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ROZVOJ, POLISH BOYCOTT ORGANIZATION, LEADERS HELD ON CHARGE OF FRAUD

Disclosure is Severe Blow to Polish
Racial Bigots

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 15.—Another blow to the bigots in Poland responsible for the anti-Jewish boycott agitation was dealt by the Lemberg police yesterday when the leaders of the Rozvoj, the boycott organization in Eastern Galicia, were arrested on charges of fraud.

All the members of the praesidium of the organization, Tarnowski, chairman, Hunka, vice-chairman, and Subzycki, secretary, were arraigned in court after it was disclosed that they were guilty of a swindle scheme. The Rozvoj leaders created what they asserted to be a motion picture enterprise, with the aim of fleecing young women and men who aspire to a career in the moving pictures. Filipowski, second vice-chairman of the Lemberg Rozvoj, was arrested a month ago after it was found that he was secretly conducting a house of ill repute.

TO PUBLISH RELIGIOUS LITERATURE IN BRAILLE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, Nov. 15.—Jewish literature in Braille writing will be introduced by the National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods, the headquarters of the Federation here announced.

A national committee will sponsor this work. Practically every section of the country will be represented on the national committee, whose membership will also include some sightless person. Mrs. Oscar Silberschmidt, of Cincinnati, has been appointed National Chairman.

It is planned to transcribe the Sabbath Services from the Union Prayerbook as the first step in this movement. This will be followed by other articles of popular and religious interest.

A preliminary survey conducted with the assistance of the Department of Synagogue and School Extension established the need for this literature. It also revealed the fact that no other organization has attempted this work.

NORTH PALESTINE DISTRICT HAS NEW COMMISSIONER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Nov. 15.—Ernest Frederic Colvill, former Provincial Commissioner for Nyassaland, British Central Africa, has been appointed Commissioner for the Northern District in Palestine.

TRIAL DATE IS POSTPONED IN CELEBRATED CLEVELAND JEWISH CENTER CASE

If Arbitration Attempts Fail, Trial
Will Open Nov. 28

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cleveland, Nov. 15.—The opening of the trial in the suit brought by an Orthodox committee of the Congregation Ansche Emeth Beth Tephilah, which built the Cleveland Jewish Center, against Rabbi Solomon Goldmann, rabbi of the Center, and the Board of Directors, for deviating from the constitution of the congregation providing that it must adhere to the Orthodox ritual as long as ten members insist on it, was postponed today.

The case was scheduled to be heard today in the Court of Common Pleas. The trial will take place, it was stated, on November 28.

Several days before the scheduled date of the opening of the trial, attempts were made by a neutral New York Committee to settle the matter out of court. The first attempt led to no result. Before the opening of the trial, however, the committee succeeded in persuading both parties to re-open the question of arbitration.

ORDINANCE WILL REGULATE CHILD LABOR IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Nov. 15. — Lord Plumer, High Commissioner of Palestine, was authorized to enact an ordinance regulating women's and children's labor in the country, according to a statement made in the House of Commons yesterday by Major Ormsby Gore, Understate Secretary for the Colonies, in reply to a question from Susan Lawrence.

Replying to Commander Kenworthy, Sir Ormsby Gore stated that the High Commissioner had not asked the government for a grant to relieve the victims of the earthquake since the funds required had been raised privately.

MAIN STREET OF JEWISH QUARTER TO BE IMPROVED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 15.—The Nalewki, the Main Street of the Jewish quarter in Warsaw, will be improved through the efforts of the residents in the district.

A society named the Nalewki Improvement Association was organized with a view to introducing more sanitary conditions and beautifying the section.

GLASGOW JEWISH COMMUNITY TO CARE FOR OSCAR SLATER, RELEASED YESTERDAY

Baltimore Lawyer Relates Facts in
Celebrated Case

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Nov. 15.—Rabbi Eleazar P. Phillips of the Garnethill Synagogue, Glasgow, was the man who guided Oscar Slater to his freedom after a period of 18 years spent in the Peterhead Prison. Rabbi Phillips met Slater at the prison gate and took him to Glasgow where it is expected the Jewish community will provide for the needs of the released man.

Ramsay MacDonald and many members of parliament voiced the demand that a public inquiry be instituted to establish Slater's innocence.

Slater was convicted in 1909 of the murder in Glasgow of an aged woman, Mrs. Marion Gilchrist, and sentenced to be executed. The sentence was commuted to life imprisonment two days before the day set for the execution because of agitation based on doubt as to his guilt.

A few days ago Mary Dannermen, who was a fifteen-year-old errand girl and one of the chief witnesses against Slater, signed an affidavit saying she had not meant to identify Slater positively as a man she saw running away from the scene of the crime, but had been influenced by the Prosecutor.

Interest in Slater's case was revived by the recent Sacco-Vanzetti agitation.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Baltimore, Nov. 15. — William A. Goodhart, lawyer here, who for four

(Continued on page 4)

VIENNA PAPER PREDICTS JEWISH QUEEN IN ROUMANIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 15.—A beautiful Jewess will soon be the Queen of Roumania, declares the "Wiener Neue Zeit" editorially today, referring to the present events in Roumania.

The newspaper expresses its opinion that it is possible that Carol will soon return to the throne, taking Madame Lupescu with him.

WORK OF JEWISH ARTIST GOES TO POLISH MUSEUM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cracow, Nov. 15.—Four paintings by a Jewish artist were purchased by the Polish National Museum here.

The paintings are by Abraham Neumann.

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Isaac Grossman, Vice-President
Samuel Binstock, Treasurer
John Simons, Secretary
William Z. Spiegelman, Editor

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Paris 5, Rue Cardinal Mercator, Paris VIII
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EXPERTS WHO WERE INVITED BY CECIL DE MILLE EXPLAIN PART IN 'KING OF KINGS' FILM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Los Angeles, Nov. 15.—Rabbi Ernest R. Trattner, of the City Temple, this city, issued a statement explaining his part as Jewish expert in the production of the film, "King of Kings," by Cecil de Mille.

Rabbi Trattner stated that he had agreed to give De Mille as much information and technical help as would correctly represent the Jewish point of view in its historical setting but resigned after month's work.

"At that time I did not fully realize how distorted the picture would be but I was wise enough not to be misled," the Rabbi declared in his statement. "I acted for my own interests and protection when I said good-bye. The 'King of Kings' was never sanctioned by me or any other Rabbi or any Jew prominent in public life.

"I make this statement not only in the spirit of defense but also to guard against any insinuations that may be made in Europe to the effect that American rabbis have given it either encouragement or approval.

"In the interests of international and religious goodwill the picture must not be shown in Europe. It has already done an incalculable amount of harm here in the United States. What will be the outcome if it is shown in countries of bloody anti-Semitism like Hungary or Roumania?"

J. M. Alkow, who replaced Rabbi Trattner in De Mille's studio, has issued

AMNESTY GRANTED TO FIVE JEWISH STUDENTS IN LATVIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Nov. 15. — Amnesty was granted to five Jewish students held in jail for having defended themselves against the attack of anti-Semitic students in Warkliian. On the occasion of the celebration of Latvian independence, 100 prisoners were released, including the five Jewish students.

The Jewish students were arrested a year ago. At that time fourteen were arrested, 9 were acquitted.

BLAMES CONGREGATIONS FOR INTELLECTUAL DECLINE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 15. — Declining intellectuality among the clergy is due to congregations, Rabbi Edward L. Israel said in a sermon at Har Sinai Temple. In connection with his views he discussed two recent novels, "Elmer Gantry," by Sinclair Lewis, and "Death Comes to the Archbishop," by Willa Cather.

Congregations admire the intellectual clergyman, but they do not want to listen to him, Dr. Israel said.

"The intellectual minister," he continued, "is usually kicked upstairs into a theological school while the encouragement of the public approbation goes to the sensationalist who delights huge congregations with sermons on such subjects as 'Would You Like Your Mother to Go in Bathing without Stockings?'"

a statement which will be published by the California Jewish Voice this week. "I did everything in my power to influence Miss McPherson, De Mille and Lou Goodstadt, General Manager of the studios, to eliminate those parts of the story that would be hurtful to my people. They all promised me time and again that the production would be the greatest thing for the Jews inasmuch as it will show the world that the Jews are not responsible for the death of Jesus. Such assurances and such attitude on the part of De Mille made me hope that the picture would actually be of some service to my suffering brethren."

Alkow further tells of his frantic protests when the assurances were disregarded and violated, but was again assured that when the picture would be assembled and cut, much of that which might not look good to him would be left out. However no Jew had anything to do in the assembling, cutting and titling of the picture, Alkow having left De Mille's employ before the picture was shown.

ROCKEFELLER IS LAUDED FOR JERUSALEM MUSEUM

The establishment in Jerusalem of an archaeological museum by John D. Rockefeller, who provided the amount of \$2,000,000 for this purpose, is lauded by the Jewish and non-Jewish press.

"We as Jews are doubly proud of this foundation," declares the "Jewish Morning Journal" editorially. "Outside of its great value for humanity in general and outside of the demonstration of the noble manner in which the Rockefeller family makes use of its wealth, every upbuilding activity in Palestine is an encouragement for our task in the country. A great part of the antiquities which are being unearthed in Palestine have to do with our past. Wealthy Jews might have given more than they now do for the archaeological excavations in our ancient fatherland. It is to be hoped that the example given by a Christian will induce them to do likewise."

The "Day" observes: "A fund of \$2,000,000 for the vital needs of present-day Palestine might perhaps have been more valuable. However, a culture is not nourished with bread alone and not all of the cornerstones of a country should be exchanged for rations. Bread is necessary but scientific research is also imperative. In addition, if the world at large should come to our aid in the rebuilding of Palestine, it can happen only in the manner in which Rockefeller has now done it, namely: by creating in the country such cultural institutions whose value is apparent for all the peoples of the world."

"The need of the day, the bread of the day and the specifically Jewish work—that is our Jewish task which we must meet. For this we will receive the recognition of the Jewish future. However, Rockefeller already deserves the recognition of Jews for creating the archaeological museum in Jerusalem. It is a structure for the world, an achievement for generations."

The "New York Times" in an editorial entitled "If I Forget Thee, O Jerusalem," writes:

"What with the excavations that will now be carried on with increased resources and eagerness in Palestine and Greece, the world will have fresh memorials of the two little lands whose past is more important to the world than that of any other like areas. He is to be congratulated who can put all the world in his debt. by his tribute to these ancient cultures to which we owe so much spiritually and intellectually."

The Communist Party Administration, informally announced in Moscow that the original decree expelling from the party Leon Treitsky, Gregory Zinovief and scores of members of the Opposition, was modified to permit other Opposition leaders to remain simple members of the party though debarred from holding party or Government of-

LABOR DEPARTMENT OFFERS NEW PLAN FOR U. S. IMMIGRATION POLICY

Restriction to Continue but on Different Basis in Proposed Codification of Immigration Laws; Wives and Minor Children, Husbands of American Women to be Admitted; Residence of Illegal Entrants Before 1924 to be Legalized

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Nov. 15.—Secretary of Labor Davis will recommend to Congress an entirely new quota basis for limiting immigration to the United States, different from either the present 1890 Census basis or the proposed National Origins plan, according to a statement issued by the Secretary yesterday, in which he also announced additional important proposed recommendations. Secretary Davis is still at work on the proposed new plan, which will be embodied as one of the features of a consolidated code of immigration laws, not yet completed by the Department of Labor.

Relief to separated families by alleviation of the present quota restrictions regarding the wives and minor children of aliens admitted prior to July 1, 1924, who were then married and legalization of the residence of aliens who entered unlawfully prior to said date provided they can meet the physical, literacy and other general requirements of the immigration laws, except the quota restrictions, were among the important proposed recommendations indicated by the Secretary. It is significant, however, that the Secretary fails to declare for an absolute exemption from the quota of the separated relatives, merely stating that "Congress should consider the necessity for special relief" of such aliens without specifying the precise character of the relief. The Secretary also links his proposed legalization recommendation with his old plan of enrollment of aliens under the direction of the Naturalization Service.

Among the recommendations made by Secretary Davis are the following: **Secretary Davis' Recommendations**

"That alien husbands of American citizens, who are now accorded only a preference in the issuance of immigration visas, shall be classed as exempt from quota requirements, which status is now accorded to the alien wives of American citizens.

"That the unmarried alien children of United States citizens between the ages of 18 and 21 be accorded the status of non-quota immigrants, as in the case of children under 18 years of age, instead of being granted only a preference in the issuance of immigration visas, as at present. In other words, that all un-married children of Ameri-

can citizens who are minors be accorded a non-quota status.

"That the provision under which alien students are regarded as non-quota immigrants under Section 4 (e) of the Act of 1924, be transferred to Section 3 of that Act, thereby giving them the status of non-immigrants, which is the status of all other classes of aliens who are admitted for a temporary stay only. It is also recommended that provision be made for admitting students under bond where deemed necessary, no such provision being included in the present status.

Aliens' Families

"He calls attention to the fact that during the past few years there have been large numbers of quota aliens admitted who are members of families of aliens previously residing in the United States, and also that in the meantime many of those who could petition for their families have become citizens and have thereby secured nonquota status, and are admissible for that reason.

"He also pointed out that as this only affects families of aliens who arrived prior to the present quota act that it will only be a very short time before every alien who would bring his family under special consideration could become an American citizen and thereby secure a nonquota status. He does not believe, however, that a desire other than an honest one to become a citizen should impel an alien to become naturalized.

"A wish for citizenship should come from the heart and should be grounded upon desire to take part in our Government, and not upon a hope of receiving a particular benefit under a single law.

"Relief at this time would only mean that some of such alien families could be reunited possibly a year earlier than they could otherwise.

"That the preference in the issuance of quota visas now accorded to persons skilled in agriculture be granted only on petition of responsible parties in the United States who are seeking to bring in skilled farm labor or to establish aliens as independent farmers in this country, such petitions to be approved by the Secretary of Labor as now provided in the case of relatives of United States citizens who are also accorded a preferential quota status under the Act of 1924.

"That preference in the issuance of immigration visas be extended to include skilled labor in cases where importation of such labor is authorized

under a waiver of the contract labor provisions of the general immigration law, and also to members of a learned profession, such preference to be granted on petition of prospective employers in the United States in the manner now prescribed for relatives of United States citizens who are already accorded a preferential status. In such cases it will have to be shown that labor of like kind cannot be found unemployed in the United States.

"That a non-quota status be accorded to aliens born in the United States or in territory belonging thereto who have lost their United States citizenship."

Speaking along general lines, Secretary Davis states also that he would recommend that the Secretary of Labor be empowered to legalize the residence in the United States of aliens who entered prior to the present quota law under a temporary status or concerning whose entry no record is available, provided that such aliens now meet the requirements of the immigration laws, except the provisions of the Immigration Act of 1924 which relate to quota limitation.

The vast majority of aliens who arrived prior to the present quota law are not deportable on any ground, and it is believed that the anomalous situation thus created—they are privileged to stay, but cannot become citizens—is against the interest of the Government, as well as the individual alien.

As the basis for this action he recommends enrollment of aliens under direction of the Naturalization Service. This would facilitate naturalization procedure for aliens entitled to citizenship and would also assist in preventing the successful surreptitious entry of other aliens in the future.

The Secretary also stated that the recommendations which he is making are for improvements in existing laws and that the Department has now under consideration the preparation of suggested new legislation in the form of a permanent code. He expressed the opinion that the immigration laws were in such condition as to require a codification, and also stated that he had submitted to Congress a draft of a code of all existing legislation concerning aliens, but that the draft does not contain the new principles upon which the Department is now working.

When asked about what he thought of the National Origin provision of the law which was delayed in being put into effect by Congressional action in the last Congress, he stated that in the new treatment of the limitation of immigration which he is considering, there would be a revision of the quota so that the objections to both the census basis and the National Origin method of computation would be removed.

These "repleved" from entire ex-communication include Christian Rakovsky, Leon B. Kameneff, Karl Radek, M. Smilga, M. Muraloff, M. Bakaeff, and M. Yevdokimoff.

WEIZMANN STATES VIEWS ON PALESTINE SITUATION BEFORE TEL AVIV MEETING (U. T. A. Mail Service)

Jerusalem, Oct. 21.—The cause of the crisis in Palestine is the difference between what the Jewish Community wishes to obtain and the actual possibilities. Dr. Weizmann declared speaking last night at Tel Aviv to a gathering of seven thousand people, with another two thousand standing outside and listening by means of amplifiers. It was Dr. Weizmann's first public speech during his present stay in Palestine.

The ten years which have passed since the publication of the Balfour Declaration, he said, had been only a period of experimentation of work in every field—agriculture, building, industry, education, etc. Now it was necessary to learn from these experiments and to prepare for a period of intensive activity in the country. There might be and should be difficulties, but it was only a passing stage.

Dr. Weizmann said that the purchase of land, the work of the Jewish National Fund, and the creation of clerical power, the Rutenberg concession, are the fundamental factors in the development and growth of the Jewish activity in Palestine, and both of these were dealt with by the Zionist Organization. The customs duties, restriction of immigration, reduction of school budget, were only facts of temporary importance.

Dr. Weizmann declared that he was now going to America to find the necessary funds. He was endeavoring to enlarge through the Jewish Agency the forces interested in the upbuilding of Palestine. He was full of hope and confidence in the future. He had faith in the creative capacity of the Jewish people and the influence of Palestine.

The essential problem now is to give work to the unemployed. Dr. Weizmann declared. Public works, he said, will be carried out by both the Zionist Executive and the Government, and the young men will be given work instead of doles. The cutting of the Hebrew schools budget had been forced upon the Congress by the present difficult circumstances. He would do his best to enlarge the education budget but he could not make definite promises at the moment. With regard to the new customs agreement with Syria, he hoped that the necessary changes would be introduced with a view to precluding any harmful effects upon the industry of Palestine.

Dr. Weizmann warned against ungrounded pessimism and despair. They might still have ups and downs but the final success of the Jewish upbuilding work was beyond doubt. Palestine Jewry was able to contribute much to the coming of better times by endurance and a dignified attitude.

GLASGOW JEWISH COMMUNITY TO CARE FOR OSCAR SLATER (Continued from page 1)

teen years cooperated with Sir Arthur Conan Doyle in working for the release of Oscar Slater, was elated on learning that Slater had at last been released. Goodhart told the following story of the case:

Slater, who conducted a New York gambling house and was a client of Mr. Goodhart's when the latter practiced law in New York City, was accused of the murder and robbery of Mrs. Gilchrist in her Glasgow flat in December, 1908.

The American was suspected when it was reported he had pawned a brooch similar to one stolen from Mrs. Gilchrist and had taken passage to New York under an assumed name.

Scotland Yard cabled to the New York police to arrest Slater, who immediately sent for Mr. Goodhart. The attorney represented him in the extradition hearing. The late John A. Shields, who was United States Commissioner, while indicating he believed the prisoner innocent, said he had no right to refuse extradition in the face of evidence from Scotland.

Slater was found guilty by a jury vote of nine to six. Mr. Goodhart had expected to go to Scotland to defend him, but a change of venue from Glasgow to Edinburgh put the trial date ahead three weeks and this prevented him.

The attorney, however, convinced his client was innocent, began an investigation and learned that the brooch which Slater presumably had stolen, was in reality the property of a woman with whom he had been associated. It had been pawned four months before the murder, Slater's visit to the pawn shop after the murder having been to raise more money on the pledge.

Sir Arthur entered the case a year later.

Mr. Goodhart said he was convinced that a man referred to in the extradition proceedings had knowledge of the crime.

"Helen Lambie, the murdered woman's servant, lied in New York," he said. "It was brought out that she had a friend, apparently a man of rank, who had been at the house with her and had seen Mrs. Gilchrist wearing the jewels."

"The Lambie woman was one of the eight witnesses brought over by Scotland Yard in the attempt to railroad Slater. No amount of questioning succeeded in forcing her to name her male friend, but we were certain that he was a person of prominence."

BERNARD G. RICHARDS BACK, AFTER 3 MONTHS IN EUROPE

Bernard G. Richards, Executive Secretary of the American Jewish Congress returned on the Aquitania, after spending three months in Europe in the interest of the American Jewish Congress.

Mr. Richards stated that he had completed the organization of the Council for the Rights of Jewish Minorities in Geneva. While abroad he attended the Zurich Conference on Jewish Rights, the Zionist Congress and was present at the Schwartzbard trial.

MENSDORF TO HEAD AUSTRIAN PRO-PALESTINE COMMITTEE (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 15.—Count Mensdorf, Austrian representative of the League of Nations, will head the Pro-Palestine Committee which will be formed here soon.

The formation of the Committee is expected to be consummated with the arrival of Dr. Chaim Weizmann here the end of November.

NUMERUS CLAUSUS BILL AMENDMENT UP THIS WEEK (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Nov. 15.—The bill worked out by the Hungarian government with a view to modifying the numerus clausus law was presented at a conference of the government party deputies by Count Klebelsberg.

Count Klebelsberg announced that the bill will be introduced into parliament the end of this week.

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ecutive, economist, wishes post in home for aged, orphan asylum, hospital or institution. Has wide experience in handling organizations and will be an asset to association requiring his service. Best of references. Write Box 11, Jewish Daily Bulletin, 621 Broadway, N. Y. C.

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