

## BRITISH GOVERNMENT WILL HELP JEWS REBUILD PALESTINE, STATESMEN DECLARE AT BALFOUR DINNER IN LONDON

Palestine Government Will Soon Introduce Necessary Reforms, Balfour Announces; Weizmann Voices Zionist Executive's Political Demands; Reading, Samuel, Ormsby Gore, Mond, Wedgwood and Sokolov Speak; Leaders Join Palestine Mandate Society

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Nov. 11.—The British Government will assist the Jewish Agency in the rebuilding of Palestine as the Jewish National Home and will introduce the necessary reforms in the Palestine taxation system. This was the tenor of the assurances given by leading British statesmen at the celebration of the tenth anniversary of the Balfour Declaration which took place at the Hotel Savoy Thursday night.

The celebration was held under the auspices of the Anglo-Palestine Club which gave a dinner in honor of Lord Balfour, the author of the Declaration.

In addition to these assurances, two important announcements were made at the gathering, one to the effect that a Palestine Mandate Society had been formed in London with the participation of leading British statesmen and that the Jewish National Fund will undertake to plant a "Balfour Forest" in Palestine.

Five hundred and eighty guests, prominent Jews and non-Jews, members of parliament, leaders of the army and the diplomatic corps, attended. Among those present were Sir Herbert Samuel, the Marquis of Reading,

Major Ormsby Gore, Sir Alfred Mond, Sir Gilbert Clayton, Sir Wyndham Deedes, Col. Josiah Wedgwood, Commander Kenworthy, J. L. Garvin, editor of the "London Observer," Chief Rabbi Joseph H. Hertz and Dr. Moses Gaster. James de Rothschild, son of Baron Edmunde de Rothschild, founder of the first Jewish colonies in Palestine, presided.

The unanimity of sentiment prevailing in Great Britain with regard to the British government's obligation toward the Jewish efforts in reconstructing Palestine was manifest in the addresses of the representatives of the three governments, Liberal, Labor and Conservative, which have in turn endorsed the Zionist policy since the issuance of the Balfour Declaration ten years ago.

### Weizmann States Zionist Demands

Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, in his address devoted mainly to reminiscences of the time when the Balfour Declaration was issued, put forward the political demands of the Zionist Executive at present. Dr. Weizmann, as well as Col. Josiah Wedgwood and Sir Herbert Samuel, urged the Palestine administration to lend more energetic support to the Jewish effort in Palestine.

The Marquis of Reading in proposing a toast to the Mandatory Power stated that the meaning of the toast was that His Majesty's Government and Lord Balfour will forever be associated with the Declaration. In a warm personal tribute to Lord Balfour, the Marquis stated that Balfour enjoys the affection and esteem of all classes.

The British Government will carry out the Balfour Declaration and the provisions of the Mandate. England, the Marquis stated, holds and protects Palestine and there could not have been a better choice for the mandatory power for Palestine than the English government. Lord Reading praised highly the work of Sir Herbert Samuel, former High Commissioner, and that of Lord Plumer, the present High Commissioner. Both of them have carried out England's promise to the Jewish people, he said.

Major Ormsby Gore, Understate

Secretary for the Colonies, replying to Lord Reading's toast, stated that no matter what party is in power the government is responsible to parliament and the League of Nations for its work in Palestine. He laid emphasis on the fact that England has continued in Palestine her traditional policy of governing the country not from London but through a High Commissioner in the country, to whom the responsibility for the administration is intrusted. All that has been achieved up to now in Palestine is due to the administrative abilities of Sir Herbert Samuel and Lord Balfour, he stated.

The Understate Secretary added that he shared with the Zionists all their hopes and enthusiasm for Palestine and its reconstruction. It is necessary, however, to face the practical difficulties. England, he stated, considers and acts upon all practical problems when they arise. The first principle of good government is to establish internal peace in the country, to balance the budget, to protect all enterprises. When this is achieved, economic and social progress is made possible. The British government cooperates and will facilitate the work of the Jewish Agency in Palestine. The material prosperity of the country is continuing to grow.

The present difficulties and failures  
(Continued on page 3)

### ANTI-SEMITES DECLINE CHALLENGES TO DUEL JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Nov. 11.—Beaten in the first two duels, the anti-Semitic students, members of the student organization, Turul, which was responsible for the demonstrations, declined today to accept forty more challenges issued by Jewish students.

In refusing, the Turul declined responsibility for the anti-Semitic demonstrations. The ring-leaders of the demonstrators who assumed the entire blame refused to give satisfaction. A statement issued by the Turul declared: "We won't cross swords with Jews and what is more, with forty of them. Besides, we did not issue orders to beat them up at the recent disturbances."

### 21st MEETING OF AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE TODAY

The Twenty-first annual meeting of the American Jewish Committee will be held at the Hotel Astor today, Sunday, November 13. The morning session will be called at 10:30 o'clock and the afternoon session at 2:30 o'clock.

The Executive Committee will submit a report of its activities during the past year, and matters of vital interest to the Jews of America will be presented for discussion.

Successors to the following will be chosen: Officers to serve for one year: President, Louis Marshall, Vice-Presidents, Cyrus Adler, Julius Rosenwald, Treasurer, Isaac M. Ullman.

Members of the Executive Committee to serve for three years from January 1st, 1928: Cyrus Adler, David M. Bressler, EH Frank, James Becker, Abram I. Elkus, Albert D. Lasker.

Members from all parts of the country are expected to be present at this meeting.

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### MENDEL GOTTESMAN GIVES \$50,000 FOR YESHIVA FUND

A contribution of \$50,000 towards an Endowment Fund for the yeshivas, was made by Mendel Gottesman, President of the Hudson Trading Company, paper manufacturers, according to an announcement made by Dr. Bernard Revel, President of the faculty of the Yeshiva.

The fund, which will be known as the "Mr. and Mrs. Mendel Gottesman Fund" will be administered by the Yeshiva Endowment Foundation, Inc., which was recently incorporated under the laws of the State of New York.

The annual income of the Gottesman fund will be divided as follows: 40 per cent. of the income will be expended for the general maintenance of the Yeshiva and 60 per cent. will be employed to create a special scholarship fund for the assistance of meritorious students in the institution. Mr. Gottesman is vice-chairman of the Yeshiva College Building Fund.

Dr. Revel explained that the Yeshiva Endowment Foundation will receive gifts and devises in perpetual trust, the income of which will be used for the support of the institution and its college. The Foundation, under the charter granted at Albany will be governed by a Board of seven Directors. The Directors of the Foundation are: Mendel Gottesman, Treasurer of the Yeshiva and President of the Yeshiva Endowment Foundation, Inc.; Nathan Lamport, President of the Board of Directors of the Yeshiva; Harry Fischel, Chairman of the Yeshiva

### SCHILDKRAUT EXPLAINS WHY HE ACTED CAIPHAS IN 'KING OF KINGS' FILM Did Not Attach Significance to Role; Debts Incurred for Yiddish Theatre Led Him to Movies (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Los Angeles, Nov. 11. — Rudolph Schildkraut, well known Jewish actor who played the role of Caiphas in the Cecil de Mille production "King of Kings," a picturization of the crucifixion story and who has been severely criticized in many Jewish circles for agreeing to play this role in the picture which is considered dangerous because of its tendency to stir up religious and racial prejudice, offered an explanation in an interview given at his home in Hollywood to a representative of the "California Jewish Voice." Jewish weekly published here.

"I personally do not believe that motion pictures generally leave any impression on the audience," Mr. Schildkraut said. "In my opinion the best motion picture can be compared to the cheapest novel. One is interested only as long as one reads the pages and when the covers are closed, the impression disappears like smoke. I do not believe that my roles on the screen have any artistic value. I do it only because I am well paid for it. It is work, one might say, physical labor for which I receive payment. That is all."

When asked by the interviewer whether he did not stop to think in playing the role of Caiphas that by his characterization he furnished the enemies of the Jewish people with a poisonous weapon, Schildkraut stated: "One does not stop to think in the movies. Everything has been thought out for you in advance. All that one has to do is to make-up as prescribed. Moreover, Caiphas was one who was

Building Committee; Samuel Levy, Chairman of the Yeshiva College Campaign Committee; Louis Gold, Vice-Chairman; Dr. Bernard Revel, and Harry Roggen.

### QUEBEC SHOOOL QUESTION TO BE HEARD NOVEMBER 17 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Montreal, November 11.—November 17 is the date set for the hearing in London, before the Privy Council, of the Jewish school question in the Province of Quebec. Louis Fitch, K.C., who was to present Alderman Schubert's minority report in regard to the right of the Quebec Government to pass legislation creating a third school panel, a Jewish panel, was unable at the last minute to leave for England.

Mr. Fitch has retained the services of the Hon. Geoffrey Lawrence, noted English barrister, to represent him when the hearing comes up before the Privy Council.

installed in the office of high priest by the Romans and it is self-evident that he had to serve the interests of the Romans. At the end of the picture Caiphas admits that he, as an individual, bears the responsibility for the crucifixion. I can tell you that the scene in the present version at the end was the middle of the play in the original version. There were many more scenes which brought out clearly the idea that Caiphas takes the responsibility for the crucifixion upon himself. It was further shown that the thought of his responsibility plagues him so much that he loses his mind. They found it necessary, however, to eliminate these scenes. What could I do then?"

When told by the interviewer that the Jewish press severely criticizes him for this press role, Mr. Schildkraut said. "What! Do they think they are right? Who is responsible for my leaving the Jewish stage if not they? I have given up my time and my money, I was sunk in debt all of my years. From the salary which I received playing in the motion pictures I paid the debts which I incurred for my Yiddish theatre in New York. The few weeks during which my Bronx theatre was functioning cost me \$18,500. To think that in the city of New York there were not 300 persons to spend an evening in an artistic Yiddish theatre. Now they are angry. I did not want to be in debt. I accepted the offer to play in the motion pictures. Here I receive a considerable salary and I saw an opportunity to pay my debts. I assure you, however, that if I had to play the same role of Caiphas on the stage I would have weighed and measured each word and not only my part but the entire play. Then it would have been a great question whether I would act as the 'King of Kings' was written."

The interviewer writes that Mr. Schildkraut then remained silent for a while. He breathed heavily and beads of perspiration stood on his broad forehead. Looking off into space he said: "There is only one role in my career in the motion pictures of which I am proud. I refer to my role in the picture 'His People'. This role was dear to me and I am ready to defend it. But the role in the 'King of Kings' or the other roles which I acted before or after are not worth speaking about. While I was acting my role in the 'King of Kings' I did not think about it. Nor do I think about it now. One good recollection I have from this role and that is that with the money I received for this work I paid my debts incurred in my attempt to build a temple of art for New York Jews," Mr. Schildkraut declared.

Commenting on the explanation of Mr. Schildkraut, the "California Jew-

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which have been observed of late are merely temporary and will soon disappear, Major Ormsby Gore continued. These failures are certainly no cause for losing courage. "We are making steady and continuous progress in Palestine," he exclaimed.

It is the duty of the British government to enable the Jewish people to grow and develop in a bright atmosphere which would take roots in the soil of the land, to grow without fear, to be protected against their enemies, to develop and to flourish unhampered. The policy of the Palestine mandate was some years ago the subject of a controversy in British public opinion. Today, however, it is accepted by all parties since it has been realized that the Zionist movement has a spiritual value for humanity, he concluded.

Dr. Chaim Weizmann in his toast to Lord Balfour stated that the Balfour Declaration was issued not for political reasons and not as a war time measure, but out of a feeling of justice due to the Jews, to that ancient people whom the Christian world owes everything.

Lord Balfour, the president of the World Zionist Organization stated, was at first opposed to the plan that England alone accept the mandate for Palestine. Balfour wanted the mandate to be given to the United States of America or at least to the United States and England jointly. Notwithstanding the fact that he was in close contact with those British Jews who were opposed to the ideal of Zionism, Balfour learned the truth about the aspirations and the abilities of the Jewish people. It was Lord Balfour and David Lloyd George, former Prime Minister, who proposed the issuance of the Declaration to the cabinet.

"It was only natural," Dr. Weizmann continued, "that the Jewish people should interpret the Declaration to

ish Voice' adds: "This is the explanation and justification of Mr. Schildkraut. We do not know what impression this explanation will make upon others; it does not satisfy us. We believe that it can satisfy no one. It is first of all not true that motion pictures leave no impression. Motion pictures, just as cheap novels, make a deep impression indeed and the trouble is that they exercise an influence just on those who are least enlightened and who are, more than anyone else, ruled by feeling."

The newspaper then formulates an accusation against certain rabbis who, it is alleged, acted as advisors to the producers of the film.

mean that Eretz Israel was given to the Jews. It was unfortunate that the Jews were not then prepared to take Palestine. Now, however, the Jewish people takes the opportunity afforded them and it is our hope that we will make of Palestine that which the Jews wanted to see in the Balfour Declaration."

After reviewing the work of the Zionists in Palestine, the achievements which they have to their credit and the difficulties which attended the work, Dr. Weizmann stated that the Jews had proven to the world that they can rebuild Palestine. "There was a time when our work had the character of an experiment. That time has passed. The hour has arrived when the government of Palestine must hasten to facilitate the Zionist work and to make our task in the country easier."

The president of the World Zionist Organization stated emphatically that several provisions of the Palestine mandate have not yet been carried out. "The mandate states explicitly that Jews should be admitted to Palestine freely, not as of sufferance but of right. However, in order to accomplish their task the Jews must have the loyal cooperation of the government. The success of Jewish work in Palestine depends not on the amount of money invested by Jewish people in the country, but on the number of people whom they bring in and on the policy of the Palestine government, its support and cooperation."

Turning to Lord Balfour, Dr. Weizmann thanked him in behalf of the Jewish people for the issuance of the Balfour Declaration and for his work in behalf of Zionism. In glowing terms he depicted the glorious future of Palestine and stated that the best reward for the father of the Balfour Declaration would be the great future of a Jewish people.

### Samuel Enthusiastic About Palestine

Sir Herbert Samuel in his toast praised the heroic achievements of the Chazuzim and of the Jewish workers in Palestine. They, Dr. Weizmann and the English administration had contributed toward the success of Palestine, he declared. The former High Commissioner spoke with great enthusiasm of the Hebrew University and the renaissance of the Hebrew language and culture in the country. During the five years of his administration peace and order were established in the country and much of the prejudice was removed. If another policy would have been adopted, the English people would have been alienated from Palestine, he said.

Lord Balfour, who was accorded a

long ovation by the assembled guests, in rising to reply to the toasts, stated that he was moved by the spirit of the evening and by the honor accorded him. The author of the Balfour Declaration stated that he was an old Zionist, long before the Declaration was issued. The Declaration will, in the course of time, become a complete reality. The Declaration, which was issued on behalf of the British government, did not mean merely colonization work in Palestine of a philanthropic nature. It means much more, if the Jewish people will be given the proper opportunity. He agrees with the opinion of Dr. Weizmann that England and the Jewish people must cooperate in the work in behalf of Palestine. When one accuses the government that it does not treat the Arabs fairly, this does not yet mean that the Jewish people are given the proper opportunity for their work in Palestine.

Commenting on the present situation in Palestine, Lord Balfour declared that the experiment made in Palestine is far from being a failure. It is indeed a success. This success is due to the statesmanship of Sir Herbert Samuel and Dr. Chaim Weizmann.

### Balfour Assures Cooperation

When he was in Palestine two years ago, Lord Balfour related, he observed how the Jews and Arabs live peacefully together. He is deeply convinced that the remainder of the antagonism will soon disappear. "I am convinced that the Jews are devoting themselves to the work and I am certain that the government will help them in this work." Replying to Dr. Weizmann concerning the grievances against the Palestine administration for limiting immigration and for maintaining the high taxation on land, Lord Balfour stated that he was authorized by the Palestine government to declare on its behalf that important reforms will soon be introduced in the land taxation system, that the government has in mind all the difficulties which are dealt with by the Zionist organization. It intends to introduce certain general reforms. A special staff recently was appointed to undertake the work of a land review which is essential as a preliminary in the reform of the land taxation. The result of this work will enable the government to readjust the present difficulties in the land taxation system.

"England and the allied governments as well as the Jewish people wish that Zionism be crowned with success. No one is now opposed to Zionism. The success of Zionism is secure," Lord Balfour exclaimed.

"The second of November will remain a great day not only in the history of the Jewish people but in the history of the world," he concluded.

Col. Wedgwood, labor M.P., stated that Palestine was not only the Jewish Nat-

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Israel Home but the spiritual home of England. The Mandates have taught the world how small nations can defend themselves.

He appealed to Germans not to be discouraged. The difficult times will lead to closer cooperation between the Germans and the Palestine government. If the American and English Jews will give sufficient money, the British government will be obliged to help and to undertake the supervision of the colonization work. One day the Jewish workers in Palestine are more happy than in any other place in the world. Christian Englishmen must help and the English Jews should help in the work of reconstituting the land, he stated.

Sir Alfred Mond drew attention to the fact that the possibility for beginning concrete work in Palestine dates back only seven years. He praised the achievements of the Jewish colonies, the growth of Tel Aviv. He appealed to all to stop indulging in criticism because success is assured. Sir Alfred outlined his reasons by quoting Lord Balfour for the assurance that the government will cooperate with the Jewish settlers.

Mrs. Rubin Snowdon made the announcement of the Palestine Mandate Society of which Lord Balfour, David Lloyd George and Ramsey MacDonald are members.

Miss M. Schreiber expressed regret that Theodor Herzl, the founder of the Zionist organization, was not alive to witness this celebration. "Herl always put his hopes of Zionism in England," he declared.

The annual banquet and student concert of the youth and not-wen, arranged by the Jewish Welfare Board, will begin the latter part of November. Jewish clubs in each of the following cities will participate in the student concerting of five evenings and occasions: Schenectady, N. Y., Rochester, N. Y., Canton, O., Kansas City, Mo., St. Louis, Mo., Charleston, Tenn., Savannah, Ga., and Jacksonville, Fla.

The class series of lectures will be given by James Wasserman, Wisn. The programs will be presented by Samuel Scaumier, Wisniss, in December; Vital Kacovitz, cantor, in January 1928; Abraham W. Sander, who will give lecture readings on Jewish music in February; and Raoul Ligon of Pittsburgh, who will lecture in March.

In addition to the course, the lecture and concert bureau of the Jewish Welfare Board has arranged for Hebrew courses and drama courses of Jewish and classical music dramatic readings in English and Hebrew, and lectures on subjects of Jewish interest.

Dr. Isaac A. Abt of Chicago, specialist in children's diseases, had the Great Council of the French Legion of Honor conferred upon him by two French physicians who arrived in Chicago for that purpose. The decoration was made in recognition by the French government for Dr. Abt's work.

**COUNCIL EXTENDS WORK TO MIDWEST JEWISH FARMERS**

A report on the survey of Jewish farmers and their families in Michigan, Wisconsin, and Ohio, has been made public by the National Council of Jewish Women.

The survey made by Miss Anna C. Brennan, Director of the Council's Department of Farm and Rural Work, describes the character and situation of the farm-lands owned by the Jewish farmers; the economic conditions; social facilities, health conditions; and the special problems that face the farmers and their families.

In Michigan, the rural communities studied were in the southern part of the state, adjacent to the cities of St. Joseph, Niles, Benton Harbor, Three Rivers, Kalamazoo, Ann Arbor, Mt. Clemens and Detroit. It was estimated that 300 Jewish families live in these rural communities, and that the size of the farms range from forty to one hundred and seventy-five acres. These farmers are engaged in poultry-raising, truck-farming and conduct dairies. In Wisconsin, the Jewish farmers were found in the central and south-eastern districts of the state. In Ohio, they are located chiefly in the north-eastern section of the state, and number approximately 120 families.

The report recommended that the National Council of Jewish Women extend to the families of the Jewish farmers in these states, the service that it has been rendering to the Jewish farm-families in the states of New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and Massachusetts, where its Department of Farm and Rural Work sends Supervisors in Education, Religion, Health and Social Service, to promote the Americanization of the farmer's family, as well as to establish synagogues, religious schools, classes in hygiene and nutrition and to add them in their problems.

The Executive Committee of the Department of Farm and Rural Work, Mrs. Elmer Eckhouse, Chairman, said, has decided, upon the basis of the report, to assign an itinerant Supervisor to these western states. She announced that arrangements have been made for Regional Conferences of the Jewish Women in the rural communities at Trenton for the states of New Jersey and Pennsylvania; and at Hartford for the farm women of Connecticut. Representatives of Council Sections in these states will also attend.

The Council of Jewish Women for Central California took a leading part in the American Day Celebration in Berkeley, California, Friday. Peace program discussions of international utility were the chief topic of the meeting which was sponsored by this organization. The honor guests were Elizabeth Wertz, who is western secretary for the National Council for Prevention of War, and Mrs. Grace Palmer O'Neil, member of "The Open Door."

**GOVERNMENT DEPARTMENT SATISFIED WITH PROGRESS MADE IN JEWISH REGION**  
(J. T. A. Magi Service)

Moscow, Oct. 22.—The All-Ukrainian Council, Governmental Commission for Jewish Land Settlement, after hearing a report from the Chairman of the Jewish region on the conditions obtaining in the region, adopted a resolution declaring that the establishment of the Jewish region has strengthened the social life in the district and helped to solve the problem of the use of the land, intensified the co-operative movement and improved the cultural conditions of the Jewish migrants in the region.

The Council establishes at the same time, however, that because of the partial failure of the harvest this year, the Jewish migrants of the region of Kalimbori are enduring hardships. The Council has therefore decided to allocate certain sums of money in order to provide them with cattle. It has also asked the Oze to provide food for the migrants.

The Council further declared that the Jewish land workers of the district of Pervomaysk and Zinovievsk are not being sufficiently provided with funds. The settlers lack cattle and lack the funds to build houses. The Council has therefore decided to start a systematic work of providing credits for Jewish agriculture. Special attention will be given to the Jewish tobacco growers in Moldavia.

**COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR:**

Sir: Dr. Hollander is right in objecting to the film "King of Kings" as inciting to violence against the Jews in Eastern Europe.

We Jews ought to join the Irish in their efforts to legally stop all moving pictures and all plays that tend to incite or increase racial or religious prejudice or tend to vilify any race or people.

Henry Weisman  
New York, Nov. 5, 1927

Eight hundred and ninety nine students have enrolled in the Isaac Seder Educational Center, the Educational Department of the Y. M. & W. H. A. of Pittsburgh, Pa. About sixty subjects are being taught in the divisions of Art, Music, Drama, Dancing, Literature, Psychology, Economics and Science.

In the Department of Hebrew and Correlated Studies for credit at the University of Pittsburgh and Duquesne University all students are enrolled. Courses are being given in Arabic; Elementary, Intermediate and Advanced Hebrew, and the History of Hebrew Civilization.

The faculty is composed of outstanding professors of the Pittsburgh universities. Herman Passanunoff is Executive Director and William Rotodoff, Educational Director.

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