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JEWISH WITNESS ATTACKED IN GROSSWARDEIN COURT AT TRIAL OF POGROM STUDENTS

28 Students, Last Group, are Being
Tried; Ninety Attorneys Called
195 Witnesses
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Bucharest, Mar. 1.—Isaac Scheinkes, a Jewish resident of Grosswardein, who was called as a witness before the military court in the trial of anti-Semitic students who participated in the anti-Jewish excesses, was attacked in court and seriously injured.

Gendarmes and police who were in the court building were compelled to draw their swords in fighting off the attackers.

The riot occurred yesterday when the court started the trial of the last group of 28 students who participated in the anti-Jewish excesses. Ninety attorneys volunteered to defend the accused. One hundred ninety-five witnesses were called by the defense. The trial, which had been three times postponed, will last a long-time before a verdict is rendered.

JESSNER, GERMAN JEWISH PRODUCER, COMPELLED TO RESIGN, VICTIM OF HATE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, March 1.—Leopold Jessner, well-known German-Jewish theatre manager and superintendent of the State Theatre, will in all probability have to resign from this position as a result of a resolution adopted yesterday by the main committee of the Prussian Diet.

The committee adopted a resolution of lack of confidence in Jessner, following charges which were presented that his views on the theatre "endanger the moral standard."

This move of the Diet committee is the climax of agitation carried on for many years by reactionary and nationalist elements against Jessner.

JAIL SENTENCE IMPOSED ON GERMAN NATIONALIST CHIEF

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 1 — Herr Goebbels, leader of the National Socialist Party, was sentenced to a term in jail for inciting the population to acts of violence.

When the verdict was rendered a group of Hitlerites started a riot, severely mistreating an Evangelical pastor and a member of the editorial staff of the "Lokal Anzeiger," mistaking them for Jews.

PALESTINE SUPREME COURT ASKED TO DECIDE ON SAB- BATH OBSERVANCE ISSUE

Tel Aviv Case Will Test Jewish Mun-
icipalities' Right to Enforce
Sabbath Rest

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 1 — The Supreme Court of Palestine was asked to determine whether Jewish municipalities in the national home under the Palestine mandate are in a position to enforce Sabbath rest for their Jewish residents.

The case will be decided on the appeal of the Palestine Attorney General to the Supreme Court against the decision of the District Court of Jaffa in a case which has recently attracted wide attention.

The Jaffa District Court ruled on an appeal of the Jewish storekeeper, Altschuler of Tel Aviv, who was fined \$2 by a Tel Aviv magistrate for violating the municipal ordinance concerning the observance of the Sabbath.

The District Court agreed to the argument of Mr. Altschuler's attorney, that the Tel Aviv municipality ordinance is in contradiction of Article 15 of the Mandate, since the ordinance establishes a sort of discrimination by prohibiting trading on the Sabbath to Jews only.

Article 15 of the Mandate provides: "The Mandatory shall see that complete freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals, are ensured to all. No discrimination of any kind shall be made between the inhabitants of Palestine on the ground of race, religion or language. No person shall be excluded from Palestine on the sole ground of his religious belief."

ISAAC GRUENBAUM TAKEN ILL ON EVE OF ELECTIONS; MINOR- ITIES BLOC HAS SMALL CHANCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 1.—Isaac Gruenbaum, former member of the Polish Parliament and leader of the national minorities bloc was taken seriously ill in the midst of the election campaign.

His illness was ascribed by physicians to complete exhaustion from addressing mass meetings and gatherings.

The chances of the national minorities bloc in the forthcoming election on Sunday, March 4, were said to be very unfavorable.

HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENT NOW CONSIDERS SCHECHITA PROHI- BITION ISSUE; BILL UP TODAY

Seek Numerus Clausus Also in Re-
ligious Observance

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, March 1.—The consideration of a bill introduced in Parliament for the prevention of cruelty to animals is developing the danger of the prohibition of Schechita in Hungary.

The discussion of the bill is scheduled to open in the House today. The measure is sponsored by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. This society has submitted a memorandum to Parliament in which the demand is made that the stunning of animals before slaughter be made obligatory.

The memorandum also provides that in case of ritual slaughter for the needs of the Jewish population, a numerus clausus for Schechita be introduced so that only a number of animals, proportionate with the number of the Jewish population, be permitted to be slaughtered according to the Jewish ritual.

ZIONIST EXECUTIVE ASKS BRITISH GOVERNMENT GUAR- ANTEE PLANTATION LOAN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 1.—The guarantee by the British Government of a loan contemplated by the Zionist Executive for the purpose of carrying out an extensive plan of plantation in Palestine was asked by the Zionist Executive in a memorandum submitted yesterday to the Colonial Office.

Another memorandum submitted by the Zionist Executive to the British Government outlines in detail the improvement in the economic situation of the country.

SCHECHITA PROHIBITION MEASURE FAILS IN SWEDEN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Stockholm, Mar. 1 — The Swedish Parliament voted down a proposal aiming at the prohibition of Schechita in Sweden.

The proposal was sponsored by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The bill included provisions for punishment of ritual slaughterers because of cruelty. The Government declared that ritual slaughter does not represent cruelty to animals.

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Jacob Landau.....President
Samuel Binstock.....Treasurer
John Simons.....Secretary
William Z. Spiegelman.....Editor

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New York.....611 Broadway
London.....244 High Holborn
Paris.....5, Rue Cardinal Mercier, Paris VIII
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HATVANY NOT INCLUDED IN HORTHY'S AMNESTY ORDER; CASE IS WIDELY DISCUSSED

Budapest Hears of Anti-Hungarian Demonstration Planned in U. S. for Kossuth Delegation
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Mar. 1.—Hungarian liberal newspapers today commented extensively on the order of the Hungarian Regent Horthy granting amnesty to several classes of prisoners.

The newspapers observe that the amnesty granted by the regent includes such persons as Windischgraetz and Nadashy, who were involved in the Hungarian currency falsification plot, but does not extend to Baron Ludwig Hatvany, the liberal champion who was recently sentenced to seven years' imprisonment. The fact that Hatvany is of Jewish origin contributed to the severity of the sentence, it was alleged.

In Hungarian Parliamentary circles much discussion is going on today concerning reports from the United States which allege that a hostile reception awaits the Hungarian Kossuth Delegation, due to resentment of the severe punishment meted out to Baron Hatvany. It was declared that Prime Minister Bethlen, at a session of the parliamentary committee, told the deputies that he was assured by the American authorities that anti-Hungarian demonstrations will be prevented.

KEYSERLING EXPLAINS WHY HE SHUBBED LUDWIG, SAYS HE HAS NO ANTI-SEMITIC BIAS

States He Resented Unfairness to Mother-in-law in Biography

Resentment at the way his mother-in-law, the Princess Bismarck, was described in the biography of the Iron Chancellor, and not anti-Semitic prejudice, was the cause of his unwillingness to meet in the United States his fellow-writer and countryman, Emil Ludwig, was the statement made by Count Keyserling, who is now on the Pacific Coast, in a telegram to his New York manager.

"My attitude toward Emil Ludwig," Count Keyserling telegraphed, "is simply the result of his inaccurate and unjustified statements in his book on Bismarck about the Princess Bismarck, my mother-in-law. Ludwig refused to change the text in his book after being informed of the true facts.

"Nothing could be more foolish than calling me anti-Semitic in my prejudices," Count Keyserling said in his telegram. "In Germany I am often attacked as a philo-Semite. As a matter of fact I greatly admire the Jewish people. I consider them the one cultured race which has not degenerated since antiquity. You will find this opinion of mine contained in my new book 'Europe' which is to be published in America next month."

The following telegram was received by the New York "Times" from Emil Ludwig who lectured this week in Detroit.

"If Count Keyserling deems it proper in a letter to an American lady to express without reason his antipathy toward another German author, my training as a common citizen forces me to decline to have any controversy with this nobleman while in a foreign country where we are both guests. Emil Ludwig."

ANTI-SEMITIC TALMUD VER-SION UP IN BUDAPEST COURT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Mar. 1.—An examination into the veracity of an anti-Semitic translation into Hungarian of the Talmud will be made before the Budapest court in a libel suit which is now pending.

It was stated that as experts on the Talmud translation, the following will be called: the Catholic Church dignitary Serevi, the Calvinistic Bishop Balthazar, Chief Rabbi Loew and the president of the Hungarian Academy of Science.

An exhibition of paintings and sculpture by five young artists, Elias Newman, Chaim Gross, Louis G. Ferstadt, Isidore Klein and Ella Ostrowsky is now being held at the gallery of the Educational Alliance, 197 E. Broadway.

CHIEF RABBI REPUDIATES ALLEGATION SCHECHITA IS PROHIBITED IN ENGLAND

Casting Machine Has Not Been Sanctioned, Dr. Hertz Says

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 1.—The Chief Rabbi, Dr. J. H. Hertz, has issued the following statement in connection with the anti-Schechita campaign which is now being carried on in Warsaw.

The anti-Schechita agitation in Warsaw is being conducted with great bitterness and utter disregard of the truth. The rumor has been spread in the anti-Semitic press in Poland that the Weinberg machine is a machine to replace Schechita; that Dr. Hertz had declared that use of the pistol before Schechita is quite permissible; and that, furthermore, Schechita is altogether prohibited in England.

In reply to a request from Professor Dr. Schorr, the Rabbi of the Great Synagogue, Warsaw, for an official statement, the Chief Rabbi wrote:

"The Weinberg machine, which is still in an experimental stage and cannot yet be taken into consideration for practical purposes, deals only with laying down the animal in position for the ritual act of slaughter. The use of any machine, or process, that might interfere with, or replace the act of slaughter itself would, of course, religiously invalidate the act, and thus render the meat unfit for Jewish consumption.

"The rumor that either I, as Chief Rabbi, or my Ecclesiastical Court (the London Beth Din) has sanctioned—or ever could sanction—the use of the pistol or any stunning instrument prior to the act of ritual slaughter itself, is both untrue and absurd. The alleged necessity for such shooting or stunning prior to the ritual slaughter, is based on the absolutely unwarranted assumption that Schechita is inhumane. This has been denied by, literally, hundreds of the world's greatest experts in physiology and veterinary science. I enclose a recent opinion to that effect by a leading British physiologist, Sir William Bayliss, as well as a summary of the opinions of 447 Continental experts on this question.

"Men of good will, of whatever creed or race, will realize that municipal or State regulations which would prohibit or interfere with the hallowed and immortal observance of Schechita, would inflict cruel hardship upon the Jewish population, and would in effect constitute a grievous religious persecution."

In response to a further request from the President of the Warsaw Jewish Community, the Chief Rabbi wrote:

"I categorically deny that Schechita is prohibited in England. No difficulties of any sort are placed either by the State or by the various municipalities in the way of the due observances of Schechita, and any allegation to the contrary, is an insult to free England and a libel on the English people."

JEWISH SCHOOL QUESTION IN QUEBEC MAY FIND SOLU- TION IN LEGISLATIVE ACT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, March 1.—Peter Bercovitch, E.C., M.L.A., one of the appellants in the Quebec School Question, made his first public utterance on the decision of the Privy Council in regard to the educational position of Jewish children in the Province of Quebec.

That Jewish children had the right to attend Catholic schools and that the Provincial Legislature has the power to amend the legislation with regard to the Council of Public Instruction so as to allow Jewish members to sit on that body, were the two outstanding statements made by Mr. Bercovitch.

According to Mr. Bercovitch, it is clear that as a result of the Privy Council's decision, the Jewish children have a right to attend Protestant schools in Montreal and even the Catholic schools, should they so desire. And while the Provincial Legislature cannot amend the legislation to enable Jews to be appointed on the Protestant School Board, the Legislature can authorize the sitting of Jews on the Council of Public Instruction.

Mr. Bercovitch would not make any comments on what should be the next step of Montreal Jews in this question and neither would he express his opinion on the advisability of establishing separate schools for Jewish children, merely contenting himself with giving his interpretation of the decision of the Privy Council, and an outline of the question since its inception.

SEEK VOLUNTEER DELEGATES TO ATTEND BERLIN CONFERENCE ON LIBERAL JUDAISM

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, Mar. 1.—Delegates representing the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, the National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods, and the National Federation of Temple Brotherhoods, are being sought to attend the next annual meeting of the World Union for Progressive Judaism which will be held in Berlin on August 11th. Seventeen delegates are assigned to the Union, and requests are being made of the members of the Executive Boards of the Union, Sisterhoods, and Brotherhoods for volunteers to attend the sessions.

KING BORIS OF BULGARIA RECEIVES NAHUM SOKOLOV

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Sofia, Mar. 1.—King Boris yesterday received Nahum Sokolov, chairman of the Zionist Executive, in an audience which lasted an hour.

The King expressed his sympathetic attitude towards the Palestine rebuilding work.

If you are pleased with the Bulletin tell your friends to subscribe.

J.D.B. NEWS LETTER

Year of Lively Activities Recorded by Hartford Jewish Community

(By our Hartford correspondent)

Hartford, Conn., March 1.—Though Hartford Jewish activities progressed slowly over a period of fifty years the past year has witnessed astounding increases in building and general communal activities. During the past and in the course of the coming year more than \$600,000 will have been spent for new buildings.

Among the buildings, synagogues and structures which are about completed, or will be started in the near future are the Emanuel Synagogue, the Temple Beth Israel, the Hebrew Ladies Orphan Asylum, Congregation Ados Israel, the Garden Street Synagogue, the Y. M. and Y. M. H. A., the Garden Street Talmud Torah, the Talmud Torah of the North-end, and the South-end Talmud Torah.

The Emanuel Synagogue was completed a few days previous to the high holidays and it was estimated would cost more than \$300,000 when all fixtures and other materials are placed properly. The structure was built opposite one of the finest parks in the city and is located in the center of a large plot of land. Rabbi Silverman was called to take charge of the synagogue from a congregation in Brooklyn, N. Y. and today it is one of the largest in the city. It was the first synagogue in New England to have women on the board of trustees, the first in the country to create a college club for men and women throughout the country and among the first to have a junior congregation for whom services are rendered exclusively every Saturday morning.

The Temple Beth Israel now located near the site of the famous Charter Oak tree, noted in the history of Connecticut, will soon start its building, a super structure on Farmington avenue, according to latest advices. The Temple Beth Israel is one of the oldest in the city and its members include many prominent in social and political life in Connecticut. The present building was erected in 1876 and enlarged in 1898. The building was dedicated May 26, 1876.

The Hebrew Ladies Home was founded more than 30 years ago by a handful of women of Hartford who created the organization with weekly dues of five cents. After years of effort the organization finally purchased a building on Fairfield avenue which has since become noted because of its welfare and charitable work. The organization recently purchased a large

(Continued on Page 4)

INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE WILL DISCUSS JEWISH QUES- TION IN ROUMANIA, GREECE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Brussels, Mar. 1.—The Jewish question in Roumania and in Greece will be a part of the agenda of the international conference of the League of Nations societies, which will take place in the middle of March.

The conference will be participated in by the Jewish League of Nations societies from Palestine, Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia and Austria. It was stated here that authentic material including official documents concerning the anti-Jewish excesses in Transylvania was prepared and will be submitted. The compulsory Sunday rest law in Greece which affects greatly the economic situation of the Jewish population, will also be taken up. It was learned that the Jewish delegates to the conference will move that the conference decide to forward the entire material to the Secretariat of the League of Nations, so that the League Council may take official action.

Booklets containing the documents concerning the recent anti-Jewish excesses in Roumania are being prepared now by the committee and Jewish delegations in Paris. It was also learned that the Greek Government has declared its intention to call a conference of Jewish leaders in Salonica on the Sunday rest question.

JEWISH WOMAN CREATED EDUCATIONAL FUND OF \$100,000 IN NORTH CAROLINA

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Greensboro, N.C., Mar. 1.—Many civic organizations here mourn the death of Mrs. Bertha Strauss Sternberger, wife of the late Emanuel Sternberger, philanthropist and prominent cotton mill owner here.

Mrs. Sternberger, who died on Feb. 17, left an estate valued at several million dollars. In the absence of a will, the estate will go to Mrs. Sternberger's two daughters.

A short time ago Mrs. Sternberger established a \$100,000 scholarship fund known as the Emanuel Sternberger Educational Fund.

Mrs. Sternberger, who was active in many humanitarian causes, including Negro welfare work, was a member of many civic and religious organizations in this city. Shortly before her death she contributed \$25,000 towards the erection of Temple Emanuel in Greensboro.

The Jews of Gloversville, N. Y. and vicinity are rounding up the additional pledges to close the campaign of \$75,000 for a Jewish Community Center in Fulton County.

The money, to which will be added a \$100,000 gift from Lucius N. Littauer, will go toward the erection of a new building adequately equipped for community purposes.

JEWES OF POSEN, EAST PRUSSIA RETURNING TO OLD HOMES

The Jews of Posen and East Prussia, who left their towns during the period when the Versailles Treaty turned their territory over to the Poles, are returning home again, according to a report from Dr. Bernhard Kahn, European Director of the Joint Distribution Committee, made public by the United Jewish Campaign. Not a trace of the Jews was left there after the war, the city administrations, in some places, taking over the Jewish school houses, synagogues, and other community houses. Anti-Semitism was so strong there that Jews were afraid to travel by railroad. Marshall Pilsudski's regime has weakened anti-Semitism and the Jews are gradually returning to their homes, and the towns of Posen and East Prussia are beginning to see their old inhabitants again.

Due to the migration of the Jews, there is a shortage of workers, mechanics, and merchants in Western Poland. With the strengthening of commercial relations between Poland and Germany, the shortage will be felt even more. Already many Jews are leaving Congress Poland for Western Poland, and Galician Jews are going to upper Silesia.

The return of the Jews to their old homes, and the added stream of new Jewish settlers necessitates financial assistance in the form of credit. In some cities the Joint Distribution Committee has already established free loan societies and credit cooperatives. This activity will have to be increased considerably as the flow of Jewish immigrants to those parts increases and they begin to settle.

JEWISH COMMUNISTS START CAMPAIGN AGAINST KOSHER
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Feb. 29.—Efforts to popularize the use of treifah meat among Jews are to be made in Minsk, the capital of White Russia, following an agitation which has been conducted for some time by the local Yiddish Communist daily, "Oktibr." The paper has been complaining that the animals slaughtered in Minsk for the State and co-operative butcher-shops are all slaughtered according to the Jewish ritual law, and six Jewish ritual slaughterers and the Rabbi of Minsk are all being provided for in this way.

The chairman of the Minsk Central Labor Co-operative, Sinnerman, now publishes a statement in the "Oktibr," explaining that it was impossible to put a sudden stop to Shechita, because that would have strengthened the position of the private butchers. In future, however, there will be two or

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from page 2)

site on the outskirts of the city and will in the near future erect a building to cost \$150,000.

After many years of sojourning from one building to another the combined Y. M. H. A. and Y. W. H. A. recently moved into its new home of three floors containing libraries, gymnasiums, auditorium and other rooms equipped to give a real community service. A building fund is being created to assist the organization to enlarge its present headquarters.

Hartford has suddenly turned to Talmud Torahs and their use as community centers. As a result three Talmud Torahs will soon be located in various sections of the city with buildings occupied exclusively by the various community centers. The North-end Talmud Torah will be completed within a few weeks and occupies a site near the Emanuel synagogue. It is a new brick structure, four floors high. The Southend Talmud Torah recently announced it would also build in that section of the city.

Hartford's Jewish community dates back more than a hundred years ago and the first Kosher meat market about 40 years ago. It was then that Sam Antupitsky opened the first meat market in accordance with the dietetic laws. Mr. Antupitsky subsequently left the meat business but hundreds have entered the field to cater to the large Jewish community in Hartford consisting of more than 15,000 families.

With Mr. Antupitsky there came to Hartford at practically the same time Moses Wise and Isadore Fox. Both of these two latter men founded the nucleus of what has proven to be one of the largest department store businesses in New England.

Recently an organization of women made plans to erect a Mikvah, purchased a site and retained architects to draw specifications. The site was in a residential section of the city and when application for a building permit was made the zoning commission after due deliberation granted such to the organization. This met with the almost instant disapproval of neighbors and an action was brought into the Common Pleas Court asking a restraining order against such a program. The court decided however that the building was proper and not an enterprise by which an individual or company would derive a profit and advised the women to proceed with their building.

three butcher-shops in Minsk which will sell both kosher and treifah meat, and efforts will be made to increase the use of treifah meat among the Jewish population.

ARAB MAYOR SAYS JEWISH DEMANDS BEING FULFILLED

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Haifa, Feb. 7.—Hassan bey Shukri, the Mayor of Haifa, and Dr. Bernard Hauser, the Polish Commercial Councillor in Palestine, attended the meeting of the Jewish Communal Council held here today.

Mr. Levin who welcomed the guest said that thanks to the Mayor good relations prevail between the representatives of the various Communities in Haifa. The fact that Poland had appointed Dr. Hauser, a Zionist leader, as its economic representative in Palestine, he added, was of great importance for the development of trade relations between the two countries.

The Mayor, Hassan bey Shukri, said that he was endeavoring to work on behalf of all sections of the population. The Jewish demands with regard to the right of the Hebrew language and the employment of Jewish clerks and workers in the Municipality were being gradually fulfilled. He extended his best wishes to Dr. Hauser in his work for the benefit of Poland and Palestine.

Dr. Hauser spoke of the importance of developing economic and other relations with Poland where there are three million Jews. He recalled that there had been cooperation and friendship between the Arabs and the Jews in the past and he expressed his opinion that Hassan bey Shukri was the right man to re-establish such relations at present.

DOLES TO UNEMPLOYED WHO ARE NOT MARRIED STOPPED

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Tel Aviv, Feb. 7.—The local workers' council at its meeting held here last night, has decided to stop the distribution of the weekly relief doles to unmarried unemployed, as it transpires that work is now available for all of them in the country. They number about 350. The total number of unemployed in Tel Aviv is a little over 2,000. Schemes have already been drafted to provide work for them all very shortly.



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