

Tel. V. Price 4 Cents

Sunday, February 26, 1928

Ent. as 2nd Class Matter at Post No. 1003
Office, Long Island City, N. Y.

POLES ASK AMERICAN CITY GOVERNMENTS FOR ADVICE ON SCHECHITA QUESTION

Warsaw City Council Addresses Inquiry to 41 Municipalities
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Feb. 24.—The advice of American city governments, where the Schechita, the Jewish method of slaughtering animals, was never considered a question, was asked by the city government of Warsaw where the issue has been raised as a result of anti-Semitic agitation.

In accordance with a decision taken by the joint commission of the Warsaw city government and City Council, appointed to institute an inquiry into the subject, a questionnaire asking replies to twenty-seven points was addressed to the forty-one cities abroad. Among the cities which were asked to state their experience and opinion on the Schechita are New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, cities in Soviet Russia and in Western Europe.

The Jewish member of the joint commission protested against the inquiry, contending that this might raise a question with regard to the Schechita in cities where it has never come up. He was overruled on this point.

NO INJURIES SUFFERED IN PALESTINE EARTHQUAKE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 24.—Although the buildings of the Hebrew University on Mount Scopus were damaged in yesterday's earthquake, work in the institution continues uninterrupted, Dr. Judah I. Magnes, chancellor of the Hebrew University, declared in a statement today.

The shock was felt sharply throughout the country. However, no serious damage was caused. No injuries were suffered by any of the population.

DENY MAN WAS KILLED AT ELECTION MEETING

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, Feb. 24.—The report that Isaac Parker, member of the local branch of the Orthodox Jewish organization, Agudath Israel, was killed at an election meeting held in Dobromyl, Eastern Galicia, was denied in an official statement issued by the organization.

It was stated that the late Mr. Parker, who was seventy-eight years old, had suffered from heart trouble and his demise was due to heart failure at the close of the meeting.

HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENT PASSES NUMERUS CLAUSUS MODIFICATION BILL

Form Changed But Discrimination Remains; Discriminatory Measure Will Be Revised in Ten Years, Klebelsberg Tells House; Hard Working American Jews Cited as Argument in Debate; Zionism Also Issue

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Feb. 24.—The Government bill which modifies the form of the numerus clausus law but leaves intact the restrictions against Jewish students in the Hungarian universities and colleges was passed today by the House of Representatives by a vote of 139 to 32.

Prior to the vote a group of thirty deputies introduced a motion asking for a roll call. The vote began in an atmosphere of excitement, Count Bethlen, Prime Minister was the first on the list to cast his vote for the bill. The chamber was crowded with deputies and visitors.

The last speaker in the debate which lasted nearly two weeks was the Socialist Deputy Peidl.

Budapest, Feb. 23.—The question of what the greater majority of American Jews are—hard working men and women or "white collar" men, was raised in Hungary's capital as a weighty issue in connection with the debate which is now going on in parliament on the Government bill to modify the numerus clausus law limiting the number of Jewish students in Hungarian universities and colleges.

Anti-Semitic deputies in their arguments in the House for the numerus

ESTHONIAN JEWS PRAISE GOVERNMENT ON TENTH INDEPENDENCE ANNIVERSARY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Feb. 24.—The Jewish population of the Republic of Estonia actively participated in the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the independence of the country held here this week.

On this occasion the Jewish National Council of Estonia, where the Jewish community enjoys cultural autonomy, issued a proclamation greeting the Government and people of Estonia and expressing its gratitude for the religious and cultural autonomy which serves as an outstanding example to all liberty loving States.

The Estonian Government, in a proclamation issued in Estonian, Yiddish and Hebrew, guaranteed the national and civic rights of all nationalities living in the Republic.

clausus against Jewish students declared that the discriminatory measure is intended to bar Jews from the "easy" professions since Jews generally shirk manual work and prefer to be "white collar" workers. In support of this contention they asserted that American Jews, too, have preference for professional work.

This contention called forth a spirited reply in the Hungarian newspaper, "Pesti Naplo." The newspaper quoted facts and figures showing that the preponderant majority of American Jews are engaged in trades which require hard physical work. In New York the greater majority of Jews are tailors and furriers, typesetters and printers. Generally what is typical of the Jewish trades in the United States is that they require hard physical labor.

Many Hungarians who have spent several years in the United States confirmed this observation in letters to the newspaper.

The "Pester Lloyd" in an editorial today raised the following questions. How will the Hungarian delegation, consisting of three hundred members, which is proceeding to the United States to celebrate the Kossuth Liberty Memorial, be able to join those American Jews of Hungarian birth in

(Continued on Page 4)

DR. WEIZMANN POSTPONES SAILING DATE TO MARCH 14

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 24.—Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, will sail for New York on March 14, it was announced here.

Dr. Weizmann had previously planned to leave on the steamer "Majestic," on February 29.

WILL DEPORT IRAQI JEWS REFUGEES FROM PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 24.—Sixteen Jewish immigrants who were arrested on the frontier near Metulah in their attempt to cross the border into Palestine without proper visas will be deported, according to a court sentence.

The group came from the Mosul district, whence they fled because of religious persecutions.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN CO.

Publication Office:

116 Bridge Plaza South, Long Island City, N.Y.

Address A. Mail to

Executive and Editorial Office:

61 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Jacob Landau.....President

Samuel Bienstock.....Treasurer

John Simons.....Secretary

William Z. Spiegelman.....Editor

Vol. V. Sunday, Feb. 26, 1928 No. 1063

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York.....611 Broadway

London.....244 High Holborn

Paris.....5, Rue Cardinal Mercier, Paris VIII

Berlin.....Eisenbahnstrasse 6, Berlin-Halensee

Warsaw.....Ulka Aleje Jerolimskie Nr. 18

Jerusalem.....Hasolel Bldg. Calro

Calro.....13, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates

U.S. and Canada Foreign

One Year.....\$10.00 \$15.00

Six Months.....6.00 8.00

One Month.....1.00 1.50

Entered as second-class matter July 19, 1927, at the Post Office at L. I. City, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

MR. M. GROSSMAN RESIGNS FROM J. T. A.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 14.—Mr. M. Grossman has resigned from the Board of Directors of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency and has issued the following statement:

"After having for eight years conducted the affairs of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency and its associated companies which I established in 1919 together with Mr. J. Landau, I have now resigned my Directorship in these companies and have parted with my holdings. I declare herewith that from February the 8th I bear no responsibility whatever for the financial affairs and activities of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency and its associated companies."

Mr. Jacob Landau, Director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, who has come to London in order to take steps for the further development of the work of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, issued the following statement in connection with the resignation of Mr. Grossman from the Jewish Telegraphic Agency:

"On the occasion of Mr. Grossman's resignation, I wish to state that the work of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency will be continued on the same lines as heretofore."

Rabbi Nisn Yablonsky, dean of the Hebrew Theological College, died on Friday, Feb. 17. He had been connected with the institution for five years, since his arrival from Poland. He is survived by his widow and three daughters. The funeral took place on Monday.

CLEVELAND AND ST. LOUIS DRIVES RAISE \$457,782 FOR JEWISH ORPHANS HOME

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cleveland, Feb. 23.—The completion of the Cleveland and St. Louis campaigns for the new building fund of the Cleveland Jewish Orphan Home insures the early breaking of ground for the buildings, it is announced here by Fred Lazarus, Jr., president of the home. Cleveland with a quota of \$250,000 raised \$370,082.65 and St. Louis with a quota of \$50,000 raised \$85,700. Graduates of the home now residing in Cleveland contributed more than \$50,000 to the new building fund, and graduates residing in St. Louis contributed \$18,000 toward their community quota.

Officers of the Cleveland campaign were Maurice Rohrheimer, general chairman; Irwin N. Loeser, campaign chairman; Rabbi A. H. Silver, vice-chairman.

Emil Mayer and Dr. Charles Rederer served as co-chairmen of the St. Louis campaign.

The sum of \$1,600,000 is being sought of which the eight States of B'nai Brith District No. 2 have assumed a quota of \$1,000,000 and the eight States of District No. 6 \$600,000. Campaigns have been completed in Ohio and Missouri and are nearing completion in Indiana, Kentucky and Colorado will conduct a campaign next month.

NISSIM BEHAR HONORED ON EIGHTIETH BIRTHDAY

Nissim Behar, prominent Jewish communal worker, active in many Jewish and humanitarian causes, was honored on the occasion of his eightieth birthday at a dinner given at the Broadway Central Hotel by a testimonial committee.

Several hundred leading New York Jews were present at the banquet where tributes were paid to the venerable leader who was the founder of the Alliance Israélite Universelle schools in the Orient.

Mr. Behar, a native of Jerusalem, who achieved prominence in the humanitarian work of the Alliance in the Near East, arrived in the United States in 1901. He became active in many organizations, forming the Liberal Immigration League and taking an active part in the discussion of immigration questions. He was the originator of the idea of a Federation of Jewish Organizations and the Jewish Big Brother Association.

Harold Debrest, chairman of the testimonial committee, acted as toastmaster. The speakers who paid tribute to Nissim Behar included Rabbi Bernard Drachman, Rev. Z. H. Masliansky, David L. Podell, former governor William Sulzer and others.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

Spokane Jewish Community, Handicapped by Isolated Position, Experiences Revival

(By Our Spokane Correspondent)

Spokane, Washington, Feb. 16.—Although numbering only about eight-tenths of one per cent. of the total population of Spokane, the Jewish community contributes about 5 per cent. of the income of the Community Chest. Besides they maintain the Jewish Welfare Community Chest for Jewish institutions not affiliated with the general community chest.

The Jewish community of Spokane has been practically at a standstill for a number of years with a possible tendency toward falling off because the community is more or less isolated. There now seems to be an awakening, however, new faces are appearing and many Jewish people from the East and other parts of the country are showing interest in Spokane.

The city is experiencing an industrial change. As an evidence of his faith in Spokane, L. N. Rosenbaum, New York capitalist, is building a new \$1,000,000 theatre in the heart of the city and will build a \$2,000,000 office building for doctors and dentists during the year.

For the first time in the history of Spokane, the District Grand Lodge Convention of the B'nai Brith will be held here in June. All lodges on the Pacific Coast including Washington, Oregon, California, Arizona, Nevada, Utah, Idaho and Montana will be represented when from 250 to 300 delegates and members of the Ladies' Auxiliary will assemble at the Dayvont Hotel according to tentative arrangements.

It is claimed that the B'nai Brith of Spokane numbering 200 members is one of the strongest in the country in proportion to the population. Sidney J. Ostroski is president and Lawrence Selter secretary. The lodge appears to be more of a unit than in some other places, there being fewer outside interests.

Jewish women of the city take an active hand in all philanthropic work carried on in Spokane.

Mrs. B. Copeland is also president of the Council of Jewish Women and Mrs. Ralph Mackoss is president of the local women's auxiliary to the B'nai Brith. Among other activities the Council sponsors a student's loan fund for Jewish college students.

The Jewish community of Spokane is divided about equally between the Orthodox and Reform element with a sprinkling of Zionists. The problem

(Continued on page 4)

RABBI MEYER BERLIN, LEADER OF MIZRACHI, LEAVES U.S. ON HIS RETURN TO PALESTINE

Says American Jews are Willing to Aid Palestine Rebuilding But New Methods Necessary

Rabbi Meyer Berlin, international President of the Mizrahi, the Orthodox wing of the Zionist movement, who came to the United States heading the Mizrahi delegation from Palestine composed of Chief Rabbi Uziel of Tel Aviv and Rabbi J. L. Fishman, sailed on the steamer "Olympic" for Europe Friday on his return to Palestine.

When interviewed by a representative of the Jewish Daily Bulletin before his departure Rabbi Berlin summarized his impressions of the present state of affairs in American Zionism and the outlook for the future. The reason for the present condition, he stated, was the fact that the present Zionist leadership is composed of men who have been in the movement for a long time and of elements who have joined the movement only recently. Because of the differences in attitude and in experience, cohesion of the two elements to produce fruitful results is a difficult problem which hampers the growth and fails to instill a new spirit, to shape new policies and to coin new slogans in accordance with changing conditions.

"None the less, one feels optimistic for the future of Zionism in the United States," Rabbi Berlin declared. "Despite all the difficulties the movement is developing and expanding in a definite way. Great hope for Zionism in this country lies in the strengthening of the Mizrahi."

"It is a great mistake to believe that the Mizrahi is in rivalry with the general Zionist Organization. The contrary is true. The Mizrahi idea deepens Zionist consciousness, particularly in the United States where the majority of the Zionist contributors are Orthodox Jews, members of congregations strongly inclined toward a religious view. The Mizrahi will strengthen and fortify the Zionist spirit and devotion in the reconstruction of Palestine. If the present leadership of the Mizrahi in the United States will succeed in enlisting increasing numbers of members of congregations in the Mizrahi organization by the establishment of Mizrahi societies in each synagogue—and I believe that this is possible—there will come added strength not only to the Mizrahi but to the Zionist movement at large. There is no more devoted Zionism than that which rests on the religious feeling.

"If it is true that the present reports coming from Palestine create depression among the Jews of the Diaspora, including America, it is certain that the day is not far off when new reports will take their place. Notwithstanding the difficulties of those enterprises, which are dependent upon the Zionist Organization and its funds, one can clearly see the sun Palestine. The growth of Haifa as a

400,000 MARKS FOR JEWISH COMMUNAL INSTITUTIONS VOTED BY PRUSSIAN DIET

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 24.—The sum of 400,000 marks was voted in the Prussian Government budget for those Jewish communities in Prussia unable to fully support their communal institutions.

This item was passed by a resolution of the main committee of the Prussian Diet. The Deutschnazionale, anti-Semitic group, and the Communists voted against the proposal. The socialist deputies abstained from voting.

While deciding to continue the state subsidy for those Jewish communities which are weak, the committee declined to vote an additional item of 200,000 Marks for pensions for aged rabbis and support for their families.

rising on the horizon of new work in harbor city, the development of many regions in Judea and Samaria by the planting of orange groves, the growth of Jerusalem and its environs through the inauguration of work at the Dead Sea and the entrenchment of many colonies which are now shedding their temporary form and assuming a more permanent foundation—all this is just ahead of us. When we add the coming Ruttenberg work, the development of the hot springs in Tiberias and similar projects, it is possible to expect a betterment in the situation in Palestine, provided, however, that we will arm ourselves with the necessary patience to help those who need help until their situation improves.

"In my opinion the first condition for the betterment of the situation is that the financial investments made in Palestine for the development of the country be our own without dependence upon international loans. I do not believe that we are strong enough politically and otherwise to be able to receive too much aid from the outside without inviting difficulties in the future. Our task is to enlighten our own men of means as to the possibilities in Palestine not only for fulfilling the religious or national commandments but also to carry on business and make profits.

"When our men of affairs will begin to understand and believe in the economic power of Palestine perhaps we will not need any loans since the private investments will be enough. Through private initiative there will be opened a way for a new life of work and prosperity.

"My observation as to conditions in American Jewry I would like to sum up by saying that now, as ten years ago, there is still a great possibility for enlisting the aid of American Jews in the reconstruction of Palestine. Now as then the majority of American Jews, even when the extreme Reformers and the extreme radicals in the labor movement are not taken into account, do attach great importance to the Zionist movement and its aims," Rabbi Berlin concluded.

NEW DRASTIC BILL AGAINST IMMIGRATION INTRODUCED IN U.S. CONGRESS BY GASQUE

Senate Asks President for Information on Status of National Origins Plan Investigations (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, February 23. — A bill for the suspension of immigration into the United States, even more drastic than that recently introduced by Representative Blanton of Texas, has been introduced in the House by Representative Gasque, Democrat, of South Carolina. Under this bill all immigration of aliens to the United States is prohibited commencing with thirty days after the passage of the bill.

The only exceptions provided by the bill are in favor of the parents over fifty years of age, unmarried sisters, widows, daughters and sons not over eighteen, who would be allowed to enter. The bill also exempts Government officials, their families and members of their suite, travellers for business or pleasure, ministers, religious teachers, missionaries, lawyers, authors, chemists, civil engineers, artists, teachers and students.

Congressman Brand of Georgia has introduced a bill to cancel certificates of citizenship of aliens who procured the same illegally or fraudulently, and further providing that if any naturalized citizen returns to the country of his nativity, and takes permanent residence there it shall be considered prima facie evidence of a lack of intention to become a permanent citizen of the United States, and in the absence of countervailing evidence, shall be sufficient to authorize cancellation of citizenship as fraudulent. The bill calls upon American diplomatic and consular officers in foreign countries to furnish the Department of Justice with the names of such naturalized citizens.

The bill defines that a person is not of "good moral character" under the naturalization law if he "is not attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and not well disposed to the laws and the good order and happiness of the United States."

As to the meaning of "good moral character" the bill states: "if he is not otherwise of good moral character within the usual meaning of the term."

The House Immigration Committee at its meeting on Tuesday confined itself to a further consideration of the bill of Congressman Box of Texas to place all countries of the Western Hemisphere on a quota basis for immigration. Congressman Black, Sanders and Henry Ward were the speakers.

Washington, Feb. 24 — The Senate (Continued on Page 4)

