

## KERENSKY'S PARIS ORGAN PROTESTS STATEMENT OF WITNESSES FOR PETLURA (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 21.—A protest against the Ukrainian witnesses at the Schwartzbard trial, who alleged that the pogroms were the Ukraine's inheritance from the Russian government and not a product of the Petlura government, was voiced today in the paper, "Dni," of which Kerensky is editor.

The paper promises to publish a letter tomorrow from Volodin, who was named by Petlura's former minister Shapoval in his testimony at the trial yesterday, as an agent of the Soviet government who had planned the assassination of Petlura with Schwartzbard. In his letter, the paper announces, Volodin will tell about his connections with Schwartzbard.

During the proceedings yesterday it was brought out by M. Torres, Schwartzbard's counsel, that Volodin could not be a Bolshevik agent because he was a close friend of Petlura's former minister Shapoval.

## LUBAWITSCHER REBBE NOW IN LATVIA WITH FAMILY (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Oct. 21.—Rabbi Schneursohn, the famous Lubawitscher Rebbe who was arrested and later released by the Soviet government, arrived in Riga today to take up his residence here. The rabbi was accompanied by the eight members of his family.

All the belongings of the Rabbi and his family were brought to Riga in four railroad cars. The Rabbi brought with him his entire library consisting of 10,000 books and valuable manuscripts. Among the manuscripts are several of Bal-Shem-Tov and Zemach Zedek.

A tremendous ovation was accorded Rabbi Schneursohn upon his arrival at the Riga station.

## PHILA. JEWS SEND \$100,000 TO CHICAGO CONFERENCE (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Pa., Oct. 22 — Albert H. Lieberman, Chairman of the United Jewish Campaign for Eastern Pennsylvania, will present a check for \$100,000 to David A. Brown, at the Chicago Relief Conference tomorrow. The check represents part payment on the \$1,600,000 which this district has pledged to the United Jewish Campaign.

The district has already paid \$550,000 in cash or one third of its quota, to the national headquarters.

## PETLURA'S FORMER MINISTER FAILS TO PROVE THAT SCHWARTZBARD IS COMMUNIST

Kerensky's Paper Protests Statement of Petlura's Witnesses; Cable From Petlura's Jewish Minister Creates Stir; French Must Side With Schwartzbard, "Liberte" Asserts

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 21.—The center of interest at the morning session of the fourth day of the trial of Sholom Schwartzbard, slayer of Semion Petlura in revenge for the anti-Jewish massacres in the Ukraine, was the testimony of Alexander Shulgin, former Minister of Foreign Affairs in Petlura's cabinet. Shulgin attempted to convince the court that Schwartzbard killed Petlura on instructions from the Soviet Government in Moscow.

"I am here not to defend my friend Petlura, but to accuse Schwartzbard," Shulgin began his testimony in a dignified tone. "I assert that Schwartzbard did not kill Petlura to avenge the Jews but because he is a Soviet agent."

"Can you prove this?" M. Torres demanded, pointing out that the investigation of the French police confirmed that Schwartzbard was not connected with any political party but the League of Human Rights.

Shulgin made a move to interrupt his interrogator in an attempt to weaken the impression of Torres' question.

Torres flared up and exclaimed: "You are a German agent!"

For a moment Shulgin appeared embarrassed, then he made an insulting remark on Torres' address and turned his back to the attorney. This resulted in a tumult in the courtroom.

"What proofs have you to show that Schwartzbard was a Bolshevik agent?" Torres insisted.

"I have documents," Shulgin answered. "Besides I refuse to believe it was a coincidence that when Petlura was assassinated in Paris an attempt was made in Warsaw at the same time to assassinate Pilsudski."

In order to prove that Shulgin was friendly toward France, Cesare Campinchi, head of the counsel for the Petlura party, started to read documents. Torres then read documents proving that while Shulgin was Petlura's ambassador to Bulgaria, he concluded a treaty against France. Torres also read a letter sent by Petlura to the German government assuring it of his friendship and fidelity and a letter Petlura sent to the German military headquarters glorifying Germany.

"It is my deepest conviction," Shulgin continued, "that not only the Jews but

the entire population of the Ukraine suffered from the pogroms, including the Ukrainian peasants. The massacres were the result of indignation and excitement caused by the Bolshevik Cheka among the peasants. Not only thousands of Jews but also non-Jews suffered from the massacres.

"The Ukrainian government granted full rights to all national minorities, especially to the Jews. This will, I am sure, be confirmed even by the Jewish witnesses Heinrich Sliosberg, Vladimir Tiomkin and I. Tcherikower.

"The pogroms were started by the Bolsheviks in 1917," Shulgin proceeded. "But I must acknowledge that the most terrible pogroms took place at the end of 1918 and the beginning of 1919, because of the anarchy spread among the Ukrainians by the bandits of Denikin's and Maklino's armies. The Ukrainian government fought the pogroms. Petlura did not have the supreme power and cannot therefore be held responsible for the pogroms. The majority of the Jews, being poor, were inclined toward Bolshevism. The Jewish youth dreamt of entering the Bolshevik Red Army. This provoked the peasants to pogroms, which were difficult to combat."

"I swear that Petlura was not responsible for the pogroms. History will judge us," Shulgin declared, concluding his testimony.

Schwartzbard leaped to his feet, flailing the air with his right arm and shouting:

"You —! You —!"

For the first time during the trial he was incoherent and unable to find words. His body quivered. Recovering speech, he cried:

"Do you remember the terrible days of  
(Continued on page 2)

## ANTI-JEWISH OUTBREAKS REPORTED IN BUDAPEST

A revival of the old drama, "The Grand Lady," whose heroine is the Empress Marie Theresa, resulted in serious anti-Semitic riots before the National Theatre in Budapest, a dispatch to the New York Times states. The Jewish author, Szomory, wrote the play.

Two thousand demonstrators attempted to storm the theatre. Mounted police dispersed the crowd and made sixty-five arrests.

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**FABIAN GIVES \$120,000 FOR NEW PATTERSON SYNAGOGUE**  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Paterson, N. J., Oct. 22.—Jacob Fabian, head of the Stanley-Fabian chain of moving picture theatres in New Jersey, presented \$120,000 to the congregation of Temple Emanu-El to be used in the construction of a new structure in the east side of Paterson, N. J. He was for twelve years president of the congregation.

In addition, Mr. Fabian provided \$40,000 for purchase of the property on which the temple is to stand. The new structure, it is estimated, will cost \$50,000.

Mr. Fabian is the donor of the site for the World War Plaza. He also gave \$15,000 each to the Y. M. C. A. and Y. M. H. A. building funds. He has given sums to hospitals and other institutions.

**JEWISH SCHOOL QUESTION TO COME BEFORE PRIVY COUNCIL**  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Montreal, October 22.—When the Protestant Board of School Commissioners' case in regard to Jewish representation on their Board comes before the Privy Council in London shortly, Sir John Simon, British jurist, will represent the Jewish Educational Committee.

Peter Bercovitch, K.C., M.L.A., and L. S. Laurent, K.C., of Quebec City, will act as counsel. It is also expected that Louis Fitch K.C., will go to London to represent the section of the local Jewish community who favor the establishment of separate schools for Jewish pupils.

**PETLURA'S FORMER MINISTER FAILS TO PROVE THAT SCHWARTZBARD IS COMMUNIST**

(Continued from page 1)

1910 and 1911 at Kiev? Do you remember the accusations that Jews were using Christian blood for Easter ceremonies? You hate me because I am a Jew!"

Shulgin, who had turned his back to the speaker, whipped around and screamed,

"No, because you are a Bolshevik."  
"Prove it. Prove it then," Schwartzbard retorted, dropping back into his seat.

Dr. Claude, one of the experts called by the prosecution was the next witness. Following him testimony was given by the Ukrainian general, Udovitchenko, who is a member of the Left Ukrainian party of the Socialist Revolutionaries. Udovitchenko stated Ukrainians cannot be held responsible for the pogroms.

Asked by the defense counsel why the pogroms took place only in the Ukraine and not in other parts of Russia, Udovitchenko answered that hatred toward Jews was especially strong among the Ukrainian people since the Belsis trial which took place in Kiev, and also because the Czarist government tried to artificially stimulate anti-Jewish feeling among the Ukrainian peasants.

"But I have documents proving that on May 24th and June 11th soldiers under your command perpetrated pogroms in Schargorod," Torres declared. This declaration created a tremendous sensation in the courtroom. All eyes turned on Udovitchenko who paled under the scrutiny. "My division," he exclaimed, "was never in the city you mention."

Torres then read a document showing that Udovitchenko's division was stationed in Schargorod during the days when the pogroms took place there.

"It is possible that slight incidents occurred," Udovitchenko was compelled to admit. "But they were immediately quelled," he added.

"Yes, they were quelled after hundreds were killed," was the ironic reply of Schwartzbard's counsel.

"Not a single Jew was killed," Udovitchenko insisted.

**N. Y. COMMUNITY TRUST SENDS HEBREW UNIVERSITY \$1531**

An allotment of \$1,531 for the Hebrew University in Jerusalem from the income of a \$500,000 fund established as a memorial to Charlotte and Moritz Warburg, making a total of \$25,460 paid to the university in 1927, was ordered by the Distribution Committee of the New York Community Trust, according to the announcement of disbursements made public yesterday. The Community Trust, with the assistance of Felix M. Warburg, has arranged to advance temporarily additional funds to the Hebrew University for rebuilding structures damaged by the earthquake.

Torres then declared that he has official documents proving that many Jews were killed in Schargorod.

"It is possible that those Jews were killed in the clashes between the Bolsheviks and the Ukrainians. However, many non-Jewish victims also fell at that time."

"And who was the chief of the Ukrainian army then," Torres inquired.

"Petlura was the chief, from July, 1919," Udovitchenko replied. To Torres' question as to what Petlura's position was previous to July 1919, Udovitchenko stated that Petlura was a member of the Ukrainian Directorate.

"You are hiding the information you can give us," Torres challenged the witness.

Udovitchenko then asserted that Truknik was the head of the Ukrainian army. This statement excited Torres who exclaimed, "I am ready to lose the case if it is proved that Petlura was not the chief of the Ukrainian army."

"Then the case is lost," Campinchi declared.

Torres told the court that Truknik was also a pogromist. "I am sorry that the Soviet Government granted him amnesty," he said, pointing out that every pogrom, whether organized by the Bolsheviks, Malchouist or Denikin troops was criminal. "However, Buldenny, the Bolshevik general shot his Cossacks who perpetrated the pogroms while Petlura did not punish those guilty."

"What if Lenin had been guilty of pogroms?" Campinchi asked Torres.

"He would also be dishonored," the counsel replied.

Campinchi insisted that Petlura did punish those guilty of the pogroms. "He shot Ataman Semosenko of Proskurov," Campinchi insisted. Torres demanded that Campinchi produce the order issued for Semosenko's execution. Campinchi did not answer this challenge.

Udovitchenko finished his testimony entirely compromised. The impression that his soldiers organized the pogroms and that he was not sincere in his testimony with regard to Petlura's role as chief of the Ukrainian army prevailed in the courtroom.

Paris, Oct. 22.—A cablegram received from A. Revenky of New York, former Minister of Jewish affairs in the Ukraine, created a stir when it was read in the courtroom by Henri Torres, Schwartzbard's counsel. In his cable Revenky protests against the misuse of his name by the Petlura witnesses at the trial and authorizes Torres to state that Revenky is convinced of Petlura's responsibility for the pogroms.

After the cable was read by Torres, Cesare Campinchi, the Petlura party counsel, arose and exclaimed: "We new

## THREE HUNDRED DELEGATES ASSEMBLED AT CONSTRUCTIVE RELIEF CONFERENCE IN CHICAGO

Julius Rosenwald Extends Welcome To Conference; Report of Dr. Bernard Kahn, European Director of J. D. C., Read at Opening Session

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Oct. 22 — Three hundred delegates assembled tonight in the auditorium of the New Standard Club as the Constructive Relief Conference of the Joint Distribution Committee and the United Jewish Campaign was opened by James N. Rosenberg, vice-chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee.

A message of welcome was extended the conference by Julius Rosenwald. The report of Dr. Bernard Kahn, European Director of the Joint Distribution Committee, presented by Joseph C. Hyman, executive secretary of the United Jewish Campaign, occupied the center of interest for the delegates at the first session. Paul Baerwald, treasurer of the J. D. C. and Mary I. Berger, national secretary of the United Jewish Campaign, presented the status of collections and the disbursements for relief abroad.

Representing the Jewish communities in practically every state in the Union, the delegates to the conference are: from California: M. E. Jaffa; Berkeley, Rabbi Joseph Jasin, Pasadena, H. L. Zellerbach, San Francisco; Connecticut;

mentioned Revutsky's name here. This is a pre-emptive measure." Torres replied that Revutsky's name had been mentioned in the act of indictment. The contents of the act was cabled by correspondents to the New York Jewish press and brought forth Revutsky's cable. Torres also read a letter from Pinchas Krasny, former Minister of Jewish affairs in Petlura's cabinet, in which Petlura is directly accused of the pogroms.

At this point Campinchi, in an attempt to override the facts presented by Torres, claimed that Torres was acting unfairly in not telling the jury that Krasny was Petlura's minister until 1923. To this Torres replied that Campinchi had withheld from the jury the end of the documents published by the Schwartzbard Defense Committee where Palienko, one of Petlura's generals responsible for the Zhitomir pogrom, was referred to.

The two attorneys faced each other, Campinchi crying "Torres has insulted me. I must rehabilitate myself." Holding the book containing the documents of the pogroms compiled by the Schwartzbard Defense Committee, Campinchi approached the jury. He was followed by Torres. A tumult arose in the courtroom.

Campinchi shouted, "You have not acted as a socialist." Torres replied indignantly, "You cannot expect me to discuss my political views in this

- Samuel Kasdon, Waterbury, Col. Isaac M. Ullman, New Haven; Delaware: Rabbi Louis A. Mischkind; Georgia: Armand Mays; Illinois: Lee Greenman, Isaac Kuhn, Emanuel Rosenberg, H. Bornstein, Rabbi Samuel Schwartz, D. S. Friedman, Arthur Lehman, A. C. Salzenstein, Clarence A. Ullman, J. A. Cohen, Louis Andich, Dr. H. J. Friedman, Max Sosna, Ben A. Stewart, Morton D. Barker, Michael Eckstein, Meyer Fishman, M. J. Kellner, M. N. Wisn, Maxwell Abbell, Dr. M. L. Aron, Walter S. Baer, James H. Becker, E. J. Block, Max N. Block, Morris Blumin, Edgard R. Born, Isadore Brown, Louis M. Cahn, Judge Joseph David, James Davis, Samuel Deutsch, Mrs. J. M. Eisendrath, Max Epstein, M. E. Feiwel, Joseph Feuchtwanger, Judge Harry M. Fisher, Dr. G. George Fox, S. I. Frank, Hiram D. Frankel, Rabbi Solomon B. Frehof, Herkay J. Friedman; Indiana: Dr. August Gatzert, Samuel Ginsburg, M. Philip Ginsburg, Harry Goldstine, B. K. Goodman, C. J. Gordon, Max M. Grossman, Albert Z. Halperin, William A. Hirsh, G. Hochstadter, B. Norwich, Max Kadushin, L. M. Katz, Morris Katz, Jacob Kepes, Sol Kirilne, D. S. Komiss, A. M. Krensky, Albert Kuppenheimer, Adolph Kurz, Paul N. Lardner, Rabbi P. A. Langh, H. M. Laury, Jerome P. Malle, Rabbi Felix A. Levy, Samson Liph, Isaac B. Lipson, Dr. S. Z. Loeber, Rev. Dr. Louis L. Mann, Rabbi Benjamin Marcus, H. L. Meites, Rabbi S. Felix Mendelsohn, Joseph Micaelis, Isaac M. Mills, Moses Ottenheimer, Felix S. Pathman, Samuel Phillipson, Mrs. Samuel Phillipson, Dr. Herman S. Pommrenze, Elias Reichman, John Rissman, Benjamin S. Rosenthal, Julius Rosenberg, Chas. Rubens, Tony Rubovitz, Monte H. Sadler, H. J. Schloessinger, Jacob L. Schnadig, Philip L. Seman, Morris Seskind, Miss Augusta Shaplor, J. Siegel, Rabbi Saul Silver, Sigmund Silberman, George W. Simons, Rabbi Jacob Singer, Peter Sissman, Samuel B. Steele, Samuel M. Sultan, S. L. bi Joseph Stolz, William C. Sydney, Israel B. Ury, Edgar C. Voorsanger, John Winger; Iowa: Leo F. Wormser; Indiana: Philip Norwich Rabbi J. H. Skirball, William Feder, Sam H. Singer, Leppa Levin, Rabbi Mordecai Schultz, Louis J. Borinstein, Rabbi Morris M. Feuerlicht, George R. Fournorff, J. E. Rauh, Mrs. Andrew Fried, Nate J. E. Indiana: Philip Norwich, Rabbi J. H. Taxay; Iowa: J. J. Frankel, Mrs. Morton Berman, Rabbi Morton Berman, B. Bloch, Mrs. H. D. Bloch, Ben H. Comenitz, Morris Mandelbaum, Jos. L. Ballin; Kansas: Rabbi I. J. Sarasohn; Louisiana: Jules J. Paglin; Maryland: L. Manuel Hender, Mrs. L. Manuel Hender; Massachusetts: B. Fexter, Ham K. Cohen, Dr. Maurice B. Fexter, Myer T. Ornstein, A. Brown, Joseph H. Michigan: Rabbi Leo M. Franklin, Ehrlich, William Freedman, Bernard Kinsburg; Wisconsin: M. Gross, Julian H. Krolik, M. W. L. Prentiss, Esther R. Prussian, D. Stern, Simons, Jacob Siner, Milford D. Louis Stoll; Michigan: Dr. Morris D. Waldman, Henry Winegar, Gustave A. Wolf, Henry J. Wisconsin: Dr. Emil C. Minnesota: H. H. Goddon, Rabbi Herbert Robertske, L. D. Goddon, Rabbi Herbert Parsan; Mississippi: Rabbi S. A.

- Rabinowitz; Missouri: Rabbi Herman M. Cohen, Ferdinand S. Bach, Hon. Nathan Frank, Rabbi Jacob J. Grossky, Dr. Alexander Kaufman, Edwin M. Meisses, Rabbi Samuel Saltz, Sydney M. Shoenberg, Aaron Waldheim, David P. Wohl; Nebraska: William L. Holzman, Harry H. Lapidus, Henry Moskwy; New Jersey: Rabbi Max D. Davidson, A. J. Dimond, Michael Hollander, Albert Slater, Mrs. Albert Slater, Mrs. Albert Slater; New York: Chas. M. Stern, Bertram M. Aufseuser, Willard W. Saperston, Rabbi Simon R. Krinsky, Harry Davidson, H. M. Marcus, Morris Berman, Lester Nussbaum, Chas. Kohn, Bernard B. Given, Samuel Reichler, New York City: Paul Baerwald, Jacob Bashein, M. I. Berger, Mrs. M. I. Berger, Herman Bernstein, David M. Bressler, Rabbi I. L. Brill, Alexander Dolowitz, Bernard Edelheit, Dr. Samuel Eiltsberg, Morris Gils, Samuel Goldfishel, Meyer Gils, Samuël Goldstein, Jonah J. Goldstein, Mrs. E. A. Grunfeld, Sidney Hillman, Rabbi Leopold Jung, Alexander Kahn, M. J. Karpf, Jacob Klein, Rabbi Nathan Krass, Dr. Isaac Landman, Judge Edward Lazansky, Herbert H. Lehman, Samuel D. Leidesdorf, Solomon Lowenstein, Louis Marshall, Miss Irma May, Max Pine, Rabbi I. Rosenberg, James N. Rosenberg, Joseph Schlossberg, Rubin Schwartz, David J. Schweitzer, Bernard Semel, Harry Shaplor, Haim A. Solovitchik, Hugh Grant Straus, Rabbi Aaron Tettebaum, Benjamin Titman, Morris Troper, Z. Tygel, B. C. Vladeck, Felix M. Warburg, Mrs. Harry Wilk, Baruch Zuckerman; Ohio: Blanche Block, Samuel Ach. Osborn, Eugene D. Borin, D. Rogin, Alfred M. Cohn, Rabbi Abraham M. Cohen, Rabbi Abraham Cronbach, Maurice J. Freiberg, Mrs. Jesse M. Joseph, Jesse M. Joseph, Hirsch Manischewitz, Max Manischewitz, Dr. Julian Morgenstern, Sidney E. Peltz, Charles Schaengold, William J. Schroder, Isidor Wise, Rabbi George Zepin, Samuël Goldstein, Mrs. Ziegmond Hensler, Aaron M. Neustadt, Ben Z. Neustadt, Rabbi Solomon Rivlin, Edwin J. Schanfarger, Rabbi Isaac Werne, Jacob Margoles, Milton C. Stern, Mrs. Milton C. Stern, Samuel H. Thal, W. F. Forrest, Emanuel Kahn, Mrs. Emanuel Kahn, I. G. Goldsmith, Max A. Myerovich; Oklahoma: Rabbi J. Bit; Pennsylvania: Leo Ben Benjamin, Morris Schenffman, Paul Goldblatt, Dr. Cyrus Adler, Jacob Billikopf, Mrs. David Friedlander, Lionel Friedman, David Galter, Congressman Benjamin M. Golder, Leopold Goldstein, William Hirsch, Rabbi Max D. Klein, Albert H. Lieberman, Mrs. Albert H. Lieberman, William S. Paley, Dr. L. E. Rubinow, Judge Horace Stern, Miss Sophie Stern, Paul Abelson, Leo L. B. Bernstein, Paul Abelson, Leo L. B. Bernstein, Heller, Louis Oettinger, Isador Coons, Max Sokol. South Dakota: William Ribnick, Sam Sudow; Tennessee: A. Simon; Texas: Samuel C. Blumenthal, J. K. Fexter; Virginia: Moe Levy; West Virginia: David Samuel H. Berech; West Virginia: David Samuel H. Berech; Wisconsin: Harry Weisbaum, Brown; Wisconsin: A. L. Paradise, Rabbi S. Abrahams, J. D. Rosenberg, Mrs. Jules Rappaport, J. D. Rosenberg, Mrs. D. Rosenberg, Judge S. E. Schlen, Jerry Simon, Samuel Woldenberg, Rabbi Joseph L. Baron, J. L. Bitker, Mrs. J. L. Bitker, Mrs. Henry D. Eder, Mrs. J. L. Bitker, Dr. Benjamin D. Eder, Charles Friend, Dr. Benjamin Glassberg, Nah. A. L. Saltstein, Morris Chas. G. Leibel, Jerome P. Davis; Stern, Nah. A. Stone, Jerome P. Davis; Canada: Miss Francis Geller.

## PELORA MINISTER FAILS TO PROVE CHARGES IN COURT

(Continued from page 3)

course." Amidst the uproar which greeted this encounter, presiding Judge Fley ordered the session concluded.

Before the tumult arose Campinchi protested against the glorification of Schwarzhard, explaining that he had often denigrated murderers but had never attempted to make heroes of them. Campinchi turned to Schwarzhard declaring:

"Hissen, Schwarzhard, You killed an innocent man. You acted against the Bible commandment, against the commandments of your race and religion."

Smiling calmly, Schwarzhard attempted to reply to Campinchi. The counsel for the Pelora party, however, forestalled him. "Your smile is our disgrace."

"But what about the American Jewish Committee condemning Schwartz-herd's act?" Campinchi asked, turning to Torres.

Torres replied that the business of the manner is his interrogation of the Christian witnesses. "When the Jewish witnesses will be called, this will be explained," he declared.

Paris, Oct. 23.—Complete sympathy for Sholem Schwarzhard was expressed today by the Paris paper "Liberte." "Public opinion must be with Schwarzhard who fought for France and not with the Ukrainians who were with the Germans during the war," the paper declares.

Congregations Eini and Emant-El, the two reform congregations of Milwaukee, recently amalgamated under the name of Congregation Eimant-El Eini Jerusalem. Temple Eini Jerusalem was established 75 years ago.

The new congregation has a membership of 849. Its rabbis are Joseph L. Baron and Samuel Hirshberg. S. L. Saltsztein is President, Chas. Reichenthal, Vice-President, F. M. Phillips, Treasurer, and Mr. J. Quibbi, Secretary.

Rabbi Louis I. Korman of Temple Eimant-El San Francisco invited Judge Ben Lindsey of Denver before a crowded audience in Seattle, Wash., on the question of "Donationist Marriages." This debate was the beginning of a series of debates between the Rabbi and Judge Lindsey on this subject. They will debate in Portland, San Francisco, Sacramento and Los Angeles.

The former site of Temple Eimant-El was purchased by M. T. Korman, who will erect in forty-two days a new synagogue on the site. The proposed structure will represent an investment of about \$3,000,000, including the cost of the land, and will be the highest building on Fifth Avenue. It was started.

In 1926 five trustees of Temple Eimant-El sold the site to Benjamin Winter.

## JUDGE MACK URGES YOUNG JUDAEA BE STRENGTHENED

Young Judaea Launches \$20,000 Campaign in Philadelphia

A call to Jewish communities throughout the country to support the Young Judaea has been issued by Federal Judge Julian W. Mack.

"I hope that the Jewish communities throughout the country will make it possible for their Young Judaea groups to multiply and flourish," Judge Mack declared.

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Pa. Oct. 22.—The Young Judaea of Philadelphia will inaugurate a campaign tomorrow for \$20,000 to make possible the continuation of its activities for the following year.

The drive will be launched at a dinner on Sunday evening at the Hotel Benjamin Franklin.

The principal speaker and guest of honor will be Rabbi Elias Margolis, of New York, Abraham A. Wernick, President of Young Judaea will preside.

Rabbi Morris S. Laskow, of the Baltimore Hebrew Congregation, was one of six Marylanders elected knight commanders of the Court of Honor at a meeting in Washington Tuesday, October 23, of the Supreme Council of the United Hebrews, High of Free Masonry for the Southern Jurisdiction of the United States.

The Supreme Council, composed of thirty-three degree Masons, one from each State in the Southern Jurisdiction, is meeting in Washington.

Money of \$25,000.000 alleged to have been collected by the Dr. Elmer Eden in Pennsylvania was charged against the organization in an amended answer filed in Federal court, Pittsburgh, by defendants in a suit brought by the Eden to prevent five members from leaving the name of the organization in their activities.

At a meeting of the Congregational Synod of Israel of New York, Conn., the members of the organization voted to raise steps for the erection of a new synagogue. The organization voted an appropriation \$250,000 for the new building. Rabbi Gordon Hains is rabbi of the congregation.

Mrs. Irma F. Lindheim, President of Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America, returned on the S. S. "Belgenland" after attending the World Zionist Congress in Zurich, Switzerland, and having made a tour of Palestine. On her tour she inspected the Infant Welfare Centers and the Hospitals under the supervision of Hadassah in the Holy Land.

Members of the Kenneth Darrell Congregation, Louisville, Ky., subscribed \$239,400 for a new synagogue at a meeting at the present synagogue at a local congregation. Rabbi Albert K. Mittelman presided.

The synagogue has members totaling 450 and 350 women and maintains a residential school for about 250 children. The congregation recently acquired a lot and plans to erect a synagogue to accommodate 1,500 persons.

## JUDGE IS DISMISSED FROM BENCH FOR ANTI-SEMITISM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Oct. 22.—Judge Gellin of the District Court of Breslau was suspended from his office following a complaint lodged against him that he publicly made anti-Jewish utterances.

The complaint was lodged by a member of the Prussian Diet, Deputy Hermann, who wrote to the Prussian Minister of Justice that on September 12 he had been in a wine-shop in Breslau and had heard Gellin shout: "The Berliner Tagblatt" is a rag. It is a vulgar Jewish paper. Why such a rag should exist. All Jews are scoundrels."

"I went up to his table," Deputy Hermann wrote, "and saw that I was a judge from whom these words came. I told him that I was a contributor to the 'Berliner Tagblatt' and took his insult to refer also to me personally, and challenged him to a duel. Gellin refused the challenge, and said me a Jew."

"As he continued to keep jabbing upon me," Deputy Hermann continued, "I had a policeman called. The policeman asked Gellin for his name and address, but he refused to give it and consented finally only after a long argument, crying all the time to see that I must also be one of those Jews."

The funeral of Mrs. Bertha Germann, a sister of Aaron Sapiro, was held in Los Angeles... will be held in Oakland on Monday.

Mrs. Germann, the wife of Dr. Albert G. Germann, was widely known a club and society worker.

Mrs. Germann also was known as a concert singer. She appeared in three concert companies during the past year. It was arranged to aid charitable institutions or clubs.

## THE NEW PALESTINE

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