

WILLIAMSTOWN INSTITUTE OF POLITICS DIS- CUSSES ANTI-SEMITISM

Denials of Roumanian Legation Representative Are Refuted by Rabbi Leon Hurwitz

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Williamstown, Mass., Aug. 16.—Anti-Semitism in Central and Southeast Europe was discussed yesterday at an open conference at the Institute of Politics here.

The subject of the conference was 'Dictatorship versus Democracy in Europe' and was under the leadership of Professor Henry R. Spencer of the Ohio State University. Both an opponent of the present regime in Hungary and a member of the Hungarian Legation discussed conditions in Hungary. The spokesman for Roumania was Andrei Popovici, Secretary of the Roumanian Royal Legation at Washington.

Mr. Popovici attempted to whitewash Roumania of the charges of race-hatred. He said: "Roumania takes a most enlightened attitude to the minorities. It is regrettable that falsehoods are spread by the enemies of Roumania which have gained the ears of distinguished Americans. The Jews have many schools of their own, while the Jewish students enjoy the same rights as the Christians and suffer much less material distress than do the latter."

Mr. Popovici then denied the "rumor" of anti-Semitic outbreaks, saying that "only one Jewish student was killed and here and there windows were smashed. Furthermore these excesses were limited only to the radius of the universities." He added that by their false propaganda the American Jews nearly caused an outbreak of anti-Semitism in Roumania.

Rabbi B. Leon Hurwitz of the Bay Ridge Jewish Center, Brooklyn, who is a member of the Institute, was giv-

ing an opportunity by the chairman of the conference to reply to Mr. Popovici.

"Mr. Popovici need have no fear about distinguished Americans lending ear to false rumors nor to false denials," Rabbi Hurwitz declared. "Most of them 'come from Missouri' and are not subject to infantile credulity, swallowing every word which they may hear. It is for that very reason that I now have in my hand a copy of the Jewish Daily Bulletin, a 'fact newspaper,' of August 3, carrying a letter from its correspondent in Bucharest dated July 20, mentioning facts which Mr. Popovici very likely had no time to include in his paper. True that we have Jewish schools but according to the Bulletin information, all the schools in Bessarabia were closed on the pretense that they are not on par with the government schools."

"Not a single Jewish teacher passed

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BASLE ZIONIST CONGRESS TO BE IN SESSION 10 DAYS, EXECUTIVE ANNOUNCES

Detailed Agenda Given; New Procedure for Executive Elections
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Aug. 16.—The full program of the sessions of the Fifteenth Zionist Congress which will be opened in Basle on August 30, was made public here by the Zionist Executive.

According to the program, the deliberations will be opened on Tuesday morning by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, who will deliver his opening address. He will be followed by Nahum Sokolow, chairman of the Zionist Executive and by Martin Buber, well known German Jewish writer, with a eulogy on Achad Ha'am, late Hebrew philosopher and founder of the school in Zionism known as Achad Ha-amism. On Wednesday, the delegates to the Congress will hear the report of the Zionist Executive and statements of policy by Dr. Weizmann and Nahum Sokolow. The general debate will follow.

On Wednesday evening the session will be devoted to the election of the

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HEBREW UNIVERSITY EXPEDITION TO SINAI BRINGS BACK VALUABLE DATA ON MANNA

Scientists Return from Month's Research; Describe Results In Statement
to Jewish Telegraphic Agency Representative

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, August 16.—A statement outlining the results of the expedition of the Hebrew University to the Sinai Peninsula to investigate the origin and substance of the manna on which the Israelites subsisted in the desert according to the Bible, was issued by the Hebrew University to the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here.

The expedition, consisting of Dr. F. Bodenheimer, director of the ethological department of the station in Tel Aviv, Dr. Carmin and Dr. Theodore, Associate Professor in the Microbiological Department of the Hebrew University, returned from the Peninsula following a stay of nearly a month.

According to the statement, the research established the fact that the substance believed to be the manna, which is to be found wherever Tamarisks grow, is the excretion of the Coccido, a parasitic germ living on the Tamarisk, and is not the secre-

tion of the Tamarisk, itself as was believed hitherto.

The secretion of the manna was observed during the entire course of the expedition, including localities not mentioned in the literature. The expedition brought back rich material on the subject.

The attention of scientific observers in Palestine had for some time been directed to the Tamarisk, an evergreen shrub of the Mediterranean region, frequently mentioned in the Bible under the name of Eshel. During the months of June and August it was noticed that the Tamarisk produces a substance resembling manna. Ancient Hebrew and Arabic legend has it that the substance of the Tamarisk contains ingredients capable of producing the taste of many kinds of fruits. The Tamarisk is frequently found in several valleys of the Mid-Sinai. There are years in which the substance is not produced by the Tamarisk, particularly in meagre years.

SENTENCE OF BISHOP'S

ASSAILANTS CONFIRMED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, August 16.—The Court of Appeals to-day confirmed the sentences of the three assailants who attacked the car of Bishop McInnes, killing the driver and injuring one of the women passengers. Two of the assailants were sentenced to death. The third received a sentence of fifteen years penal servitude.

The attack on the Bishop's automobile was made on May 5, on the road nineteen miles from Jerusalem. All the valuables carried by the members of the party were taken.

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JEWS ARE LEADING WELL-WISHERS IN AMERICA. WESTERN UNION SURVEY SHOWS

Rosh Hashanah Tops List as Occasion for Messages

Jewish people are the most social of all the various groups which go to make up the population of the United States.

A study of non-business telegrams, extending over a considerable period and just completed by statisticians of the Western Union Telegraph Company, shows that Jewish people send telegrams of congratulations and well wishing much more frequently than members of any other group. Noticeably heavy files of greeting messages were sent by Jews on Thanksgiving, Christmas, Easter, Mother's Day and Father's Day.

Although Jewish people have shown great cordiality for all American holidays, the outstanding occasion for their sending greeting messages is Rosh Hashanah, the study shows. On this occasion thousands of messages are exchanged. It is not unusual for a rabbi to receive as many as 500 messages of greeting at this time. So great has the volume of this traffic become that the Western Union has instituted a special service similar to those for Thanksgiving, Christmas and Easter. This special service, started in 1925, showed a 30 per cent. increase in 1926.

It is a common occurrence, the report continues, for a popular Jewish couple to receive as high as 50 telegrams of congratulations from relatives and friends on the occasion of their marriage. Births and Deaths also are the occasion for numerous

DEAD SEA CONCESSION WILL BE GRANTED TO ENGLISHMEN. "LONDON TIMES" REPORTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Aug. 16.—New negotiations for the granting of the concession to exploit the mineral resources of the Dead Sea are progressing, according to a report published by the "London Times." All bids for the Dead Sea concession which were submitted before October 1927 were rejected. The new negotiations are being carried on with Englishmen. The negotiations have attained such a stage that an agreement in principle was reached and only the details await settlement.

The governments of Palestine and Transjordan have already agreed to the conditions of the concession. It is expected that the names of the concessionaires and the agreement will be made public soon.

The initial cost of starting the work of the dead sea exploitation will require \$750,000 it was stated. It is expected that the exploitation of the Dead Sea will open new possibilities not only for Palestine but also for Transjordan and will perhaps be instrumental in opening a new commercial route to India and the Far East, other than the Suez Canal. New railways will have to be constructed to carry the salts from the Dead Sea to the Mediterranean. It is possible that an electric railway will be constructed from the Dead Sea to Beisan which is already connected by rail with Haifa.

APPOINTED TO TAKE CHARGE OF JERUSALEM EXECUTIVE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Aug. 16.—Temporary officers to discharge the duties of the Zionist Executive in Jerusalem during the sessions of the Basle Congress were appointed yesterday.

Messrs. Kalvarisky, Wilkinsky and Aleinikoff were appointed to take charge of the affairs of the Executive whose members are proceeding to Basle.

Major Joseph M. Barsky, of the Medical Corps, Anti-Aircraft, Coast Artillery, Delaware National Guard, received a medal for conspicuous service from Governor Robert P. Robinson at Camp J. Danforth Bush, State Rifle Range, near Wilmington.

The conspicuous service cross was awarded to Dr. Barsky for extraordinary devotion to duties, far above the requirements of duty well done, the citation said.

messages of congratulation. Jewish people are quick to express sympathy in time of trouble or bereavement and the total volume of messages of condolence sent in New York alone is greater than similar messages sent by all other groups combined, the Western Union records show.

AMERICANS SEND BOOKS AND DOCUMENTS TO HEBREW UNIVERSITY LIBRARY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, August 16.—Further acquisitions of the Hebrew University Library were announced here.

Among the recent gifts are a collection of statistical periodicals presented by Sir Herbert Samuel; The collection of Palestine News, which was published in Egypt during the War and is now very rare, was given the Library by D. James, of Cairo; The publications of the Hispanic Society of America, which fosters research with regard to the history of the early settlement of Europeans in America was also received.

Emanuel Heiz, of New York, who has already donated several thousand volumes to the Library, sent a further gift of three hundred French books including many rare old editions; and through the kind offices of Bernard Flexner the Library received the Monographs and Studies of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research.

The Committee of the Library in Rome has forwarded a collection of very old rare books pertaining to the history of the Jews in Italy. Among them is included "L'Ebraismo della Sicilia" by Giovanni di Giovanni, published in 1748.

The Warsaw Committee of the Library sent a very valuable collection on Mathematics, Physics, and Astronomy, being the collection of Chaim Yehiel Bornstein, as well as a collection of books on fiction and books on art, the gift of Mrs. Mira Lubzyska.

The Library has acquired from the Government of India the Review of Agricultural Operations in India in 1925-1926 by D. Clouston.

David Levy, son of the late Ezra Levy, has presented to the Library seventy-nine volumes of Rabbinical lore out of the collection of his father.

Miss Fannie Hurst presented the Library with a number of her recent works.

The collection of autographs of the Library has been added to. Mrs. Ratner, the sister of the late philosopher Gregor Iteison, whose philosophical collection was donated to the Library, has sent some documents relating to the life of Iteison. They include a poem by Pushkin, which was translated by Iteison and set to music by Anton Rubinstein. The manuscript presented to the Library is written by Iteison and signed by Rubinstein.

On the initiative of Prof. Conrad, the Government Institute of Meteorology in Vienna has presented the Library with letters signed by Dr. Max Margolis, the founder of mod-

“MAN WITHOUT A COUNTRY” IS ALLOWED TO LAND IN U. S.

Leib Fleischer the man without a country, who was shipped backward and forward from the United States to various countries in Europe has at last been allowed to land.

The appeal of the Washington representative of Hias was successful and Lieb Fleischer will be admitted to the United States on a \$1,000 bond until such time when he will be able to return to Russia. This depends upon the recognition by the United States of the Soviet government.

The Far East, where Hias organized immigration and emigration centers during the war when transportation across the Atlantic was closed, still continues to be an important center for Jewish refugees, a report from the Harbin Information Bureau to the Hias indicates.

The report deals with the activities of the first four months of the present year. It shows that not only have Jewish immigrants been guided in their journeys to the United States and to other countries such as Argentina, Chile, Australia, China, India, South Africa, etc., but that many families who have settled in the Far East have succeeded in bringing their relatives from Russia, Poland, Lithuania and other East European countries. The Bureau thus has a double purpose, that of aiding Jewish emigrants and in assisting Jewish immigrants.

In the period dealt with by the report the Harbin Bureau registered 320 new immigrants, 40 per cent of whom are families. 1479 written and verbal information was given regarding passports, visas, transportation, citizenship, employment conditions in immigration countries. In 436 cases, passports, visas, transit visas, application to Consuls and immigration offices in various countries were attended to. In 24 cases special appeals were made and in many ways immigrants and emigrants were given necessary guidance and help.

ern theoretic meteorology.

Professor S. H. Chajes, the Chief Rabbi of Vienna, has sent a letter written by his grandfather, the well-known scholar Zwi Hirsch Chajes.

The Library has also acquired through its Warsaw Committee two Hebrew letters written by the well-known German Orthodox Rabbi Samson Raphael Hirsch. These letters are of particular value as they are written in Hebrew and very few Hebrew letters of Rabbi Hirsch are in existence.

ABE. GOLDBERG IS FETTERED AT DINNER BEFORE HIS DEPARTURE FOR EUROPE

Speakers' Voice Disappointment at
Ousting of Zionist Veteran

Echoes of the last Zionist convention at Atlantic City, where a reorganization of the administration took place, resounded at a farewell dinner given by a group of Zionists to Abraham Goldberg, former vice-president of the Zionist Organization of America, prior to his departure for the Fifteenth Zionist Congress in Basle. Isaac Carmel was the toastmaster. The dinner was arranged by a committee consisting of Dr. S. M. Melamed, David Freiburger, Isaac Carmel, Dr. Leo B. Schwartz and I. Rosenzweig.

Disappointment was expressed by most of the speakers that Mr. Goldberg was no longer a member of the Administration Committee. Joseph Baroness gave expression to his feeling of resentment that so many of the ablest men who were active in the Zionist movement for the past twenty years have been ousted.

Maurice Samuel took exception to the complaint of Mr. Baroness that the long record of service of the men who are now outside of the administration was disregarded. He stated that record of service is no argument in political life. Devotion and service in a movement like Zionism is taken for granted. No claim for gratitude is justified.

Dr. Melamed urged Mr. Goldberg to take advantage of his present status, wherein he is not tied to the policies of the administration, to take an independent stand in the question of reshaping the policies of the Zionist Executive. He laid emphasis on presenting the view of American Zionists concerning the predominant position of the labor groups in the Palestine work. American Zionists are supplying 70 per cent. of the funds collected for Palestine and they are entitled to seventy per cent. say in the administration, he stated.

Morris Rothenberg, who also expressed regret at the ousting of Mr. Goldberg, declared that his council in the committee was very valuable. He also voiced his conviction that Mr. Goldberg will not listen to the ill advice of adopting a revengeful policy at the Congress, but will serve the best interests of the movement in the discussion of the problems and the solutions offered. Mr. Goldberg's service at the Zionist Congress is of particular value to American Zionism. Mr. Rothenberg declared in view of the fact that the majority of the American delegates attending the Congress have so little familiarity with the language and procedure prevalent at these gatherings. Mr. Goldberg is

LATVIAN CITIZENSHIP LAW TO BE UP FOR REFERENDUM

(J. T. A. Mail Service)

Riga, July 28—The new Citizenship Law, which has been adopted by the Sejm, giving citizenship to all persons resident in Latvia since August 1st, 1914, and who were in the country on November 18th, when the Latvian Republic was proclaimed, is to be put to a referendum before it can enter into force.

The opponents of the Law, who have been fighting against citizenship being given to the thousands of Jews in Latvia, who are technically aliens under the present citizenship law, have been collecting signatures on a petition demanding that a referendum be held on the new Law. They have succeeded in obtaining the requisite minimum number of signatures required to enforce the referendum and arrangements will accordingly have to be made for a referendum to be held.

the American delegate who is best versed in all the intricacies of the procedure and in all the shades of the divergent opinions which constitute the play of factions and parties at the Congress.

Mr. Goldberg declared that he is going to the Congress in order to render whatever service that lies within his power and that he has no intention of injecting a personal issue into the Congress atmosphere. He expressed the hope that the results of the Fifteenth Congress will tend to strengthen the prestige of the movement and to pave the way for next year's Zionist activities in the United States.

Touching on the question of his "ousting," Mr. Goldberg developed the thought that in Zionism, which is a popular movement, precedence must be given to those men who are steeped in Jewish life, Jewish affairs and Jewish culture. "We need the co-operation of those who have acquired high positions and who by their influence can help us in the realization of our aims. But they cannot be the only leaders. It was a sign of the real greatness of men like Herzl and Nordau that when they became Zionists they admired whatever Jewishness they could find in music and literature and sought to return to their people. They did not have the attitude of contemptuous indifference which characterizes some of the new Zionist leaders in the United States," Mr. Goldberg declared.

Among the speakers were also Emanuel Neumann, Judge Bernard A. Rosenblatt, Meyer Goldberg, Ephraim Caplan, I. Rosenzweig and David Freiburger. About forty persons were present at the dinner.

WILLIAMSTOWN INSTITUTE OF POLITICS DISCUSSES EUROPEAN ANTI-SEMITISM

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his examinations this year. Very strange indeed that all incapable Jewish students suffering from a mental inferiority should have been placed by Providence in one territory. And as to their suffering less material distress," Rabbi Hurwitz continued, "that is an old, outworn phrase. Unless Mr. Popovici had in mind that due to their 'stupidity' of which their failures in one final examination is to serve as proof, they don't realize the tax oppressions continually multiplied so as to make it impossible for their fathers who are shopkeepers to remain in their businesses."

Rabbi Hurwitz then read from an issue of the Bulletin the incident of the Kishinev shop-keepers, fourteen of whom are under arrest for requesting of the Mayor an opportunity to present their grievances to the municipal council, and of their danger of being imprisoned for ten years. Rabbi Hurwitz pointed to Mr. Popovici's minimizing the excesses when he said that only one Jew was killed.

"Taking another's life," said the Rabbi, "is not the only criminal act against which a civilized world rebels. The life of Job was spared by Satan, yet we all sympathized with his untold sufferings when he was deprived of his possessions and of the opportunity to train and to rear his children. It is no less ridiculous to find comfort that the excesses take place only among the university students. On the contrary just because anti-Semitism emanates from the universities, the shock is greater. Society or social life, like the tree, rots from the top and woe to any people whose source, whence you expect moral excellence and a wholesome example, is rotten."

"Distinguished men in America will no less look with approval upon mere smashing of windows." Americans consider golf, tennis, and other forms of athletics among students far more preferable form of sportsmanship and amusement."

Rabbi Hurwitz closed his address with an optimistic view, pointing to the fact that the members of the faculty of Jassy University themselves realize the danger which faces Roumania in permitting its future to be in the hands of a youth so badly trained, whose success in life is attained by means of the club, window smashing, intimidation and race-hatred, and appealed to the government for strict measures. Rabbi Hurwitz also referred to the appeal against anti-Semitism issued by "The Student World," organ of the Christian Student World Organization, and ex-

BASLE ZIONIST CONGRESS TO BE IN SESSION 10 DAYS

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political, colonization, budget, organization, education, immigration, finance and resolution committees. No plenary session will be held on Thursday. Instead, a public gathering will be held Thursday morning in commemoration of the first Zionist Congress in 1897 held in Basle where the Zionist Organization was founded by Dr. Theodor Herzl. In the afternoon members of the Zionist Executive will report to the various commissions.

The general debate will be concluded on Friday, Sept. 2. No session will be held on Saturday in deference of the Sabbath. A session will take place in the evening. This session will be devoted to the election of a new executive. This point on the agenda represents a departure from the practice at previous Congresses where the Executive elections took place at the final session. On Sunday no plenary session will be held but the committees will be at work.

Dr. Arthur Ruppin will submit a report on "The Problems of Palestine Uplifting" at the Monday session. At his session M. M. Ussishkin will submit a report on the activities of the Jewish National Fund and Dr. Arthur Hantke on the activities of the Keren Hayesod. On that day the proposals of the budget commission will also be submitted and discussed. On Tuesday, Sept. 6, the proposals of the political commission will be submitted. On Wednesday the proposals of the education, immigration and colonization committees will be heard. The organization and finance commissions will present their proposals on Thursday and on Friday, Sept. 9, the concluding session will be held. At this session, the General Council, known as the Actions Committee, will be elected.

pressed his hope that "some day, and not far off, the golden rule will be observed among all peoples, including all parts of Europe" and that the moral illness known as anti-Semitism will be a thing of the past.

Among those present at the conference were Count Sforza of Rome, Dr. Harry A. Garfield, son of President Garfield, Dr. Solomon Foster of Newark and Bishop Nicholai of Serbia, with whose remarks the conference was closed.

Max Reinhardt has decided to enter motion picture production. The famous producer will begin work in America in December with the United Artists Corporation, it was learned from despatches from Salzburg, where Mr. Reinhardt now is.

Mr. Reinhardt's decision, it was stated, was due to the persuasions of Gest, who brought Reinhardt's production of "The Miracle" to America.

CONN. JEWISH FARMERS HOLD ANNUAL MEETING

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

New Haven, Conn., August 16.—The annual meeting of the Jewish Farmers of Connecticut was held Sunday in North Haven. The delegates visited five of the leading farms in Connecticut.

At a luncheon at the farm of Bernard Sinoway, Gabriel Davidson, general manager of the Jewish Agricultural Society; David M. Mosse, publisher of the Jewish Tribune; Miss Anna C. Brenner, director of the Farm and Rural department of the National Council of Jewish Women; Benjamin C. Stone, editor of the Jewish Farmer and director of the extension department of the Jewish Agricultural Society; and Elliott Platt, secretary to Commissioner of Agriculture Phil. T. Platt were the speakers.

Mr. Davidson sketched the growth of the communities of Jewish farmers in the state, beginning with three families from New York which got a start on farms in 1891 through the Baron de Hirsch fund, and carrying the story to the present time when there are 1,000 families of Jewish farmers numbering 5,000 persons.

The work of the National Council of Jewish Women in Connecticut and other states among the rural farm women was told by Miss Brenner. Mr. Stone presided over the meeting.

The group visited the vegetable farm of G. E. Kooper in Clintonville; the poultry farm of Harry Neleber in North Haven. Louis Charnes's dairy farm in East Haven, and the vegetable and poultry farm of Harry Engle in the same town.

RABBI M. S. MARGOLIES RETURNS FROM PALESTINE

Rabbi M. S. Margolies, Senior Rabbi of the Congregation Kehilath Jeshurun, one of the oldest rabbis in the Orthodox Rabbinate, returned on the steamer Leviathan from a six weeks visit to Palestine. Rabbi Margolies was in Jerusalem during the earthquake.

The Rabbi was greeted at the pier by prominent New York Orthodox Jews headed by David Kass, president of the Congregation.

Rabbi Margolies expressed his satisfaction with the state of affairs in Palestine. He was greatly impressed by the Jewish colonies and by the development of Jewish life in Palestine cities.

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