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POLISH GOVERNMENT RULES AGAINST NUMERUS CLAUSUS FOR JEWISH STUDENTS

Minister of Education Issues Circular
to University Heads
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, August 9. — A government circular addressed to all heads of universities and colleges in the Republic of Poland was issued by the Minister of Education, urging the abolition of the numerus clausus against Jewish students which existed despite the fact that it had no legislative basis.

The issuance of such a circular was continually urged upon representatives of previous governments by the members of the Club of Jewish Deputies in the Polish Sejm. The Minister of Education urges upon the heads of the universities and colleges, on the occasion of the approaching new school year, that no discrimination be made with regard to the admission of students on the ground of their nationality or religion.

POLISH ZIONISTS ELECT 18 DELEGATES TO CONGRESS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, August 9. — The radical wings of the Zionist movement in Congress Poland will be without representation at the forthcoming Zionist Congress, according to final returns of the Congress elections made public here to-day.

Of the eighteen delegates elected to the Congress, 8 represent the Mizrahi, 5 the Eth Livnoth (supporters of the Weizmann policy) 4 Zionist Socialists and 1 the Hitachduth (Zionist labor group). The Al Hamishmar group headed by Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum, leader of the radical Zionists and the Zionist Revisionists obtained no mandates.

EUROPEAN JEWS TO ATTEND MINORITIES CONFERENCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, August 9. — Representatives of thirty-five national minorities in European countries will be present at the conference of national minorities which will be opened in Geneva this month.

The list of delegates was made known by the general secretariat of the conference here. According to the secretariat, representatives of the Jewish communities in Poland, Latvia, Lithuania, Roumania, Czechoslovakia and Bulgaria will also attend the conference.

LAY CORNERSTONE FOR HEBREW TEACHERS' SEMINARY IN JERUSALEM

Julius Rosenwald, Largest Donor,
Sends Message
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, August 9. — Impressive ceremonies marked the laying of the cornerstone of the Hebrew Teachers Seminary which is being erected here with the aid of a fund raised in the United States by Dr. David Yellin. Julius Rosenwald, American Jewish philanthropist of Chicago, contributed the amount of \$75,000 toward the fund.

The cornerstone was laid by Col. Robert S. Symes, Acting High Commissioner, and addresses were delivered by Dr. David Yellin, head of the seminary, Mr. Keith Roach in the name of the Palestine government, W. J. Farred in the name of the Education Department, Col. Frederick H. Kisch of the Zionist Executive and Joseph R. Meyuchas in the name of the Jewish community.

A message of congratulation was received from Julius Rosenwald, largest donor to the fund. Messages were also received from the American University at Beirut and from M. M. Ussishkin, head of the Jewish National Fund.

JABOTINSKY URGES THAT TORRES INVITE OTHER COUNSEL FOR SCHWARTZBAR

His Pro-Soviet Views May Harm
Cause, Writer Says
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, August 8. — Vladimir Jabotinsky, was severely criticised by the Paris Yiddish daily, "Hajnt" for his attitude toward the defense of Sholom Schwartzbard.

Jabotinsky published an article in the current issue of his Russian weekly, "Razsviet." In this article he demands that M. Torres permit another attorney to participate in the defense of Schwartzbard, arguing that Torres, being the sole defender of Schwartzbard, will harm him and the Jewish people in view of the fact

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WARSAW KEHILLAH ALLOTS FUND FOR CULTURAL NEEDS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Aug. 9. — The Cultural Committee of the Warsaw Kehillah allotted the amount of 13,000 Zlotys for Jewish cultural purposes.

Two thousand Zlotys of this sum
(Continued on page 4)

SIR GEORGE LEWIS, FAMOUS ANGLO-JEWISH JURIST, IS KILLED IN TRAIN ACCIDENT

Firm Handled Affairs of British Society For Two Generations
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, August 9. — Sir George Lewis, prominent Anglo-Jewish barrister, was killed yesterday at Montreux, Switzerland, when he fell from the steps of the Grand Hotel, under a railway train.

Sir George Lewis, who was 58 years old, was the son of Sir George Lewis, who founded the famous solicitors' firm, Lewis & Lewis. For two generations English society entrusted their legal affairs to this firm. They were associated chiefly in recent years with divorce cases but as early as 1870 they were famous as prosecutors of criminals, particularly those in banking cases, and in the latter part of the last century they became the foremost criminal lawyers in England. Few of their cases were ever brought to court. Most of their

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TORRES ASKS BRANDEIS TO INTERVENE IN FAVOR OF SACCO AND VANZETTI

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, August 9. — M. Henri Torres, counsel for Sholom Schwartzbard, has addressed a cablegram to Louis D. Brandeis, U. S. Supreme Court Justice, asking him to intervene in favor of Sacco and Vanzetti.

Warsaw, Aug. 9. — Interest in the Sacco-Vanzetti case increased here to-day with the approaching date of the scheduled execution.

Mass meetings to ask for a stay of sentence were called by the Jewish labor parties, Bund, and the Left Poale Zion. A cable message was despatched to President Coolidge asking for executive clemency.

The police prevented the holding of a demonstration before the United States Embassy.

6 MORE DESECRATORS OF JEWISH CEMETERY HELD

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cologne, August 9. — Six persons, members of the German National Socialist Party, were arrested here yesterday on charges of having perpetrated the desecrations in the Jewish cemetery.

Two National Socialists were arrested yesterday in Berlin as the ringleaders of the band of vandals who desecrated the cemetery.

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IMMIGRATION QUOTAS FOR UNITED STATES EXHAUST- ED, COMMISSIONER REPORTS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Aug. 9.—Slightly more than half a million immigrants entered the United States during the fiscal year which closed on June 30, 1927, according to an announcement by the Commissioner General of Immigration, Harry E. Hull, on August 6. During the same period about a quarter of a million immigrants left the United States, resulting in a net increase in population of 284,493. The population gain during 1926 was 268,351.

Ten countries supplied over 88 per cent of the entrants this year. These countries in the order of the immigrants they supplied are as follows: Canada, Mexico, Germany, Irish Free State, Great Britain, Italy, Poland, Sweden, Norway and France.

Although most of the countries exhausted their quotas, according to Commissioner Hull, 10 countries sent not a single immigrant.

Germany sent 48,513 immigrants; Irish Free State, 28,054; Great Britain, 24,160; Italy, 17,297; Poland, 9,211; Sweden, 8,287; Norway, 6,068; and France, 4,405. Commissioner Hull's report states.

"While the permanent immigration for the year just ended shows an increase of 30,687, or 10.1 per cent over that for the previous year when 304,488 immigrants entered the country, the bulk of the increase came from only two countries, namely, Mexico and Italy.

"A few other countries also show increases in immigration, but proportionately much smaller, the only ones

POPULATION CONFERENCE IN GENEVA THIS MONTH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, August 9.—A World Population Conference is to be held here August 31 to September 3. It is being organized by an International Council specially created for the purpose, and will discuss the most important aspects of the population problem. Scientific authorities on biology, sociology and statistics from the most diverse countries will present papers on the subjects on which they have specialized.

The last session of the Conference is to be devoted to a consideration of the points which have been brought out during the discussion, with special reference to research needs and possibilities. The place of the Conference has been fixed at Geneva for the reason that population is essentially an international problem.

The preliminary programme includes papers on the following subjects: Biology of Population Growth; Optimum Population; Population and Food Supply; Differential Birth Rate; Migration and Its Control; and Fertility and Sterility in relation to Population.

Jabotinsky Urges That Torres Invite Other Counsel for Schwartzbard

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that he as a pro-Bolshevist will develop the argument from this viewpoint and not along anti-pogrom lines.

The "Hajnt" states that this argument has already been taken into account by those who asked Torres to undertake the defense.

At a meeting of the newly-formed Associated Jewish Cemeteries of Cook County steps were taken to end the vandalism rampant for the last six months in Forest Park, a suburb of Chicago in which are located all of the Jewish cemeteries, and also to curb the practice of begging that has grown up.

A state charter was applied for by the association. Its officers are: Jacob S. Gray, chairman; I. C. Bernstein, vice chairman; L. Shapiro, secretary and Joseph Feinberg, treasurer.

The Millville, N. J. Hebrew Association has completed plans and is advertising for bids for a new synagogue.

with an increase of over 2,000 were the Irish Free State (3,576) and Poland (2,085).

"Less than a third of the number of aliens admitted last year were charged to the quota, 158,070 of the 583,001 total admissions in 1927 coming in as quota immigrants. Practically all of the European countries exhausted their quotas during the year, and most of the aliens who obtained visas have already reached the United States," the report states.

CRITICISES FEDERATION OF POLISH HEBREWS

While expressing his belief in Haym Salomon's services to the American Republic, Henry Levy, writing in the "Jewish Daily Forward," criticizes the methods which have been employed by the Federation of Polish Hebrews in this matter. Mr. Lewis writes: "Instead of having recourse to Jewish scholars and research workers—New York is full of them—those in charge of the matter entrusted it to professional ballyhoos and barkers, with the result that when these windbags were called upon to make good their tall talk about Haym Salomon, they naturally could not, thereby placing the Jews of America in a ridiculous light. Thus it is ever with us in these days of pitiless publicity and noisy vulgarity."

In the same vein, the "Jewish Civil Leader" of Worcester, Mass., treats the subject: Speaking of the fund to erect the monument, the paper writes: "\$75,000—enough to rebuild a good part of broken Palestine; enough to erect a large milk station; enough to save hundreds of starving east-European Jews; enough to educate scores of Jewish youth today growing into manhood completely de-Judaized. Enough—but why go further. One could find a thousand needs—infinite more urgent than a bronze statue to Haym Salomon—to put such a sum to advantage.

"That Jews contributed in every way to the American struggle for independence is a fact not to be denied. The Jews have been an integral part in the slow, hard processing of America. But, and here is a point the Jew forgets too easily, so have the representatives of all races that came to America and called America their home. One does not hear noisy shoutings for recognition from those elements. They sacrificed, forgot that sacrifice, and are again ready to give for their adopted land.

"Would the Polish Federation of Jews honor one of their own, then quietly and with the minimum publicity should they raise a large sum and dedicate that sum to a worthy cause in the name of their patriot-hero."

MACCABEE SOCCER TEAM

RETURNS TO PALESTINE

The Maccabee soccer team of Palestine sailed yesterday on the steamer Sinaia.

By defeating the Brooklyn Wanderers by a score of 2 goals to 1 at Hawthorne Field in Brooklyn Sunday, the Maccabees completed their tour of the United States with an even break of five victories, five losses and one tie.

The Zittenfeld twins, Bernice and Phyllis, have arrived in Boulogne, France, with the plan of swimming the English Channel.

40,000 HUNGARIAN JEWS EMBRACED CHRISTIANITY SINCE WAR; MISSIONARIES CLAIM

Writer Describes Proceedings of International Missionary Council in Warsaw and Budapest; Undertake World Survey of Jewish Conditions to Increase Activity.

Forty thousand Jews in Hungary have deserted Judaism to embrace Christianity since the war. This was one of the startling reports made at the World Conferences of Protestant Missionary Societies held in Budapest and Warsaw in April under the auspices of the International Missionary Council. It was stated that the purpose of the conferences was to bring about a radical departure in the policy of the Protestant churches toward their missionary work among the Jews. Dr. John R. Mott of New York City, head of the International Missionary Council, presided at the conferences.

Prior to the holding of these conferences, a protest against the continuation of missionary propaganda among Jews was filed by the Central Conference of American Rabbis with the Committee on Good Will between Jews and Christians of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America.

Dr. John Stuart Conning, superintendent of Jewish Evangelization, Board of National Missions, writing in "The Presbyterian Magazine" of August, permits a glimpse into the proceedings of these missionary conclaves and into the plans formulated by this body for a more extensive missionary propaganda among the Jews.

"Since the war, 40,000 Jews have identified themselves with the Christian Churches of Hungary," Dr. Conning writes. "Of these 2,400 have joined the Presbyterian Churches of Budapest and 1,000 more the other evangelical churches of the city."

"This was one of the many arresting statements made at the World Jewish Conferences held in April at Budapest and Warsaw. It was also stated that the only people in Hungary's capital who have wireless out-fits strong enough to listen in to London are the Jews. Many of them every Sunday evening tune in to catch the sermon broadcast from that city."

"One evening in Budapest there was a rendition of Bach's passion music. Of the 2,500 in the audience, 2,000 were Jews. The leader of the orchestra was a Jew, and four-fifths of the choir were Jews."

"In Poland many evidences were observed of changes taking place in Jewish life," Dr. Conning states. "The Warsaw ghetto, with its Jewish population of 300,000, which has been for generations the fountain undefiled of orthodox Judaism from which the languishing Jewries of the West have drawn refreshment, is itself now in

need of revival. The War threw Jew and Gentile into a common cauldron of suffering. Jewish communal life was disorganized and obligatory ritual observances often rendered impossible. Contact with other races disclosed the unreality of much that they had been taught. Judaism in the conflict lost much of its prestige and its followers much of their prejudice.

"The round black cap, the untrimmed beard, and the long coat, for generations the signs of orthodox conformity, are passing out. Yiddish is giving way to Polish. Jewish people are accessible as they have not been for ages to an intelligent Christian approach. Conference delegates declared that in many Jewish neighborhoods a meeting for the discussion of Christian truths will fill the largest hall with Jews."

"Jews are on the move. No longer are they hemmed in by the physical and intellectual confines of the ghetto. They enjoy a wider horizon. The ancient faith seems archaic and out of place. Many are searching eagerly for a substitute. Some have yielded to the lure of modern cults and are following many strange will-o'-the-wisps. They are Zionists, spiritualists, theosophists, Christian Scientists, socialists, atheists, agnostics, rank materialists, and what not.

"Such changes furnish the reason for calling together those concerned for the spiritual welfare of the Jews. As Dr. John R. Mott, who presided at both of these memorable gatherings, declared: 'It would have been a collective crime not to come together and revise our thought and action in the face of this new situation throughout the Jewish world.' Dr. James Black, of Edinburgh, affirmed: 'It would be a tragic thing if we proved ourselves unworthy of the opportunity given to our generation. When I think of how our fathers prayed just that they might see a day like this, I am concerned lest we should show ourselves unfit to use it for God.'

"Of the conferences themselves it may be sufficient to say that the personnel, numbering ninety-five at Budapest and eighty-six at Warsaw, represented twenty countries of America, Europe, Asia and Africa; the program covered every important phase of Christian responsibility for the Jews; and the findings were carefully and suggestively stated. The presence of such men as Bishop Nicholson and Dr. Samuel Zwemer from America, of Dr. Macdonald Webster and Principal

MOSCOW YIDDISH CHAMBER THEATRE TO TOUR EUROPE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 9.—Preparations for a tour of the Moscow Yiddish Chamber Theatre are being made by Mr. Granowsky, director of the theatre, who is here now.

The players will make their appearance at the beginning of the season in Berlin, playing here for several weeks. In the eight years of its existence, the theatre has developed a highly modernistic manner of production. Its repertory includes Sholem Aleichem's comedy, "20,000" and Goldfaden's "Family." Its new repertory also includes works by Julius Romain and George Kaiser.

The troupe will also visit Leipzig, Breslau and Frankfurt, from where it will proceed to Vienna, Prague, Budapest and Paris. In September 1928 the troupe plans to visit New York.

Garvie from Great Britain, of Professor Jeremias and Dr. D'Aubigne from the continent of Europe, as well as many well-known workers among the Jews, including a considerable number of Hebrew Christians from the large centers of Jewish life in many lands, was a guarantee of the high standard as well as of the practical character of the discussions.

"One of the findings unanimously adopted included this statement: 'We deplore the long record of injustice and ill-usage of the Jews on the part of professed Christian people. We declare such conduct to be a violation of the teaching and spirit of Christ.'

"The real significance of these unique gatherings was that for the first time representatives of the Christian Churches of many lands met to consider their responsibility toward the Jews. This at least may be indicated as an immediate result: A number who were sceptical of the practical value of bringing together such divergent groups, returned home aroused to a new sense of the vital character of this ministry and thrilled with the amazing possibilities of the Jewish situation for the Kingdom of God.

"What of the outlook? The International Missionary Council has been asked to make a comprehensive study of the Jewish situation throughout the world, to include work for the Jews in its activities, and encourage all Christian denominations to make Jewish evangelization an integral part of its missionary program. This would do much to lift work for the Jews out of its dubious place as a Cinderella among the missionary enterprises of the Christian Church and to place it in the position of honor accorded to it by Christ and his apostles," he concludes.

17 STUDENTS ARE AWARDED PRIZES IN ESSAY CONTEST

Seventeen students were awarded prizes in the annual oration contest conducted among students of colleges and universities by the Department of Synagogue and School Extension of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

The essay contest is conducted annually by the Department of Synagogue and School Extension, which has divided the country into districts and has appointed a Rabbi as supervisor of each district. The essays are submitted to the supervisor, who makes the selection of winners in the district and forwards them to the main office of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations.

The \$50. prize winners are: Harold Lyon Knapp of Baylor University, whose subject was "The Jew in American History." William Leonard Cohn of the University of Michigan, who wrote on the subject "Respectfully Opposed." Harry I. Losin of Ohio State University. "A Student's Attitude Toward Religion" was his subject. Eugene M. Zeidman of the University of Alabama, whose subject was "The Similarity of Jewish and American Ideals." Maurice Pasch whose subject was "The Spirit of Judaism" is a student at the University of Wisconsin.

The second prize winners are: Abe Mohl of the University of Texas, whose subject was "What Can We Do to Cement Judaism More Firmly." Albert Rice Leventhal is a student at the University of Michigan. His subject was "The Jews of Spain." Daniel L. Brenner of the University of Michigan, whose subject was "The Accent of American Israel." Bertha Josephson of Ohio State University, whose topic was "The Jew and Modern Literature." Miss Lillian Laurie of the University of Alabama. Miss Laurie's topic was "The Similarity of Jewish and American Ideals." Robert Shor of the University of Wisconsin, whose topic was "The Jewish Outlook in America." Ervin Youngerman of the University of Wisconsin. "What the Synagogue Needs to Increase Its Appeal to the Multitude" was his subject. Alex S. Kaplan of the University of Washington, whose subject was "The Work of Hillel." Henry Allen Weil of the University of Missouri, whose topic was "The

SIR GEORGE LEWIS, FAMOUS ANGLO-JEWISH JURIST, IS KILLED IN TRAIN ACCIDENT

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clients relied on their ability to make settlements and it was said that three fourths of their business was of this nature.

Sir George was born September 12, 1868. He was the son of the first baronet, Sir George Lewis, and Elizabeth Alberstadt. He succeeded his father to the baronetcy in 1911.

Warsaw Kehillah Allots Fund For Cultural Needs

(Continued from page 1)

was granted for unemployed Jewish artists. Six thousand was put at the disposal of the Association of Jewish writers and journalists for the Yiddish Art Theatre now being planned, and 5,000 Zlotys for the Tarbut Hebrew schools.

Under the will of the late Aaron Meyer, old time resident of Newark, N. J., charitable bequests of \$1,000 each were made to Beth Israel and St. Barnabas Hospitals in Newark and to Paterson General, St. Joseph's and Miriam Barnett hospitals in Paterson. A \$5,000 bequest was left to the Hebrew Orphan Asylum of Newark. Mr. Meyer left an estate valued at nearly \$1,000,000.

The sixteenth annual convention of the New Jersey State Federation of Y. M. H. A.'s and Y. W. H. A.'s will be held October 5 and 6 at Trenton. It is expected that Felix Fuld, prominent Newark merchant and philanthropist and president of the Federation, will return from abroad in time to preside at the convention.

Bernard Goldsmith, one of the pioneer Jewish residents of Newark, N. J., having lived there nearly eighty years, died recently. He was a former president of the Hebrew Orphan and Benevolent Asylum and was active in other charitable endeavors.

New Jer." Lester Ziffren of the University of Missouri, whose subject was "American History and the Jew."

Aaron Mathien of Ohio State University, whose subject was "A Spiritual Biography" was third prize winner; and fourth prize winner was I. Harry Isaacs of Ohio State University whose subject was "What Has the Jew Accomplished in Philanthropy."

SUPERINTENDENT—Able executive, intelligent, wishes post in home for aged, orphan asylum, hospital or institution. Has wide experience in handling organization and will be an asset to association requiring his service. Best of references. Write Box 11, Jewish Daily Bulletin, 621 Broadway, N. Y. C.

JEW MAY BE CANDIDATE FOR MAYORALTY IN HARTFORD

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Hartford, Conn., August 8.—The possibility of a Jewish candidate for mayor is talked of in political circles here. Both the Democratic and Republican parties are now making plans for the campaign and while each is still reluctant to mention the names which will be brought to light when the roster of candidates is called it is believed that among them there will be found a Jewish candidate.

Among the possibilities in the Democratic ranks is Louis Schatz, former State Senator, and now associated with Judge Nathan A. Schatz of the City Court of Hartford.

Another recent appointee for office in this city was Attorney Samuel Rosenthal who was named Associate Judge on the City Court bench for a term of two years. Judge Rosenthal has been placed in charge of the small claims court, a new feature in this city, and his efforts have already drawn attention to the affairs in his jurisdiction.

Among other Jews who may become aspirants for the mayorality office and have been repeatedly spoken of are Saul Berman, referee in bankruptcy, Judge Solomon Elsnar and ex-Senator Herman P. Koppleman.

JEWISH COLONIAL TRUST (Juedische Colonialbank) Limited 10-12, Walbrook, London, E. C. 4

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Twenty-ninth Annual Ordinary General Meeting of the Jewish Colonial Trust (Juedische Colonialbank) Limited, will be held on Friday, the 9th of September, 1927, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at Mustermeesse, Basle.

Holders of Share Warrants to Bearer desirous of attending the meeting, must deposit their Warrants at least three clear days before the date fixed for the meeting at the Registered office of the Company.

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