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JEWISH QUESTIONS LOOM LARGE AT INTERNATIONAL STUDENTS' MEET

Hungary and Roumania Rebuked for Anti-Jewish Policies; Jewish Students Also Hold Conference; Hear German Jewish Youth is Disillusioned

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, August 10.—Jewish questions loomed large in the discussion of the International Students Service Conference in session here. Two Jewish students, Rabinowitch of Berlin and Teich of Vienna are attending the conference.

The agenda included a discussion on the persecution of Jewish students in Roumania. The representative of Roumanian students denied that persecutions existed, but his argument was silenced when the Jewish representative presented reports published in the Roumanian official press, confirming the existence of such persecutions.

A conflict also developed with the Hungarian delegate over the numerus clausus practiced against Jewish students and over the anti-Semitic movement. The conference went on record as being opposed to the numerus clausus, terming it "improper."

The resolution voices the demand that no discrimination be made against students on religious, national, racial or political grounds.

Berlin, Aug. 10.—The disillusionment of the Jewish academic youth in Germany over the treatment accorded Jews in post-war Germany was expressed at the twenty-fifth annual conference of the Federation of German Students of the Jewish Faith, which began its sessions yesterday in Freiburg.

The conference was opened with a service held in the synagogue attended by 300 delegates. The speak-

WARSAW REFUSES TO NAME STREET AFTER ZAMENHOF

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, August 10.—The City Council refused to-day to honor the memory of Dr. Leo Zamenhof, father of Esperanto, by renaming the street where he lived. The suggestion was made by the delegates to the Esperantists Congress that Dzikia street in the heart of the Jewish quarter in Warsaw be renamed Zamenhof street.

The city government rejected this proposal on the basis of a previous decision against changing the names of streets.

ers emphasized that the Jewish youth in Germany has done its duty during the war but in this process it has lost its fatherland and must now fight to regain its rights in Germany. The speakers also pointed out that the German students of the Jewish faith have rejected the doctrine of Jewish nationalism because they believe that Jews must find ways of living among the general population and not segregate themselves in a separate group.

The conference adopted a resolution expressing protest against a decision of the recent conference of German students to exclude Jewish students from membership in the students' federation on the basis of their race.

GENERAL ZIONISTS TO LOSE BALANCE OF POWER AT FORTHCOMING BASLE CONGRESS

Early Returns Indicate Strengthening of Extreme Wings; In Striking Contrast to Early Congresses

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, August 10.—A strengthening of the influence of the two extreme wings in the Zionist movement, the Mizrahi Orthodox Zionist wing, and the Poale Zion and Zeri Zion, the labor wing, is indicated by the returns of Congress elections which took place in Central and East European constituencies. The returns show a general weakening of the so-called General Zionists. These results of the Congress elections which are in full swing and will be completed during the next few days, will make it impossible, it is predicted here, to carry through some of the reforms advocated by the Zionist Organization of America.

In the resolutions adopted at the Atlantic City convention of the American Zionist Organization, it was urged that the Palestine Zionist Executive should not be composed of the various groups and wings, but that the administration of affairs in Palestine should be entrusted to an impartial Executive.

The election results are also interesting as they show the weakening of the opposition. So far only a few members of the radical and revisionist

PROFESSOR EINSTEIN AND CAPTAIN A. DREYFUS JOIN PLEA FOR SACCO-VANZETTI

Professor Albert Einstein and Captain Alfred Dreyfus have joined the list of prominent Europeans who have appealed to President Coolidge and Governor Fuller for a stay of execution for Sacco and Vanzetti, dispatches from Paris and Berlin state.

Captain Dreyfus has joined with many prominent persons in France, including Madame Curie, the Marquis Guy de Lasteyre, a grandson of Lafayette, former Minister of Commerce Louis Loucheur and former Minister of Finance Caillaux in an appeal to President Coolidge and Gov. Fuller.

Professor Albert Einstein, Fridof Nansen, President Masaryk of Czechoslovakia sent telegrams to Governor Fuller in the name of the League for Human Freedom.

Both the French and British press in discussing the case compare it to the Dreyfus affair.

parties have been elected to the congress. The outcome of the elections are interpreted as meaning that the extremely difficult conditions in Palestine are considered by the Zionist public of such grave nature that they are not willing to listen to any opposition which would further aggravate the situation and render still more difficult the maintenance of what has been built in Palestine.

In Zionist quarters regret is expressed that the formation of a strong center bloc should have been rendered difficult. The American Zionist delegation will be the strongest single group of General Zionists. They will be reinforced by delegates from Germany and a few delegates from

(Continued on page 2)

STRAUS GIVES \$75,000 FOR PALESTINE SANATORIUM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel Aviv, August 10.—The amount of \$25,000 toward the erection of a children's sanatorium here was forwarded by Nathan Straus, American philanthropist.

Mr. Straus has undertaken to build the sanatorium at a cost of \$75,000.

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SMILANSKY, HEBREW WRITER,

LOSES AN EYE IN ACCIDENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Aug. 10.—Moses Smilansky, Hebrew writer and one of the earliest land settlers in Palestine, underwent a serious operation here today as a result of an auto accident.

Mr. Smilansky was so badly injured that physicians found it necessary to remove his right eye. His condition was declared to be satisfactory following the operation.

Moses Smilansky was one of the Ha'poel Ha'zair labor party in Palestine and is a prolific writer on Palestine agricultural problems. He was one of the first Hebrew writers to direct attention to the life of the Arabs and has produced a number of exquisite short stories of Arab life, writing under the nom de plume, Havaja Musa, (Mr. Moses), the name by which he is known to his Arab neighbors. He is also the author of several novels, outstanding among which is "Toldoth Ahavah Achath" (History of One Love.)

TEL AVIV GYMNASIA HOLDS

GRADUATION EXERCISES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel Aviv, Aug. 10.—The graduation exercises of the Gymnasia Ivrit, the first model Hebrew high school in Palestine, were held here yesterday.

Col. Robert S. Symes, acting High Commissioner, distributed the diplomas to the graduates. In his address the Acting High Commissioner stated the government appreciates the value of Jewish education in Palestine. It has not increased its subsidy for this purpose only because of lack of funds, he stated.

HENRI TORRES REPLIES

TO JABOTINSKY'S ATTACK

ON SCHWARTZBARD CASE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, August 10.—M. Henri Torres, counsel for Sholem Schwartzbard, made a reply to the criticism of Vladimir Jabotinsky, leader of the Zionist Revisionists and editor of the Zionist paper published in the Russian language, the "Razsviet."

In an article in the "Razsviet," Jabotinsky demanded that Torres permit another attorney to participate in the defense of Schwartzbard, arguing that Torres as Schwartzbard's sole defender, will harm him and the Jewish people in view of the fact that he is pro-Bolshevist and that he will develop the argument from this viewpoint and not along anti-pogrom lines.

In his statement replying to Jabotinsky, M. Torres declares that he is absolutely impartial and is faithful only to Jewish principles. He asks the Jewish public to wait confidently. He is convinced that Schwartzbard will be acquitted.

LADY JULIA HENRY LEAVES

MILLION DOLLAR ANGLO-AMERICAN GOODWILL FUND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, August 10.—The amount of \$1,093,520 was left by Lady Julia Lewishon Henry, the widow of Sir Charles Henry and the daughter of the late Leonard Lewishon of New York to cement the friendship of the United States and Britain by the founding of Anglo-American university scholarships, according to her will, which was filed yesterday.

Lady Henry left a total estate of \$1,228,520. After various charitable bequests, the residue was left in trust in perpetuity to maintain scholarships.

ANTI-JEWISH EXCESSES ARE

REPORTED FROM LITHUANIA

A wave of anti-Jewish excesses has now overwhelmed the towns and villages in Lithuania, according to a cable despatch to the "Jewish Morning Journal" from its Kovno correspondent. The correspondent charges that the excesses are perpetrated by the Lithuanian police and that Jews of all ages and classes are being maltreated without pretext. The mistreatment of the Jewish population in the smaller towns is traced directly to the responsibility of the chiefs of police.

In many cases the excesses assumed the acute form of a pogrom. Jewish stores are being ruined. Such excesses took place in Pilvishok, Ponjevezh, Kroki, and in Kovno.

The Jewish press is strictly cen-

GENERAL ZIONISTS WILL

LOSE BALANCE OF POWER

AT THE BASLE CONGRESS

(Continued from page 1)

Poland and other countries. This condition, as indicated by the election returns, leads observers of Zionist congresses here to predict a strong battle between the Right and Left Wings, although it is added that matters concerning the composition of the Executive and all expediency measures, the two extreme wings may be expected to unite as was the practice in previous congresses.

The present situation is a striking contrast to the beginnings of the Zionist movement when the General Zionists were in an overwhelming majority. The present situation will render it difficult for the General Zionists to hold the balance of power between the two extreme wings and will also render them powerless to prevent the extreme wings from combining, whenever they choose, with regard to questions of appropriations in the budget and representation on the Executive.

It is explained that the efforts of the Zionist Organization in the raising of funds have prevented it from taking continuous measures to strengthen the organization and engage in campaigns for membership, while the Mizrahi and Poale Zion, freed from the burden of fund raising by the joint campaign, have devoted their efforts to strengthening their ranks and building up party machines. Another reason is seen in the fact that in the early stages of the Zionist movement, the idealistic and theoretical character of the movement led to the strength of the General Zionists, while the actual work in Palestine had led to an increased power for the wings representing definite viewpoints on how Palestine should be built.

London, August 10.—Final returns

in the election of delegates from England to the Fifteenth Zionist Congress show the election of two Mizrahi delegates and six general Zionists. Two of the General Zionist delegates were elected on separate lists.

A new branch of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America has been formed in the Middle West. It is known as the Wisconsin-Indiana Branch of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America and is under the leadership of Rabbi M. J. Mintz.

Fifteen congregations have joined the new branch.

sored. However, the Kovno Yiddish daily "Die Stimme" published a protest, appealing to Jewish public opinion abroad.

MISSIONARIES' PLAN FOR EXTENSIVE CONVERSION PROPAGANDA CALLS FORTH LIVELY COMMENT

Take Advantage of Disorganized Condition in Eastern Jewish Communities; Objections of Central Conference of American Rabbis, Co-Workers in Goodwill Commission, of No Avail

Interesting comment followed the publication in the Jewish Daily Bulletin yesterday of the proceedings of the International missionary conferences held last April in Budapest and Warsaw under the auspices of the Protestant International Missionary Council with the participation of leading American churchmen, members of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America.

The report as published by Dr. John Stuart Conning in The Presbyterian Magazine threw light on the proceedings of these missionary conferences concerning which no report was hitherto published in this country has hitherto published in this country and disclosed the fact that the International Missionary Council has undertaken to make a study of Jewish conditions throughout the world with a view to increasing missionary propaganda among the Jewish populations in Eastern Europe, taking advantage of the disorganized condition in which the Jewish communities find themselves following the post-war crisis.

It was pointed out that while these conferences have been apparently outspoken against anti-Semitic propaganda, their stand in this matter was in reality another approach to the missionary propaganda for which unbelievable success has been claimed. The statement that 40,000 Jews in Hungary have embraced Christianity since the war, thanks to the efforts of missionaries, is a contention which has not been proved by statistics.

The revelation concerning the plans for the future adopted at these conferences by the International Missionary Council is of particular interest in view of the controversy which developed last winter between the Central Conference of American Rabbis and certain members of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, the two organizations which have entered the Commission on Goodwill between Jews and Christians.

When the announcement was made that the International Missionary Council would hold its conferences in Budapest and Warsaw, the Executive Committee of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, which met in Cleveland on January 19 in connection with the annual conference of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, directed a plea to Alfred William Anthony, chairman of the Joint Commission on Goodwill in which the American Rabbis asked, in view of the covenant between the Central

Conference of American Rabbis and the Federal Council, that missionary activities among Jews be refrained from.

The appeal, which was signed by Dr. David Philipson, Dr. H. G. Enelow, Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver, Rabbi Louis Wolsey and Rabbi Abram Simon stated: "We are advised that at the coming Christian conference in Budapest the question of the conversion of Jews will be considered, and we most respectfully invite your attention to the covenant of our Joint Commission on Good Will, adopted in New York City on December 30, 1924 to the effect that "because of our natural respect for the integrity of each other's religion and our desire that each faith shall enjoy the fullest opportunity for its development and enrichment, these committees have no proselytizing purpose."

The appeal urged the representatives of the Federal Council Committee on Good Will to "represent strongly that this American compact which opened a new chapter in the relations between Jews and Christians, be not weakened in spirit and vigor." It urged that "your representatives on our Joint Commission of Good Will take such a position as will not jeopardize the continuance of our amicable relations."

The objections raised by the Central Conference of American Rabbis were partly met by a statement issued in April by Dr. John W. Herring, secretary of the Committee on Goodwill between Jews and Christians. In his statement to the Jewish Daily Bulletin Dr. Herring made public the text of a cablegram addressed by the Council to Dr. John R. Mott, who presided over the missionary conferences. In this cablegram Dr. Mott was urged to "recommend" that the missionary conferences issue "a call to Christians everywhere to purge the world of the curse of anti-Semitism" and to "accord to the Jews that highly respected place in the brotherhood of peoples which they richly deserve on the basis of their sacred literature and history and which is their inalienable right."

The same cablegram also contained the following paragraph: "We further hope that the congress will express disapproval of any enterprise that utilizes or implies patronage, majority pressure or disrespect for a brother's faith."

Dr. Herring in his statement to the Jewish Daily Bulletin made the point that the initiative for the conferences came from abroad, that the several

LEAGUE COUNCIL TO TAKE UP PALESTINE PROBLEMS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Aug. 10.—The Palestine question will come to the attention of the Council of the League of Nations at its forthcoming meeting on September 1.

A discussion on the situation in Palestine will develop, it is expected, when the Council will take up the point on its agenda concerning the report of the Permanent Mandates Commission, following the consideration of the reports submitted to the Commission by the Palestine government, the Zionist Executive and the memoranda of other interested organizations.

American Protestant delegates were attending the conferences in a semi-official capacity as members of the Home Missions Council, a national Protestant missionary organization. The Home Missions Council was not the sponsor of the International missionary conferences, but aided them to the extent of helping to secure a few American delegates. Dr. Herring also disclaimed responsibility either direct or indirect of the Committee on Goodwill between Jews and Christians or the Federal Council. The Committee on Goodwill is cooperating with Jewish organizations on a strictly non-proselytizing basis and has observed both the letter and spirit of the agreement with scrupulous care, he stated.

The reason for the discussion which developed concerning this matter was explained by Dr. Herring by the fact that the General Committee of the Federal Council of which the Committee on Goodwill between Jews and Christians is a part expects in the near future to establish organic connections with the General Missions Group.

It was pointed out in Jewish circles that from the proceedings of the Budapest and Warsaw conferences, as disclosed by Dr. Conning, it appears that the request of the Federal Council to disapprove of any enterprise that utilizes or implies patronage, majority pressure or disrespect for a brother's faith has not been heeded by the leaders of the missionary conferences and is indicated by their plans for a more extensive missionary propaganda in those countries where the Jewish population suffers most from disorganized conditions and from economic and political pressure.

The Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America announces that collapsible Succahs can be obtained through its office. Applications may be made to the office of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America, New York City.

DR. I. ROTTENBERG FOUNDER OF PEOPLE'S HOSPITAL, DIES

Dr. I. M. Rottenberg, founder of People's Hospital and St. Mark's Hospital, died Tuesday in his seventy-second year. Born in Hungary, he came to New York in 1880 and began practicing medicine at 280 East Second street. As his practice grew, he interested himself in the development of hospitals.

Dr. Rottenberg was born in Austria in 1856 and studied at the universities of Budapest and Vienna. He came to this country in 1880 and had practiced ever since in New York. In 1903 he founded the Peoples Hospital and he was President of its Medical Board until his death. It was through his instrumentality that the late Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria donated the operating room to the institution.

For thirty-eight years Dr. Rottenberg was Secretary of St. Mark's Hospital, Second avenue and Twelfth street. For many years he had been a member of the Board of Trustees of Stuyvesant Polyclinic Hospital, 137 Second avenue.

Dr. Rottenberg was a Fellow of the American College of Physicians and a member of the Eastern Medical Society and the New York County Medical Society.

He was a member of Emanuel Brotherhood, President of the Downtown Talmud Torah Ohav Zedek and a member of Perfect Ashlar Masonic Lodge.

Funeral services will be held today at the Riverside Memorial Chapel, Seventy-sixth street and Amsterdam avenue.

CENTENARIAN DIES AT ANNIVERSARY BANQUET (Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Aug. 10—Death won the race against the wishes of the friends of Michael Marcus, when they gathered to celebrate his one hundredth birthday.

Marcus was in the service of the Jewish community at Stuhlweissenburg for over half a century. On the occasion of his 100th birthday, members of the community gathered at a banquet in his honor.

While toasts were being made and wishes for his continued useful work were voiced, the centenarian complained that he was feeling ill, and died at the table.

Dr. Samuel Karelitz of Hartford, Conn., has returned from Europe where he made a study of pediatrics and pathology under a traveling fellowship received from Yale University. He was an assistant in Pediatrics at Yale for one year and then became resident pediatrician at Mount Sinai Hospital of New York City where he spent a year previous to his receiving the fellowship.

PALESTINE LABOR LEADERS SAIL; RAISED \$160,000 HERE

Dov Hos and Z. Rubashow, representatives of the Palestine Jewish labor federation who spent six months in the United States in the interests of the United Gewerkschaften Palestine Campaign, sailed yesterday on the Bergenaria.

In a statement issued prior to their departure, the delegates of the Palestine Labor Federation stated that the campaign conducted by the labor organization resulted in the collection of \$135,000 and \$25,000 for the labor bank. These amounts have been sent to Palestine for the labor institutions. The new 1928 campaign will be started in several months and will aim at raising a quarter of a million dollars for labor institutions in Palestine.

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