

ANTI-SEMITIC STUDENTS IN ROUMANIA WILL NOT DISCONTINUE ACTIVITIES

Cuza Faction Insists on "Solving Jewish Problem"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Aug. 23.—The anti-Semitic students in Roumania have no intention to discontinue their propaganda and activities, according to resolutions adopted at the congress of the Roumanian anti-Semitic student body held in Kloster-Neamtz.

The only departure that was made is that the organization declared its independence of the older anti-Semitic organizations.

It appears from information obtained now that during the sessions of the congress many riots took place when the various factions of the organization clashed on matters of principle. The bones of contention were Cuza and Codreanu, many of the students siding with them, while many were opposed to their leadership.

The main issue that agitated the Roumanian anti-Semitic students was the question whether they are to follow Codreanu and establish a group that would indulge in violence or to follow Cuza in a policy of a "peaceful revolution."

The question was debated at a secret session where proposals were taken up as to how to conduct the fight against Jewry and as to how anti-Semitism is to be instilled in the masses. It is understood that the final outcome of the session was that a resolution was adopted stating that the student body organizes itself on the basis of the National Christian anti-Semitic doctrine of Alexander Cuza in an independent organization. The purpose of this organization is to "solve the Jewish problem."

JEWISH MERCHANTS MAY KEEP BOOKS IN YIDDISH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Aug. 23.—Jewish merchants may keep their books in Yiddish or Hebrew, according to an ordinance issued by the Minister of Finance.

The new ordinance concerning the question which caused wide agitation some time ago provides that all corporations or cooperative societies must keep their books in Polish. All other business enterprises may keep their books in any language the proprietors choose with the specification, however, that the accounts must be written in Latin characters.

GRIEVANCES OF NATIONAL MINORITIES ARE VOICED AT GENEVA CONGRESS

Movement is Voice of Humanity, Leaders State; Told of Decisions of Zurich Conference

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Aug. 23.—A tribune for voicing the grievances of the national minorities in the new and enlarged states of Europe was erected in Geneva with the opening of the third International Congress of National Minorities yesterday.

At the second session of the Congress addresses describing the situation of the minorities were delivered

NINE JEWS ARRAIGNED IN CONSTANTINOPLE FOR PROTEST DEMONSTRATION

Murder of Jewish Girl Sentenced to "Preventative Arrest"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Constantinople, Aug. 23.—Nine Jews arrested by the Turkish police during the Jewish protest demonstration at the funeral of Elsa Niegro, the Jewish girl who was murdered by Osman Bey, Turkish officer, for refusing to marry him, were arraigned before the correctional court of Stamboul yesterday. The case was adjourned until August 27.

Osman Bey was also arraigned before the court which sentenced him to "preventative arrest" in order to protect him from possible danger.

The demonstration started at the funeral of the girl. The majority of the demonstrators were Jewish girls who protested against the outrage, shouting "We want justice." Osman Bey narrowly escaped being lynched by the crowd. Traffic was interrupted.

The Turkish authorities took an offended view, declaring they are incensed at the behavior of the Jewish demonstrators. It was stated that the incident may have an important effect on the relations between Jews and Turks which hitherto have been good.

BERLIN POLICE PREVENT ANTI-SEMITIC RIOTING

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, August 23.—Anti-Jewish excesses were prevented in Berlin yesterday by the action of the police.

The police arrested 450 members of the National Socialist Party who arrived here on a special train from Nuernberg where they participated in a Hitler parade. On the way they committed a number of excesses.

by Dr. Wilfan who presided, Professor Schiemann, representing the German Minorities and Dr. Leo Motzkin representing the Jewish minorities.

In his address Dr. Wilfan pointed to the growing significance of the national minorities movement in all countries. The national minorities question is the question of the fate of Europe, he stated. It can be satisfactorily solved only with the participation of all parties directly concerned. "We pursue a European policy and embody the voice of mankind," he declared.

Professor Schiemann, speaking in behalf of the German minorities, urged equal treatment for the strong and weak minorities. "The national minorities movement works for peace and national consciousness," he stated.

Dr. Motzkin described to the Congress the proceedings of the Conference on Jewish Rights held last week in Zurich. "This conference occupied itself not only with Jewish questions but mainly with general questions pertaining to all minorities. The fate of the minorities is common to all," he declared.

Dr. Motzkin welcomed the Congress on behalf of the Zurich Conference and stated: "The delegates in Zurich pledged their support for the cause of the national minorities and you must do the same."

REFUSE TO ACCEPT MONEY RAISED AT DANCE FOR RE- BUILDING OF SYNAGOGUE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, Aug. 23.—Funds raised at a masquerade ball are not good enough to be used in the construction of a synagogue in the view of the Orthodox leaders of the Jewish community of Brzuchowice, Galicia.

The synagogue of the town was destroyed by fire recently. The elders then started a collection to rebuild the synagogue. As the funds came in rather slowly a group of local women undertook to raise the funds by arranging a dance and cabaret. This undertaking brought a sum larger than that required. The synagogue committee however, refused to accept the money declaring it was tainted because of the method employed in raising it.

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CORRUPTION OF BIBLICAL NAME CAUSES JEW'S ARREST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vilna August 23.—Is Jankel, the corrupted Polish form of the Biblical name Jacob, the same as Jacob?

This question was argued in a Vilna court when police arrested Jacob Shapiro because he had signed official documents with the name Jacob instead of Jankel, the name appearing on his passport. The court released Shapiro after he had submitted a copy of his birth certificate issued by the Russian authorities in which he was inscribed as Yakov, the Russian equivalent of the Biblical name.

SOVIET TRADE COMMISSION SAILS FOR UNITED STATES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, August 23.—Moses Hurwicz, formerly Minister of Health in the Ukraine and at present head of the Foreign Department of the Soviet Supreme Economic Council, heads the Soviet commission which sailed for New York yesterday.

The purpose of the commission is to seek to create normal trade relations between Russia and the United States. The commission will place orders in America for machinery which was purchased in England prior to the rupture of the Anglo-Soviet relations.

Rabbi Leon J. Liebreich, for the past two years Rabbi of Temple Beth El, Stamford, Conn., has accepted a call to the pulpit of the Adath Israel Congregation in Trenton, N. J. He will assume his duties at the Adath Israel Congregation in Trenton on September 1.

BRANDEIS NEGLECTED GREAT OPPORTUNITY. JEWISH MORN- ING JOURNAL' DECLARES

Thirst for Justice Explains Interest of Jews in Famous Case

The attitude of United States Supreme Court Justice Louis D. Brandeis in his explanation of his refusal to intervene in the Sacco-Vanzetti case is criticized by the "Jewish Morning Journal," conservative Jewish paper. Arthur D. Hill, chief defense counsel, stated following an interview with Justice Brandeis which occupied less than three minutes that "Justice Brandeis on being informed on what case we were acting stated that because of his personal relations to some of the people who had been interested in the case he felt that he must decline to act on any matter connected with it."

In an editorial entitled "A Neglected Opportunity," the Jewish Morning Journal writes:

"The Jewish Justice of the United States Supreme Court had an excellent opportunity to stay the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti and millions of Jews will regret that he did not find it proper to make use of it. Nor will Jews be the only ones who will resent this decision. Justice Brandeis, in his younger years, was known as a radical and all those who are inclined to go a little farther than the usual conservative American with regard to changes, considered him as their man.

"The opposition which came to the surface when he was nominated as Justice of the highest court of the land had more to do with his radicalism than with his Jewish origin. He was the right man in the Supreme Court to break through the wall of 'technicalities' which have prevented the sentenced from obtaining a new trial. Certainly he knew what he did and when he says that it was not proper for him to intervene, one must assume that he is right. None the less, this caution is also not more than a technicality. When one imagines that his decision not to intervene meant at that moment a death sentence for the two persons with whom his family sympathizes, a doubt arises if he had a moral right to stop at such a delicate point as the Biblical injunction: 'Whitten

JEWISH JURIST NAMED TO HIGH POST IN JUGOSLAVIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Belgrade, August 23.—Abram Russo, well known Yugoslavian Jewish jurist, was appointed president of the Court of Appeals.

The appointment was made public to-day by an order of the Yugoslavian Minister of Justice.

Nekim. The fear that perhaps somebody would say something concerning him or that perhaps the action is not exactly correct should not stand in the way when a question of such importance is under consideration.

"In essence, the others before whom the case was brought have done likewise. Governor Fuller and the Lowell Commission have also found that it is not proper for them to decide against the sentence although they had a legal right to give another opinion. Such an attitude is more logical for one who believes that the sentenced were guilty than for one concerning whom there is every justification to assume that he is not convinced of their guilt. A doubt of 1 per cent. against 99 should have been sufficient to forget what is proper and what is not proper.

"However, not having any intention to blame the famous jurist, it is impossible to regret the causes which have influenced him to act as he did.

"If more persons among us than among other men and women were against the execution of the sentence, it is only because the thirst for justice and the fear of shedding innocent blood is stronger among the Jews than among others.

"It would have made a marvelous impression upon the entire world if a Jew would give the word for which tens of millions waited with the greatest suspense. Even such persons who believe that under normal circumstances it is better for the Jew not to attract too much attention would admit that this case is an exception.

"One cannot imagine that a man like Justice Brandeis should not have been interested in the case, that he should not know more about it than the majority. Such an energetic spirit is also seldom in doubt concerning an important matter and there are, in our opinion, only two explanations for his action: either that he was convinced that the sentenced were found rightly guilty, or that he was certain that another would save them and had thought that in view of the fact that a stay would be granted anyway, it was more proper to relinquish the honor and to prevent the bad opinion which might have been expressed in certain circles. Otherwise, the explanation of impropriety is not sufficient to explain his attitude."

A cable from Warsaw to the Jewish Morning Journal stated that the Sacco Vanzetti case was the subject of discussion at a special meeting called by the Poalei Amunei Israel, Orthodox Jewish labor organ-

ORTHODOX AND ZIONISTS CLASH OVER IMPORTATION OF PALESTINE ESROIGIM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, August 23.—Orthodox and Zionist members of the Warsaw Kehillah Council were divided on the question of importing Palestine esroigim (citrons used during the celebration of the Feast of Tabernacles) for the forthcoming High Holidays. Last year the Kehillah ordered 25 per cent. of the Esroigim needed from Palestine and 75 per cent. from Greece, Corfu esroigim being preferred.

This year in view of the economic crisis prevalent in Palestine, the Zionist Kehillah members urged that the majority of the esroigim be ordered from Palestine. This was opposed by the Orthodox members who argued that the Biblical commandment for the use of esroigim requires the best obtainable. They also argued that the Corfu esroigim are of better quality and real Palestine esroigim are rare.

REPORT \$35,000 COLLECTED FOR SCHOLARSHIP FUND

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, O., August 23. — Mrs. Joseph Stolz of Chicago, national chairman of the Committee on Hebrew Union College Scholarships of the National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods has reported receipts totalling \$35,343 towards the scholarship fund for 1926-27.

The Men's Club of the Fort Washington Synagogue of New York City has just affiliated with the National Federation of Temple Brotherhoods, according to announcement made by Roger W. Straus, president. This makes the total number of Brotherhoods in the Federation 106.

The Synagogue Council of America, with which the Union of American Hebrew Congregations is affiliated, has just issued a calendar of Jewish holidays which it has distributed among universities, colleges, public schools and other institutions throughout the country.

ization. At this meeting the legal side of the case was discussed on the basis of Jewish law. Following the discussion a decision was reached that the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti was not justified according to Jewish law.

"The Day," liberal Yiddish daily, commented yesterday on the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti in an editorial entitled "America Loses."

The editorial contends that neither justice nor humanity nor society gained anything by the execution of Sacco and Vanzetti. The newspaper

(Continued on page 4)

UNITED STATES CONSUL IN JERUSALEM REVIEWS PALESTINE SITUATION

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, August 22.—The boom in Palestine during the earlier part of 1925 is attributed as the reason for the ensuing depression in that country by Oscar Heizer, U. S. Consul at Jerusalem, in a report on the economic situation in Palestine in 1926 submitted to the State Department and made public by the Department of Commerce here. "The resulting trade depression was reflected primarily in the decline in building operations in Tel Aviv and the consequent increase in unemployment," the report says.

"Only ££270,000 was spent there on new construction in 1926 as compared with ££1,436,000 in 1925. Expenditures on construction in Jerusalem, however amounted to approximately ££393,449 as against ££256,939 in 1925, and in Haifa to ££155,003 and ££111,100, respectively. About 1,200 protests on promissory notes were registered in Haifa alone during 1926; this compares with 400 in 1926 and 200 in 1924," the report continues.

"Reports on industrial activity were more satisfactory. Of the plants that closed down in 1925, the largest, a chocolate and a silk factory, have reopened, and a brewery at Acre, were established during 1926.

"Three electric power stations were functioning in Palestine in 1926 and furnishing power for the industries at Tel-Aviv, Haifa, and Tiberias. These power houses will be auxiliary and stand-by stations when the main Rutenburg electricity scheme, which proposes to harness the waters of the Jordan, is put into operation.

"Industrial production during the year included 44,500 tons of artificial Portland cement; 4,563,563 sandlime (silicate) bricks; and 489 tons of cigarettes, cut tobacco, and tombac as against 434 tons in 1925. The production of salt is a Government monopoly; during 1926 5,549 tons of salt were sold, as compared with 4,794 tons in 1925.

"During the year foreign shipping to the extent of 2,651 steam and sailing vessels, with an aggregate register of 1,614,434 tons, entered Palestine ports. Eleven of these were of American nationality, as compared with 12 in 1925 and 1 in 1924. In the coastal trade, 1,043 steam and sailing vessels, totaling 726,958 tons, were engaged. While the port of Haifa registered about double the tonnage of Jaffa in the coastal trade, the port of Jaffa handled twice as much foreign trade as Haifa, the difference in the latter case being caused by the large orange exports through Jaffa.

"The Imperial Airways (Ltd.) acquired land at Gaza in the latter

part of 1926 for the establishment of an airdrome, which will form a link in the recently inaugurated Cairo-Karachi air route.

"Adverse weather conditions had such serious effects that the 1926 crop of oranges, the only export commodity of importance, totaled only 1,515,000 cases as against 2,146,000 cases in 1925. The decrease is attributed to frosts at the beginning of last year. Owing to the increasing production of Jaffa oranges, growers are endeavoring to develop new markets for this product. In line with this policy, an orange show was held at Jaffa early in 1926, the first of its kind in Palestine; it is reported to have proved a success. Keener competition is being encountered abroad from Spanish oranges, and the need of new markets is considered important if the present price level is to be maintained in the face of increasing production. England continues to be Palestine's most important market for oranges, followed by Egypt and Turkey.

"Cereal crops were badly affected by abnormal heat during the growing season. Barley, through its early maturing, alone escaped the effects of the heat wave and its yield increased to 70,000 tons in 1926 as against 40,000 in 1925. Wheat production was less satisfactory—90,000 tons as against 101,000 in 1925. Durrah was hard hit, so that production fell from 30,000 tons in 1925 to 24,000 tons in 1926. The same situation applies to Sesame, which yielded 1,800 tons as against 5,000 for the previous year. A normal crop is reported for melons (25,570 tons). Small increases are indicated in returns of beans, lentils, and kersenneh, attributed to additional planting under the plan of crop rotation.

"The 1926 crop of tobacco totaled 1,040,000 pounds, as against 1,270,000 pounds in 1925. The acreage planted was slightly less, but the quality is reported to be better.

"Palestine's foreign trade in 1926, exclusive of goods in transit and specie shipments, was marked by a 12 per cent. reduction in imports as compared with 1925."

DR. BUCHLER CASE UP TODAY

The case of Dr. Samuel Buchler, charged with having falsely testified before the Federal Grand Jury, which was scheduled to be taken up in the District Court yesterday was postponed for today.

A \$2,975 automobile will be awarded to the Hadassah Chapter making the best showing toward raising the \$120,000 Summer Emergency Fund for the Medical and Health work which Hadassah maintains in Palestine. The donor of the automobile is Mrs. Charles Werbelowsky of Brooklyn.

UKRAINIAN STUDENTS WARN JEWS AGAINST DE- FENDING SCHWARTZBAR

Submission of Pogrom Proofs Seen
as "Provocation"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 23.—An attempt to whitewash the memory of Semion Petlura, Ukrainian leader during the period of anti-Jewish pogroms who was slain by Sholem Schwartzbard, was made in what was termed a protest proclamation issued by 32 Ukrainian student organizations in connection with the approaching Schwartzbard trial in Paris.

The proclamation was published in the German anti-Semitic press. In it, the Ukrainian student organizations attempt to create the impression that Schwartzbard's slaying of Petlura was an act inspired by the Soviet government for the purpose of discrediting the Ukrainian national movement by leveling upon it the charge of responsibility for the anti-Jewish pogroms and to cause friction between the Jews and Ukrainians. The student organizations maintain that Petlura was not responsible for the anti-Jewish pogroms and that on the contrary he always attempted to prevent the pogroms. The declaration also protests against the efforts of Schwartzbard's counsel to base Schwartzbard's defense on the issue of the pogroms and the responsibility for them. They demand that Schwartzbard, as the slayer of Petlura, should not be defended by the Jewish press.

"We Ukrainian students of the various colleges in Czechoslovakia, Germany, China, France, Poland, Belgium, Austria, Yugoslavia, the Free City of Danzig and other countries," the proclamation states, "declare publicly in the face of the student bodies and the intelligentsia of the entire civilized world our solemn protest against the unheard of insults, libels and falsifications employed by the opponents and enemies of the freedom movement of the Ukrainian nation to wrongly direct public opinion in the civilized world, particularly in France, so that they are prevented from understanding the real cause and aim which prompted the murder on May 25, 1918 in the streets of Paris of Semion Petlura, head of the directorium of the Ukrainian People's Republic. These representations aim at the same time to harm the name of the murdered man and of the Ukrainian nation by placing upon them the shame of responsibility for the so-called pogroms which is a lie.

"We must also, in all earnestness direct the attention of the civilized world to the immense danger to the general peace which result from the purposely arranged indictment of one nation against another, as in this case. Let it therefore be considered that in case the Jewish people really

UNION ISSUES BOOK OF 13 HOLIDAY SERMONS (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, August 23.—A booklet containing thirteen sermons for the forthcoming holidays has just been issued by the Tract Commission of the Department of Synagogue and School Extension of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

The sermons, prepared by rabbis throughout the country, are for use on eight Holy Days which include: The New Year, The Sabbath of Repentance, The Day of Atonement, The Festival of Tabernacles, The Festival of Dedication, The Festival of Lights, The Festival of Passover, and the Festival of Pentecost.

The booklet contains the following sermons:

For the New Year: "The Fear of Life," by Rabbi Louis Witt, St. Louis, Mo.; "The Call of the Soul," by Rabbi Abram Hirschberg, Chicago, Ill. For the Sabbath of Repentance: "Progress and Penitence," by Rabbi Philip F. Waterman, Grand Rapids, Mich. For the Day of Atonement: "Thou Art the Man," by Rabbi Samuel Schulman, New York City; "The Noon Hour," by Rabbi William Roseman, Baltimore, Md.; "Children of Two Worlds," by Rabbi Max C. Currier, Erie, Pa. For the Festival of Tabernacles: "Providence Divine and Human," by Rabbi Montague N. A. Cohen, Tacoma, Wash.; "The Connecting Link," by Rabbi Marvin Nathan, Philadelphia. For the Festival of Dedication: "The Appeal of a Positive Judaism," by Rabbi Solomon Foster, Newark, N. J. For the Festival of Lights: "Even This Shall Pass Away," by Rabbi Sidney S. Tedeschi, New Haven, Conn. For the Festival of Passover: "The Bundle of Hyssop," by Rabbi Harry H. Mayer, Kansas City, Mo.; "Jewish Fundamentalism," by Rabbi Emil W. Leipziger, New Orleans, La. For the Festival of Pentecost: "Revelation and Consecration," by Rabbi Morris S. Lazarus, Baltimore, Md.

The booklet is issued under the auspices of the Tract Commission of which Rabbi Leo M. Franklin of Detroit is chairman. Other members of the Commission are Rabbi Samuel Hirschberg, of Milwaukee, Morris M. Federlicht, Indianapolis; Israel Ber-

soners into this provocation and the murder of Semion Petlura is credited to the Jewish people as an act of revenge they will deprive the Ukrainian political parties, the organized groups and particularly us, the Ukrainian students, of any possibility of exercising that desirable influence necessary to successfully pacify the large masses of the Ukrainian nation," the Ukrainian students' proclamation states.

CRITICISES JUSTICE BRANDEIS (Continued from page 3)

further states that the execution was a shock to "America's own sons who have always taken and still take her traditions earnestly and sincerely." Those who advocated a stay for Sacco and Vanzetti "cared for nothing more than the welfare and purity of America's soul," the paper states.

The Philadelphia Federation of Jewish Charities is the beneficiary of a bequest of \$5,000 under the will of Bernath Markovitz, who died July 1, while on a visit to Budapest, Hungary. His will, disposing of an estate valued at \$100,000, was probated yesterday.

A bequest of \$500 was also made to the Tifritsh Israel Synagogue, and another of \$200 to the Chevrah Mishnais of that synagogue.

tan, Cincinnati, Milton M. Alexander, Detroit, Louis I. Egelson, Cincinnati, Solomon B. Freehof, Rabbi Samuel Hirschberg is chairman of the Committee on Annual Sermon Pamphlet, and associated with him is Rabbi Louis I. Egelson, assistant director of the Department of Synagogue and School Extension.

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