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FRITSCH SAYS HE WILL NOT DISCONTINUE CIRCULATION OF 'INTERNATIONAL JEW'

Declares German Jurists Have Ad-
vised Him to Continue

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 7.—Theodor Fritsch will continue to publish and circulate Henry Ford's "International Jew," despite the instructions issued to him by Mr. Ford to discontinue its circulation. Announcement to this effect was made by Fritsch in an advertisement in the "Boersenblatt fuer Deutschen Buchhandel." In his advertisement, Fritsch declares prominent German jurists had advised him that he is entitled to continue publication and circulation of the book.

According to a report in the "C. V. Zeitung," the organ of the Central Union of German Citizens of the Jewish Faith, Fritsch has asked compensation of 40,000 Marks from Ford for withdrawing the book. He had set January 9 as the date by which he should receive "compliance" with his terms. Agreement to this effect had not been forthcoming from Henry Ford, the paper states.

WIND DROPS AWAY LOCUSTS, SAVES CRIPS IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 7.—Danger of an onslaught on Palestine crops by a horde of locusts was averted when a wind swept the pests away toward the south-eastern desert.

A horde of locusts appeared near Petra. The Palestine Government dispatched experts to save the crops but the danger had passed when they arrived.

ROUMANIA BANS JEWS FROM AIR SERVICE, REPORT SAYS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Czernowitz, Feb. 7.—A secret order that no Jews should be admitted to the air force has been issued by the Ministry of War, according to a report published in the "Vorwaerts" here.

No official statement on this subject could be secured.

MISSIONARY SONG TO TUNE OF HATIKVAH COMPOSED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 7. — A missionary song in Hebrew has been composed by Jewish missionaries here. The words are set to the music of the Zionist hymn, Hatikvah.

2,800 SITES ARE REGISTERED IN PALESTINE FOR EXCAVA- TION, PROF. GARSTANG SAYS

Offers American Committee for Pal-
estine Exploration His Cooperation

Two thousand eight hundred sites in Palestine have been registered by the Antiquities Department of the Palestine government as places of historic interest for archaeological exploration, declared Dr. John Garstang of the Institute of Archaeology of the University of Liverpool, and formerly head of the Department of Antiquities of the Palestine Government, at a dinner given in his honor by the Jewish Palestine Exploration Society. The dinner was held at the City Club. Elisha Friedman, chairman of the American Committee of the Society, presided.

Archaeological excavations in Palestine must be conducted on the basis of international cooperation as the entire world is interested in Palestine's past, Professor Garstang stated in his address which was illustrated by moving pictures showing the progress of the research work carried on by him on the route followed during Joshua's campaign. The excavations made along the route bear out to the fullest degree the description given in the Bible. A map of the campaign can be reconstituted on the basis of the discoveries with greater precision than can maps of the world war campaigns, he stated. There are fewer discrepancies between the description given in the Book of Joshua and the testimony furnished by the findings, than between the German and French version of the military operations of the world war. The outline of

(Continued on page 4)

JEWS WELCOME NEW PRIMATE OF HUNGARY WHO REPLACES LATE CARDINAL CZERNOCH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Feb. 7.—A deputation of the local kehillah headed by Chief Rabbi Spiegel greeted the new Hungarian Primate, Cardinal Seredi, upon his arrival at his residence in Esterhorm.

Rabbi Spiegel, who addressed the Cardinal in Hebrew, declared that his predecessor, Cardinal Czernoch, had been beloved by the Jews, who mourned his death. They hoped for similar friendly relations with the new Cardinal, the Rabbi declared.

Cardinal Seredi in reply declared "We must all work together for the welfare of the fatherland; none should be excluded. So far as my powers permit, I shall never allow such exclusion."

GIVES FURTHER DETAILS OF SIBERIA COLONIZATION PLAN IN REPORT TO OZET

Expect to Settle 1,000 Jewish Fam-
ilies During Summer of 1929

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Feb. 7.—Further details of the Jewish plan in Bureya, Siberia, recommended by the Comzet, the Governmental department for settling Jews on the land, were given by Samuel Weizmann, brother of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, who is an active worker in the Jewish colonization activities in Russia.

Mr. Weizmann in a report submitted to the Ozet, the Society for Settling Jews on the Land, in Charkoff stated that the economic conditions prevailing in the Soviet Union will compel a large mass of Jews to emigrate from their places of residence. The preparatory work to meet this situation must be undertaken immediately. In the summer of 1929 it will be possible to settle about 1,000 Jews in the Bureya region. The preparatory work on the land slated for colonization will require the sum of \$250,000, which will probably be granted by the Government. Chinese and Jewish workers may be employed in this project during the first five years about ten thousand Jewish families may be settled in the region, he stated.

The plan of the Comzet describes the region slated for this colonization work as marked by the following frontiers; the Mikhaelovo-Semenovsk District and the Ekaterina-Mikolsk District within the present administrative boundaries and part of the Khingan-Acharinsk District bordering on the west up to the River Khingan, with the strip to the north of the railway line of the station of Ablutchie as far as the River Urmi.

The "Emes," Communist daily, in writing of the plan stated: "The cost of settlement would be about 2,000 (Continued on page 3)

JEWS OF GENEVA APPEAL TO LEAGUE FOR ROUMANIA JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Feb. 7.—Memoranda on the anti-Jewish excesses in Roumania were submitted to the League's Secretariat by Rabbi Balizer acting on behalf of the board of the Geneva Kehillah.

The Rabbi drew attention to the assurances given Lucien Wolf, secretary of the Joint Foreign Committee, by Minister Titulescu.

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HUNGARIAN GOVERNMENT ABANDONS NUMERUS CLAUSUS MODIFICATION BILL

Action of Government Believed to be Due to Pressure of Anti-Semitic Parties

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Jan. 6.—The government bill proposing to modify the numerus clausus law will not be taken up at this session of parliament, present indications show.

It seems that due to the pressure of the anti-Semitic parties, the government has abandoned its insistence on the bill. In a statement issued by Vice-speaker of Parliament, Puky, he declared that the numerus clausus bill will not be considered an urgent question in the near future.

ANTI-SEMITISM IS ISSUE IN ENGLISH BY-ELECTIONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 6.—The Jewish issue was injected in the parliamentary by-election which will take place in Northampton.

Mr. Halliwood, an independent Conservative, is opposing the regular Conservative candidate. Halliwood's campaign is strongly featured by anti-Semitic propaganda. He urges the abandonment by England of the League of Nations since the League, he asserts, "is being used against Britain by alien international financiers, mostly Jewish."

IMMIGRANTS TO CANADA TO BE EXAMINED ABROAD

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, Jan. 6.—The new immigration inspection law of Canada is in operation since the first of the year. Immigrants to Canada are examined by Canadian doctors in the nearest large city or seaport, free of charge, and if fit are allowed to book passage. This new law does not do away with medical inspection at Quebec, the port of entry, but there is less chance of the immigrant being turned down. Immigration inspectors have also been sent to England by the Federal Government to examine intending settlers as to their fitness in other ways.

DR. I. ZOLLSCHAN CALLED TO POST IN JERUSALEM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Jan. 6.—Dr. Ignaz Zollschan, internationally known anthropologist, was appointed chief of the X-Ray Department of the Hadassah medical organization in Palestine.

SUCCESS OF PALESTINE FARMERS DEPENDS ON SPECI- ALIZATION, SAYS SIR JOHN

Jewish Agency Expert Commissioner, Sir John Russell, Reports to London Geographical Society

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 6.—The success of the Jewish farmers in Palestine will depend upon their taking a distinctive line in the agricultural development, was the opinion expressed by Sir John Russell, member of the Experts Commission of the Jewish Agency in a lecture he delivered before the Geographical Association here.

To be successful, the Jewish farmers in Palestine will have to specialize in products of higher quality or such products that ripen early in the season, to compete with others on the world market.

The Jewish farmers should strive to produce special products of high quality and maintain a distinctive line of produce, not simply merging in the general world supply of goods of moderate quality, Sir John declared. This method will allow the Jewish agriculturists full scope for their intelligence, individuality and business ability. While the Jewish farmers will aim at producing a distinctive line, the Arabs can continue to produce the ordinary agricultural produce of the country, he said.

The maritime plain, Sir John continued, is eminently suited for fruit growing, especially citrus fruits, bananas and grapes. The Jordan valley can produce tropical fruits like pineapples and interesting possibilities exist if the water supply would be regulated.

PERMIT FOR DENVER HOSPITAL BRANCH IN GOSHEN DENIED

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Middletown, N. Y., Jan. 6.—The application of the Jewish Consumptive Relief Association of Denver, Colo. for the establishment of a sanitarium near Goshen, N. Y. for the treatment of tuberculosis was denied by the State Board of Charities.

Some time ago the association purchased a valuable property a short distance from the village, expecting to obtain permission for the establishment of a large institution. The movement was opposed by the village and town authorities, and the State Board, to which the final appeal was made, has sustained the objectors.

The latter contended that such an institution should be established at places where there are others of a like character, including Liberty, Saranac Lake and Otisville.

ROUMANIA IS IMPRESSED BY REPORT OF AMERICAN COM- MITTEE ON MINORITIES' RIGHTS

Appeal Filed with Higher Court Against Prison Terms for Nine Anti-Semitic Students

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Jan. 6.—The full text of the report of the American Committee on the Rights of Religious Minorities on the treatment of national minorities in Roumania, and particularly of the Jewish population in the country was published by the Roumanian press. The "Adevărul," influential Roumanian paper, featured the report.

Roumanian public opinion was greatly interested in the conclusions of the deputation of the American Committee and particularly in its indictment of the leaders of the Greek Orthodox church and professors in the Roumanian universities and colleges as taking a leading part in the agitation against the Jews and other minorities.

Bucharest, Jan. 6.—An appeal against the decision of the court martial sentencing to prison nine of the students who participated in the anti-Jewish riots in Oradea mare was made by the anti-Semitic Students League.

The appeal will come up before the Court of Appeals on January 11.

Great excitement prevails among the Roumanian students in all university towns because of the prison sentences imposed upon the students.

The Roumanian newspaper "Lupta" criticizes the government, declaring that the government now finds itself in a precarious position since it has shown itself weak and the students, instead of submitting, are threatening the government.

MEETING OF STUDENTS IN HARTFORD PROTESTS ROUMANIAN EXCESSES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Hartford, Jan. 6.—Students representing more than twenty colleges and universities in the United States, attending a mass meeting at Emanuel Synagogue in this city, adopted a resolution protesting against the outrages committed against the Jews in Roumania. The resolution is to be sent to all national students' councils in America and Europe.

The colleges represented at the meeting by students were Yale, Harvard, Syracuse, Pennsylvania, Radcliff, Columbia, Boston, Conn. College for Women, Connecticut Agricultural College, Tufts, Jefferson

(Continued on page 4)

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ZIONISTS, CONSERVATIVES
IN BERLIN KEHILLAH COM-
BINE AGAINST LIBERALS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 7.—Zionist and Conservative delegates on the board of the Berlin Kehillah combined to oppose the influence of the Liberals who held the power in the Berlin communal board for many years.

The Zionists together with the Conservatives control eleven votes against the ten of the Liberals. A similar situation prevails in the Federation of Jewish Communities in Prussia.

Liberal leaders voiced their complaint at this political combine, declaring that unless the community work is carried on in a spirit of cooperation instead of "blind blocking" everything suggested by the Liberals in the two bodies, Jewish communal life will be disrupted in Prussia.

ITALIAN KING RECEIVES
DEPUTATION OF ZIONISTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, Feb. 7. King Victor Emmanuel granted an audience yesterday to prominent leaders in the Italian Jewish community.

Ciro Glass, president of the Italian Zionist Federation, Professor I. Sacerdoti, Chief Rabbi of Italy, Mr. Sereni, president of the Jewish community of Rome, were received by the King. Mr. Sereni presented the King with a silver box containing Palestine coins.

King Victor Emmanuel expressed sympathy with the Zionist movement and asked details of the colonization work in Palestine. The audience lasted for an hour.

J.D.B. NEWS LETTER

Dictatorship in Lithuania Weighs
Heavily on the General and
Jewish Population

(By our Kovno correspondent)

Kovno, Jan. 11.—It is some time now since Lithuania has been under the military dictatorship of President Smetona and Premier Voldemaras, and it is more or less possible to estimate what effect it has had on the life of the 150,000 Jewish inhabitants of Lithuania.

No one saw any great prospects for the Jews under the new regime, for from the beginning it took office under the slogan—"The Minorities must have no influence in the affairs of the State!" And the influence of the Jews on the life of the country has indeed been reduced to nil. No one takes any account of the Jewish demands and never on any occasion has a Jewish representative been consulted on any question. The President has even refused to receive the Jewish delegations which came to intervene with him on behalf of Jewish workers who were sentenced to death on charges of Communist activity. The Government desired thus to make it clear that it does not wish to reckon with the Jews at all. It desired in particular to make this clear to the real rulers of the country, the officers and Generals before whom the Government is forever abasing itself, since to them it owes its power.

There is no Sejm in Lithuania. There has not been a Sejm for a long time. Its place has been taken by the Kovno Officers Club. It is this Club which gives

JEWISH NATIONAL LIBRARY
ASKED BY LEAGUE BODY TO
AID IN INTERNATIONAL WORK

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 7.—The Jewish National Library, which is part of the Hebrew University, was invited by the League of Nations Committee for Intellectual Cooperation Among the Nations to cooperate in two projects.

The Jewish National Library was asked to make its contribution toward the international volume of historical bibliography for the year 1927. The library was also invited to co-editorship of the volumes prepared by the League committee on the history of religions. Other co-editors of the volume are the German and Austrian national libraries.

JEWISH CEMETERY IN ROU-
MANIAN TOWN DESACRATED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Feb. 7.—The Jewish cemetery at Dranceni near Husi was desecrated last night by unknown vandals. The cemetery was completely destroyed.

the Government all its instructions, and it is from this Club that the Government derives its power to rule over a peasant population of two million.

Even in foreign affairs the Officers' Club has the deciding voice. Before he left for Geneva, the Premier, Professor Voldemaras, came to the Club for instructions and when he returned from Geneva he went to the Club to report.

The officers feel themselves the real rulers of the country, and everyone feels the spur of the military jackboot. And more than all, the Jewish population feels it, especially in the provincial places. The inevitable amusement on any holiday is for a few drunken officers to beat Jews. Drunken officers have even shot at Jews in the street. One woman in Panevez was mortally wounded. But, of course, the culprits are never proceeded against.

One does not believe that the Government or the higher military authorities, even if they are avowed anti-Semites, really desire these anti-Jewish excesses, but they appear to be powerless to prevent them or to punish the guilty. The Government recognizes that it is in power not by the will of the people, but by the will of the officers and the Generals, and it must therefore turn the blind eye upon their misdeeds.

This state of affairs has naturally had a very deplorable effect upon the Jewish masses. It accounts for the very humble attitude of the Jewish delegations which receive the President on all his visits to the provinces. Anxious to ingratiate themselves in the favor of the ruler, they assure him not only of the determination of the Jews to fight for the independence of Lithuania, but they even sing songs of praise to the present regime and assure the present Government of their support. They remind one of the Jewish delegations which used to go out to meet the Czar in the olden days. In one town, an aged Rabbi has even fallen to his knees to kiss the hand of the President.

There is no need to explain that with such a feeling dominant, Jewish social life has absolutely disappeared and except for the synagogue there is no Jewish activity at all in the country. The Jewish public is as if in a state of trance. From time to time, it rouses itself when it hears of another death sentence passed by the court martial upon a Jew, but it falls asleep again immediately.

The high and mighty personages who govern the country, however, are not assured by this state of lethargy. They fear (not only with regard to the Jews) that under the surface there is a subterranean movement going on preparing for the overthrow of the regime. And arrests are taking place all over the country.

Recently six Jews were put on trial at Antion on a charge of nothing less than organizing armed insurrection. When the accused were brought into court, the judges simply refused to believe their

FUNERAL SERVICES TODAY FOR E. W. BLOOMINGDALE, WELL KNOWN MERCHANT

Funeral services will be held today for the late Emanuel Watson Bloomingdale, vice-chairman of the New York Bridge and Tunnel Commission, prominent merchant and welfare worker, who died Monday morning. He was in his seventy-sixth year.

Mr. Bloomingdale, who was born in Rome, N. Y., became identified with Bloomingdale's Department Store in 1883. He was a trustee of the Hudson Tercentenary Commission of Seventy in 1894, a trustee of the McKinley National Memorial Association and Treasurer of the Election Laws Improvement Association. He also served as Republican Presidential Elector in 1900, in the Electoral College which made William McKinley President.

In 1905 he decided to give up his interest in the department store to devote his full time to the practice of law and his many philanthropic and public service interests. In 1906 he was appointed a member of the Bridge and Tunnel Commission, and when a similar New Jersey commission was formed for the building of the Holland Tunnel he became a member of the joint group.

During the past seven years Mr. Bloomingdale devoted most of his time to the construction and planning of the Holland Tunnel. At the time of his death he was Acting Chairman of the Bridge and Tunnel Commission in the absence of Gen. George R. Dyer.

He had also served several years as President of the Board of Managers of Juvenile Delinquents, under whose auspices the House of Refuge is conducted in this city. He held that office until his death.

The funeral services will be held at seven o'clock this morning in the Chapel of Salem Fields Cemetery, Brooklyn.

two eyes. "The organizers of armed insurrection" were six ordinary Antion residents who are obviously more concerned with the Beth Hemedrash than with revolutions. It ooked ridiculous. What had happened was that on Simchas Torah the six Jews has drunk a glass or two too many and had made a bit of a noise in the street. The policeman had come along and there were some words between them, and the policeman went away and wrote out a protocol, not a charge of disturbing the public peace, but of organizing "armed insurrection." Fortunately, the judges realized the position and passed sentences on the accused varying from six months to six weeks.

This shows how easy it is today in Lithuania for any little official to bring the most serious charges against a Jew,

(Continued on page 4)

SENATE COMMITTEE AGAINST EXEMPTING DECLARANTS' RELATIVES FROM QUOTA

Recommends Preference Within Quota After Relatives of Citizens

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 7.—Preference within the quota, instead of exemption from the quota for the wives and children under eighteen of declarants, as was originally proposed, was recommended by the Senate Immigration Committee, it was learned when the official report of the committee was filed by Senator David Reed of Pennsylvania.

The misunderstanding in the press reports, which stated that exemption from the quota had been recommended by the Senate Committee, was due to the fact that the committee's action took the form of a vote on the resolution introduced by Senator Royal S. Copeland of New York, providing for the exemption, the committee amended it so that it now provides for preference within the quota.

It was learned that when the resolution came up at the committee meeting Senator Copeland was absent and Senator Reed opposed the granting of exemption, submitting an amendment for preference. Senator Reed stated that this is as far as the committee should go with regard to aiding the uniting of separated families.

It is feared that the Senate Committee's action destroys the hope that substantial relief will be forthcoming during this session of Congress. In its present form the resolution as reported by the committee will furnish very little relief, owing to the small quotas and the fact that half of the quotas are assigned for agricultural laborers and the remaining half will have to be shared by the wives and children, parents and husbands of American citizens who are already in the preferred class.

In his report Senator Reed admits the resolution in its present form will not increase the total immigration.

The report states that "the committee is firmly of the opinion that the policy of restricted immigration as declared by the Act of 1924 should not be departed from, but at the same time, it believes that it is entirely consistent with that policy to give a preference to the relatives of intending citizens in order that family reunion may be hastened and that the natural feelings of affection of these citizens-to-be shall be recognized." The report adds: The committee believes the passage of the resolution will have the effect of removing in many cases real distress."

Surprise was expressed at the change

NEW YORK \$2,500,000 U. P. A. DRIVE TO OPEN NEXT WED- NESDAY AT MECCA TEMPLE

The United Palestine Appeal for Greater New York seeking to raise \$2,500,000 will be launched at a rally at Mecca Temple, on Wednesday evening February 15.

The leaders of the campaign are Judges Otto A. Rosalsky and Max S. Levine, for New York, and Judges Mitchell May and Grover M. Moscovitz for Brooklyn. They are being assisted by Mrs. Sol Rosenbloom, Honorary Chairman for Women's Activities; Mrs. Samuel C. Lampert, Chairman, Mrs. Israel Goldstein, Associate Chairman; Mrs. Louis Petchesky, Chairman of Brooklyn Women's Activities, Mrs. Adolph Slomka, Associate Chairman, Max Blumberg, Treasurer, and Samuel Blitz, Director.

The opening rally will be addressed by United States Senator William H. King of Utah, Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, Judge Grover M. Moscovitz, Gedaliah Bublik, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Judge William M. Lewis, National Chairman of the United Palestine Appeal, and Mrs. Anna Moscovitz Kross. Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Appeal, will preside.

GIVES FURTHER DETAILS OF SIBERIA COLONIZATION PLAN IN REPORT TO OZET (Continued from Page 1)

roubles per family. Thirty-five thousand families could be settled almost immediately and the region has room for a population of a million Jews, if the land is allocated for Jewish settlement before other settlers arrive. The adjoining region of Blagoveshchensk was rapidly occupied.

"The climate of the region is good and healthy. The summer is warm and moist and the winter frosty and sunny. There are no violent winds and no heavy snowfalls. There are no local diseases, no malaria. The water is good and plentiful and there is much pastureland, so that there are good possibilities of cattle breeding. Communication is good, Khabarovsk, the administrative center being only a few hours away by railway and the great port of Vladivostok only 940 kilometers distant.

"The Far East," the paper concludes, "has a tremendous future. It is our Canada or America. And the Jewish region in the Far East has opportunities of becoming the Jewish land of the future."

of attitude on the part of Senator Reed. It was pointed out that he recently made a public address in which he declared that he was in favor of relief legislation for uniting families.

2,800 SITES ARE REGISTERED IN PALESTINE FOR EXCAVATION, PROF. GARSTANG SAYS

(Continued from page 1)

Joshua's route in the conquest of Palestine was completed by Professor Garstang's discovery of Hazor, a point which also throws light on the campaign of Balak and Deborah against Siser.

A government commission is now working on the findings at Jericho which may establish on this independent basis the date of the Israelites' entry into Palestine.

Professor Garstang expressed his willingness to cooperate with the American Committee of the Jewish Palestine Exploration Society for a period of five years or more to complete the excavations.

Prof. Edwin R. A. Seligman of Columbia University spoke on the social and economic lessons derived from archaeological discoveries.

ALLIANCE SEEKS RELIEF FOR SABBATH OBSERVERS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 7.—Relief for Sabbath workers who, under the present law are permitted to work on Sunday, but not to do business on that day, is being sought by the Jewish Sabbath Alliance of America. William Rosenberg, executive secretary of the Alliance, conferred today with legislative representatives to secure relief from the Sunday law under which Seventh Day observers are often brought to court for attending to their business on Sunday.

The Sabbath Alliance urges that no persons should be forced to rest two days each week and that the State should not take sides in any religious dispute. The president of the Sabbath Alliance, Dr. Bernard Drachman, is expected to confer with legislative leaders on the question.

Dr. H. St. John Thackeray of Oxford University, who will be the Hilda Stich Stroock Lecturer at the Jewish Institute of Religion, is expected to arrive shortly. The subject of the series of lectures will be "Josephus, the Man and the Historian." The titles of the lectures are: "Life, Character and General Estimate of the Historian's Writings"; "The Jewish War"; "The Jewish Antiquities"; "Josephus and Hellenism"; "Josephus and Hellenism"; "Josephus and Christianity."

The lectures, which will be open to the public, will be held at the Jewish Institute of Religion.

A newly-organized Jewish Blind Society has been formed in Montreal, with Dr. Jacob Rosenbaum as the president. The object of the society is to find employment for the Jewish blind and they are opening a broom factory under the supervision of a special committee of the board, consisting of Messrs. Leon Fischel, Zave Levinson, Edward Simon and Charles Lesser.

J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

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and get him sentenced to death or life-long penal servitude. In this case the accused were lucky in being tried by a Civil Court. But scores and hundreds of Jews do not enjoy this good fortune and are tried by court martial.

Of course, it is not only the Jewish population which suffers under this system. It happens to anyone. If anyone has earned the enmity of a policeman or some other officials, he may be sure that he is going to prison before long for quite a stretch. It is not safe to quarrel with an official today or to arouse his resentment or his envy.

There is a case in point of the Jewish director of the book-keeping courses in the town of Tlilvishak, Mr. Barkel. When the present government took office, Mr. Barkel was delighted, for he had always been an adherent of the party led by Smetona and Voldemaras, and a few years ago he founded a branch of their party in his town. No one would have thought of suspecting him of Communism. And yet it was enough for the local police chief to make a charge against him of being a Communist, and he was arrested and interned in a concentration camp.

Or to take a second case: In Ponevez, there is a Jewish doctor named Ratchkowsky, who has for many years been a Social Democrat and is known to be a violent opponent of Communism. But the local District Chief had a long-standing dispute with him over matters of local administration, and suddenly this Jewish doctor found himself arrested and interned in a concentration camp.

These are only one or two cases to illustrate how easy it is in Lithuania to exchange one's home for a less delightful place of residence if one has in any way been luckless enough to arouse the spite of any petty official. People who are anti-Communist with heart and soul are accused of Communism and without public trial are sent away and shut up in concentration camps or prisons.

And the prisons and the concentration camps in Lithuania are filled with Jews, and there is no question there of a Numerus Clausus for Jews. Only it must be remembered that it is not the Jews alone who suffer. The whole country is groaning under the present dictatorship and everywhere the hope rises strong that things cannot go on like this much longer and that some change must take place in the Government of Lithuania.

A variety of Palestinian fruits was distributed to several thousand Jewish children who observed the annual Jewish Arbor Day, Chamisho Oror B'Shevach, with a rally at the Washington Irving High School Sunday afternoon. The celebration was under the auspices of Young Judaea, the Jewish Youth Movement of the United States.

Dr. Israel Goldstein, national president of Young Judaea, and Samuel J. Borowsky, executive chairman, were the principal speakers.

WILD CHARGES ARE FRAMED BY GERMAN ANTI-SEMITES AGAINST JEWS AND MASONS

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Berlin, Jan. 23.—The existence of a Jewish-Freemason plot against Germany is charged by the "Deutsche Tageblatt," edited by Deputies Wulke and von Graefe.

The paper publishes what it claims to be a secret plan of the Freemason General Staff. The primary aim of the conspiracy, the paper declares, is to destroy Germany as a National State, not only as a monarchy, but also as a republic. The means to be adopted in order to accomplish this and establish an all-Jewish world domination the "Tageblatt" states, are crime, war, revolutions and economic crises.

The world conspiracy has already employed the following methods in its fight for the destruction of Germany as a National State: (a) The Grand Orient de France organized the assassination of the Austrian Crown Prince. (b) This assassination plunged the world on August 2, 1914 into the world war which had been systematically prepared. Germany's war preparations were sabotaged by the Jewish-Freemasons confusing public opinion by means of false press reports, conflicts in the Reichstag, etc. Germany's entry into the Freemason League of Nations, is the first stage in the recognition of the dictatorship of a Super-State power.

"Die Welt am Montag" reproduces these statements and comments that the Nationalist propaganda in Germany appears to be no longer a matter for politicians but for mental experts. We shall have to hurry up and build more lunatic asylums, it concludes.

Professor A. L. Sacher, of the University of Illinois has been appointed pro tem director of the Hillel Foundation at Champaign, Alfred M. Cohen, president of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith announced. The appointment was made with the consent of the university faculty.

The late Rabbi Benjamin Frankel was director of the Foundation at Champaign as well as national director.

The appointment of a national director for the Hillel Foundation has been postponed.

The bronze bust of Jacob H. Schiff by Michael Breuner of Paris, was removed from the Brummer Galleries to the Montefiore Hospital in the Bronx, to which it has been presented by the directors. Mr. Schiff was one of the founders of the hospital.

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MEETING OF STUDENTS IN HARTFORD PROTESTS ROUMANIAN EXCESSES

(Continued from Page 1)

Medical, Johns Hopkins, New Britain Normal, Wesleyan, New York University, Smith, Dartmouth, and Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

The meeting opened with an address by Rabbi Morris Silverman who called attention to the outrages committed in Roumania. The students went into considerable discussion after which the resolution was adopted.

The meeting was held under the auspices of the Emanuel College Club an organization composed of young men and women attending universities in various parts of the country.

The resolutions adopted read as follows:

"Whereas the various outrages and crimes against the Jewish people of Roumania, have continued unabated in spite of the promises of the Roumanian Government to check the lawless actions of its students in attacking and killing Jews, desecrating Synagogues, burning scrolls of Law and in many other ways causing distress and suffering to fall upon the Jewish people, now, therefore, we, students of the Universities of Yale, Harvard, Brown, Syracuse, Pennsylvania, Dartmouth, Boston, Columbia, Wesleyan, New York, Smith, Radcliff, Conn. College for Women, Conn. Agricultural College, Tufts, Jefferson Medical College, Johns Hopkins, and New Britain Normal School in a meeting assembled at the Emanuel College Club, protest against the continuance of such wanton excesses and call upon the liberal and cultured students of the Universities of the world to exert their influence in preventing further injustices and wrongs against the Jews and other minority peoples in the interest of international culture, comity, brotherhood and peace."

'MENORAH JOURNAL' BECOMES MONTHLY—WITH JAN. ISSUE

With the publication of the January issue "The Menorah Journal" becomes a monthly magazine. In announcing the change, the editors state that in addition to following the changing aspects of the Jewish scene more closely, "The Menorah Journal" will deal with those general problems of contemporary civilization which are not specifically or exclusively Jewish, but which are of vital concern to the thinking Jew.

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J. D. B. NEWS LETTER

(Continued from page 2)

time determine; and to put into practical and efficient operation a system of philanthropy and to use such methods for communal undertaking as may be expedient to elevate the moral, social and intellectual condition of the Jewish people."

The work of the Charities is not limited to the local community. The local organization is affiliated with a number of national social agencies and lends material support to the work of the larger bodies, such as national orphanages, hospitals, immigration agencies, and other groups doing national welfare work. But the philanthropic work goes beyond the borders of this country, for this community contributes in large measure to the relief work in Eastern Europe and to the Palestine funds.

Through the educational department, and with the aid of the Tri-City Sisterhood, the Jewish Community Office directs the Emanuel Sabbath school which serves the Jewish children of the tri-cities. The Office also conducts classes in Jewish history, bible study, and Hebrew for grown-ups. Through the Betty Adler Waterman Memorial Library, which now numbers over 650 volumes, the Jewish people are provided with books, largely of a Jewish nature, including volumes of religion, history, poetry, fiction and reference. The office receives a number of periodicals which are intended for public use. Open meetings are also arranged through this office and lecturers are invited to address the people on Jewish and general subjects.

Through the Tri-City Scribe, a fortnightly paper, the Jewish community is kept informed of what goes on in the local community and in the world outside, as far as the news affects Jewish life. The office supplements the synagogues in their religious work by arranging for the proper celebration of festivals.

The aim of the community social program is to create an harmonious and co-operative Jewish group. This end is achieved through the various activities that the Office helps to arrange for the different groups in the Tri-Cities. The children are kept closer together through entertainments. The Jewish Youth Council helps to bring the youth together, through social functions in which the different individual clubs are invited to participate. The adult organizations are assisted in planning their programs.

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