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CHINESE AUTHORITIES

GRANT HARBIN KEHIL- LAH LEGAL STATUS

**Eliminate Secular Activities from
Kehillah Work**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Harbin, June 24.—The statute of the Jewish Communal Board of Harbin was ratified by the Chinese authorities following a delay of two years.

The authorities insisted upon eliminating from the statute all paragraphs relating to the secular cultural activities, social and relief work of the Kehillah. The Chinese authorities consented to permit the functioning of the Kehillah only on condition that it deal with religious and charitable activities, the registration of births, marriages and deaths of the Jewish population, and the imposition of taxes upon Jews for the maintenance of religious institutions.

JEW IN CHINA ENROLL IN TOWN MILITIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Shanghai, China, June 24.—Due to the critical situation now prevailing in Tientsin, many young Jews have enrolled as volunteers in the foreign town militia.

It was learned that many of the Monarchist Russians are serving in the Chinese army. The enrollment of the Jewish group in the town militia was viewed as a precautionary measure to prevent any anti-Jewish excesses which may be started by the Czarists. In such case the militia will act as a self-defense body.

JEWISH FOOTBALL PLAYER KILLED IN LITHUANIA GAME

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, June 23.—A deplorable incident occurred in the city of Jurburg, Lithuania, in the course of a football match between the Maccabees, a Jewish team, and a team representing the Lithuanian Football Club.

During the match Moses Hesskowicz, one of the Jewish players was killed. He was 19 years of age.

The incident caused great excitement in the town. The player responsible for his death was not arrested.

JEWISH STUDENT GAINS DISTINCTION AT HARVARD

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cambridge, Mass., June 24.—Isidore Zarakov, one of Harvard's most distinguished athletes, whose prowess on the diamond, gridiron and hockey ice is destined to become a university tradition, closed his athletic career at Harvard in a blaze of glory.

It was Thursday, the day of the baseball game with Yale, when at the ninth inning, Yale led 5 to 4. Then Zarakov

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RENAISSANCE OF JEWISH SCHOLARSHIP URGED AT CONFERENCE OF RABBIS

**Central Conference of American Rab-
bis Holds Annual Convention**

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cape May, N. J., June 24.—The thirty-eighth annual convention of the Central Conference of American Rabbis opened last night in Congress Hall, Rabbi Louis I. Wolsey of Philadelphia, President of the Conference, in the president's message, urged the renaissance of Jewish scholarship.

"Not only must the great scholarly renaissance which is pervading Jewry particularly in this country be encouraged in adherence to the ancestral faith, and directed towards the advancement thereof, but the aid of the Jewish laity should be sought to foster the Jewish students and thinkers into purposeful achievement," declared Dr. Wolsey.

"The groups in Judaism that are learned in so many a secular science and art and history are abysmally ignorant of the well-springs of Jewish thought and life. Here we have an opportunity for a new renaissance. The time has come for our conference to give to a Jewish scholarship that has kept pace with the new discovery of biology, psychology, philosophy and history such studies as the God idea, Judaism and the doctrine of evolution, the election of Israel, the efficacy of prayer, the doctrine of immortality, the authority of the Bible in Judaism. The scientific and scholarly activities of our many Jewish students and thinkers could be tangibly and resultfully encouraged if the laymen of Jewry could be given to see the value to Judaism of more intensive studies in Jewish literature. Our people re-

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RUSSIAN JEWS DESCRIBE RELIGIOUS NEEDS IN MEMO- RANDUM TO GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 24.—The memorandum dealing with the religious needs of the Jewish population of Soviet Russia, submitted to the Soviet Government by the Jewish Religious Community of Leningrad, describes the religious needs of the Jews.

The memorandum devotes itself to outlining the objects for which the conference of Jewish Communities in Russia is being called. The religious needs of the Jews, it says, cannot be confined within the limits of the existing statutes for religious communities of other faiths, because the religious needs of the Jews are not exhausted by the house of worship. It is for this reason necessary to hold a conference of representatives of the

(Continued on Page 4)

AUSTRIAN PRESIDENT LAYS EMPHASIS ON LEVINE'S ROLE IN MESSAGE TO COOLIDGE

**American Flyers Receive Honors in
Budapest**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, June 23.—Satisfaction was expressed today in leading Jewish circles, at the text of a congratulatory message despatched by President Hainisch to President Coolidge, in connection with the trans-Atlantic flight of Clarence D. Chamberlin and Charles A. Levine.

In his message President Hainisch emphasized the equal role of Charles A. Levine in the historic flight, to the glory of America.

Despatches from Budapest relate the details of the rousing reception given to the American flyers.

Levine and Chamberlin were received yesterday by Admiral Horthy, Regent of Hungary, and Count Bethlen, Prime Minister.

In an interview with representatives of Jewish newspapers, Charles A. Levine stated that he keeps aloof from general as well as Jewish politics. He feels, however, great sympathy for the Palestine unbuilding work. "I am proud of the Jewish participation in the progress of mankind and in the present day efforts to further the cause of aviation," he said.

LINDBERGH SCULPTURE BY JEWISH ARTIST IS PRAISED BY MARYLAND GOVERNOR

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Baltimore, Md., June 23.—The partially completed sculpture commemorating Col. Charles A. Lindbergh's trans-Atlantic flight, which is being made by Louis Rosenthal, was viewed Wednesday by Governor Albert C. Ritchie of Maryland at Mr. Rosenthal's studio. The Governor was accompanied by E. Lester Muller, president of the Advertising Club of Baltimore, and other members of the club, which is fostering the sculpture.

The sculpture was highly praised by the Governor, who congratulated Mr. Rosenthal upon his work. The completed sculpture will be slightly over three feet high. It will be cast in gold, silver and bronze at an approximate cost of \$25,000.

PEN CONGRESS VOICES WISH FOR HEBREW PEN CENTER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Brussels, June 23.—The wish that a Hebrew Pen Center be created in Palestine, was expressed at the closing session of the International Pen Congress here.

The Congress voted a resolution to admit Yiddish writers as separate units into the organization.

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JEWISH MERCHANT IN VLADIVOSTOK SHOTS TWO AGENTS OF OGPU

One Killed, One Wounded; Slayer to
Be Tried by Revolutionary
Tribunal

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 24.—Mark Zimmerman, once a prominent Jewish merchant in Vladivostok, shot and killed an agent of the Ogpu, the Soviet political police, and wounded another yesterday.

Zimmerman, who is sixty years of age, was arrested and will be tried by the revolutionary tribunal. He was active in Jewish communal affairs, having been the founder of the Kechillah in Vladivostok.

The shooting of the Ogpu agents by Zimmerman, it was learned today, represents a climax to a series of sufferings caused the Zimmerman family by the Communists.

Until 1922, Mr. Zimmerman and his brother had been large fish concessioners in the Far East. He was also one of the largest house-owners in Vladivostok. When the Soviet occupied Vladivostok, Zimmerman declared his loyalty to the new regime, while his younger brother left Vladivostok for China where he is now one of the large meat concessioners in Caichow. Notwithstanding the fact that all of Mr. Zimmerman's houses and possessions were confiscated by the Soviets, the Ogpu continued to persecute him alleging that he concealed money. When brought to the highest pitch of irritation, Zimmerman shot his persecutors.

With the opening of the camp season, 3,000 campers will be provided for in 24 camps conducted by constituent societies of the Jewish Welfare Board.

It is estimated that approximately 11,000 campers will have been accommodated throughout the season. Some of the camps are free and others charge a rate not above cost. The estimated value of camps which are owned by associations is approximately \$1,200,000.

NEW ENGLAND ZIONISTS TO SUPPORT LIPSKY ADMINISTRATION AT CONVENTION

Move to Return Brandeis and Mack
Denied; "Sabotage" in United Pal-
estine Appeal Work Charged

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Boston, Mass., June 23.—Elihu D. Stone, president of the New England Zionist Region, and the entire New England Administration, will be behind the national Zionist administration and vote confidence in Mr. Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, it was announced Wednesday, as a result of a resolution adopted by the convention of New England Zionists at Old Orchard Beach last Sunday.

Mr. Stone, in answer to statements circulated by the Associated Press that he would lead a movement to return Justice Louis D. Brandeis and Judge Julian Mack to leadership, was emphatic in declaring that sabotage and internal strife within the Zionist movement is dangerous at this critical period of American Zionism. More than thirty-five delegates from New England are leaving for the Zionist convention in Atlantic City with instructions to vote confidence in the national Zionist administration.

The presence of Mr. Louis Lipsky and Mr. Abraham Goldberg at the New England convention has clarified the situation. Justice Brandeis and Judge Mack, declared Mr. Stone, are not candidates for any office in the Zionist movement and he is therefore not a party to the misuse of their names in any political controversy. Former friends of the Brandeis administration in Boston who are now actively interested in the Zionist Organization are likewise backing the national administration.

Mr. Elihu D. Stone has been reelected president of the New England Zionist Region. The other officers elected are: Judge David A. Lourie, honorary president; Benjamin Rabalsky, treasurer; Joseph B. Abrams, secretary; Mendel N. Fisher, executive secretary; Max Shoelman, Edward Cohen, Benjamin F. Everts, George E. Gordon, Judge Max L. Pinansky, Louis Shapiro, David R. Radovsky, Elder Markson, Peter Leavitt and Isaac Harris, vice-presidents.

A report of the proceedings of the New England Zionist convention held in Portland, Maine, relates that Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, in his address delivered at the convention, challenged what he termed the "whispering campaign," in certain Zionist quarters. He declared that the Zionist Organization of America will not permit some of the workers of the United Palestine Appeal to exploit their position in carrying on a sabotage against the interests of the Zionist Organization. Many who employ the name of Justice Louis D. Brandeis do so without his consent, Mr. Lipsky stated. He expressed the hope that the Atlantic City Zionist convention will bring about unity in Zionist ranks.

HADASSAH WOMEN RAISED \$750,000 FOR PALESTINE IN PAST YEAR, REPORT SHOWS

270 Chapters Are Represented at the
Thirteenth Annual Convention of
Hadassah Organization

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Atlantic City, N. J., June 23.—More than 500 delegates, representing every section in the country, were present at the opening of the thirteenth annual convention of the Hadassah Women's Zionist Organization yesterday morning. Mrs. Irma Lindheim, national president, in submitting her report to the convention, at the opening session, pointed out that Hadassah's "steady growth in every department of work and the trend of its development along organization lines during the last year demonstrate how capable it has been of adhering to its autonomy in America and maintaining its specific purpose in Palestine at the same time that it has strengthened its position in the world of Zionist affairs."

The report stated that American women raised three quarters of a million dollars for Palestine through Hadassah, the women's Zionist Organization of America, for the year ending June 1, according to a report of the National Board presented today by Mrs. Irma L. Lindheim, national president, at the opening session of the thirteenth annual convention of the organization at the Ritz Carlton Hotel here.

More than \$500,000 was for medical and health work which Hadassah conducts in Palestine and for new hospital buildings. The rest, raised through the United Palestine Appeal, was for general Zionist undertakings. In addition, the Hadassah members sent linens and garments valued at more than \$60,000 to Palestine for twenty-five institutions.

The total number of chapters represented at the convention is 270, or 24 more than at the last convention, according to the annual report. The membership of these chapters is 34,000, which is 6,000 more than last year. The work of Hadassah is spread over 37 States in the Union.

The Hadassah delegates were welcomed at the opening session by Mrs. Samuel Green, president of the Atlantic City Chapter. Reports were submitted by the treasurer, Mrs. Dorothy E. Lefkowitz, showing that Hadassah raised for all its purposes during the fiscal year ending June 1 the total of \$696,498. Since 1922, when the organization became autonomous, Hadassah raised \$2,017,037.

Miss Stella Berman, national president of Junior Hadassah, reported the existence of 206 units and groups, showing an increase of 65 over last year. The total membership is 8,326, or 1,300 more than last year.

Mr. Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, greeted the convention.

As a preliminary to the convention a conference was held yesterday by officers of regional units to discuss plans for further organization of units throughout the country. Mrs. Anna

LOUIS MARSHALL AND DAVID BROWN SPEAK AT WARBURG DINNER

National Chairman of United Jewish Campaign in Address Urges
Immediate Redemption of Pledges

The welcome of American Jewish leaders to Felix M. Warburg upon his return from visits to Palestine, Russia and Poland during his trip around the world, was expressed by Louis Marshall, president of the American Jewish Committee, who acted as toastmaster at the dinner on Thursday evening, at the Hotel Astor.

"We all feel to you a debt of gratitude, Mr. Warburg," Mr. Marshall declared, "not merely for having taken this trip for the purpose of assuring us of the worthwhileness of our efforts, our endeavors, of the satisfactory way in which the work we are doing and have been trying to do has been done and is being done, of satisfying us that we have not built our house upon the sands, but upon the solid rock of practicability. We also feel that here is an opportunity, at least for us to enable you to appreciate a tithe, a tithe of the love and affection, the trust and confidence that every Jew of the United States feels for you.

"It is difficult, exceedingly difficult for a man to tell another man to his face what he thinks of him and it is equally difficult and perhaps multiplied by the number of people who are here for each and all of us to say the same thing. I will, therefore merely say in a single sentence what we feel. If we are called upon to express the highest praise that we wish to bestow upon anybody, we will say, and should say: May you be like Felix Warburg!"

Following the report of Mr. Paul Baerwald on the progress of the collections of the Joint Distribution Committee, Mr. Warburg delivered his address, which was greeted with a long-lasting ovation.

Mr. David Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign, followed Mr. Warburg.

"I am not a bit concerned with the progress of our work in general," Mr. Brown said. "I am not now concerned with the campaign. The great bulk of it is over. We have come near the twenty-million-dollar mark. We have a number of campaigns yet to see through over the country, a number to be projected. Many communities have not yet conducted a campaign for one reason or another. Many of the communities conducted a one-year campaign. We have those campaigns to conduct in 1927 and 1928, but in other communities that have had no campaigns the drives will be held practically all this year, and we should be generally finished, I should say, by the end of this year.

"So far as having concern over the routine process of collections goes, the

actual fact is that we have done remarkably well up to this time," the national chairman declared. "We have collected up to date approximately \$7,800,000, and that is what we should have according to the contemplated proportion of collections for this time. Most of our campaigns were three-year drives, with one-third due the first year, another the second year, and the final third in the third year.

"The Jews of America, I say, have set a remarkable record in this campaign. They have given—and they have paid—as never before.

"One of the most remarkable demonstrations of loyal and self-sacrificing effort is the response which has come from the southern states in the flood area. We permitted no appeal for advance payments in these communities while they are in this crisis of their own situation. Yet in spite of the blow to business and the whole disruption of economic routine, the states of that section are coming through to the hilt with their payments, with a sense of responsibility that holds in the face of the most tremendous obstacles.

"All that I am concerned with is the problem of assuring a sufficient turning in of funds for the upkeep of the work in the next months, in the face of the general let-up of summer, when people are away from home, many of them out of the country, and not thinking about paying pledges. But at the same time we must have money coming in to cover the appropriations for the actual work already scheduled for these months. The budget Mr. Baerwald has just outlined to you shows that we need approximately \$500,000 a month.

"I know Europe. I know the people over there and I know they are expecting us to send them these \$500,000 a month. And we can't send it unless we get it in. That is why I am in America at this moment. That is why I did not meet Mr. Warburg at Moscow.

"The call went out four weeks ago over the country and already we have \$1,090,000 of that \$2,000,000. Now all we need is the last \$910,000. All we need for this particular period, over the summer, is that \$910,000.

"I am not worrying about when our people come back. When they come back they will begin to function again.

"I am not only speaking to you, but to many other people who are not here. I would like to have that \$2,000,000 in the treasury so I can go away. That is all I have to say to you people to-night and I want to say it to Mr. Warburg too. He ought to know—I think he does know—the marvelous manner in which the people have responded to our appeals during the time he was out of the country. They have assumed a great responsibility. We are not getting in the money fast enough at the present time, and if you will just pass

YESHIVA HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES 48 STUDENTS

Forty-eight pupils of the Talmudic Academy, the high school of the Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Yeshiva, will receive their diplomas at the graduation exercises which will take place today, Sunday, at 3 P. M., at the Central Jewish Institute, 125 East 85th Street.

Three of the graduates have an average in their regents examinations of over 90 per cent and will be awarded State scholarships.

The exercises will be presided over by Dr. Bernard Revel, Dean of the faculty of the Yeshiva, and Dr. Shelley R. Safir, principal of the high school. Rabbi Burack and Rabbi Lookstein will address the graduates.

Abraham Bernhard, member of the firm of Gordin & Co., investment bankers, died Thursday morning in his home at the Hotel Gotham in his seventy-seventh year. Funeral services will be held today in the chapel of Salem Fields Cemetery at Cypress Hills.

Of the 48 graduates of the College of the City of New York who received degrees last night, 841 are Jews.

The Communist fur workers who were denied seats last week at the Washington convention of the International Fur Workers' Union, last night carried their fight against the "right wing" into eight cities of the United States and Canada.

The unseated delegates announced they would send a letter to every local in the fur industry, urging it to unite outside the fur industry, complaining of the treatment accorded them by the international.

The fur district was relatively quiet yesterday. There was no mass picketing, and only one arrest was made.

A farewell banquet in honor of Jacob Rapoport, Cantor of Congregation Kehilath Israel, who is sailing for Europe, was given Friday evening under the auspices of the Cantors' Association. The banquet was held at Garden's Restaurant. It was attended by representatives of congregations and societies.

Addressees were delivered by Philip Warneberg, Joseph Rumschneider, the composer, Dr. Buchler, Mordecai Danz and others.

Rabbi Morton M. Berman has been elected to serve the Tri-City Congregation which includes the communities of Davenport, La. Moine and Rock Island, Ill. Rabbi Berman has just returned from a year of study in Palestine and Berlin as the holder of the Bertha Guggenheimer Fellowship.

A riot occurred yesterday when right wing members of the Garment Workers' Union were celebrating their return to power at the headquarters, while members of the Communist faction, after a meeting at Cooper Union, called before their new offices adjoining the other headquarters from which they had been ousted.

Detective Kelly, who with seven policemen, attempted to quell the brawling, was badly beaten and required medical treatment.

More than a thousand guests attended a dinner rendered to Isaac Mendelsohn, former Assemblyman, by Arion Lodge, 312, Knights of Persias, Brooklyn, N. Y., at the Hotel Astor Thursday night. Mr. Mendelsohn recently was appointed Deputy Supreme Chancellor of the order for New York State.

Mayor Walker signed the Municipal Assembly measure providing for twenty years' exemption from taxation of all new tenement buildings constructed under the terms of the State Housing Law as substitutes for existing dilapidated structures.

this word out through the country into every community, I am sure there will be a hearty response. If they have to send us advance subscriptions or not, help us to get that \$2,000,000. Release me. I am shackled here in America as long as the treasury is empty."

Moscowitz Kross, of New York, presided at this meeting.

The convention session will close Saturday night.

RENAISSANCE OF JEWISH SCHOLARSHIP URGED AT CONFERENCE OF RABBIS

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spond liberally to all forms of philanthropic enterprises but they have not yet learned to give liberally to Jewish scholarship and Jewish science," Dr. Wolsey stated.

Anti-Semitism is considered somewhat of a dead issue in Jewish religious thought, he said.

"In facing the task of awakening the religious conscience we have passed beyond the obsolete stimulant of anti-Semitism to provoke our people into religious committance. Thank God, the fever of Jewish hatred is passing from the souls of nations. The problems of life are too manifold and too complex to resort to the scapegoat method of finding a solution."

Religious tolerance was reaffirmed by Dr. Wolsey as a principle of the conference. "We reaffirm our Jewish position in a missionaryizing world that each man shall have the right to worship God in his own way and that religious disagreement should be no bar to an honest and uncalculating friendship. We renewed our compact with the Federal Council of Church of Christ in America that because of our mutual respect for the integrity of each others religion and our desire that each faith shall enjoy fullest opportunity for its development and because these committees have no proselytizing."

In speaking of the thirty-seven years' existence of the Conference, Dr. Wolsey declared that many changes have taken place in the life of Israel.

"A tremendous immigration from Russia, numbering nearly a million souls—the greatest exodus in Jewish history—took place, the Dreyfus trial, and the Russian pogroms revealed the insecurity of the Jews' position, the Zionist movement was born. The Jewish Religious Union was founded in London (1901). The Jewish Encyclopedia was completed. The New English version of the Bible (1917) was published. The Great War was waged, the Protocols of the Elders of Zion were forged and distributed to a war-torn, war-tired and suspicious world. The fight against immigration gradually won its point. The British Mandate for Palestine was proclaimed officially, and America passed through the waves of Nordicism and Ku Kluxism. With all of these historic phenomena, Judaism had to deal, and to make its necessary adjustment, and though the waters did not engulf us completely, Jewish thought was not altogether unaffected. This is a conference of American Rabbis, and as such we are specialists in Jewish life. Our chief solicitude is our religion. Whatever the interpretation or the activity of others (and we have always had parties in Israel) our chief function is the preservation and the teaching of our religion. We hold to the belief that no matter how devotedly the life of the Jew is concerned with secular and philanthropic interests, our chief—nay, our sole task is the furtherance

of our religious life and the development of Jewish thought.

"The synagogue will not be able to assemble all Israel under its roof," continued Dr. Wolsey, "and perhaps it never will on this side of the Messianic Day. So long as it nails its flag to the principle of religious liberty, it will never deny to any Jew or any man the right and duty to think out his own religious or irreligious interpretations. And if the International Missionary Council disagrees with us—and we presume it does—then we respectfully suggest that it proselytize those church members and those who smite their brother's cheek, instead of turning to him their own."

The President's message outlining the work of the Conference was preceded by an address by Rabbi H. G. Enelow, of New York, vice-president of the Conference.

"Judaism has grown and has adjusted itself to every new condition by deliberative assemblies, in which the diverse questions of religious theory and practice were discussed and measures adopted for the good of Judaism. There is need for such common council at present, what with the general spiritual disturbances of our times and what with our own particular vexations," Dr. Enelow stated.

Addresses in memoriam on deceased members of the conference were delivered at the opening session.

Jewish Student Gains Distinction at Harvard

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came to the bat, and made one of the longest hits ever seen on the Harvard diamond. The ball went so far that when the Yale center reached it Zarakov was flying across the plate for a home run. The score was Harvard 6, Yale 5.

Such was the excitement over the victory that his mates grabbed the breathless Zarakov, hoisted him to their shoulders and bore him around the bases.

Zarakov however, failed yesterday to be graduated with his class. He did not pass his general examinations.

Zarakov, whose father, a Russian immigrant, is a tailor, worked his way through Harvard with his violin as well as by driving the truck which bore the athletic teams to games.

Revised quotas and tightening of immigration laws by Congress were advocated at a special meeting of the State Chamber of Commerce by 160 members who declared the problem serious.

The executive committee's report urges that immigration from Mexico, Central and South America and the West Indies, be largely cut down. The British and North Ireland quota, now 34,007, should be increased to 73,039, and the German quota, now 51,227, reduced to 23,428, the report says.

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RUSSIAN JEWS DESCRIBE RELIGIOUS NEEDS IN MEMORANDUM TO GOVERNMENT

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religious communities for the purpose of drawing up statutes which will be adapted to the requirements of the Jewish faith.

The conference, the memorandum proceeds, will not deal with questions which are counter to the decrees and ordinances of the Soviet Government on the subject of the separation of the church and the State. It has also no intention of intervening for the purpose of obtaining for the religious communities the right of compulsorily taxing its members or punishing its members. All decisions made by the Conference will be binding upon the members of the religious communities only in so far as they accept them voluntarily. There will be no compulsion of any kind.

The memorandum proceeds to explain the significance of Kashruth and points out that Jewish ritual slaughterers are no more than ordinary working slaughterers. It explains also the function of the Rabbis in the matter of Shechita and the reason why Jews pay specially for the provision of kosher meat. It gives an explanation of the place occupied in Jewish life by Mikvahs and Jewish cemeteries and of the reason why the Jewish cemeteries should be under the jurisdiction of the Jewish communities and not of the City Councils. The memorandum goes on to point out that among Jews there are no priests and that a Rabbi is nothing more than a teacher of the faith. The duties of the Rabbi are explained at length.

On the question of Yeshivahs, the memorandum points out that under the law of July 13, 1912, it is permissible to arrange special theological courses for persons over the age of 18, for the purpose of training teachers of the faith, on condition that the curriculum is limited to matter of theology. The conference, the memorandum says, will consider how best to make use of the provisions of this law and in which places to establish Yeshivahs.

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