

JEWISH DEPUTIES JOIN LITHUANIAN MAJORITY OPPOSING GOVERNMENT

Action Against Valdemaras Cabinet Causes Dissolution of Sejm

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Apr. 13.—The representatives of the Jewish population in the Republic of Lithuania, as well as the representatives of other national minorities, voted for the resolution, expressing lack of confidence in the Valdemaras cabinet yesterday. The vote was taken following a discussion which was caused by the arrest of one of the members of parliament in violation of his immunity.

The resolution passed by the parliament stated that the Valdemaras cabinet is violating the provisions of the constitution.

Following the adoption of this resolution, the president issued an order dissolving the Sejm. No date for the new elections was set. Great excitement prevails in political circles in the capital.

PALESTINE HOLDS GREAT PROMISE, MASARYK SAYS

Czechoslovakian President Greeted by Chief Rabbi Kook

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, Apr. 13.—His impressions of Palestine and its future as the Jewish National Home were expressed by President Masaryk in an interview with the Jerusalem representative of the "Prager Tageblatt".

The correspondent quotes President Masaryk as saying that the Jewish enterprise in Palestine is an extremely interesting and magnificent one.

"This enterprise holds great promise. Nevertheless, whether or not the Jews will ever attain a majority in the country is problematical," the president said.

Jerusalem, Apr. 13.—President Masaryk visited the Churva Synagogue in the Old City yesterday. He was greeted by Chief Rabbi A. J. Kook. Many Jerusalem Jews were present at the short service held on the occasion of the President's visit.

Replying to the greetings of the Rabbi, Masaryk stated that he always fought for the liberation of the nations and wishes the Jewish nation a free life in Palestine.

MOTZKIN, ZIONIST LEADER, ARRIVES IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 13.—Dr. Leo Motzkin, Zionist leader and chairman of the Committee of Jewish Delegations in Paris, arrived here yesterday.

Mr. Motzkin is chairman of the Zionist Actions Committee.

ANTI-SEMITES IN RUSSIA LIE ABOUT JEWISH COLONIZA- TION, SOVIET LEADER SAYS

Jews Received Less Than 10 Per Cent of Land Allocated

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Apr. 13.—The allotment of state lands for Jewish land settlement in the Ukraine is one of the arguments of the anti-Semitic agitators in the country, declared M. Chubar, chairman of the Ukrainian Soviets, at the Congress of the Soviets which is now in session in Charkoff.

Stressing the importance of combating anti-Semitism in the Ukraine, the chairman stated that "because of the allocation of a small part of the free land reserves for Jewish colonization, our enemies are conducting agitation which is based on lies. Actually, the Jewish farmers received less than ten per cent of those lands which were allocated in the past two years for the settlement of transmigrants. The peasantry must not swallow the anti-Semitic bait. The Soviets pay no regard to the nationality of the workers. The fact of the matter is that the Jews enjoy no particular privileges.

"We strive to help all who seek to establish their lives on a new basis. Anti-Semitism still exists in Russia, but we must fight to eradicate it entirely," he declared.

PASSOVER PREPARATIONS IN RUSSIA EVOKE ANGER OF COMMUNIST PRESS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Apr. 13.—The extensive preparations of the Jewish communities in Soviet Russia for the celebration this year of the Passover festival has attracted the attention of the Communist Press.

M. Lewin, a Communist, writing in the "Emes", urges the Jewish section of the Communist party to exercise greater control over the work of the Kehilloth in view of the fact that these organizations develop an extensive religious activity.

The "Emes" reports that even the state cooperatives are advertising the sale of Passover articles. The Mos-

(Continued on Page 4)

NATIONAL ASSEMBLY OF PALESTINE TO MEET JUNE 7

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 13.—The Assafath Ha'nivcharim, the Jewish National Assembly of Palestine, will be called to order on June 7, it was announced here today.

The National Assembly is the parent body of the Vaad Leumi, the national Council of Palestine Jews, and is composed of delegates who are chosen in general elections in which all members of the Jewish community participate.

JUDGE RAYMOND REFUSES FORD COUNSEL'S PLEA TO INSPECT SAPIRO'S BOOKS

Senator Reed Attacks Bernard Baruch in Sapiro's Cross-Examination

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Apr. 13.—Aaron Sapiro, who is suing Henry Ford for \$1,000,000 on charges of libel, recorded a victory today when a heated legal skirmish between his counsel and Ford's attorneys over the question of inspecting Sapiro's records of incomes brought a decision from the judge rejecting Ford counsel's demand.

At the end of a long argument in the absence of the jury, Judge Fred M. Raymond decided that he would not issue an order giving the Ford counsel the "right" of access to the books which have been in the court room daily, but would trust to the opposing attorneys to argue upon a time and place for inspection of the books. They cover the period of 1917-1924 inclusive.

For twelve days Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, chief of Ford counsel, has cross-examined Sapiro in a

(Continued on Page 3)

ECHOES OF FORD-SAPIRO TRIAL RESOUND IN BALKANS

Jugoslav Paper Republishes in Seriatim Henry Ford's "International Jew"

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Zagreb, Jugoslavia, Apr. 13.—The echoes of the Ford-Sapiro trial have resounded widely in the Balkan countries and particularly in Jugoslavia.

The trial has been instrumental in awakening the latent forces of anti-Semitism. Henry Ford's articles have been extensively translated and commented on even in the press of countries friendly to the Jews.

A characteristic symptom of anti-Semitism can be seen in the appearance of a series of articles under Henry Ford's name in "Vidovdan", a daily published in Novi Sad, the mouth-piece of a nationalist organization called "Orjuna", with some 200,000 members. It is feared that the republication of

(Continued on Page 4)

ZIONIST EXECUTIVE SETS DATE FOR 15TH CONGRESS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Apr. 13.—A definite decision with regard to holding the fifteenth Zionist Congress was taken by the Zionist Executive here yesterday.

The Congress will be convened in Basle during the last week in August.

The Executive also considered a number of proposals aimed at solving the present economic crisis in Palestine, among them to convoke a special conference of Zionist leaders in various countries with the participation of representatives of the Executive. An attempt to secure long term loans was also considered.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the

Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc.
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Telephone: Spring 1614

Jacob Landau President
Meer Grossman Vice-President
Samuel Binstock Treasurer
John Simons Secretary

Vol. IV. Thursday, Apr. 14, 1927. No. 743.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York 611 Broadway
London 24 High Holborn
Paris 5, Rue Cardinal Mercier, Paris, VIII
Berlin W. 15 Dueselder Strasse 72
Warsaw Ulica Jezewizmiejska Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hasolei Bldg.
Cairo 13, Abou-El-Sbeh

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Oct. 15, 1924, at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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JABOTINSKY JOINS BEN AVI IN SPONSORING LATIN ALPHABET FOR HEBREW BOOKS
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Apr. 13.—The movement to substitute the Latin alphabet for the ancient Hebrew letters has the support of Vladimir Jabotinsky.

In a communication addressed to Itamar Ben Avi, who recently initiated this movement by publishing a Hebrew book in Latin characters, Mr. Jabotinsky states that Jacob Cohen, the Hebrew poet, Dr. Bodenheimer, Mr. Jabotinsky himself and others are working for this reform.

JACOB WASSERMANN SAILS FOR EUROPE

Jacob Wassermann, famous German Jewish poet and novelist, who came to the United States early in February, sailed with Mrs. Wassermann on the steamer Albert Ballin last night. While in this country, Mr. Wassermann lectured in several cities and visited the Pacific Coast.

WITNESS SCHEDULED FOR SCHWARTZBAR TRIAL DIES
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Apr. 13.—Vladimir Koval, former member of Petlura's cabinet, who was scheduled to appear as a witness in the Schwartzbard trial, died yesterday. He was forty-two years old.

More than 3,000 persons attended the dedication exercises of the new Agudas Achim Synagogue, Brockton, Mass.

Bernard Hillman presided at the exercises, at which Rabbi A. Borwick, Rabbi of the synagogue; Harry Stone, president of the congregation; Rabbi David Goldberg and others spoke.

The synagogue and Hebrew school were erected at a cost of \$50,000.

The synagogue has a seating capacity for about 3,000. The Jewish population of Brockton approximates 3,200.

HABIMA PLAYERS BENEFIT PERFORMANCE ON MAY 15
Prominent Jews Sponsors

The Habima Troupe will present acts from the various plays of its repertory at the Century Theatre, Sunday evening, May 15th. The performance has been arranged by a committee of prominent Jews, headed by Nathan Straus as honorary chairman, Sidney Rosenzweig, Joseph Baroness and Mrs. Sol Rosenberg of Pittsburgh, who is treasurer. It is expected that funds to enable the Habima to continue its work will be realized from the performance.

A special concert by the Habima players will be a feature of the program.

DR. S. FELIX MENDELSSOHN SUGGESTS "JEWISH BOOK WEEK"
(Communication to the Editor)

Dr. S. Felix Mendelsohn writes:

"We Jews are known as the People of the Book. We have given to the world its greatest book, the Bible, and the content of our people has always expressed itself in the writing of and love for books. In the Ghetto a Jewish home without a collection of representative books was unthinkable. In our day and in this country, however, we seem to be losing our traditional attachment to the printed word. There are Jewish homes where even the Bible and a set of prayer books are not to be found.

Judaism is a philosophy of learning and knowledge. No one can get to understand and appreciate the Jew and his faith without careful and devoted study. If Judaism in this country no longer has a strong hold upon the masses of our people it is primarily due to the fact that we do not any more cherish sacred feelings about books. Let us, however, be frank enough to admit that our spiritual leaders and teachers do seem to need to be blamed for this state of affairs. We have preached and appealed to our people in behalf of anything and everything but we have neglected to popularize the Jewish book. There were people to whom it was made plain that we do not have a Jewish literature in the English language, but this complaint no longer holds true today. Good books in English are published annually but they enjoy a poor circulation and they are not read.

The Protestant churches of America have a certain week in the year which is known as Religious Book Week. I believe that we can well follow their example and observe a Jewish Book Week. I would suggest to me that the following Lag B'Omer, which is known as "Scholars' Festival", would be a very fitting occasion for Jewish Book Week. Let the members of our synagogues deliver sermons on the Sabbath following Lag B'Omer, which falls this year on May 20, to the Jewish book. Let them on this Sabbath point out the historic role of the book in Judaism and urge the people to continue to buy and read good Jewish books. Because of the proximity of Lag B'Omer to confirmation Rabbis could also urge Jewish parents to buy Jewish books as gifts for confirmants.

I sincerely hope that my suggestion will appeal to the rabbinate of the country.

RABBI S. FELIX MENDELSSOHN,
Temple Beth Israel,
Chicago, Ill., Apr. 11, 1927.

Chosen as the most representative woman student of New York University from the standpoint of her scholastic and extra-curricular activities, Miss Anne Pedluck of 1360 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, a junior, was crowned "Miss N. Y. U." at the Spring Fete of Washington Square College in the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel.

She was selected from twenty-one candidates by a committee on which the faculty was represented by Mrs. Dorothy Donald, Dr. Charlotte L. Alexander, Alexander Baltzlyz and Prof. Andre Beaumont.

Miss Pedluck is an honor student, a member of the varsity hockey and debating teams, executive member of her class and the first year class Law School. She belongs to the Alpha Epsilon Phi Sorority.

She was crowned "Miss N. Y. U." by Harold B. Clemence, chairman of the Fete Committee, who presented a loving cup to her.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Urges East-European Jews in America to Revise Attitude to Reform Judaism

A plea for a revision of attitude on the part of East-European Jews towards Reform Judaism is made in the "Day" (April 9) by Dr. S. Margoshes, editor of the paper, who comments on the occasion of the 20th anniversary since the founding of Rabbi Wise's Free Synagogue. Dr. Margoshes expresses the conviction that the East-European Jews have misjudged the meaning and the purposes of Reform Judaism by applying to it the criterion of Eastern Europe.

"The reason," he finds, "why we East-European Jews were never just to Reform Judaism, was because we could not forgive the German Jews the meagerness of their Jewish needs. Herein, however, lies an historic error. The Reform movement, which arose as an answer to the Jewish requirements of the time, cannot in all logic be held responsible for the particular causes which brought it into being. The only criterion applicable in this respect is the adequacy of the answer to the special needs, and no more. Everything else, I believe, is calculated to obstruct a clear appraisal of Reform Judaism. In other words: what we have to consider in Reform Judaism is the development of a definite type of Jew according to his own fashion, whereas what we have been doing was to judge the Reform movement as a proposed solution to our problem."

Moreover, Dr. Margoshes thinks, the East-European Jews, particularly in America, could very well be more magnanimous "because our own Judaism, too, is quite a relative matter. In comparison with the German Jews in America our Jewishness is indeed rich but how do we compare with the Jews of Poland, for example? And still poorer are we in comparison with Palestine Jewry. What value have our charity systems, our whole social work, our relief activities, our Zionism in the light of the full, normal Jewish life being woven in Palestine?" But we have an answer, and it is this: in America, where the conditions are not so conducive to the maintenance and development of traditional and national cultural Judaism, we have created whatever we could and have established so far as possible a Judaism that is in accord with our new environment. If the result is not so very admirable according to the standards of Poland and Palestine—the fault is not ours. In view of this, why not be more considerate toward Reform Judaism, which is, after all, no more and no less than another compromise with the environment and an expression of the limited Jewish needs of a considerable Jewish group?"

Referring to the argument that Re-

CONGRESSMAN DOUGLAS TO RENEW FIGHT TO REPEAL "NATIONAL ORIGINS" PLAN

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, April 13.—Notice was served by Congressman John J. Douglas of Massachusetts that the next session of Congress will see a determined effort to kill once and for all, the "national origins" immigration plan which in the last session was postponed a year.

This became known from an extension of remarks of Congressman Douglas in the Congressional Record. The last issue of the Record was not printed until some time after Congress adjourned.

Mr. Douglas declares that when the new Congress convenes in December he will introduce a resolution similar to the one he presented in the last Congress, providing for the repeal of the "national origins" clause.

"In taking such action," he says, "I know I shall be fulfilling my duty to my country, and arrive at the correction of an outrageous act of injustice. Moreover, the action of the overwhelming majority of this body assures that my fight for the outright repeal of that odious feature of our immigration law will be successful.

"I say, and every right-thinking American likewise must maintain, that the repeal of national origins is absolutely necessary for the well-being of our nation and for the proper execution of the present immigration laws."

Ridiculing the contention that the "national origin" of the country's population can be ascertained by reference to names, Mr. Douglas asserts that his own name appeared in one of the earliest

(Continued on Page 4)

form Judaism is too radical, having abandoned nationalism and the old traditions, and is not in a position to give life to a new generation, Dr. Margoshes remarks: "This argument which is based not so much on the weakness of Reform Judaism as on its hopelessness, is fundamentally false and should not be made by us whose Judaism frequently has difficulty in retaining its own life breath. For it certainly has not yet been proven which of our Jewish groups in America is the more childless, we or they, which of us are losing more ground from under our feet by the loss of the young generation. If figures could be compiled on this subject, I am afraid it would appear that more children of orthodox and nationalist, or national-racial, homes leave Judaism entirely than children from Reform homes regarded as nests of assimilation. At any rate, the fact is that Reform Judaism in America has succeeded in surviving three-quarters of a century, and, so far from losing its original powers, its prestige has risen and it has gained many members and followers from our own ranks. Of all the movements brought over to America by the Jewish immigrants only one has struck root and that is, Reform Judaism. Pragmatically, at least, it has justified itself more than any of the other movements."

AMSTERDAM INTERNATIONAL PRAISES JEWISH LABOR'S COOPERATION WITH ARABS

Denounces Communist Attacks on
Palestine Jewish Labor

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Amsterdam, Apr. 13.—The efforts of the Jewish Labor Organization in Palestine to cooperate with the Arab workers were highly praised and the attacks of Communists against the Palestine Jewish Labor Organization were repudiated by the International Federation of Trade Unions, known as the Amsterdam International. The Palestine labor organization is affiliated with the International.

A report of the International's press service states:

"The national trade union centre of Palestine now numbers some 23,000 members. The Communists are constantly accusing it of thwarting the organization of Arab workers, but there is really no ground for the accusation; the centre does all it possibly can to recruit Arabs. If success cannot come in a day, this is not due to any ill will of the Centre, but to natural difficulties of a cultural and social kind, and to the fact that, as yet, very few Arabs are industrial workers. Moreover, the comparative backwardness of industry is also an important factor.

"In agriculture, which is the principal occupation of Palestine, the Arab fellahen, who are the chief cultivators of the soil, are mostly peasant tenants who rent their land from the government or from the large landowners in plots usually too small to need the aid of land-workers. Industrially, with the exception of the enterprises founded by Jewish capital since the war, there are but few concerns and these, which are chiefly engaged in making soap, cigarettes and earthenware, are all primitive and, together with handicrafts, only find employment for some few thousands of Arab workers.

"Arab workers are also to be found in transport concerns (the railways) in constructional works, road-making, and as dockers, but most of these are not permanent residents in the places where they work, so that it is a very difficult matter to organize them. A considerable number have already, however, been won for trade unionism. For instance, 50% of the members of the railwaymen's union are Arabs and in many other trades there are the beginnings of Arab organizations, which receive all possible aid from the Jewish workers.

"Last year, with their help a strike of Arab carpenters and tailors was successfully organized and ended in victory, working hours being thereby reduced from 14 to 9 hours. A club of Arab workers has been founded at Haifa through the agency of the Jewish workers. The national centre issues a weekly paper in Arabic. Of course, the Communists do their best to undermine the bona fide organizations under the pretext of a 'Unity movement'. At the same time they maintain relations with the 'effendis' or large land-owners and leaders of the reactionary Nationalist Party, for reasons which are not far to seek. As

SENATOR REED ATTACKS BERNARD BARUCH DURING QUESTIONING OF SAPIRO

(Continued from Page 1)

effort to establish the amounts and "manners of fees obtained as legal counsel for farmers organized into cooperative selling associations.

It became known that upon two occasions the books had been opened to a Ford accountant, Ansel F. Hosmer, but that he and Milton D. Sapiro, brother of the plaintiff, who brought the books from San Francisco, and in whose possession they remain, had been unable to make progress.

Hosmer made an affidavit charging obstructive tactics by Milton Sapiro, who in turn made on denying Hosmer's statement.

Aaron Sapiro made an affidavit that the books were not under his control and had not been since he ceased practicing law in San Francisco, December 31, 1924.

"Deponent denies that any exorbitant or unreasonable charges were made by plaintiff or any of his firms for any services," concluded Aaron Sapiro's affidavit.

William Henry Gallagher, counsel for Sapiro, told the court he did not resist the "privilege" to the Ford counsel to inspect the books, but they were, he said, demanding a "right" not granted by precedents, a number of which he cited.

"The court is disposed to leave the matter upon the statement of counsel for the plaintiff that facilities will be provided for examination of the books," ruled Judge Raymond.

The jury was recalled and organization of the Kentucky Burley Tobacco Growers Cooperative Association again was taken up.

It was announced that, upon Senator Reed's request, the court will adjourn from Thursday night to Monday morning.

Detroit, Apr. 13.—During the cross-examination of Sapiro Tuesday, Senator Reed launched an attack on Bernard M. Baruch. The court session was held in a calm atmosphere following Monday's clash between Judge Raymond and Sapiro's counsel.

When the cross-examination touched the question of tobacco, Sapiro told of helping to organize the Burley Tobacco Growers' Cooperative Association in 1921 at Lexington, Ky., after visiting former Judge Robert W. Bingham, publisher of "The Louisville Courier-Journal," whom he had first met in the office of Bernard M. Baruch in New York, Judge Bingham wanting to see him about the tobacco problem.

Mr. Baruch was mentioned in the series of twenty articles in "The Dearborn Independent."

When Mr. Reed suggested that Mr.

(Continued on Page 4)

usual, they must needs create confusion and upheaval, no matter at how high a cost, or what means are employed to do it!"

**SENATOR REED ATTACKS
BERNARD BARUCH DURING
QUESTIONING OF SAPIRO**

(Continued from Page 3)

Baruch was not a tobacco grower the witness answered:

"Mr. Baruch is a financier, an economist and an adviser on economic problems."

"When did Barney Baruch become an economist?" asked the Senator. Mr. Gallagher objected that the question was improper and it was ruled out.

"Now, as a matter of fact," said the Senator, "Mr. Baruch is a speculator on the Board of Trade, isn't he? Where did he become an economist?"

"When he became head of the War Industries Board," said Mr. Sapiro, "and learned all about economic problems."

"Is that the only training he has had as an economist?" asked the Senator.

"It is magnificent training," said Mr. Sapiro. On motion of the Ford lawyer this answer was stricken out.

Senator Reed tried to have the meeting in Mr. Baruch's office appear as a conference on raising money to finance tobacco growers' cooperatives, but the witness denied it. The next step in the formation of the Burley Growers' Association, said the witness, was a meeting in the Seelbach Hotel in Louisville. The meeting was arranged by Judge Bingham, who invited those who attended. Mr. Sapiro said that there were present about sixty men, bankers, business men and editors, representing, as Judge Bingham put it, every stratum of Kentucky life. Mr. Sapiro said he gave a complete outline of his cooperative marketing plan at the meeting.

**Passover Preparations in Russia Evoke
Anger of Communist Press**

(Continued from Page 1)

cow cooperative has ordered the importation from Poland of Haggodoth in red covers.

The Invalids' Cooperative has offered for sale a supply of Passover dishes and has distributed to its customers directions for arranging the Passover service.

Adolph Goldfish, 85 years old, veteran of the Civil War, died at his home in New York City on Tuesday. He enlisted in Company C of the Thirty-first Volunteer New York Infantry in 1861 and was discharged June 5, 1863. At the close of the war he was one of a group to call on President Lincoln. The funeral services will be Thursday, with burial in the Jewish Veterans' plot of Mount Zion Cemetery.

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**ECHOES OF FORD-SAPIRO
TRIAL RESOUND IN BALKANS**

(Continued from Page 1)

Henry Ford's "International Jew" may lead to serious outbreaks of anti-Semitic feeling, which may take the form of an organized movement.

In the articles Ford accuses the Jews of being an international gang of pillagers striving to subjugate the whole world through financial supremacy.

It is feared that Mr. Ford's anti-Semitic propaganda will inspire Jugoslav financial circles, which are even now not very sympathetic to Jews, with some idea of organizing themselves in their struggle against them.

These Jugoslav financial circles being a power in the country's politics would, by espousing Mr. Ford's views, intensify an anti-Semitic movement in Jugoslavia, until now the part of the world where Jews may be said to live in comparative security.

Pledges to "give or get" \$100,000 toward the fund of \$1,500,000 for a new building for the Young Men's Hebrew Association in a drive which begins on May 1st were made by a group of "Old Timers" of the Association at a dinner held Tuesday night in the present building of the Y. M. H. A. at 92nd Street and Lexington Avenue, New York. Approximately \$40,000 was contributed by the members present.

Ernest Katz, Vice-President of R. H. Macy Company, presided. Judges Joseph M. Proskauer, President of the Association and Chairman of the Campaign, Simon Gottschall, Judge Irving Lehman, former President of the Association, Albert Cohn, Congressman Rosedale, Jerome J. Hanauer, Henry M. Toch, and Assistant Corporation Counsel M. Malldwin Fertig, addressed the gathering.

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**CONGRESSMAN DOUGLAS TO
RENEW FIGHT TO REPEAL
"NATIONAL ORIGINS" PLAN**

(Continued from Page 3)

est lists of Americans, spelled in a dozen different ways, yet "I proudly proclaim that I am the son of an Irish immigrant."

"The national origins plan has absolutely no standing as a well-explained and authoritatively supported arrangement," he continues. "It is time that the people of the country were relieved of eccentric experiments of the sort typified by this scheme. It is time that we should turn to much-needed problems of humanizing and liberalizing the arrangements and procedure now prevailing under our immigration law, such as various measures . . . to make possible the reuniting of families."

"I am glad that the national origins scheme has been postponed; I shall be still better pleased if we can quickly get rid of it for good at the very outset of the Seventieth Congress, so that we may take up immigration matters that have some practical and sensible basis and usefulness in the continued wonderful growth of our country."

In the same issue of the "Record," Representative Sabath of Illinois labels the "national origins" plan "a scheme for the purpose of further discrimination against certain nationalistic groups" and declares that it is "preeminently in the interest of the British and for the purpose of Anglicizing America."

Mr. Sabath, saying that 100,000 Canadians can come into the United States outside of the British quota, also expresses the opinion that this fact would give England and its colonies more than 75 per cent of the total immigration into the United States.

Six thousand and fifty dollars were contributed to the Hias \$500,000 Campaign by directors of the Municipal Bank, at a business meeting Thursday evening at the main office at Pitkin and Stone Avenues, Brooklyn, N. Y.

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