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FRENCH LEAGUE FOR HUMAN RIGHTS DEFENDS SHOLOM SCHWARTZBARD

Avenger of Jewish Pogroms in Ukraine Not Guilty, Basche Says
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, May 23.—The French League for Human Rights came to the defense of Sholom Schwartzbard, who killed Semion Petlura, against the attacks on him in "Le Figaro."

In an article published in the "Volonte", Professor Victor Basche, president of the League, expressed the view of the League on the Schwartzbard case.

"The League does not justify murder, but it understands the reasons for Schwartzbard's act. Petlura was absolutely responsible for the pogroms. Schwartzbard, in avenging them by killing Petlura, was not guilty", Professor Basche stated.

TRANSYLVANIA SEES NEW ANTI-JEWISH EXCESSES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, May 23.—Serious anti-Jewish excesses took place Friday afternoon and evening in Ordeazmare, the city formerly known by the name Grosswardein.

The excesses started when a group of Roumanian students bombarded a Yiddish performance of the Vilna troupe which is touring the country. Several of the actors and many in the audience were badly injured by the bombardment of stones.

The students then started a bombardment of stones on the house of the rabbi, as well as on the synagogue. The attack was made during the Friday evening services. Jewish homes on Church Street were also attacked by the students. Many windows were broken. The police intervened, ending the excesses.

LESPESIANU RELEASED AFTER TWELVE DAY HUNGER STRIKE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, May 23.—Lespesianu, the Jewish student who was held in prison for three months because he fired in self-defense when attacked by Roumanian students, was released following a 12-day hunger strike.

The release was ordered following the insistent demand of public opinion. Lespesianu was already in the prison hospital.

FELIX M. WARBURG LEAVES FOR POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, May 23.—Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, and James H. Becker, of Chicago, left last night for Berlin after an extensive tour of the new Jewish colonies.

LOUIS MILLER, PIONEER OF JEWISH PRESS IN AMERICA, DIES AT AGE OF SIXTY-ONE

Important Figure in Development of Yiddish Press Passes

Louis E. Miller, one of the pioneers of the Yiddish press in this country, leading editorial writer, and latterly member of the editorial staff of the "Day", died Sunday afternoon of heart disease at St. Vincent's Hospital, New York, after an illness of one week. He was sixty-one years old.

Louis Miller was born in Vilna, April 1866, and came to the United States in 1882. He was a member of the Am Olam group of the first wave of Jewish immigration to the United States from Russia which came to the new world with ideas of establishing new forms of social life. He soon became an important factor in the socialist movement. In 1887 he started publication of a Russian weekly under the name of "Znamya." In 1890 he, with Philip Kranz and Abe Cahan, established the first Yiddish Socialist weekly in America under the name of "Arbeiter Zeitung." He then took a leading part in the fight of the Jewish Social Democrats against the anarchists. In 1893 he was graduated from law school.

In 1894 he established the Yiddish daily, "Abendblatt." In 1898 he established, with others, the "Jewish Daily Forward" of which he was the editor for several years until he was succeeded by Abe Cahan. He established
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DR. LEE K. FRANKEL ARRIVES IN LONDON ON WAY TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, May 23.—Dr. Lee K. Frankel, second vice-president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company and well known Jewish leader of New York City, arrived here. Dr. Frankel, who was appointed by Mr. Marshall and Dr. Weizmann as one of the commissioners for the Jewish Agency Palestine survey, is here on his way to Palestine.

Dr. Frankel conferred with Dr. Weizmann and other members of the Zionist Executive.

CLAIMS \$50,000 FROM PALESTINE GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, May 23.—A claim of \$50,000 against the Palestine government was presented in the Palestine court by Mrs. Templeton, widow of the late Sir Oliphant, the famous Palestinianophile.

The claim rests on the contention that the land upon which the Haifa railway station was built was appropriated by the Turkish government in 1907.

JOHNS HOPKINS PROFESSOR LAUDS WORK OF JEWISH CON- SUMPTIVE RELIEF SOCIETY

Krause, Authority on Tuberculosis, Addresses Convention of Society
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Atlantic City, N. J., May 23.—Prof. Allan K. Krause of Johns Hopkins University, recognized authority on tuberculosis, praised the pioneering work of the Jewish Consumptive Relief Society of Denver at the twenty-third annual convention of the Society here yesterday, attended by 300 delegates, representing contributors throughout the country. He declared that the sanitarium made an invaluable contribution to anti-tuberculosis work by admitting advanced cases, thus proving that the far advanced case is not necessarily doomed to death. Prof. Krause declared that the Jews, because of their adaptability resulting from persecutions through the ages, make the best tuberculosis patients, and death rate from tuberculosis on the lower east side is less than half the rate in other parts of New York City. He called upon the delegates to turn their resources now to fighting the most important problem, that of preventing relapses in cases dismissed from sanitarium as cured, stating that the tuberculosis death rate can be cut two, three or four times if relapses are eliminated.

Reports submitted at the morning session showed the progress during the past year in building the institution and expanding its facilities.

The million-dollar building program that will increase the Sanitarium's capacity from 300 to 400 patients was described by H. J. Schwartz, chairman of the Building Committee. Mr. Schwartz announced that during the year the building program had been initiated with the completion of a synagogue, the industrial building, a dairy barn and silo, while construction of the \$350,000 Women's Pavilion, which
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HUNGARIAN JEWS IGNORED IN LAND DISTRIBUTION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, May 23.—Complaint of discrimination against Jews by the Hungarian government in the distribution of land under the provisions of the agricultural reform act was voiced in a memorandum submitted to the Hungarian government by the Union of Jewish Communities.

The memorandum urges the government to consider the needs of the Jewish population when it allocates land under the act and complains that while other sections of the population received land, the Jews have been practically excluded. The fact of the matter is that all land available under the act has already been distributed.

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NATHAN STRAUS AGAIN CHALLENGES HENRY FORD

Jewish Veterans Ask U. S. Intervention in Rumania

Nathan Straus, at memorial services held Sunday by the Jewish Veterans of the Wars of the Republic, at the Riverside Synagogue, repeated his challenge to Henry Ford, which proposed a jury of ten Christians, eight to be chosen by Ford, to consider the manufacturer's attacks on the Jews and render a public verdict. The challenge was made a year ago in Boston.

"He never answered that challenge," Mr. Straus said. "Henry Ford is a contemptible coward. I wouldn't trade places with Ford. I wouldn't have his sin of maligning 15,000,000 people upon my shoulders for all his millions. I pity the man; he has been so deceived, but he is apparently not man enough to say he was mistaken."

The veterans, in uniform, paraded from 131 West Eighty-sixth Street, headed by the National Commander, Colonel Morris J. Mendelsohn, and the Hebrew Orphan Asylum Field Band. Colonel Mendelsohn, who presided at the services, recalled the historical dates relating to loyalty and service of the Jews in all the wars of America.

Other speakers were Representative Sol Bloom, Dr. William I. Sirovich, Maurice Simmons and Rabbi Edward Lissman, honorary chaplain.

A resolution to memorialize Congress to "demand that the Rumanian Government accord equal political treatment, and grant equal political protection to all the subjects under its jurisdiction, in accordance with the covenants of existent treaties between that Government and ours, and in the event of the failure of the latter to comply with said demand, to sever diplomatic relations between the Government of the U. S. and the Government of the Kingdom of Rumania."

The resolution was introduced by Col. Maurice Simmons. Dr. Sirovich undertook to introduce the resolution in Congress.

WARBURG CABLES BROWN IMPRESSIONS OF SURVEY OF JEWISH COLONIES

Felix M. Warburg, chairman of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, on the conclusion of his visit to the new Jewish colonies in Russia, sent a cable to David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign, and James N. Rosenberg, vice-chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, describing his impressions of his inspection.

Mr. Warburg expressed himself as profoundly impressed with the permanent foundations of a new Jewish agricultural class being laid through the work of the Agro-Joint.

"Later I hope to persuade American Jewry to invest further in this practical and humanitarian work," Mr. Warburg said in his message. His visit covered more than forty colonies in the three districts of the Ukraine, White Russia, and the Crimea, in which the Agro-Joint is working. There are 135 colonies in all, in which more than 10,000 families of former impoverished traders and city dwellers have established themselves. All these colonies have been founded within the last three years.

A second cable was received at the same time from James H. Becker of Chicago, who is traveling with Mr. Warburg.

Mr. Warburg's cable, as made public by Mr. Brown, reads:

"After delightful inspection our main three districts, am both satisfied proud of permanent foundation bringing these colonists only happiness only self-respected healthy life possible here, probably within near future. With unemployment more serious, number anxious to become self-supporting independent farmers steadily increasing. First three years have gone according to schedule, entirely satisfactory, and seeing them in their homes secure, contented, with hopes revived, working farms, stardation repayments, is joy as well as vindication of Rosen's plan. Government encouraging, aiding our successful effort. Later I hope to persuade Jewry to invest further in this practical and humanitarian work. Meantime you and few who have given, worked, and seen for themselves realize that least American Jews can do is pay pledges without delay, for our obligations here must be met according to schedule. Nature's seasons and desirable land wont wait."

Mr. Becker's cable read:

"Although have followed closely all oral, written reports, from our representatives who have seen colonization undertaking, I had no adequate picture of its magnitude of spirit. Have inspected work in all three districts. Visited and passed through more than forty out of hundred thirty-five our colonies. By October will have hundred eighty. Saw settlements in all stages of development, some formed this spring, to those completing third year. Have fine efficient business and technical organization, which receives inexperienced city dwellers, teaches them farming, helps them build houses, plant vineyards, prepare fields, sow crops, establish creameries, cooperative farm

LOUIS MILLER, NOTED YIDDISH EDITOR, PASSES

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the Yiddish daily "Wahrheit" in 1905. In this paper he conducted a fiery fight against the "Forward" and its editor.

At the outbreak of the war he immediately took a pro-allies stand, causing great opposition in many circles on the East side, because of the fact that Russia was among the Allies. This stand affected the circulation of his newspaper among the former Russian emigrants who could not wish success to Russia.

He soon left the "Wahrheit" and established another daily, "Der Fuehrer", which met with no success and was stopped after several months. He then embarked on the publication of Miller's Weekly, which also was discontinued.

His last journalistic enterprise was the "Neue Wahrheit", a tabloid Yiddish daily started in 1925. Last year he was greatly affected by the suicide of his twenty-six year old son.

The funeral, which will take place today, is being arranged by the Jewish Writers' Club in conjunction with the "Day".

Dr. S. Margoshes, editor of "The Day" in a statement issued to the "Jewish Daily Bulletin", gave the following appreciation of the late Louis E. Miller:

"Louis E. Miller's chief characteristic was his passionate insistence on justice and on fair play. This insistence made him not only the greatest editor that the American Yiddish press ever had but also one of the best Americans. A union leader who tolerated no class tyranny, a journalist who did not truckle to the mob, an orator who did not appeal to the gallery, he was conscience personified and glorified."

DINGOL FETED BEFORE DEPARTURE FOR EUROPE

A farewell dinner in honor of S. Dingol, managing editor of "The Day" was given by the editorial staff of the newspaper at the Commodore Hotel Saturday night. Mr. Dingol is sailing Wednesday on the steamer Albert Ballin on an extensive visit in Europe, where he will attend several Jewish conferences and the Zionist Congress, which will take place during the summer.

David Schapiro, publisher of "The Day", Dr. S. Margoshes, editor, Irving Altman, business manager, Dr. A. Koranik and other members of the editorial staff spoke. Mr. Z. H. Rubinstein will be the acting managing editor in Mr. Dingol's absence.

banks, etc., and remains in contact with them until they are independent farmers. This is great historic opportunity to acquire more land and continue turning declassed occupationless discouraged people into independent farmers. Although this sounds strong statement, nevertheless absolutely accurate. At present number persons we can help depends only upon money available. Can't stress too much absolute necessity assuring funds enabling us carry out program and obligations already assumed.

SEVEN HUNDRED FETE LOUIS LIPSKY AT TESTIMONIAL DINNER

Zionist Leader Is Presented By Admirers with Three Volumes of His Selected Writings

Over 700 prominent Zionists from New York and other cities throughout the country were present at the dinner given Sunday evening, at the Astor Hotel, by the Lipsky Jubilee Committee to celebrate his fiftieth anniversary and thirty years of service in the Zionist movement.

The selected writings of Lipsky consisting of three volumes and including a memoir on thirty years of Zionism in America, published for this occasion, were presented by Dr. Stephen S. Wise to Mr. Lipsky in behalf of the Jubilee Committee.

Isadore D. Morrison, one of the pioneer Zionist workers in America, acted as temporary toastmaster until the arrival of Dr. Wise. Mr. Morrison highly praised Mr. Lipsky for his devotion, zeal and skill displayed in his career in the Zionist movement and his qualities for leadership.

Mr. Morrison, during the course of his remarks, also rebuked severely Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum of Poland who recently visited the United States and published a series of articles in the Jewish press in Poland criticizing the American Jews. Mr. Lipsky is one of the few leaders who had the courage to admit mistakes when such were committed, Mr. Morrison stated.

Glowing tributes were paid to Mr. Lipsky by the speakers who included Miss Henrietta Szold, Rev. Z. H. Nassiansky, Mrs. Irma Lindheim, Mrs. Richard Gottheil, Reuben Brainin, Dr. Louis I. Newman of San Francisco, Jacob Fischman of the "Jewish Morning Journal", Dr. S. Margoshes of the "Day", Nathan Straus, Abe Goldberg, Joseph Baroness, Morris Rothenberg and Mrs. Archibald Silverman of Providence, R. I.

Mr. Abe Goldberg, in his address, compared Mr. Lipsky to Captain Charles Lindburgh, the lone flyer across the Atlantic. Mr. Lipsky was also a lone man when he undertook thirty years ago to plunge into Zionist work at a time when Zionism was not understood.

Mr. Straus, who was introduced as "our grand old man", declared: "I object to being called an old man. I always feel young when I am among so many good Zionists. I believe that the people who are not yet in our ranks stay away either out of ignorance or because they are afraid it is an expense." He then lauded the work of Mr. Lipsky.

Dr. Wise, in his address, referred to the present crisis in Palestine and argued against the defeatist spirit in some Zionist circles. The crisis was caused by the Fourth Aliyah, by the middle class Jews who came from Poland to Palestine. The crisis is not of the making of the Zionist Organization, but is the result of the ups and downs of Jewish life. The speaker warned Zionists against yielding to pessimistic views and trying to

put the blame on this or that Zionist leader. "I warn you against dissension at the present moment and against making it appear that Palestine is to be handed over into the receivership of those who have stood aloof from the work," he stated. In praising the leadership of Mr. Lipsky, Dr. Wise pledged his support for unity in Zionist ranks.

Mr. Lipsky, in replying to the addresses, expressed his gratitude for the expressions of appreciation.

Following a few remarks pertaining to the nature of the celebration, Mr. Lipsky spoke of the present conditions in Palestine and the Zionist movement which require new faith and confidence of Zionists. "This faith and this confidence can help us emerge from the present difficulties and pave the way for a renewed effort which will lead to the final success of Palestine," he stated.

JEWISH BANKERS EXTEND CREDIT TO BUDAPEST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, May 23.—Two Jewish banks are participating in extending a twenty million dollar credit to the municipality of Budapest.

Among the six banks participating in the transaction are the London Rothschild house and Speyer's of New York.

ZIONISTS ARE URGED TO RAISE \$1,000,000 IN CASH DURING MONTH OF JUNE

Fund Necessary to Meet Palestine Emergency; Effort to Prevent Defeat of Decades of Labor, Resolution States

A call to American Jews to raise \$1,000,000 during the month of June was issued at an extraordinary conference of the directors of the United Palestine Appeal and leaders prominent in Zionist work held Sunday at the Pennsylvania Hotel.

This decision was taken following a series of reports submitted to the conference by Norvin R. Lindheim who recently returned from Palestine; Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, who returned Friday from London where he attended the sessions of the Actions Committee; and Emanuel Neumann, chairman of the Executive Committee of the United Palestine Appeal, who reported on the cash receipts and the plans for prosecuting the United Palestine Appeal this year and next year.

It appeared from the reports that an emergency situation exists in Palestine which requires immediate, energetic steps on the part of American Zionists to take steps with a view to abolishing the dole system for the unemployed workers in Palestine and to relieve the financial tie-up of various agencies working in the country.

The conference adopted the following resolution, calling for \$1,000,000 in cash during the month of June.

"The Conference of the Board of Di-

EIGHT GRADUATED FROM INSTITUTE OF RELIGION

Liberal Religion Faces Crisis, Rabbi Louis I. Newman Says

Liberal religion has proved a tragic disappointment and is now facing a crisis which will determine its fate for the next half century, Rabbi Louis I. Newman of Temple Emanu-El, San Francisco, said in the baccalaureate sermon at the second commencement of the Jewish Institute of Religion, 40 West Sixty-eighth Street, New York.

"Liberalism in religion, like liberalism in politics, is trapped in the narrow land between the opposing armies of extremists, and is succumbing to the assaults of both," said Rabbi Newman. "Liberalism possesses merely opinions, which edify, but no convictions which create. A new program, a new technique, and a new generation of prophetic leaders alone can rescue liberal religion from its dilemma."

Eight students were graduated from the Jewish Institute of Religion. They are: Maurice Joshua Bloom, of New-castle, Pa.; Mitchell Salem Fisher, of Hoboken, N. J.; Joshua Louis Goldberg, of Astoria, L. I.; Harry Kaplan of New York; John Tepfer, of New York; Gershon Tschernowitz, of New York; Samuel Teitelbaum, of St. Louis, Mo.; and Leo M. Reichel, of Dayton.

Alfred M. Cohen, president of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith, and Governor of the Board of Directors of the Hebrew Union College will deliver the address at the commencement exercises Wednesday night.

recors of the United Palestine Appeal and of leading workers throughout the country, having heard reports disclosing the seriousness that still characterizes the economic situation in Palestine, and having been informed by the president of the Zionist Organization of America of the deliberations and decisions of the General Council of the World Zionist Organization at its last sessions in London looking towards the amelioration of this situation, expresses its profound conviction that the difficulties now besetting Palestine, unless immediate and adequate means are provided to overcome them, jeopardize the entire structure of Jewish work in Palestine and constitute a menace of the gravest import to the Zionist cause in general. Given these means and with the large constructive enterprises about to be started by the Government, the Palestine Electric Company and other groups and individuals, a new era of further growth for Palestine is assured.

"This Conference further solemnly declares that never before in the three decades in the history of the Zionist movement has the cause been faced with a situation calling upon the loyalty of Zionists and the Jewish people

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LAUDS WORK OF JEWISH CONSUMPTIVE RELIEF SOCIETY

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would have 100 women patients, had been started. This pavilion, marking a notable advance in tuberculosis treatment, was made possible by Texas Jewry. David H. Krohn, chairman of the House Committee, also reported on the need for enlarged quarters.

President Hillkowitz, in his annual report, told of the work of the Sanatorium in providing employment to patients in rehabilitation work. He emphasized the importance of manual labor in treating tuberculosis. He announced that a branch Sanatorium would be built in Goshen, New York, to provide for many New York patients, as over 80 per cent of the Sanatorium's patients come from Greater New York. Scientific farming is to be taught to the patients as part of the rehabilitation program.

Rabbi Nathan Krass and Dr. C. D. Spivak, secretary of the Society, spoke at the banquet in the evening.

Dr. Spivak reviewed the history of the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society during the twenty-three years of its existence. During the course of his address he severely criticized the many private tuberculosis sanatoria which refuse to admit any but incipient cases. Emphasizing that since the first day it was opened, the Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society has admitted all patients to its Sanatorium, no matter how far advanced the disease might be, he declared:

"From a humanitarian standpoint the person who suffers the most should receive the first aid. From the hygienic and scientific standpoint, the advanced case of tuberculosis is the greatest menace to the community because this case spreads the disease more easily than the incipient case. It is simply a matter of self-protection for the healthy that advance cases be isolated as soon as they are discovered.

"But many private sanatoria are much more interested in maintaining a record of low mortality. Therefore they cold-bloodedly refuse admittance to all but incipient cases, permitting the more serious cases to shift for themselves.

"The Jewish Consumptives' Relief Society was founded on the principle that even the hopeless patient has a chance. We were the first and are now one of the few sanatoria that take in all cases. Our record of course proves that we were right. When we showed that even the most advanced cases have a chance for life we made one of the most important contributions to anti-tuberculosis work."

Dr. A. S. Taussig, chairman of the Medical Advisory Board, in his report, describes the medical activities of the Sanatorium during the past year. The report of Dr. G. Ehrenburg, acting medical director, showed the success of the Sanatorium in treating advanced cases as Dr. Spivak had pointed out. Dr. Ehrenburg reported that 279 new patients were admitted last year of whom 208 or 74.6 per cent were suffering from advanced stages of tuberculosis. Many of these had been refused admission by other sanatoria because

ZIONISTS ARE URGED TO RAISE \$1,000,000 IN JUNE

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generally for more immediate and greater service and sacrifice.

"This Conference, recognizing the obligation which rests on American Jewry, an obligation which fails in the first order upon the United Palestine Appeal, turns, therefore, to its host of workers and subscribers and with a frank statement of the critical nature of the situation and with full cognizance of the significance of the action, places the responsibility squarely upon them individually and collectively.

"In doing so, this Conference points out that the remedy for this situation lies in their hands. It demands that the necessary funds for carrying on and tiding over the difficulties be forthwith placed at the disposal of the United Palestine Appeal. This result could be accomplished not only by adding to the contributions but primarily by transforming into cash, with the least possible delay, the pledges outstanding.

"The sum of one million dollars is required as a minimum between now and the end of the month of June. This sum must be remitted to Palestine during the month of June. This Conference, therefore, declares the month of June as Redemption Month for the United Palestine Appeal and calls upon all communities and individual workers and subscribers to rise to the seriousness of the situation and bring forward the required minimum and to prevent the labors of decades and the heroic sacrifices of our pioneers from suffering a defeat which may be irreparable."

Judge William M. Lewis, national chairman of the United Palestine Appeal, who presided at the conference, stated:

"There is still a considerable amount of unemployment accompanied by distress, in some cases acute, especially in the cities of Tel Aviv, Jerusalem and Haifa. In the agricultural settlements, on the other hand, conditions are practically normal. There is a steady consolidation which has led to the achievement of self-support by a number of the settlements established within the

little hope was held out for their relief. Of 233 patients discharged during the year a majority were of the so-called hopeless stage. Of this number 186 showed marked improvement, 42 remained the same and but 5 were worse.

Dr. Ehrenburg also reported that in its rehabilitation work, the Sanatorium employed in its various departments 82 ex-patients, while 65 patients were employed in the Industrial Department—the bookbinding and printing shop—where they earned almost \$2,300, while they learned new trades.

Reports showed that although the Sanatorium admits all cases, deaths fell from 65 two years ago to 55 in 1926. The financial reports stressed the need for more funds and showed receipts of \$650,000 for 1926.

Louis Gross, representing the patients, brought greetings from the Sanatorium.

past five or six years and the prospect of further expansion is satisfactory.

"With regard to the depression in the cities which has led to the establishment of a system of doles for the unemployed, the Palestine Zionist Executive expects a considerable improvement and a return to normal from new undertakings about to be started, in particular, the improvement of the Haifa Harbor, the Rutenberg electrification project on the Jordan and various public works particularly road building, which is being undertaken by the Government and Municipalities."

Mr. Lipsky dealt with the sessions of the General Council. To carry out this plan it was decided to make a special loan of \$700,000, the major part of which has already been obtained in Europe. Mr. Lipsky concluded with the statement that those responsible for the work in Palestine look towards the United States to help them to bring the economic state of the country back to normal.

In reporting on the work of the United Palestine Appeal for the current year Mr. Neumann emphasized the fact that the immediate problem was to cash in outstanding pledges that have been made in campaigns all over the country which in practically every instance had made a substantial advance in proceeds over those of the previous year.

Addresses were also made by Dr. Stephen S. Wise, the honorary chairman of the United Palestine Appeal and Judge Julian W. Mack, honorary vice-chairman.

A special committee was appointed to include men and women from the principal centers of the country to study all the phases of the situation and report to the Board of Directors of the United Palestine Appeal. This Committee was charged among other things to prepare the budget of the United Palestine Appeal for the ensuing year.

Among those appointed on the special committee were Dr. Wise, Judge Julian W. Mack, Judge Otto Rosalsky, Judge Mitchell May, Samuel J. Rosensohn, Emanuel Neumann, Isidore Morrison, Abram Leibovitz and others.

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