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JEWIS IN WARSAW FAIL TO REACH ACCORD ON BLOC FOR MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS

Unity Fails Because of Party Quarrel
Over Representation

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Apr. 26.—Jewish voters of the city of Warsaw will go to the polls in the next municipal election, their ranks divided, it appeared today when the effort to create a Jewish bloc failed.

The effort failed because of the disagreement of the various parties over the number of seats to be allotted to each party. Of the twenty-five Jewish aldermen who are to be elected, the Zionists claimed 6, the Agudath Israel 6, the Merchants' Association 3, the Mizrahi 1. The Volkist party and the Artisans also claimed larger representation. The hope was expressed that these negotiations will be renewed with a view to effecting a bloc before the elections on May 22.

The assimilationist group will not submit a separate list, it was stated, as the voters of this group will cast their ballots on the Democratic Polish ticket.

NEW TYPE OF MARRANOS ARISES UNDER COMMUNIST REGIME, PAPER ASSERTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Apr. 26.—A new type of Marranos, Jews who observe the tenets of Judaism in secret, is arising under the Communist regime in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, according to facts presented by the "Oktjabr", a Communist Yiddish daily.

The Communist paper laments that even Jewish Communists observe Jewish religious ceremonies in secret. The paper cites the case of a Communist, Comrade Libo, who is in charge of the anti-religious propaganda carried on by the Jewish section of the Communist party in the region in which he lives. Libo was married at a secret religious ceremony, the paper charges.

Circumcision ceremonies are secretly held in the homes of many Jewish Communists. The youth prefers to go to the Beth Midrash rather than to the Communist workmen's clubs. The paper cites a number of other cases and urges the Jewish section of the Communist party to combat this practice.

BOYCOTT OF ROUMANIAN PROFESSORS ADVOCATED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Apr. 26.—A group of Roumanian professors arrived here to lecture at Polish colleges and in public halls.

Propaganda advocating boycott of these lectures by Jews were initiated by the Jordania, a Zionist student organization.

COL. LYTTON AMENT, BACK FROM ROUMANIA, STARTS CAMPAIGN TO WHITEWASH ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT

Publishes Interviews in New York Paper Owned by His Wife;
Admits He Was Guest of Queen Marie

Col. Lytton Gray Ament, back from Roumania where he, accompanied by Mrs. Ament, visited Queen Marie and where he acted as self-styled investigator of the condition of the Jewish population in Bessarabia and Bukovina, has started the campaign to whitewash the Roumanian government, which he announced, while in Roumania, he would do.

The campaign of clearing the name of the Roumanian government from the responsibility resting upon it for the continuous anti-Jewish excesses was started in the "Morning Telegraph", a New York daily which terms itself "America's authority in theatricals, motion pictures and turf". The paper is published by the Hermis Press Corporation of which Mrs. Lytton Gray Ament, the widow of the late Edward Russell Thomas, owner of the paper, is president.

In a series of five interviews written by Meyer Solmsion, the Colonel gives the Roumanian government a "certificate of innocence", denies statements concerning Americans attributed to Queen Marie by a Chicago newspaper and announces to the world that the Jews in Bessarabia and Bukovina are happy. These announcements, Col. Ament makes on the basis of his conversations with fifty to sixty Jewish citizens whom he interviewed in the presence of Roumanian government

officials. The only dissenter to the declaration of Jewish happiness was Rabbi Zirelson, the aged Jewish leader of Kichineff. Col. Ament admits that his observations were made in an unofficial capacity.

The interviews are accompanied by pictures of Queen Marie and the Roumanian Minister in Washington, George Cretzianu, and appear under the headlines: "Jews in Roumania refute atrocities; peace prevails, justice reigns, inquiry shows; tales of antagonism found to be without basis of truth after investigation by Col. Lytton G. Ament; Roumanian Jews give lie to hatred tales."

"The national mission is to unite instead of to divide," said Col. Ament. "Sincerity and honesty in dealing with our foreign neighbors is essential in times of peace as well as in war. I am well aware of the genuine affection that exists between the United States and Roumania."

"I have rubbed elbows with the Roumanian people—it's Jews in particular—and I feel that months of close association, diligent inquiry and unofficial observation have fitted me to tell the unvarnished facts of the actual conditions as they exist in the Roumanian country—describing in a detailed way how the Jew fares in his adopted homeland."

"In doing this, as an unbiased American, I am placing myself on a footing of equality with the Roumanian resident. And equality must naturally prepossess frankness. And, in being frank and true, one is healthy."

"Americans read much and believe (Continued on Page 3)

NASHISHIBI INSTALLED AS JERUSALEM MAYOR

Jew and Christian Vice-Mayors

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 26.—The municipal government of Jerusalem, the Holy City of Judaism, Christianity and Mohammedanism, will be headed by a Moslem, a Jew and a Christian.

Raged Bey Nashishibi, former mayor, was reappointed to that post by the new city council. Haym Salomon and Jacob Faradj were elected vice-mayors.

JEWIS LEAD IN PROMOTING HEALTH WORK IN POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Apr. 26.—The All-Polish Health Conference was opened here today in the presence of 150 delegates. The conference was called at the initiative of Alexander Joel, councillor in the Lodz City government. Many physicians and sanitation officers are attending the conference.

Dr. Z. Bychowsky and Alexander Joel were elected to the presidium.

PALESTINE GOVERNMENT LOAN WILL NOT BE DE- LAYED, LONDON STATES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Apr. 26.—The twenty-two and a half million dollar loan for the Palestine government, guaranteed by the British Exchequer, will not be delayed, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learns from reliable sources.

The denial came following the publication of a report by the Palestine Hebrew daily, "Ha'aretz" to the effect that the delay may be caused due to the demand of the British government that the Palestine government guarantee the payment of the interest by inserting this as an item in the regular budget of the Palestine administration. It was stated that there is no foundation for this report.

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ROUMANIAN STUDENTS OUST ONLY JEWISH GIRL AT MEDICAL COLLEGE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Czernowitz, Apr. 9.—The only Jewish girl student attending the Medical College of the University of Clusenburg, received a letter this week from the Cuzist students at the University, warning her that if she does not stop attending lectures at the University it will be the worse for her.

"In view of our student ideal for the future, which consists of this: to clear out all foreign elements from the Roumanian Universities, especially the Jews," the letter says, "we demand of you that you realize within the course of twenty-four hours that your presence at the Medical College may become a dangerous matter for you. We suggest that from tomorrow on you no longer come to the University. If you go on attending the University, we shall use whatever measures the circumstances require. It is useless for you to try to obtain protection from outside; instead of being of any use to you it will bring you into still greater peril. We warn you only because you are a woman."

Under the auspices of the Yale Divinity School, a survey of the religious situation began yesterday and will last three days.

The Rev. J. R. Schaler of Toronto will speak on "The Jewish Worship of Gods as Lyman Beecher lecturer; the Rev. Reinhold Niebuhr of Detroit, editor of the "Christian Century," on "The Religion of Successful People," and Professor William Wallace Fern of the Harvard Divinity School, on "The Theology of Nathaniel W. Taylor." The Rev. Robert Russell Wicks of Holyoke, Mass., will give an address on "Keeping Open Roads to the Best Religious Experience," and Dean T. Lew of the School of Theology in Yen-Ching University, will speak on "The Present Chinese Situation."

A bronze bust of Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, subscribed for by Jewish citizens of Brooklyn, will be presented to the Eighth Avenue Temple, Brooklyn, next Friday. The presentation will be made by Rabbi Alexander Lyons. The bust was modelled by Louis Keila.

SOLUTION TO JEWISH EMIGRATION PROBLEM IS SOUGHT BY HICEM

Oungre Explains Plans of New Body
Formed by Hias, Ica, Emigdirekt

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Apr. 26.—The plans of the "Hicem," the new organization formed by the Hias, Ica, and Emigdirekt to cope with the problems of Jewish emigration were outlined by M. Louis Oungre, general manager of the Jewish Colonization Association, in an interview with the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The "Hicem" will be a sort of "Jewish Emigration Trust," which will handle all the important phases of the emigration problem.

"The idea of unifying the work of the Jewish emigration organizations," M. Oungre said, "was first mooted some years ago at the Brussels Conference. But the idea was given up because of certain differences of opinion. It was obvious, however, that sooner or later unification would become inevitable.

"The restrictions on emigration have become more severe than ever, and the need for emigration is more acute," M. Oungre continued. "The Jewish emigration organizations must face the consequences. It is necessary, in the first place, to establish a closer contact between the various institutions and the emigrants in order to save the emigrants from being imposed upon and to save them the expense of useless voyages and unnecessary suffering. To do this, it is necessary that emigrants should be kept well informed with regard to the possibilities existing in the countries to which they desire to emigrate, and that before they leave their own country, they should be given the necessary preparation to enable them to adapt themselves easily to the economic conditions in the countries of immigration. Further, it has become imperative to do something to obviate by means of unity and coordination the waste of energy and money caused by different emigration organizations working separately. From this point of view, the agreement arrived at between the three organizations must be regarded as being entirely a happy achievement. The Hicem is now engaged on the work of constituting a new central emigration organization.

"Inquiries will be made into the possibilities existing in the new countries of immigration, and conversations will be carried on with the respective Governments. It will be obviously easier for a centralized and unified organization, representing all the Jewish institutions engaged in emigration and immigration activity to conduct these inquiries and negotiations. Then will follow the problem of settling emigrants in the new countries, and the adoption of measures for their protection when they arrive in the new countries. The new organization, Hicem, proposes to establish Shelters in the ports of immigration where at present there is no accommodation whatever,

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DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON J. WISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Sees Demise of Reform

The prediction that "Reform Judaism in America will in the future disappear to be replaced by Conservative Judaism, which will take on more and more the aspect of Reform, and that Judaism in this country will be perpetuated by an Orthodox minority," is made in the "Jewish Daily News," orthodox organ, by the editor of the paper, Gedaliah Bublik. In the last of a series of articles on the present state of American Judaism, Mr. Bublik summarizes his conclusions (April 15 issue).

Tracing the history of orthodox Judaism in America, Mr. Bublik refers to the factors which chiefly obstructed its course, namely, radicalism and Reform. Whereas radicalism was influential with the first generation of immigrants and lost its influence later, Reform, weak at first, gained more and more ground with the rising generation of American Jewry. But today the chief danger to Orthodoxy is seen by Mr. Bublik to be Conservative Judaism. The reason is explained as follows: "A new kind of Reform has arisen which is more dangerous than the old Reform but calls itself by a name that misleads many. The name of the new Reform movement is Conservative Judaism, which has all the essentials of Reform, is based on its principles and employs its methods. Conservative Judaism believes in changes, preaches that American Judaism must be different from the Judaism in the other countries and, like Reform, institutes praying of men and women together, brings up rabbis who know nothing about the subject of Kashruth, converting Judaism into an institution of preaching and particularly for social work. But Conservatism conceals its purposes in such a way that it succeeds in combatting orthodoxy by posing as a sort of orthodoxy itself. That is why the Centers, the chief institutions of Conservative Judaism, are filled with Jews coming from the orthodox camp, while no Reform Jews are to be found there."

Contending that the only true and lasting Judaism is Orthodoxy and that it is possible to bring up a loyal generation of Jewish youth in the orthodox faith, Mr. Bublik deplors the absence in America of the "chedarim" or Jewish schools prevalent in Eastern Europe. Only one percent of Jewish children in this country attend schools where they receive a full orthodox Jewish training; thirteen percent attend Talmud Torahs, which Mr. Bublik finds inadequate. In conclusion, he are told: "A large part of American Jewry will assimilate through intermarriage and other ways; Reform will disappear almost completely by merging into Christian Science and

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even more. But by knowing one another better we discard discussions and put our faith in equity—in truth—in justice. When opponents are misinformed or ignorant of each other, conflicts are irredeemable.

"To begin with, it is probably unnecessary for me to say my last visit to Roumania was unofficial in its character. I had some time before tendered my resignation as a government official. I might also state at the beginning that my recent stay in Roumania was not my first visit to that country.

"In 1919, I had occasion, as the Director of the American Relief Administration, European Children's Fund, to spend seven months there. During that time I visited practically every city of importance in Roumania and had occasion to come in contact with people in every walk of life. I have visited Roumania three times since that time. I feel competent to express an authoritative viewpoint of what has existed and does exist at the present time.

"Having read many stories of atrocities against the Jews in the provinces in Bessarabia and Bukovina in Roumania in American papers, I decided I would go to those places and personally interrogate prominent Jewish leaders and rabbis in order to find out whether the stories printed bore the stamp of truth. I arranged my own itinerary, which included various points in Bessarabia and Bukovina.

"During my visit to the two provinces I personally interviewed approximately fifty to sixty residents, including several rabbis. The persons interviewed by me were of the lower as well as the higher type of Roumanian. All those I interviewed, with one exception, stated to me they were perfectly satisfied with Roumanian rule; that they received justice, that there was no discrimination, that so far as they knew atrocities had not been committed against Jewish residents and that it was their desire for me to say in America that the stories as printed, in their opinion, were in most instances without foundation.

"The exception I refer to was disclosed at a meeting of the Municipal Council at Chisinau in Bessarabia.

other wings of Christianity; Conservative Judaism will go more and more in the direction of Reform until it will take the place of Reform which will then have disappeared; there will remain an Orthodox minority which will perpetuate a full and vigorous Judaism. This minority will assure the existence of Judaism and will transmit it from generation to generation, for it has been proven that it is a law of Jewish history that the life of the Jewish people rests with Orthodoxy, which carries always the weapons of defense against extinction and never discards any of these weapons."

This particular incident will be touched upon later.

"However, I did find that there does exist in some of the universities in Roumania a feeling of antagonism between the Roumanian and Jewish students. I am fully convinced that this particular condition is not national in character, due principally to the fact that the Prime Minister of Roumania, General Averescu, has repeatedly stated he will see that equal justice is given Jews in Roumanian universities, as well as in the courts of law. It must be remembered that General Averescu several years ago was personally responsible for more than 200,000 Russian Jews taking up their residence in Roumania.

"There also have been one or two instances which have been construed as atrocities which, in reality, were the acts of individuals of the fanatical type. None of them had any connection with the Roumanian government.

"For illustration, I fully investigated the murder of a man by the name of Falik, a Jew, by a Roumanian named Totu. This tragedy happened in the city of Cernauti and will be fully detailed later.

"I found in many instances that the Jews and Roumanians have affiliated themselves socially and commercially in various localities throughout the provinces visited, and that the friendliest relations exist between them.

"In the interviews which will follow, I will give the names and addresses of many prominent Jews whose standing and veracity is not to be questioned and who have instructed me to say that if my statements are doubted, the American public is at liberty to write to them direct to verify them.

"It is my impression that in general the Jews in Roumania are living a peaceful, happy and contented life, and that most of the agitation so far as they are concerned is not in Roumania. It is my intention to give a true and impartial portrayal of conditions, and I feel certain those who have not ulterior motives will be convinced of the true state of affairs as found by me."

General Abel Davis acted as chairman of the National Social Service Dinner in honor of Dr. John A. Lapp, noted Catholic social worker, held in Chicago Sunday night. Julius Rosenwald was one of the vice-presidents on the arrangement committee. Other prominent Jews on the committee were Dr. Herman M. Adler, Mrs. Samuel Alschuler, Louis M. Cahn, Mrs. Edward D. Loewenthal, Harry L. Lurie and Philip L. Semon.

The Hakoah Soccer Team was defeated Saturday afternoon by a picked team of Philadelphia's National League at the Sesquiennial Stadium. The score was 2-1. Ten thousand spectators witnessed the match.

Justice Max Salomon, recently appointed to the Court of Special Sessions by Mayor Walker, will be guest of honor at a testimonial dinner at the Hotel Commodore on May 3. The Mayor will be the principal speaker and among the others who will be at the guest table will be George W. Olvany, leader of Tammany Hall; Police Commissioner Joseph A. Warren; Charles F. Kerrigan, A. T. Mayor; Robert F. Wagner, United States Senator; Judge Max S. Levine, of General Sessions, and District Attorney Joab H. Banton.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Roumanian Jewish Leader Protests Against Colonel Ament's Misrepresentation

(By Our Czernowitz Correspondent)

Czernowitz, Apr. 5.—The harm done to Roumanian Jewry by the uninvited, unfair and unauthorized "investigation" of the Jewish situation, by the American Colonel Lytton Ament, has already made itself but too obvious. It is a bitter trick of historic irony that at the moment when the Jews of Roumania are undergoing the vilest humiliations and violations of their rights an American, coming from a country which to the rest of the world has been the symbol of tolerance and democracy, has appeared on the scene to whitewash the Roumanian government and the perpetrators of the excesses which have aroused the civilized world. The only consolation to the Roumanian Jews is the knowledge that Ament came here on no one's authority but merely employed the occasion of his honeymoon for a base purpose.

The Roumanian government press has known how to make use of Colonel Ament's "investigation." The official press has published the Colonel's statement, giving the results of his effort, in which he declares that the Jewish leaders, whom, as is known, he questioned in the presence of Roumanian officials, denied that atrocities had been committed against the Jews in Roumania, and said that they are perfectly content and have no complaint to make. There was only one exception, Ament declares, and that was Rabbi Zirelsohn, whom Ament describes merely as "a member of the Kishineff city council." The "investigator" declares in his statement appearing in the "Indreptarea," "Universal" and other official organs:

"Rabbi Zirelsohn requested a secret conference with me, which, however, I refused. In fact, he had no special information to convey to me."

How did Colonel Ament know that Rabbi Zirelsohn, the venerable and respected Jewish leader, had no special information? This is a new method of "investigating." The "Ostjudische Zeitung," Jewish organ of Czernowitz, terms it "mental telepathy."

But Col. Ament's report as published in the Roumanian papers is not only unfair in its misrepresentation of the Jewish situation, it is actually replete with falsehoods and chief of them is the assertion that Rabbi Zirelsohn was the only Jewish leader who did not express complete satisfaction with everything. We now have a letter in the "Ostjudische Zeitung," of March 29, from Samuel Rosenhaupt, an attorney and member of the municipal council of Kishineff, who was among the Jews questioned by Ament. Rosenhaupt protests against the misrepresentation of his statements by Ament and the Roumanian press, referring especially to the anti-Semitic papers "Cuvintul" and "Romania Noua." Rosenhaupt declares: "In reply to Ament's question whether

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and to open employment bureaus and loan offices. The new organization will in effect, seek to provide intending settlers with all the assistance they require upon their arrival.

"Further, the Hicem will engage in preparing emigrants for admission into the new countries, by adapting them to the conditions of the country to which they desire to emigrate. In this regard, before intending emigrants are allowed to leave the country of their birth they will be taught the language of the country of immigration, and an occupation which will enable them to obtain their means of livelihood, and to set up a home for themselves in the new country," he said.

"The Hicem includes in its scope of activity, the protection of the emigrants while they are on their way to their new homeland and will give them every assistance in their journeys by land or sea and will provide them with any juridical or consular aid of which they may stand in need.

"The openings for emigration at the present time are not entirely negligible. There are big opportunities provided by the Latin Republics of South America and for certain types of emigrants in Canada, South Africa and Palestine. The Hicem will devote itself to the task of facilitating admittance to countries where at present Jewish immigration has been reduced to a minimum, but which are, however, open to receive quite a considerable number of Jews.

"In conclusion, I think it necessary to add that while assisting movements of Jewish migration, the new organization considers it essential at the same time to control and regulate the migration movements. The Ica will continue its present activity in the direction of colonization and technical instruction in Eastern Europe (Poland, Russia and Bessarabia) and elsewhere. It will bring to the new unified organization not only its very considerable financial assistance, but also its thirty years of experience, the benefit of its cordial relations with the various Governments of the countries in which it has been conducting relief activity, and the assistance of the numerous emigration committees working in many countries under the direction of the Ica. And last but not least, the Ica will place at the disposal of the selected migrants who possess the necessary qualifications and are recommended by the Hicem, the lands on its colonies in South America and Canada, where the selected agriculturists will be provided with all the elements which will contribute to their success, by enabling them to settle on the land and become productive citizens," M. Oungre said.

An appeal for support in the campaign for \$500,000 by the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society to facilitate the settlement on a self-supporting basis of Jews who are emigrating from Europe to countries other than the United States, has been issued

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

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pogroms took place in Bessarabia, I said that this term is somewhat exaggerated. It is absolutely false that I said persecutions never occurred in Roumania.

"How could I possibly say anything of the kind when we are witnesses almost daily of anti-Jewish excesses?"

"My only assertion was that in Roumania there had been no 'pogroms' such as took place in Russia. I merely affirmed the truth that in 1922 attacks on the part of the students against the Jews began and, unfortunately, took on ever larger and larger proportions."

Colonel Ament's "investigation" has done its work. Can denials and explanations by the Jews undo the harm of his "report" broadcast by the Roumanian press and officials?

BREVITIES

Former Assemblyman Joseph Siegler of Newark has been appointed judge of the Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court of Essex County. The appointment was made by Governor Moore and was confirmed by the State Senate.

Judge Siegler is a member of the board of directors of the Newark Y. M.-Y. W. H. A. He served in the Legislature in 1919 and 1920.

Rabbi Max D. Davidson, of Asbury Park, N. J., was appointed Grand Chaplain of Free Masons for the State of New Jersey. Rabbi Davidson, who is 28, is said to be the youngest officer of the Grand Lodge in 140 years.

Miss Katharine Elkus, a junior at Vassar College and daughter of Abram I. Elkus, former Ambassador to Turkey, has been elected President of Phi Kappa Phi, the Vassar Dramatic Society, for the year 1927-1928.

JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

By a vote of 611 to 12, the members of Emanu-El Congregation of the City of New York voted Monday night to approve the proposed consolidation with Temple Beth-El. The meeting was held at Temple Emanu-El, Fifth Avenue and Forty-third Street.

A meeting of the congregation of Temple Beth-El will be held tonight for the purpose of voting on the consolidation.

Louis Marshall, President of Emanu-El Congregation, explained that the consolidation was favorable in every way and that it meant that both congregations would be benefited spiritually and financially. The ballot was then taken and the vote announced. Mr. Marshall received the congratulations of his friends after the meeting.

The agreement for consolidation provides that the members of the constituent corporations shall become members of the consolidated corporation who shall "give and receive" and to make appropriate provisions for the rabbis of the constituent corporations and shall in an equitable manner adjust any moral obligations incurred by them in their rabbis."

The rabbis of Temple Emanu-El are the Rev. Dr. Nathan Krass and the Rev. Dr. H. G. Enelow. The Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman is rabbi emeritus. The rabbis of Temple Beth-El are the Rev. Dr. Samuel Schulman and the Rev. Dr. Simon Cohen.

The property of Temple Emanu-El was sold last year for \$6,500,000. The property of Temple Beth-El at Fifth Avenue and Seventy-sixth Street is said to be valued at \$2,000,000.

The Bureau of Jewish Education of Boston, with the cooperation of over one hundred organizations, just concluded a Jewish Education Week in that city. Mass meetings of parents and children were held. A pedagogical exhibit was held at Temple Mishkan Tefah.

by representatives of leading Jewish fraternal orders and labor organizations composing the National Advisory Council of Hias.

When writing to advertisers please mention the "Jewish Daily Bulletin."

WGL YIELDED TO U. S. RADIO COMMISSION'S RE- QUEST UNDER PROTEST

Colonel Lewis Landes, owner of Station WGL, declared yesterday that the arrangement to share its broadcasting hours with Station WHAP, which the Federal Board of Radio Control had closed down for interference with Canadian channels, was made despite protest. He insisted that the arrangement was only temporary and that it had been consented to only because WGL desired to cooperate with the board in its efforts to reallocate wave lengths.

The degree to which WGL objected to sharing time with the Ford station, owned by the William H. Taylor Finance Corporation, is indicated by a series of telegrams which have passed between the Federal board and Colonel Landes. Landes's reply to the board's request for an allocation was:

"Cannot have our directorate, consisting mostly of officers of the World War and one director holding Congressional Medal of Honor, associated with station sending out in our opinion un-American utterances."

Another telegram said: "Station WGL protests your action in asking it to share its channel with WHAP, but in accordance with your request, much to our displeasure, we did offer to share our channel with WHAP temporarily for exclusive use by them of Sunday night hours. They refused this, and Mr. Ford, their representative stated it was his intention under the circumstances to broadcast every night. In view of this statement by Mr. Ford it seems to me that your suggestion to me to give WHAP part time cannot be carried out."

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