned in the Bible as Ezion Geber, and Maan, the two cities annexed from Hedjaz and incorporated into Transjordan, British mandated territory, on July 1, 1925, are to be returned to Hedjaz, according to a report published today by the Arab press.

The Arab newspapers state that this concession is now the subject of negotiations between the representatives of Great Britain and the Ibn Saud, leader of the Wahabis and conqueror of Mecca. The incorporation of the two cities into Transjordan three years ago called forth protests in Hedjaz. The former status of the Hedjaz railway is also to be restored if the negotiations are carried through.

London, Mar. 13.—Col. Leopold H. Amery, British Colonial Secretary, in reply to a question in the House of Commons declared today that "the sensational reports concerning Ibn Saud's holy war are unduly alarming. There is no evidence that Ibn Saud is responsible for the recent raids," he stated.

Magistrate Barnett Gluckman has been elected chairman of the United Palestine Appeal campaign to start in Wilmington, Del., on March 25. Other officers elected are: First vice-president, William H. Sayers; second vice-president, E. Victor Topkis; treasurer, Max Cohen. Max Dorewsky was appointed to act with the chairman in the organization of teams. Wilmington's quota is \$25,000.

TO JEWISH POSSIBILITIES FOR JEWISH IMMIGRATION IN SOUTH AMERICAN LANDS (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Mar. 13. — A committee of Jewish organizations dealing with the problem of Jewish emigration in Europe will shortly proceed to South America to survey the possibilities for Jewish immigration there.

The committee will carry out a decision adopted at the meeting of the executive council of the Hicem, the agency of the Jewish Colonization Association, the Hebrew Emigrant Aid Society of America and the United Jewish Emigration Committee of Berlin. The session of the executive council which was held here yesterday was presided over by Dr. James Simon of Berlin and decided upon this course after it had listened to a report submitted by Dr. Oscar Kohn, former Minister of Justice in the Prussian Government.

The committee will consist of Dr. M. Kreinin, and Aaron Benjamin, member of the Hias executive. They will meet Louis Oungre of the Jewish Colonization Association, who will be in the Argentine at the beginning of May.

The committee will confine its investigation to the possibilities of immigration, omitting from its program the question of colonization. It will also seek to carry out the program of the Hicem in regard to providing facilities, vocational training and instruction in the language of the country. The delegation will report to the executive committee which will make the decisions.

The meeting decided to amalgamate the two offices of the Hicem in Berlin and Paris in order to facilitate the work and decrease expenses. The meeting also adopted a report on the activities of the organization submitted by Dr. James Simon and the financial report presented by Joachimsohn.

Thirty-one thousand four hundred persons applied to the Hicem for help during the past year, according to the report submitted. The Hicem answered 43,969 inquiries and gave legal advice to 12,000 persons. Agricultural instruction was given to 230 immigrants of whom 192 were Chaluzim. Courses for professional training were established at Warsaw, Lemberg and Kishineff where 744 were enrolled. Thirty courses in English, Spanish and French were given.

The committee of the Hicem in Rio de Janeiro was re-organized and new branches were established in Porto Alegre, Soa Paulo and Curitiba. Employment offices were established in these cities and in Rosario, Cordova, Bahia, Blanca, in the Argentine, Uruguay and Montevideo.

A branch of the Hicem will soon be established in Canada by a Canadian

ROUMANIA TO GET \$60,000,000 LOAN, WALL STREET HEARS; MODELED ON POLISH LOAN

Preparations for floating an international loan in the amount of \$50,000,000 for the Roumanian Government are now being made, according to reports current in Wall Street.

These preparations are in progress due to the initiative of the Bank of France, which is cooperating with bankers in London, Paris and New York. It was stated that if the loan plans are successfully carried out, the Federal Reserve Bank is expected to join in extending credit to Roumania.

The loan, which is characterized as a stabilization measure, is modeled after the loan obtained by Poland last year to the amount of \$72,000,000, in which the Federal Reserve Bank of New York participated.

There have been reports for months of a Roumanian stabilization loan, but the present plans, backed by strong financial institutions in this country and Europe, have progressed to the point where a public offering of securities is expected in the near future. M. Quesney, one of the financial experts of the Bank of France, is arriving in the United States on the Steamer Ile de France today. M. Quesney, who will confer with Governor Strong of the Federal Reserve Bank and other banking officials here, is expected to take up the Roumanian loan question as well as the general subject of Roumanian stabilization, plans for which are expected to be completed late in the spring.

The Bank of England also is expected to lend its support to the Roumanian plan as it has to other European stabilization programs in recent years. A group of French bankers headed by Louis Dreyfus & Company, is cooperating with the Bank of France in the loan negotiations. The American portion of the loan will be handled by Blair & Company, Inc. The offices of this firm it was said that several partners of the firm, now in Europe, had been keeping in close touch with the plans of Roumania, but that no new developments were known of here.

committee of the Ica and the Hias.

In his address Leo Motzkin emphasized the cordiality existing among the three organizations constituting the Hicem, thus enabling productive collaboration. The budget adopted includes more than \$100,000 for work in the countries of immigration, particularly South America. Forty thousand dollars of this sum is to go for the establishment of loan Kassar. Oscar Kohn was unanimously elected president.

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JEWISH POPULATION IN NEW YORK NUMBERS 1,728,000, JEWISH COMMUNAL SURVEY SHOWS

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percent within the decade. Manhattan was divided into eight borough sections by the workers for the purpose of the study, as follows: Lower East Side, Central East Side, Lower West Side, West End, Yorkville, Harlem, West Harlem and Washington Heights. Of these eight sections, Washington Heights alone showed an increase in the number of Jews, from 24,511 in 1915 to 41,320 in 1925, or a gain of 68.6 percent.

Of Manhattan's Jewish population, 52.9 percent lives on the Lower East Side and in Harlem, as against 50.3 percent in 1916, but in the earlier year the Lower East Side had 23.5 percent of all of New York City's Jews, as compared with 15.2 percent in 1925. Similarly, although Harlem's Jews made up twenty-three percent of Manhattan Jewry in 1925 as against 21.4 percent in 1915, they decreased from 9.9 percent of the Jewish population of the entire city in 1916 to 6.6 percent in 1925.

The Jewish population of Greater New York constitutes thirty percent of the city's total population. Over the decade ending in 1925, New York City's population increase was 16.4 percent and the increase in Jewish population was similar.

Decentralization of New York City's Jewish population is cited as the most striking feature of the population drift. This distribution, the study states, has been due to a direct movement from congested to middle-class areas. The Lower East Side, Harlem, Yorkville, Williamsburg and Willoughby sections have all lost Jewish population and South Bronx and Brownsville have barely held their own; while Tremont, Fordham, Eastern Parkway, Flatbush and North Flatbush "have flourished mightily". The movement in Manhattan has been out of the Lower East Side and Harlem, the two most populous areas, the survey shows. In the Bronx it has been northward and westward into the Tremont, Fordham and Grand Concourse district. South Bronx evidently has ceased growing in Jewish population, while Tremont has become more populous as a Jewish center than Harlem.

In Brooklyn, the Jewish population has spread south and west over the Borough into Borough Park, Eastern Parkway, Bath Beach, the Flatbushes and Coney Island. The Brooklyn movement has all been into the one-family, two-family and apartment house sections. "Brooklyn," the survey declares, "has indicated sharply the method of Jewish population trends. Original settlements are made into regions with one-family houses, such as North Flatbush and more recently Bay Ridge and Fort Hamilton. The next wave moves into two-family houses. The final wave is an apartment house population, because the rise in land values

forbids the erection of smaller dwellings."

While less in number than the Jews of Brooklyn, Bronx Jews make up 44.7 percent of the northern borough's general population, the Brooklyn Jews constituting only 36.3 percent of that borough's population. The Manhattan Jewish ratio is 25.7 percent, while for Queens and Richmond the ratios are eight and 2.5 percent respectively.

An examination of density by boroughs indicates that there are some borough sections in the city whose population is almost entirely Jewish. Of the five sections whose Jewish populations are at least seventy-five percent of the total, four are in Brooklyn and the other is in the Bronx. Coney Island, with its Jewish residents representing 96.7 percent of the total population, comes closest to being altogether Jewish. The Tremont section, in the Bronx, is second, 96.4 of all its residents being Jews. Brownsville, with ninety-five percent, is third; and Williamsburg, with eighty-one percent, is fourth, and the New Lots section, with 78.5 percent Jewish, ranks fifth. Coney Island, Tremont and New Lots, the survey declares, are new developments and will no doubt continue Jewish, while Brownsville and Williamsburg, older settlements, probably will show population replacements by other groups within the near future. This already has taken place on the Lower East Side, where the Jews were found to make up only 73.3 percent of the section's total population.

Of the five sections, where the Jews constitute between seventy-four and fifty percent of the section's population, two are in the Bronx, two in Brooklyn, and one in Manhattan. The East Side, Lower Central Bronx, and Willoughby are older settlements whose Jewish character probably will be less obvious in the near future, according to the study, while Bath Beach and Upper Central Bronx may be expected to become more Jewish in population.

For the remaining twenty-two sections of the city, the following newer residential neighborhoods, the survey states, may be expected to attract Jewish populations for some time to come: Eastern Parkway, at present 48.8 percent Jewish; Borough Park, 46.1 percent Jewish; Flatbush, 43.8 percent Jewish; Grand Concourse, 28.1 percent Jewish; Fordham, 23.9 percent Jewish; Washington Heights 23.9 percent Jewish; North Flatbush, 23.9 percent Jewish; East Flatbush, 16.7 percent Jewish; Fort Hamilton, 11.7 percent Jewish; and North Bronx, 9.9 percent Jewish.

Some sections either have stood still or lost Jewish population and the survey predicts that their Jewish character either will decline or remain unimportant. Among these sections are Harlem, South Bronx, Bushwick, Yorkville, Ridgewood, Central East Side, Greenpoint, West End, South Brooklyn, Lower West Side,

JEW OF SALONICA PETITION MINISTER FOR RELIEF FROM COMPULSORY SUNDAY REST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Salonica, Mar. 13.—A petition to Minister of Trade Valentzas against the compulsory Sunday rest law was presented by a delegation of the Society Shomrei Shabbath.

It was stated that the Jewish deputies are preparing to urge drastic changes to relieve the Jewish population of the compulsion to keep their shops closed for two days weekly. The bill will come up before the house during the discussion of amendments proposed by the government. The government has agreed to allow small traders to open for a few hours on Sunday mornings. This applies only to the villages.

PALESTINE BODY WILL ASK SCHWARTZBARD ADMITTANCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 13.—The Vaad Leumi, National Council of Palestine Jewry, has decided to ask the Palestine government to grant Sholom Schwartzbard permission to enter the country.

The council decided to take up the matter with High Commissioner Lord Plumer, following the refusal of the immigration department to grant him a visa.

ANOTHER JEWISH CEMETERY DESECRATED IN GERMANY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 13.—Another case of a Jewish cemetery being desecrated, the fifty-fourth case since 1923, occurred last night at Volbert.

Many gravestones were destroyed. The culprits were not caught.

ST. LOUIS RAISES THIRD OF ITS \$75,000 QUOTA FOR U.P.A.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

St. Louis, Mo., Mar. 13.—Twenty-five thousand dollars were raised at the initial meeting of the United Palestine Appeal here. St. Louis's quota for this year is \$75,000.

West Harlem, Bay Ridge

Subsequent sections of the survey which will be made public tomorrow describe the distribution of the Jewish population as to age groups and seek to ascertain the principal causes of death among Jews.

The survey was undertaken at a cost of \$200,000 and the funds for the research work are being supplied by volunteer contributions. Chairmen of the various sections include Felix M. Warburg, recreation; Judge William N. Cohen, child care; Fred M. Stein, health; Mrs. Sidcarey C. Borg, family welfare; Ludwig Vogelstein, Jewish education and Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Community Organization.

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DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN SAILS FOR UNITED STATES ON AQU- TANIA, DUE HERE ON MAR. 20

(Continued from Page 1)

of the commissioners of the Jewish Agency Palestine Survey Commission, was received by the president of the Zionist Organization, welcoming his trip to America.

In the absence of Dr. Weizmann the conduct of the political work will be in charge of Dr. M. D. Eder. Berthold Feiwel will be in charge of financial affairs, particularly with regard to the negotiations concerning the Zionist loan.

Harry Sacher, member of the Palestine Zionist Executive, is arriving here tomorrow in the interest of the loan.

Belgrade, Mar. 13.—The plan for securing a loan with the aid of the League of Nations for the World Zionist Organization to promote the Jewish colonization work in Palestine was discussed with leading statesmen of Yugoslavia by Nahum Sokolow, chairman of the Zionist Executive, who is now on a visit here.

The Zionist leader was received by the Yugoslavian Prime Minister, Vuicovic, Foreign Minister Sumenkovic, the British Ambassador Kennard, and the United States Minister, Dr. John Prince.

It was stated here that the first government which has declared its willingness to guarantee a part of the loan to the amount of £250,000 was the government of France. The German government would also participate in the guarantee and it is hoped that the British government will guarantee from three quarters to one million pounds of the projected loan.

PAST I.O.B.B. PRESIDENTS TO BE FETED AT DINNER SUNDAY

Two hundred past presidents of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith lodges of New York City, forty vice-presidents and the heads of the women's auxiliaries of the lodges will be the guests of Maurice Bloch, President of District No. 1, at a dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria on Sunday evening, March 18.

This dinner is part of President Bloch's program to strengthen the order in New York City. Dr. Stephen S. Wise, a past president of New York Lodge No. 1, will be the principal speaker. Another speaker will be Maurice P. Davidson, Chairman of the Wider Scope Committee of District No. 1.

Among the past presidents invited by Assemblyman Bloch are Nathan Straus,

BROOKLYN'S U. P. A. FUND

IS INCREASED BY \$60,000

The sums being raised for the United Palestine Appeal in Brooklyn, which is headed by Judge Grover M. Moscowitz, chairman, and Judge Mitchell May, honorary chairman, were increased by \$60,000 at a banquet held Sunday, March 11, at Temple Petach Tikvah, Brownsville, where Senator William King of Utah, and Dr. Schmarya Levin were the principal speakers.

The banquet marked the launching of the Brownsville United Palestine Appeal campaign, of which Morris A. Zeldin is campaign chairman, and Samuel Barnett, president.

Other sections in Brooklyn are also opening their local drives for United Palestine Appeal quotas with dinners. The Borough Park section will hold its campaign dinner at the Brooklyn Union Temple on March 25, at which Dr. Stephen S. Wise will be guest of honor. Preliminary plans for the dinner will be made at a meeting on Sunday morning, March 18, at which Isaac Ipp, chairman and Isidore Lassner will present reports of advance pledges.

The Eastern Parkway division of the United Palestine Appeal, under the chairmanship of Jacob Goell, will hold their dinner on March 28, at which Dr. Chaim Weizmann will be guest of honor. The Committee in East New York are arranging a function on March 24 to launch the local campaign, according to Jacob H. Cohen, campaign chairman. The Long Island section of the Greater New York United Palestine Appeal campaign will tender a dinner to Dr. Weizmann on March 25 at the Jewish Center, Far Rockaway. The dinner is being arranged by Charles Kramer, and John L. Liebowitz who is chairman of the Far Rockaway Appeal.

Joseph E. Newburger, Myron Sulzberger, Joseph S. Schwab, Samuel L. Hochstadter, Albert Cohn, Henry W. Unger, Henry W. Pollock, Dr. Joseph Silverman, Louis Fabricant, Samson Lachman, Commander Albert Moritz, Dr. Bernard M. Kaplan, Dr. Herbert S. Goldstein, Rabbi Irving Reichart, Rabbi Samuel Levinson, Rabbi Louis D. Gross, Charles Hartman, David M. Mossessohn, Moses D. Mossessohn, Simon M. Roeder, I. H. Kempner, Louis W. Osterweis, Joseph Rosenzweig, Joshua Kantrowitz, Julius J. Frank, Prof. Clarence G. Bachrach, Philip Cowen and L. E. Schlechter.

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