

## SOVIET GOVERNMENT ALLOWS FIRST CONFERENCE OF JEW- ISH RELIGIOUS COMMUNITIES

Plan Union of Kehillahs; Two Jewish  
Autonomous Districts to Be  
Established

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, June 7.—The holding of the first conference of Jewish religious representatives in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics was permitted by the Soviet government and will take place in Leningrad on October 21.

Permission was granted by the government following a memorandum submitted to the authorities by the Kehillah of Leningrad which has taken the initiative in convoking the conference of all Jewish religious communities in the Union.

One hundred and seventy-nine delegates representing 110 kehillahs will participate. The agenda of the conference includes questions pertaining to the establishment of Mikvehs, ritual baths; the purchase and care of cemeteries, the founding of Yeshivahs and maintenance for rabbis and synagogue officials. The conference will also consider the question of the Chedarim, the Jewish religious schools; the printing of religious books and the problem of Sabbath observance. A point of particular interest is the plan to create a Union of Kehillahs in Soviet Russia.

In granting permission to hold the conference the government excluded representatives of charitable agencies.

Minsk, June 7.—Protests against the policy of the Yevsektzia, the Jewish section of the Communist party, with regard to Jewish religious institutions in Russia are being voiced frankly in

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## DR. OSCAR WASSERMANN JOINS PALESTINE SURVEY

Dr. Oscar Wassermann, general manager of the Deutsche Bank of Berlin has accepted an invitation to serve on the Joint Palestine Survey Commission, according to an announcement by Leonard Stein, political secretary of the Zionist Organization.

The personnel of the commission is now complete. The other three commissioners are Sir Alfred Mond, Dr. Lee K. Frankel and Felix M. Warburg.

## RABBI KOENIGSBERGER IS KILLED IN ACCIDENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 6.—Rabbi Koenigsberger, one of the leaders of the Orthodox Jewish community in Germany, was run over and instantly killed by an automobile omnibus here.

Rabbi Koenigsberger recently celebrated his sixtieth birthday, on which occasion he was widely feted.

## GERMAN JEWS ARRANGE ROUSING WELCOME FOR LEVINE AND CHAMBERLIN

Charles Levine, Organizer of Flight and First Trans-Atlantic Air Passenger, Showed Early Interest in Aviation; Remarkable Life Story of Son of Russian Jewish Immigrants Told in Exclusive Interview; Grandfather Constructed Model of Solomon's Temple in Vilna

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, June 7.—The Jewish community of Berlin is preparing to give a rousing welcome to Charles A. Levine and Clarence D. Chamberlin. A banquet in honor of the trans-Atlantic fliers will be given by the Berlin Kehillah and the Union of Israelitic Communities.

Great satisfaction is being expressed in German Jewish circles with the achievement of Charles A. Levine and Clarence Chamberlin. In a message cabled to President Coolidge by von Hindenburg, the president of the German Republic makes mention of Charles A. Levine as the organizer and supporter of the flight.

Berlin, June 7.—A delegation representing the Jewish community in Berlin

## NEW ROUMANIAN PREMIER, STIRBEY, PROMISES TO PRO- MOTE LAW AND ORDER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, June 7.—The elections to the new parliament will take place on July 7. The Jewish parties in Transylvania and Bessarabia are urgently preparing for the forthcoming elections.

In a statement issued by the new premier, Prince Barbu Stirbey, complete freedom of the press is promised. The premier also promises to promote law and order and to suppress the excesses.

Bucharest, June 7.—Whether or not the change in the Roumanian government will better the condition of the Jews in Roumania remains as uncertain as the entire political situation in the country.

While the fall of the Averescu government was welcomed with relief, there are no definite indications which would justify Roumanian Jews to place hope in the new cabinet. The only indication of a possible change of policy toward Roumanian Jews is seen in the fact that Dr. Lupu was included in the national union cabinet as Minister of Education. The new premier, Prince Barbu Stirbey, is a well known industrialist and the brother-in-law of Bratianu.

A characteristic fact of the last days of the Averescu cabinet was revealed today. It developed that when General Averescu was asked by King Ferdinand to form a national union cabinet, the only one of all the fac-

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will welcome Charles A. Levine and Clarence D. Chamberlin upon their arrival here. The reception will take place at Tempelhof Aerodrome.

Dr. Michael Wurmbrandt, director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency office in Berlin, is a member of the welcome delegation.

London, June 7.—Tribute to Charles A. Levine, owner of the Columbia, who flew with Charles D. Chamberlin on his trans-Atlantic non-stop flight to Germany was paid by the London "Daily News," in an editorial.

"Of course the real credit for the flight belongs to Chamberlin," writes the "Daily News," "but the hero of popular imagination is Levine, who is a most striking example of the spirit of American enterprise. In his own way Levine is the most representative American of the day, just as in his very different field is President Coolidge. There are three Levines, the business man, the showman and born advertiser and the hero and very brave man. All three of them flew across the Atlantic."

Charles A. Levine, owner of the Columbia, in which he and Clarence D. Chamberlin flew from Curtis Field to Eisleben, German, 3,905 miles, in 42 hours, completing the second trans-Atlantic flight and exceeding the distance covered by Charles A. Lindbergh by 300 miles, is of Russian Jewish parentage.

Levine's flight occurred under most dramatic circumstances, causing admiration.

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## ROSENBAUM LITHUANIAN CONSUL IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, June 6.—Dr. Samson Rosenbaum, former president of the Jewish National Council in Lithuania and Minister of Jewish Affairs at the time of the Jewish cultural autonomy in Lithuania, was appointed Lithuanian Consul General in Palestine.

## TEL-AVIV RECEIVES FIRST U.S. MANUFACTURING ORDER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Tel-Aviv, June 4.—The first large commercial order from America was received here by a local manufacturing house.

The order calls for the production of 510,000 boxes for jewelry.

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## ARRANGE FOR DINNER TO WELCOME FELIX WARBURG

### Chairman of J.D.C. to Report on Situation in Countries He Visited

Friends and associates of Felix M. Warburg, banker and philanthropist, and chairman of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, are arranging a dinner in his honor to welcome him on his return to this country from his world tour. Mr. Warburg will arrive in New York on the Aquitania June 18. The dinner will be held Thursday evening, June 23, at the Hotel Astor.

Invitations to the dinner, which is being tendered as a personal tribute to Mr. Warburg, are being issued in the names of Louis Marshall, David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign; Paul Baerwald, treasurer of the Joint Distribution Committee; Col. Herbert H. Lehman and James N. Rosenberg, vice-chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee. Mr. Marshall will serve as chairman of the banquet.

It is expected that Mr. Warburg will report on the present situation and outlook of Jewish life in the countries he has just visited. His tour, which occupied six months, took him by way of the Far East through Manchuria and Russia to Eastern Europe, Germany, and England. He is at present in London.

Mr. Warburg will also present to the American leaders the results of his conferences with Dr. Bernhard Kahn, director of the Joint Distribution Committee work in the countries outside of Russia, and with Eastern European leaders.

## CHICAGO JUDGES, FRIEND AND FISHER, RE-ELECTED

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Ill., June 7.—Circuit Court Judges Hugo M. Friend and Harry A. Fisher were re-elected and Michael Feinberg was elected a Judge at the Judicial election held yesterday. Judge Friend was fourth on the ticket and Judge Fisher sixth out of twenty-four voters.

## HENRY FORD FILES ANSWER IN HERMAN BERNSTEIN LIBEL SUIT

### Presents Depositions of Six Russian Monarchists

Affidavits in behalf of Henry Ford were filed with the clerk of the United States District Court, New York, in the \$200,000 libel suit started by Herman Bernstein nearly four years ago against Henry Ford.

The affidavits include depositions made by six prominent Russian monarchists and purport mainly to refute the charges of Mr. Bernstein that a "Russian Committee for Saving the Fatherland" had carried on in the United States anti-Semitic activities, Constantinople being the headquarters of the committee.

The witnesses were cross-examined before Donald F. Bigelow, American Consul General in Paris. Federal Judge Hand granted a motion last July for a commission on interrogatories, holding the testimony would not be vital enough to warrant the expense of free examination by an open committee in Europe. The examination was limited to questions approved by Judge Hand.

Paul Shottolt, Chief of Staff of Gen. Wrangel's White Army, denied the committee mentioned by Mr. Bernstein ever existed, said that persons named as members of the committee never had existed and charged that documents quoted to prove the committee's existence had been forged.

Nicolai Petrovich Yakimov, an attaché of the Imperial Russian Embassy in Constantinople, denied the existence of secret consular archives mentioned by Mr. Bernstein and stated that if the anti-Semitic committee existed it was composed of "impostors and legally irresponsible persons."

Igor V. Krivoshein denied that his father, A. V. Krivoshein, President of Wrangel's Cabinet, who was alluded to in the Bernstein articles, had been anti-Semitic, and G. V. Giinka, former Imperial Minister of Agriculture, said he had never heard Krivoshein express anti-Semitic sentiments.

A. Le Pelletier, an official of the former White Russian Red Cross, denied knowledge of a Russian conspiracy against Jews.

Lieut. Gen. Alexander Loukinsky, an Imperial division commander who later was chief of Gen. Denikin's Cabinet, said he did not know whether or not the Constantinople meetings mentioned by Mr. Bernstein had occurred, but he knew some of those mentioned had not attended such meetings.

"It is quite certain that the Jews were a liability to Russia," said Loukinsky, alleging that power had been attained by many Jewish shopkeepers and money-lenders through Jewish organizations.

Mr. Bernstein returns today on the Homeric.

Plans for raising \$125,000 to provide \$2500 scholarships for training Jewish children in religious schools were discussed at a conference of communal leaders at the Unity Club, Brooklyn, on Saturday. The meeting was called by Benjamin G. Ribman for the Jewish Educational Association, which is seeking \$500,000 in New York City and vicinity for such schools.

## DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

### A New Jewish Record

The achievement of Charles A. Levine, who not only financed the Columbia's trans-Atlantic flight but accompanied Clarence Chamberlin, the pilot, in what has already become one of the greatest feats in the history of aerial navigation, marks another record of Jewish courage and vision, declares the "Day". Writing editorially under the caption "A New Jewish Record", the paper, in yesterday's issue, observes:

"This is a record of Jewish daring, of Jewish foresight in the wonderful conquest of the elements of blind nature.

"It is no longer necessary to prove that Jews are just as brave in the field of spiritual endeavor. The fronts of all the battlefields in the World War can tell the story of Jewish courage and heroism. Every field of sport is full of Jewish names. But until recently little was heard about Jews in the field of aerial navigation, of conquering the air.

"It has fallen to the lot of a New York Jew, a son of an immigrant from Vilna, to demonstrate that the Jew is not backward in this latest sphere of human conquest and triumph over nature. Along with Chamberlin, the non-Jew, Levine risked his life, looking steadfastly and fearlessly at the greatest danger. Together with Chamberlin he won, breaking the world's record for distance flying.

"Levine, in fact, showed more than mere physical courage. He is a rich man. He possesses great wealth and could easily live his life out in luxury and contentment. He could lead a life of undisturbed material comfort. In his case, the prospect of material gain could not have played any part as it did undoubtedly in the case of others. It was essentially the will to achieve, the will that inspires all great inventors, discoverers and heroes, that urged Levine to stake his all, to play with death. In this respect he is a true Jewish hero. As Americans and as Jews, we are proud of his achievement. The anti-Semites in Germany and everywhere else will have to take their hats off for the Jew Levine, no less than for the Nordics Lindbergh and Chamberlin."

The importance, from a point of view of American-German relations, of the flight financed by Levine and in which he participated as the first trans-Atlantic air passenger, is emphasized in numerous editorials of the New York press. Says the "Times":

"While Chamberlin and Levine were denied the dramatic reception given Lindbergh at Le Bourget, they made a long-distance record for a non-stop

## GERMAN JEWRY PREPARES ROUSE WELCOME FOR LEVINE AND CHAMBERLIN

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ation of the public at large and surprise to his immediate family.

The Columbia was scheduled, according to plans in May, to be the first aeroplane to attempt the trans-Atlantic non-stop flight to Paris. Due to differences which developed between Levine, who financed the flight, and Lloyd Bertaud, the pilot who was supposed to have accompanied Chamberlin, the plan was postponed, giving Lindbergh the opportunity to be the first to make the flight. When the difficulties were removed and the Columbia was ready to hop off, the wealthy owner decided secretly to accompany Chamberlin. This he did in accordance with his intention expressed at the beginning of May in an interview with the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

"The first cross-Atlantic non-stop flight of the Bellanca plane will be made by the two fliers, Clarence Chamberlin and Lloyd Bertaud. The second flight, however, will have me as a passenger," Mr. Levine stated at that time to the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

His decision to accompany Chamberlin was viewed in certain quarters as his reply to criticism directed against him in connection with the postponed original flight and it was to prove to the world that he was a sportsman and willing to risk his life in an adventure which his pilot was willing to undertake.

When interviewed by the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency at the beginning of May, Mr. Levine stated: "I do not have to tell you that I am a Jew. You can see that from my appearance and from my name. I am an American-born Jew. My parents came to the United States thirty-six years ago from Vilna. My father, who was a merchant in Vilna, settled in North Adams, Massachusetts. After a few years he established a fine reputation for himself. There I attended public school and when I grew older my father planned a commercial career for me. It was not long, however, before he was disappointed. As early as ten years of age, I had a greater inclination toward handicrafts than for commerce. I loved to carve, build and experiment with all kinds of tools. My father was dissatisfied. I read passionately all travel books and adventure stories. Later I decided to become an aviator. When I was thirteen I ran away from home and went to Garden City where the well known Moissant school for fliers was located. I did not remain in this school long before my father discovered me and took me home.

"At my father's urging, I became a clerk in the metal business, working for one dollar a week." Mr. Levine was employed in this business for six years, working his way up to a position where he earned \$25 a week. During all this time he kept up his interest in aviation.

When he planned to marry, Charles Levine founded his present business. "It took me only a few years to make

a success of my business. I later directed my interests to bank operations, which also met with success. During this time, my interest in aviation grew. I bought an aeroplane and used to fly from time to time from New York to Pittsburgh where my father resided. Although I am not an engineer by profession, I have specialized in various types of planes, so that every detail of the mechanism of a plane is familiar to me."

When asked how he became interested in the Bellanca plane, he stated that he met the Italian designer, Joseph Bellanca, who told him of his plan to construct an airship which could cross the Atlantic on a non-stop flight. "This plan interested me," Mr. Levine stated, "and fired my imagination. It had always been my dream to live to see the day when I would be able to jump into an aeroplane in New York and arrive two days later in London or Paris. When the opportunity to realize my dream presented itself, I decided to take it," he stated.

Charles A. Levine is interested in a number of Jewish philanthropic institutions in Brooklyn, although he took no active interest in Jewish communal affairs.

Isaac Levin, father of Charles A. Levine, when interviewed by the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency yesterday, stated that he came to the United States from Vilna when he was sixteen. He had no relatives in this country and when he landed he had only a few cents in his pocket. He started out peddling dry goods. After a great deal of suffering and hardship he settled down in North Adams. His father, Noah Levin, he recalled, was interested in handicrafts, having constructed, some forty years ago, a wooden model of Solomon's Temple. At that time he travelled in various towns in Russia showing the model.

"My grandfather, Moses Levin," he continued, "was a well known Talmudic scholar, who in his old age went to Jerusalem, where he died. When I was thirteen years old I was a student at a Vilna synagogue. My father wanted me to study for the rabbinate, but I had no desire for this and decided to emigrate to America." Isaac Levin stated.

"I am the proudest father in the world," he declared. "My son Charlie was always an independent, adventurous boy. He has a true Jewish heart and is ready to help people who are in need. He always carries out his decisions. He always had a great ambition to fly an aeroplane and he had made up his mind as soon as he became independent, financially he would take up aviation."

Mr. Levin also stated that notwithstanding the fact that he and his son have a wide acquaintance among non-Jews, they have never endeavored to conceal their Jewish origin. "We do not even want to change our true Jewish name, Levin. Moreover, I spell my name, Levin, without an 'e', and pronounce it just as my father used to pronounce it, Levin, and not Levine, as many of my Christian friends are in

## LEAGUE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS PROTESTS AGAINST ANTI- JEWISH PERSECUTIONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, June 6.—A mass meeting in protest of the anti-Jewish persecutions in Eastern and Central Europe was held last night by the Halle Societes Savants under the auspices of the League for Human Rights.

In his keynote address, Professor Victor Basch, president of the League, described the situation of the Jewish population in east and central European countries and voiced a protest against the persecutions.

M. Netter, speaking on behalf of the Union of Jewish Youth in France, protested against the numerus clausus for Jewish students.

Bernard Leksash described the pogrom period in the Ukraine, from where he recently returned following an investigation he made there. M. Admar and M. Hugg, both Catholics, appealed to the Christian conscience to stop the persecutions.

the habit of calling me," he declared.

Mrs. Charles A. Levine and Mrs. Clarence Chamberlin sailed yesterday morning on the steamer Berlin for Bremen to join their husbands in Germany. They are making the trip as guests of the German government and the North German Lloyd. Samuel Hartman, Mr. Levine's attorney, is accompanying Mrs. Levine.

Before their departure Mrs. Levine and Mrs. Chamberlin were honored by the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce. Ralph Jonas, president of the Chamber, presented Mrs. Chamberlin with a check for \$15,000, the prize to her husband for his flight. Mrs. Levine received a wrist watch.

The building of the Daniel Guggenheim School of Aeronautics at New York University, University Heights, was opened Saturday afternoon when Daniel Guggenheim presented it to Chancellor Elmer Ellsworth Brown.

Chancellor Brown, in his address, praised the founder.

"When Daniel Guggenheim handed to our Executive Committee his simple little check for \$500,000 for the founding of this School of Aeronautics he said the experience gave him a thrill," said Chancellor Brown. "What kind of a thrill do you think the experience gave the rest of us who were present at that meeting in June two years ago?"

"I am having a repetition of it today. I hope Mr. Guggenheim is, too. Have not these two years been full of thrills for those who have any part or interest in aeronautics?"

Assistant Secretary MacCracken, speaking of the "bountiful generosity and inspired vision of Daniel Guggenheim," asserted that "within the walls of this building scientists will unravel still further the age-old mystery of flight. Each and all of us will benefit by these discoveries, made possible by Mr. Guggenheim's endowment."

## FUNERAL SERVICES FOR DR. AB. ZINGHER TODAY

The funeral services for Dr. Abraham Zingher, noted bacteriologist and assistant director of the New York Bureau of Laboratories, will be held at the Zingher home, 47 West Sixty-ninth Street.

Dr. Stephen S. Wise of the Free Synagogue will conduct the services.

Dr. Zingher was found dead early Sunday at his laboratory bench in the Willard Parker Hospital. He was forty-two years old.

Dr. Zingher died in the midst of the experimental work which has made him a conspicuous figure among bacteriologists. He helped to perfect the Schick test for diphtheria and directed the inoculation of hundreds of thousands of children in New York City with a serum which is considered 90 per cent protective.

Dr. Zingher was also an attending physician at the Willard Parker Hospital. He was an assistant professor in bacteriology and hygiene at New York University and Bellevue Medical Schools, and a pediatricist at Post Graduate Hospital.

Dr. Zingher served as a captain at Base Hospital 69 in France during the World War. He advocated a health bureau for the League of Nations, and in recognition of that work received letters from President Wilson and Sir William Osler.

Dr. Zingher was born in Roumania April 21, 1885. Besides his widow he is survived by four children, the youngest six weeks old.

## Daily Digest of Public Opinion

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fight which takes its place in aviation history.

"The Germans, who are actually in the lead in air transportation, will know how to honor Chamberlain and Levine. The latter may be regarded as the first Atlantic air passenger."

"The N. Y. 'American' declares: 'There is plenty of honor to go around, and Berlin is seeing to it that Lindbergh's welcome is equalled. We cannot have too many of these young air ambassadors to Europe.'"

In the "World" we read: "On June 5, 1919, the terms of the peace treaty had been delivered to Berlin. The German delegation at Versailles had just filed its plea that 'the demands in this treaty go beyond the strength of the German people.'"

"On June 5, 1927, an American airplane which had hopped off from Long Island flew across the Rhine and came down, short of its goal but after a great achievement, to receive a royal welcome from a friendly people."

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## NEW ROUMANIAN PREMIER, STIRBEY, PROMISES TO PRO- MOTE LAW AND ORDER

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tions in the Roumanian parliament to respond to Averescu's call was the Cuza party.

Dissolution of parliament, removal of the censorship and the holding of free elections were promised by Prince Stirbey.

Parliament is to be dissolved by royal decree and new elections ordered for July 7, in which balloting is to be unhampered.

Bucharest, June 7.—Prince Stirbey, the new prime minister of Roumania, is the friend of the Jews, it was stated here.

It was revealed that the Prince has close business connections with prominent Jewish business men. In his industrial undertakings he employs a considerable number of Jews.

Bucharest, June 7.—Gabriel Sheffer, a Jewish journalist, was sentenced to one month imprisonment and fined 40,000 Lei for an article attacking Alexander Cuza, leader of the Roumanian anti-Semites.

Sheffer charged Cuza with having given incorrect figures with regard to the Jewish population in Roumania. Cuza alleged that the Jews in the country number fifteen percent of the general population, instead of five percent as is the case.

Jerusalem, June 7.—Praise for the brave policy of Rabbi Zirelson, chief rabbi of the Jewish community of Kishinev and former member of the Roumanian Senate who resigned because of the anti-Semitic policy of the government, was expressed by Rabbi A. J. Kook, chief rabbi of Palestine, in a letter addressed to the aged Jewish leader of Bessarabia.

The Palestine Rabbi commended Rabbi Zirelson for his work in the protection of Jewish rights. Replying to Rabbi Kook, Rabbi Zirelson stated that he will continue his fight for justice and equality.

## ESTABLISH \$50,000 FOUNDATION IN RABBI'S HONOR

A \$50,000 trust fund, to be known as the H. Pereira Mendes Foundation, was announced by Chief Judge Benjamin N. Cardozo of the Court of Appeals at the reception given Sunday afternoon in honor of the Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes at the St. Regis Hotel. Rabbi Mendes has completed fifty years of service to the Congregation Shearith Israel, Central Park West and Seventieth Street, New York. Seven years ago he became Rabbi Emeritus of the congregation.

The income of the trust fund will be used by Rabbi Mendes during his life-time. He is living in California at present. After his death the income will go toward the advancement of Jewish education within the Sephardic community in the city.

## COMMUNISTS SEIZE SECRET ZIONIST ARCHIVE IN MOSCOW

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, June 7.—The arrest of a number of Zionists in Moscow recently is reported in a despatch received here from the Russian capital.

The report alleges that during the arrests the OGPU, the Communist secret police, discovered the headquarters of a Zionist relief fund under the name, Keren Esra, and also a secret archive where material describing the suffering of arrested Zionists in Russia was collected. The material was to be used for a book concerning the persecutions against Zionism in Russia.

## Soviet Government Allows Conference of Jewish Religious Communities

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various quarters, states the Yiddish daily paper of Minsk, "Oktiabr".

The newspaper states that it has lately been receiving many letters protesting against the anti-Jewish propaganda of the Jewish communists. The writers point to the fact that the Russian communists are not combating the Greek Orthodox religion with such severity as do the Jewish Communists.

Moscow, June 7.—Two Jewish autonomous districts will be established in Soviet Russia in the course of the next two years, according to a report of the Moscow Yiddish Communist daily, "Der Emes".

One autonomous Jewish district will amalgamate the old colonies in the Ukraine and a part of the settlements created by the Agrojoint, the agency of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee. The second district will supplement the one founded by the Ozet, the governmental department for settling Jews on the land.

Rabbi Albert N. Mandelbaum of Albany, N. Y. was installed as Rabbi of Kneseth Israel Congregation, Louisville, Ky. on Sunday. The Kneseth Israel was formed by the amalgamation of the two congregations, Boai Jacob and Beth Medrosh Hagodol.

Rabbi Saul Silber of Chicago was the principal speaker at the installation exercises.

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