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M. NOVOMEJSKY IS GRANTED CONCESSION FOR DEAD SEA. LATEST REPORT DECLARES

Neither Colonial Office nor Novomejsky make Statements

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, October 25.—All that could be ascertained concerning the report that the concession to exploit the salts of the Dead Sea has been granted by the British Colonial Office was to the effect that the tenders of continental European and American companies for the concession have been definitely rejected by the Colonial Office.

Speculation which was aroused by the report of the London Sunday Times continued when the Colonial Office declined to issue an official statement and when Sir Alfred Mond denied that his company, the Imperial Chemical Industries, had obtained the concession. It is stated, however, that the concession has been granted to M. Novomejsky, the Russian Zionist who made the first application. Mr. Novomejsky, however, declared himself unable to make an official statement before the contract is signed.

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency learns that Sir Alfred Mond is interested in the plan. His cooperation will be forthcoming when the contract with Novomejsky is signed and when the possibility of extracting potash on a paying basis is proved.

HORTHY ENDORSES MODIFICATION OF NUMERUS CLAUSUS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Oct. 25.—The bill prepared by the Minister of Education for relaxing the numerus clausus against Jewish students in Hungarian universities was approved by Admiral Horthy, Regent of Hungary.

The haste in which the matter is being attended to is explained here by the desire of the Hungarian government to settle this question before the session of the League Council, to which the Hungarian government gave its promise to withdraw the numerus clausus.

ALEXANDER, HUNGARIAN JEWISH SCHOLAR, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Oct. 25.—Dr. Bernard Alexander, professor of philosophy, died here. Dr. Alexander was compelled to leave the University in 1919 because of the demands of the anti-Semitic parties. He was known for his studies of the life and works of Spinoza.

JEWISH LEADERS TESTIFY AT SCHWARTZBARD TRIAL IN PARIS

Sliosberg and Tiomkin Concur on Petlura's Guilt; Jewish Witnesses Confirm Facts of Massacres, Refrain from Accusing Ukrainian People; Sliosberg, Producing Burtzeff Letter, Explodes Charge that Schwartzbard was Moscow Agent.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 25.—A marked contrast was evident in the courtroom at the beginning of the second week of the Schwartzbard trial when the defense witnesses were called.

The witnesses for the defense, mainly Ukrainian Jews who were in the country during the period of the pogroms, although expressing the opinion that Petlura was responsible for the anti-Jewish massacres and although unsparing in their description of the cruel atrocities committed against the defenceless Jewish population, carefully refrained from identifying the Ukrainian people with the pogroms. This attitude was the more accentuated in comparison with the testimony of the previous week when the

JEWISH WRITER'S PLAY IS WITHDRAWN AS BUDAPEST ANTI-SEMITIC RIOTS GO ON

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Oct. 25.—A large number of Jewish students at the University of Budapest were mistreated during the anti-Semitic riots which continued yesterday. Anti-Semitic students locked the doors. Large police detachments were called to put down the rioters.

The proprietors of the National Theatre announced the withdrawal of the play whose presentation occasioned the riots.

Budapest, Oct. 24.—Despite the fact that the family of the Minister of the Interior was present in the National Theatre here during the performance of the drama "The Grand Lady" by the Jewish author, Szomory, anti-Semitic demonstrators threw stink-bombs into the audience. Shouting "Down with the Jews; down with the government. Go to Palestine. Long live pogroms!" the demonstrators stormed the theatre.

Many persons, including the policemen who tried to quell the riot, were injured during the encounters. The police were compelled to draw sabres in curbing the demonstrators. When they had been compelled to leave the theatre, the rioters staged a demonstration in the vicinity of the theatre. The excesses lasted until midnight when the police succeeded in putting down the disorders. Ninety

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witnesses for the Petlura party were on the stand. During their testimony the Petlura witnesses made many sharp anti-Semitic remarks, accusing the entire Jewish people and creating a dense anti-Semitic atmosphere in the courtroom.

The witnesses for the defense, depicting the tragedy of the helpless massacred Jewish population in the Ukrainian towns under the Petlura regime, reiterated the belief that Petlura was morally responsible for these atrocities.

The testimony of Miss Chayah Grinberg, a nurse in the Ukrainian Red Cross during the Proscurov pogrom, left a deep impression on the court. The listeners, through her convincing story were transported into the environment of a pogrom town.

A marked impression was also left by the testimony of Heinrich Sliosberg, who declared his favorable attitude toward the Ukrainian people. The accusation that Schwartzbard acted as an agent of the Soviet government was shattered when Sliosberg produced a letter from Burtzeff.

Direct testimony concerning the pogrom period in the Ukraine was also presented by Vladimir Tiomkin, who described to the jury his personal recollection of an audience of Jewish leaders with Petlura. The lawyers in the Petlura civil party under the burden of this evidence assumed a milder attitude.

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RABBI JOEL BLAU DIES IN LONDON AT AGE OF 49

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 24.—Rabbi Joel Blau of the West London Synagogue of British Jews, died in London yesterday. He was forty-nine years old.

Dr. Blau, who was formerly rabbi of Peni-El Temple, New York was appointed to the post of Senior Minister of the West London Synagogue in 1925. He had been ill for some time.

Dr. Blau was the author of many works, including "The Problem of Modern Faith" and "The Wonder of Life." Before serving as rabbi of Peni-El Temple he had been rabbi of synagogues in Rochester and Brooklyn and of the Congregation B'nai Jesurun, New York.

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JEWISH COLONISTS AT PEACE WITH UKRAINIAN NEIGHBORS, JEWISH REGION HEAD SAYS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Oct. 25.—The Chairman of the first Jewish Region in the Ukraine submitted a report on the work in the Region to the last meeting of the National Minorities Section of the Ukrainian Central Executive Committee.

He dealt in particular with the questions of the relations between the Jewish and non-Jewish peasants in the Region. About 15 per cent. of the population in the Jewish Region is non-Jewish. If there were disputes in the beginning between the Jewish and the Ukrainian peasants in the Region, he said, these no longer existed. The Ukrainian village Soviets, which are included in the Jewish Region, are realizing that they are now better attended to than when they were in the Ukrainian Region. For example, before the Jewish Region was organized, only 26 per cent. of the Ukrainian children in the area went to school. Now about 60 per cent. of the Ukrainian children are at school.

The Ukrainian peasants themselves say that they have gained by being included in the Jewish Region.

Co-operative activity in the Region, the report stated, is developing favorably. The Region now has seven agricultural credit institutions and nine co-operative distributing organizations. Complaint is made of the lack of financial means which is hindering the work of the administrative bodies of the Region.

Leon Trotsky and Gregory Zinovief were expelled from the Central Committee of the Communist Party in Moscow for factional activity and indiscipline.

AMERICAN ARCHAEOLOGIST RETURNS FROM PALESTINE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Haverford, Pa.—Oct. 25.—A picture of the Palestine that flourished before the advent of the Israelites, and a contrasting view of the Palestine of today, have been brought back by Dr. Elihu Grant, professor of Biblical literature at Haverford College.

Dr. Grant was associate director of the archaeological expedition undertaken by the Pacific School of Religion, Berkeley, Calif., at the site of ancient Mizpah, eight miles from Jerusalem, where the Prophet Samuel proclaimed Saul the first King of the Israelites. Dr. William F. Bade, dean of the Pacific school, was director of the expedition.

A large section of the old city wall was uncovered, together with many cisterns, wells, storehouses, dwellings and tombs, some of the latter going back to the Bronze Age, and revealing a high degree of civilization.

The cost of excavating has gone up, Dr. Grant discovered. Where native laborers formerly received 25 to 18 cents a day, they now receive 50 cents and upward. In addition to paying high wages, the modern archaeologist in Palestine finds himself also playing the role of benefactor to the native farmer on whose lands he is digging.

Beneath the rocky top soil that covers the site of some long-dead city, the archaeologist finds layer on layer of rich soil in which are hidden the pottery fragments and other remains from which he is able to reconstruct the life of another age. When careful sifting of this earth has given him all that he is seeking, he has it carried out and spread upon the land, filling up his deep excavations with rock and other surface debris.

As a result of this custom, Dr. Grant and his co-workers received a cordial invitation to return. They had given back to cultivation three acres of ground in a land where every inch of fertile soil is precious.

BOBRUISK SYNAGOGUE MADE WORKMEN'S CLUB

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Oct. 22.—The Great Synagogue of Bobruisk was converted into a workmen's club this week. The synagogue was taken over at the order of the Yevsekzia, the Jewish Section of the Community Party.

A temple costing \$100,000 will be erected on a recently purchased lot by the Beth-El congregation of Harrisburg, Pa.

The building will be two stories high and will contain quarters for religious school classes, meeting rooms, library on the first floor and an auditorium on the second floor.

Henry Brenner is president of the congregation.

HEBREW UNION COLLEGE COMMENCES ITS 53RD YEAR

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati O., October 25.—Dr. Julian Morgenstern, president of the Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati, delivered the address opening the fifty-third academic year of the school here before 115 students and friends of the institution.

This year's enrollment is the largest in the history of the institution and the matriculating class of twenty-five is also the largest in the school's existence.

The degree of Bachelor of Hebrew was awarded to four students; Maurice Goldblatt, of Springfield, Ill., Sol H. H. Applebaum, of Cleveland, O., Carl I. Miller, of Cleveland, O., and Mordecai Thurman, of Cincinnati.

Dr. Morgenstern announced that Dr. Walter Rothman, a member of the college's graduating class of 1923 had been added to the college faculty in the department of Jewish philosophy.

HEAD OF AUSTRIAN ZIONIST FEDERATION RESIGNS POST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 22.—Dr. Leo Goldhammer has resigned from his post as president of the Austrian Zionist Federation, on account of continuing differences with the Weizmann Group in the Federation. His resignation has aggravated the crisis in the Austrian Zionist Federation which he was trying to settle.

Dr. Goldhammer is a member of the Radical Opposition in the Zionist movement and was one of its delegates at the Fifteenth Zionist Congress in Basel.

FRENCH CHIEF RABBI: LEVI, PAYS VISIT TO ALGERIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 22.—M. Israel Levi, the Grand Rabbi of France, has left for Algeria in order to be present at the ceremony of unveiling a monument to the Algerian Jews who fell in the War. The monument is being erected by the Jewish community of Algiers.

This is the first time that a Grand Rabbi of France has visited the Jewish communities of North Africa. Rabbi Levi has gone there at the invitation of the Jewish consistory of Algeria.

Mrs. Zelig Bernstein, active for half a century in Jewish religious and philanthropic work in Brooklyn, died Monday morning, in her first year.

Funeral services were held at the Crown Heights, Talmud Torah building. Interment was at Mt. Lebanon Cemetery. Rabbi Herbert Levinthal delivered the eulogy.

Mrs. Bernstein was the mother of Alex A. Bernstein, chairman of the Distributing Committee of the Fur Industry Charity Chest.

JEWISH LEADERS TESTIFY

(Continued from page 1)

Heinrich Sliosberg, in his testimony, declared that up to March 1920 he had lived in Petrograd and as chairman of the Petrograd Jewish Kehillah, had occasion to hear much concerning the anti-Jewish pogroms in the Ukraine. When he left Russia he became acquainted with the material concerning the pogroms and heard much about them from eye witnesses. He cannot personally assert that Petlura was responsible for the pogroms, he declared. He knows, however, that Jewish public opinion in the Ukraine was firmly convinced that Petlura, as chairman of the Ukrainian directorate, did not take the necessary steps to protect the Jewish population against the pogroms and to punish the guilty ones.

The anti-Jewish pogroms in Russia during the period 1881 to 1905 were never as horrible as those which occurred under the regime of Petlura, who could have avoided them if he had used his power as chief of the army and the government. It seems, however, that he was unwilling, preferring to supply his army in this manner.

Petlura published orders against the pogroms at a time when it was his duty to act, the witness declared. "He was an energetic man, having risen to the presidency from a clerkship, but during the time of the pogroms he pretended to be weak. I am a friend of the Ukraine, but Jewry cannot forget the massacres," Mr. Sliosberg declared.

Answering the interrogation of Cesare Campinchi, "What of Petlura's responsibility?" Sliosberg declared that he considered Petlura morally and politically responsible but not legally.

RABBI BRICKNER NAMED INDUSTRIAL ARBITRATOR (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cleveland, Oct. 22—Rabbi Barnett R. Brickner, of the Euclid Avenue Temple, has accepted the invitation of the Cleveland Joint Board of Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America and the employers to serve as impartial arbitrator. He recently arbitrated in an industrial dispute.

This is the second time that Rabbi Brickner has acted in this capacity since his arrival in Cleveland two years ago. He has acted as arbitrator in industrial disputes in Canada and the U. S.

NAHUM SOKOLOV RECEIVED BY PREMIER MUSSOLINI (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Rome, Oct. 22 — Premier Mussolini granted an audience today to Nahum Sokolov President of the Executive of the World Zionist Organization, who is now on a visit to Italy.

Mr. Sokolov also called on Cardinal Gasparri.

AT SCHWARTZBARD TRIAL

Campinchi agreed with the opinion expressed by the witness.

Henri Torres, Schwartzbard's counsel, then directed the following question to the witness: "You are a conservative, is Schwartzbard a Bolshevik?"

"Alexander Shulgin swore that Schwartzbard acted for Moscow, I swear that he did not," Sliosberg exclaimed raising his hand.

This scene made a tremendous impression upon those present in the courtroom.

Mr. Sliosberg then continued, declaring that he met Burtzeff, famous Russian discoverer of provocateur agents this week. "Burtzeff told me that Debkowski, whose deposition was read in court last week to the effect that Schwartzbard acted in behalf of the Soviet government, is an agent provocateur, Burtzeff told me that Schwartzbard had called on him (Burtzeff) when he was travelling in Russia and asked him for advice as to how to fight the disorganization of the Russian army in a desire to help the Allied armies. Burtzeff told me that Schwartzbard was a bitter enemy of the Bolsheviks. Burtzeff has written a letter on this subject." Sliosberg handed the letter to the prosecuting attorney, thus exploding the contention that Schwartzbard acted in behalf of the Soviets. This testimony created a sensation in the court and called forth excitement among the civil party lawyers.

Wilms shouted: "Burtzeff's letter is worth nothing, we have more important documents."

Continuing his testimony, Sliosberg declared that the reason for Schwartzbard's act was national. "The Ukrainians do not understand our indignation," he added.

"The whole of Israel is mobilized," Wilms interjected.

"Yes, it is mobilized in the synagogues to mourn the victims," the witness replied.

During his testimony Mr. Sliosberg also touched on the opposition of the Ukrainian leaders to the Jewish colonization work in the Ukraine. "Not Ukrainian land, but the land of the former Jewish Baron Ginzburg was given to the settlers. What harm is there if thousands of ruined Jewish families settled on the land?" he asked.

The next witness for the defense was Vladimir Tiomkin, one of the Ukrainian Jewish leaders. He testified that he had been a member of the All-Ukrainian Constituent Assembly, president of the Jewish National Secretariat in Kiev, the Jewish National Secretariat and chaircity mayor of Yelissavetgrad and the Jewish man of the local Kehillah board. He was born in the Ukraine, speaks Uk-

rainian and was a partisan of the Ukrainian national movement. He did not witness the slaying of Petlura by Schwartzbard but he was in the Ukraine during the pogrom period and knows of Petlura's responsibility for them.

"I can state emphatically that the responsibility for the pogroms rests on the man whose name was Petlura. I am too old to have a desire to accuse anybody without reason and would certainly hesitate to throw suspicion without ground. The facts in the situation compel me to declare what I know to be true.

"In December 1918," the witness related, he had welcomed as representative of the Jewish National Secretariat, the Ukrainian directorate upon its arrival in Kiev. Several days later alarming reports reached the Ukrainian capitol concerning the anti-Jewish pogroms. A delegation of Jewish leaders including the witness appeared before the Chairman of the Ukrainian directorate, Vinitchenko, begging him to take measures against the massacres.

Vinitchenko declared that he had received no information on the subject but that steps will be taken. On the following morning a report arrived concerning a pogrom in Chachmattch, organized by the Ukrainian Attaman Anghel. The witness and Dr. Schwartzman called again on Vinitchenko who told the delegation that he had already received a report and that he had ordered Anghel to be shot. The perpetrator is no doubt dead by now, the chairman told them. Later, the witness declared, they learned that Anghel was not shot, that he was not even arrested.

Several days later the anti-Jewish pogroms in Berditcheff took place, organized by the Attaman Polienko. The witness stated that he had submitted a memorandum to Vinitchenko demanding extraordinary measures to stop the pogrom.

"Vinitchenko replied to this memorandum stating that he cannot do much but he is doing what is possible. He advised us to speak to Konovaletz, commander of the army in the Kiev region. Konovaletz turned down the petition of the Jewish leaders, declaring that he can do nothing. The army is not well supplied and for this reason it has to take all it needs from the population, he said.

"When we pointed out that only the Jewish part of the population is being attacked, killed and robbed, no reply was made. It must be remembered that there were two parties in the Ukraine, the military and the civil. The civil party headed by Vinitchenko strove to combat the pogroms but had

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JEWISH LEADERS TESTIFY AT SHWARTZBARD TRIAL

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no influence. The military which could have suppressed the pogrom did nothing. Petura was at the head of the military.

"The Jewish community in the Ukraine was convinced that Petura bore the responsibility. Everybody protested but the military authority paid no attention to our protests. No measures were taken to suppress the pogroms or punish the guilty. The military percent of the investigation commission from starting its work. The military even prohibited anything to be written about the pogroms. Later, when Petura realized the harm caused to his position by the pogroms he started to take energetic measures against the pogroms, but it was too late. Even the better part of the Ukrainian population was convinced that Petura was responsible for the pogroms. Had he not wanted it, there would have been no pogroms against the Jews in the Ukraine," the witness declared.

The prosecuting attorney interjected that in the Zionist Congress in Basle, Mr. Tomkin had said that the Denikin pogroms were more horrible.

Torres sarcastically replied that it seems the prosecuting attorney reproaches Schwartzbard for not having killed Denikin. "I would have gloried him if he would have killed Denikin," the defense counsel said.

Tomkin then stated that Denikin was guilty of the pogroms too but Petura's responsibility was greater. Denikin was a prisoner of his army, while Petura was the chief, he declared.

Andor Singer of Great Falls, Montana, a Merchant in the Reserve Corps and prominent Great Falls business man, has been elected President of the American Air Commission, designed to extend government air routes from San Francisco Bay to Montana points, thereby bringing Montana, which closes season flying hours of New York.

Among the winners of the annual scholarships of the Conservatorium of Music, McGill University, were Miss Vera Wolfsthal, who won the St. William Outenborch Scholarship; and Percy Roach, who was one of the three scholarships presented by the Conservatorium.

Admission to students' ballistics lectures, a new function which has been organized in Baltimore. Like the Physics and Chemical clubs, its membership is made up of representatives of various business and professional endeavors. But while the other clubs admit only one representative of each business and profession, the new organization admits three, a Jew, a Catholic and a Protestant.

Among the speakers in the initial meeting was Dr. Edward W. Israel, rabbi of the Far East Synagogue.

J.D.B. NEWS LETTER

San Francisco Jews Are Candidates For Important Municipal Posts

(By Our San Francisco Correspondent)

San Francisco, Oct. 17.—Two well-known members of the San Francisco Jewish community are candidates for office in the municipal campaign now under way. The election takes place the first Tuesday in November.

Supervisor Jesse Colman is a candidate for re-election and Jefferson B. Poyser, who is active in Jewish affairs, is running for a place on the Board of Supervisors.

Wendel Bernheim, student at the University of California, finished tenth in a recent swimming competition across the Golden Gate, which links the Pacific Ocean with San Francisco Bay. Two hundred swimmers, some of them from among the best in the United States entered the swim. Seventy-two finished. Bernheim was assistant swimmer of a troop connected with the Jewish Community Center.

Ernest Bloch, Jewish composer, who is head of a music conservatory here, returned home a few days ago from a trip to Europe. While in Paris and other large cities of the continent he was honored as one of the greatest living composers.

Roch Rabbi Louis I. Newman of San Francisco and Judge Ben R. Lindsey of Denver have replied vehemently in protest of the recent action of the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Portland, Ore. which took exception to the debate between the two held in that city on the subject of companionate marriage as espoused by the juvenile court judge.

It is not likely that the Portland W.C.T.U. will carry its objections further. Roch Dr. Newman, who vigorously opposes the plan of companionate marriage, and Judge Lindsey say they believe that discussion on the subject will be of interest to society.

Deedlot was made by the Railway Brotherhood Congregation to erect a community house. Land will be acquired and a building costing approximately \$25,000 will be erected near the present synagogue.

Purchase of property which it will remodel immediately into a house of worship, is announced by Congregation Roshnai Israel of Utica, N. Y. Samuel Cohen is president of the congregation.

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ORGAN OF TURKISH LEADER PRAISES LOYALTY OF JEWS

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Constantinople, Oct. 5.—The "Economiste d'Orient," a review in the French language published here by Deputy Rechid Saivet Bey, devotes its current bulletin to the affairs of the nine Jews who were recently arrested on a charge of having insulted Turkishism. The editor, Deputy Rechid Saivet Bey, writes: "We expect much from the loyal collaboration of the Jews of Turkey in the economic and financial fields. Twenty-five years of common work with a large number of Jews has taught us to appreciate their qualities of intelligence and honesty, to which we have always paid tribute. In defence of the political and economic interests of our fatherland, throughout the catastrophes of history, we have found the co-operation of the foreign Jews to be most earnest and unselfish."

Jewish Writer's Play Withdrawn Is Anti-Semitic Riots Go On

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persons were arrested, including editors of anti-Semitic papers.

The drama, "The Grand Lady" by S. Marie Theres, a revival of the piece is being staged at the theatre.

While the outbreak was being staged in the National Theatre, anti-Semitic circles held meetings to prepare plans to fight the proposed liberalization of the numerous classes law. Many students in the provincial cities are being organized for protest demonstrations.

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