

Vol. IV. Price, 4 Cents.

New York, N. Y., Wednesday, Mar. 30, 1927.

Est. as 2nd Class Matter
at Post Office, New York

No. 730.

COL. AMENT IS NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF U. S. GOVERNMENT IN ROUMANIA

Self-Appointed Investigator Said to Be Acting in Interest of Rumanian Government

Two cable despatches to the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" from Roumania reported of an investigation of conditions affecting the Jews in Bessarabia carried on in a peculiar and conspicuous manner by a gentleman, who presumably was acting for the United States Government. The American Jewish Congress, through its Washington correspondent, the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" learned, made an inquiry into the activities of this unknown investigator and yesterday the Executive Secretary, Mr. Bernard G. Richards, gave out the following statement on the subject.

"The investigator referred to has been variously described as Hammond and Ament and there was therefore some difficulty experienced in establishing his identity. I am now, however, in a position to state that Col. Lytton G. Ament is positively not on a mission of the State Department or acting officially in behalf of any other department of the United States Government. Judging by his strange methods of taking evidence, one would conclude that this zealous student of conditions in Bessarabia is acting, if not in behalf of, at least in the interest of the Rumanian government.

"I learned that Col. Ament was the director of the American Relief work in Roumania and afterwards was associated with the U. S. Veterans' Bureau as chief of the Investigation Division. He resigned from this post last February. While in charge of relief work in Roumania he became closely associated with Rumanian official and social circles. Col. Ament recently married and according to information secured, sailed last February to Roumania, primarily on a honeymoon trip."

PRUSSIAN JEWISH LEADERS' CONFERENCE BRINGS NO UNITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 29.—The third annual conference of the Federation of Jewish communities in Prussia ended here yesterday with little progress made toward unity among the various factions represented in the Federation.

The conference lasted two days and was the scene of stormy debates between the Liberals and the Zionists. The Liberals gained a majority which elected Dr. Stern, a Liberal, as president of the Federation.

Many of the proposals of the Zionist delegates, aiming to place East European Jews resident in Prussia on an equal basis in the Federation with German Jews, were rejected.

SAPIRO TELLS LIFE STORY AND FARM COOPERATIVE WORK, AS HE TESTIFIES IN \$1,000,000 LIBEL SUIT AGAINST FORD

Former No. 58 in San Francisco Hebrew Orphan Asylum Depicts Colorful Career; War Record Described Over Reed's Objection; Law Study and Social Work Played Part; Reed Admits He Aided Sapiro in Cooperative Organization in 1918

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Mar. 29.—With a subtle irony that brought frequent subdued laughter from the crowded courtroom, Aaron Sapiro, testifying in his own behalf in his million dollar libel suit against Henry Ford, today told the jury of receiving the aid of Senator James A. Reed, chief of Ford counsel, in 1918, when Sapiro organized the tomato growers of California.

"After all the Government agencies refused to help the tomato growing farmers during the war," Sapiro said, "I appealed to Senator James A. Reed of Missouri and he did something."

"Was he one of those 'Gentile fronts' referred to?" asked Mr. Gallagher.

The spectators roared with laughter. Reed arose and addressed Gallagher. "I would like to explain I did not know whom I was representing," he said.

Another outburst of laughter brought a rebuke from the judge.

Sapiro first took the stand in his own

behalf late Monday afternoon. The preliminary questions directed to him by William H. Gallagher, Sapiro's chief counsel, were designed to give the jury a comprehensive history of his life, special attention being drawn to his education and early law training. Gallagher brought out the fact, over Senator Reed's objection, that Sapiro had tried three times to enlist in an officers' training corps at the outbreak of the war and was turned down on each occasion.

Today, Gallagher concentrated on Sapiro's activities, in organizing the farmers of several states throughout the country. Sapiro's early testimony today told how he had made a study of farm marketing problems as far back as 1912, when he was a lawyer in California. He told of studying the successes and failures among early cooperative organizations.

"What did you find from this study?" Gallagher asked.

"I found the chief characteristic of cooperatives which failed," Sapiro replied, "were that they were organized on the locality basis, in small communities. Those that succeeded were organized on the commodity basis. Among the first cooperatives, nearly all were organized locally and nearly all failed."

Sapiro then explained how he had made a careful study of the contracts between early cooperative associations and their farmer members. These con-

(Continued on Page 4)

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT GRANTS ENTRY PERMITS FOR FIFTY JEWISH ORPHANS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Toronto, Mar. 29.—The Federated Jewish Farmers of Ontario, who have a farm school at Georgetown, have obtained a permit from the Government to bring fifty Jewish orphans to be trained in the school. The orphans will be brought from the orphanage at Mendzyszec, Poland. The Meszriter Relief Society of New York and Detroit are helping to finance the project.

The children may be brought in within the next three months. If the project is successful, fifty more may be brought in as the Government is willing to grant one hundred permits.

HEBREW UNIVERSITY WILL PARTICIPATE AT INTERNATIONAL LAND CONFERENCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 29.—The Hebrew University on Mount Scopus and the Palestine Government will be represented at an international land problems conference which is to be held in Washington, D. C., it was learned here today.

The government has delegated E. R. Sawyer, director of the Department of Agriculture, and the Hebrew University has chosen Dr. Reichenberg of the Faculty to go to the conference.

AUSTRIAN JEWS TO PROTEST AT ROUMANIAN EXCESSES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Mar. 29.—Joint action to protest against the anti-Jewish excesses in Roumania will be taken here soon by the representatives of Austrian Jewry.

All Jewish parties in Austria, as well as all leading organizations, have decided to act jointly in this matter. An Executive Committee was chosen to carry out this decision.

BERTRAM STUART STRAUS ELECTED TO PARLIAMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 29.—Bertram Stuart Straus was elected to parliament on the ticket of the Liberal party in the by-election which took place in North Southwark.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays
by the

Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc.
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Telephone: Spring 1614
Jacob Landau President
Meer Grossman Vice-President
Samuel Biemstock Treasurer
John Simons Secretary

Vol. IV. Wednesday, Mar. 30, 1927. No. 739.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin
New York 611 Broadway
London 244 High Holborn
Paris 5, Rue Cardot Mercier, Paris, VIII
Berlin W. 15 Duesseldorfer Strasse 72
Warsaw Ulica Aleje Jerozolimskie Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hasolei Bldg
Cairo 13, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates
U. S. and Canada Foreign
One Year \$10.00 \$15.00
Six Months 6.00 8.00
One Month 1.00 1.50

Entered as second-class matter Oct. 15, 1924,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y.,
under the Act of March 3, 1879.

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JOHNSON VISIONS END OF ALL IMMIGRATION IN TWENTY-FIVE YEARS

Racial and Religious Issue Will Be
Paramount in Next Presidential
Campaign, He Says

Representative Albert W. Johnson, Chairman of the House Immigration Committee and father of the immigration quota law, who is in New York, said on Monday that there will be no more immigration to the United States after about 1950 or 1952, and he makes the guess that New York City, which he thinks is overcrowded already, will receive 2,000,000 additional immigrants within the next few years. He also expressed the belief that in the 1928 Presidential campaign racial and religious issues will be paramount, no matter what may be done to prevent this.

"Within twenty-five years' time immigration in this country will be abolished entirely," he said. "Our form of government will make this necessary, because of the necessity of preventing group control. The tighter you draw the restrictions the more the mishaps and complaints of such restrictions stick out until the people will want to get rid of the whole thing."

Mr. Johnson explained that he favored a gradual restriction. He says the next step to be taken in Congress will be restriction applied to border countries.

MAGNES CONFIRMS EINSTEIN'S RESIGNATION, IS REPORT

Dr. Judah L. Magnes has confirmed the recently published report that Dr. Albert Einstein has resigned from the Board of Directors of the Hebrew University according to a cable despatch from Tel Aviv to the "Jewish Daily Forward" yesterday.

The Jewish community of Vineland raised \$3,100 for the United Palestine Appeal in its campaign which has just been concluded. This represents an increase of nearly 150% over the amount raised last year which at that time totaled \$1,300. M. J. Greenblatt headed the Campaign Committee.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

AMERICAN PRESS COMMENTS ON SAPIRO-FORD SUIT

The press of America, judging by comments which have appeared so far in numerous papers throughout the country, is favorably inclined to Sapiro in his libel suit against Ford.

The sentiment in Detroit, where the trial is taking place, is indicated by the observations appearing in the "Detroit Saturday Night" of March 26. Ridiculing Ford's claim, made through his counsel and Mr. Cameron, the editor of his paper, that he was not aware of the anti-Jewish articles published in the "Dearborn Independent", the paper says in conclusion:

"Mr. Cameron undoubtedly has reason to believe that he is the supreme editorial authority of 'The Dearborn Independent'. That places on him a responsibility that the public did not know he had. It may please Mr. Ford to let it be known now. But the paper has hitherto been advertised as Mr. Ford's paper, not Mr. Cameron's; and the time may come when Mr. Ford will want it to be advertised again as Mr. Ford's paper."

"The trial offers Mr. Ford and his editors an exceptional opportunity to generously throw aside all legal protection as witnesses, and candidly tell the country all they know about the 'Jewish conspiracy' they have so long been warning it against. That is a public service that means more to national peace and amity than defeat or victory in any private law suit, and should be worth to Mr. Ford, as our first billionaire, far more than anything it might cost in money. Magnanimity, patriotism and sportsmanship will do it."

Following are comments in other papers:

Reno (Nev.) "State Journal": "Ford's narrow prejudice against the Jewish race is well known. Through his paper, the 'Dearborn Independent', his editors commenced a slashing attack on the Sapiro marketing plans, going to great lengths in alleging a Jewish plot to control the agricultural industry. Sapiro finally tired of the unrelenting abuse and had the courage to attack Ford and his billion dollars of resources, in the libel suit now pending."

Miami (Fla.) "News": "The suit involves tremendous issues. Can a race be libeled? A full exhibit of the forces and causes which led Ford upon his curious crusade against the Jews will doubtless appear as the trial proceeds. Can the machinery of the law stand up and operate successfully under the weight of the economic power of a billionaire defendant? Or will the case prove that a Goliath, in these days, cannot get equal justice?"

Brunswick (Ga.) "News": "If Aaron Sapiro cheated the farmers as Henry Ford appears to have charged, the automobile magnate is entitled to a vote of thanks for exposing the gentleman. If, however, the assertions were false,

Mr. Ford will probably have the satisfaction of paying the damage."

Phoenix (Ariz.) "Republican": "It will be hard for Senator Reed in behalf of Henry Ford to make a jury believe that Aaron Sapiro, with any group however powerful, ever set out to control the bread supply of the world."

"Mr. Sapiro has a genius for organization and for many years he has devoted his talents not to controlling the products of the soil in behalf of speculators, but toward giving the producers some measure of control over their products, the extent of their production and their markets. He has done more to spread the cooperative idea throughout the country than any other man. It will be impossible to make the farmers believe that he had it in the back of his head merely to make them an instrument in a great scheme to limit and regulate production so as to keep it within such bounds that a great combination of capital could calculate nicely the volume of a world corner."

Lake Worth (Fla.) "Leader": "Few were the city residents who knew who Aaron Sapiro was until he locked horns with Henry Ford in his \$1,000,000 libel suit."

"But out in the country they know him. And in many sections they idolize the forty-two-year-old man, whose rise from poverty is another great American epic."

Manchester (Conn.) "Herald": "The trouble with the position of a man like Ford is that folks take him far, far too seriously. It should be remembered that he is a genius—and nobody ever ought to take seriously any genius whatever except in the single department of thought in which his talents express themselves."

New Britain (Conn.) "Herald": "Shorn of some of its racial significance the trial gives promise of being a more genuine battle over the rights of muckrakers to rake unmolested if such a muckracking publication can show its activities are in the public interest. This the 'Dearborn Independent' editors will have to show."

Portland (Ore.) "Journal": "Aaron Sapiro has sued Henry Ford for \$1,000,000 because of statements in Ford's 'Dearborn Independent' which Sapiro says were libelous. The case is on trial in Detroit. When the suit is finished the American public may be the real winner, no matter what the verdict. Collateral evidence apparently will prove whether Sapiro's plan for cooperative marketing is sound or fallacious."

Reviewing the development of cooperative farming and Mr. Sapiro's role in this field, the paper concludes: "What happened proved nothing against the policy of cooperative marketing. The principle of that system still stands as sound, and in many instances confirmed by experience. The

WILL NOT ESTABLISH ENGLISH UNIVERSITY IN PALESTINE, AMERY SAYS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 29.—The Palestine government has no intention of establishing an English language university, college, or degree giving institution in Palestine, Col. Leopold H. Amery, Colonial Secretary, declared in reply to a question by Col. Josiah Wedgwood, Labor M. P. The question was caused by a recent report to the effect that such plans were contemplated.

The Secretary further stated, replying to another question from Col. Wedgwood, that the Palestine government has no intention of constructing a railway joining Port Fuad, the new Egyptian port, with the Palestine railways.

At the same session, Commander Kenworthy asked the Colonial Office whether it intends to remove the Haifa immigration quarantine to a healthier site.

The secretary replied that the High Commissioner's report states that no more suitable or healthier site can be found for the quarantine. Commander Kenworthy then exclaimed: "I visited it last year and it is the most disgusting place in all our dominions!"

RUTENBERG TO BUILD STREET CAR LINES IN TRANSJORDANIAN CITIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Mar. 29.—The Palestine Electric Corporation, of which Pinchas Rutenberg is the head, has received a concession from the Transjordanian government to build street car lines at Amman, the capital of Transjordan. The concession also includes other Transjordanian towns, according to a report of the Arab paper "El Carmel".

Sidney Hillman, President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America announced plans whereby workers who are unable to finance the purchase of cooperative apartments in the buildings being erected in the Bronx by the union will receive assistance from the organization. The housing project consists of six units comprising 300 apartments now being erected on 150th Street near Van Cortlandt Park. They will cost \$1,500,000 and will be ready for occupancy in October.

Loans by the Amalgamated Bank and the Amalgamated Credit Union, said Mr. Hillman, will enable a union member to borrow three-fifths of the necessary amount from the union bank and the remainder from the credit union, another clothing workers' association.

With \$138,726 raised of the \$300,000 needed to complete the necessary improvements for the United Israel Zion Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y., Abraham J. Herrick, vice-president and chairman of the executive committee, at a meeting held in the Nurses' Training School of the hospital, announced the appointment of the district chairmen who have volunteered to assist in the completion of the campaign.

Mrs. Estelle M. Sternberger, Executive Secretary of the National Council of Jewish Women, will broadcast a message on the subject of "We're Our Mothers' Better Daughters" from station WEEA on Tuesday, April 5th at 4:30 o'clock, at the invitation of the Women's League of the United Synagogue of America.

Lower Columbia Cooperative Dairy-men's Association in Clatsop county is an outstanding example of what farmers in cooperative organization can do.

BRITISH ZIONIST DEBATING TEAM WILL ARRIVE IN NEW YORK ON FRIDAY Will Meet Avukah Teams in Five Cities

The debating team, representing the University Zionist Federation of the British Empire, which is to meet the teams representing six of the leading chapters of the Avukah, the national Student Zionist Organization, will be officially received by Mayor Walker upon its arrival here next Friday.

The British team consists of two men and one woman; Dr. David Perk, graduate of Johannesburg and Leeds University, medical officer of the Gloucester Hospital; Arthur Lourie, B.A., LL.B., graduate of Cambridge and Harvard, and Miss B. Gudansky, M.A., graduate of Trinity College, Dublin, a debater and orator of wide reputation.

Two debates are scheduled in New York for the team, one at Columbia University, at which Maurice Samuel will be chairman and at the Brooklyn Jewish Center, at which James Waterman Wise will preside.

The New York team which is to meet the British team at Columbia University will consist of Lionel Golub, LL.M. Clark and New York Universities; Leo Guzik, LL.B., New York and Fordham Universities, and Beryl Levy, Columbia Varsity Debating team and winner of several oratorical and debating medals.

The first American-British debate is scheduled for Boston on Tuesday, April 5th, with Professor Nathan Isaacs, as chairman, the Boston Avukah to be represented by Joseph Shubow, A.M. of Harvard, Literary Editor, "Jewish Advocate", and vice president of the national Avukah organization; Leo Schwartz, A.B. Harvard, member of the Avukah National Executive Committee, and M. Michaelson, Harvard.

Following the Boston debate, the British orators will meet Canadian contestants at Toronto, on Thursday, April 7th at Talmud Torah Hall. Toronto's laurels will be defended by Lionel Gelber, Louis Razminsky and Harry Green, all of the University of Toronto. On Sunday, April 10th, the British team will debate in Chicago at Sinai Temple, where they will meet William Halperin, B.A., Harry Ruskin, B.A., Meyer Handler, B.A., all of the University of Chicago, and Aubrey Mallach, Chicago Hebrew Theological College, as alternate.

In Milwaukee, a debate is scheduled for April 11th at Temple Emanuel Community Hall, with Phineas Smoller, B.A., Johns Hopkins and Hebrew Union College; Avin Sable, Marquette University, and Harry Gilmore Slater, Marquette, representing the Wisconsin city. Dr. Eugene Heifetz, Marquette University, will be alternate.

Following their western dates, the English team will debate in Philadelphia, at the Academy of Music auditorium, the local team consisting of Isidore Katz, Instructor of Philosophy, University of Pennsylvania; Abraham Orlow, B.S., LL.B., Instructor in Political Science, Wharton School of Commerce and Rabbi Simon Green-

POLISH MINISTER TURNS DOWN REQUEST OF TAR- BUTH SCHOOL DELEGATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 29.—The plight of the Tarbuth schools in Poland, in which Hebrew is the language of instruction in the kindergartens, elementary and high schools, was presented to Polish Minister of Education Dobrucki by a delegation representing the Tarbuth school conference held here recently.

The delegation urged the Minister to place the Tarbuth schools on an equal status with the state schools and that the government allot a state subvention for them.

Minister Dobrucki told the delegation that he finds it impossible to place the Tarbuth schools on the same status as the state schools in view of the fact that sufficient instruction in the Jewish religion is given to the Jewish students attending the state schools. As to the question of a subsidy, this is possible only within the limits of the government budget, he stated.

Establishment of a scholarship fund, making it possible for specially trained college students to study social work and to make this profession their life work, was announced by Maurice J. Karpi, director of the Training School for Jewish Social Work, New York. Mr. Karpi said the Board of Trustees had completed plans at its last meeting to set aside a special fund to be known as the "Charles Hirsch Student Aid Fund", in memory of Charles Hirsch.

This fund is available to students who are holders of a fellowship and who need financial assistance to enable them to continue their studies in the school, Mr. Karpi explained.

Several tuition scholarships are available to specially qualified students, Mr. Karpi said. These fellowships are awarded as the basis of a competitive examination to be held soon in various parts of the country. Several smaller fellowships of \$300, \$750 and \$1,000, including tuition, and several tuition scholarships of \$250 are available for distribution.

The requirements for admission to the school are graduation from a recognized college, adequate personality, interest in and adaptability for Jewish social work.

A quota of \$100,000 towards the \$200,000 fund which the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith is seeking to raise for its Wider Scope activities, was accepted at a conference of delegates representing lodges of Western Pennsylvania held Sunday in Pittsburgh. Plans for the immediate launching of a campaign were adopted and steps taken to complete the work before June 1st.

Mr. Leonard S. Levin, who presided at the conference, was chosen chairman of the Western Pennsylvania Campaign Committee.

Of the quota of \$100,000, \$30,000 will be raised from Pittsburgh. The balance will be sought in thirteen cities in Western Pennsylvania. Campaigns will be immediately carried on in Pittsburgh and in the following cities: Uniontown, Canonsburg, Sharon, Kittanning, Washington, Beaver Falls, Greensburg, Butler, New Castle, Monaca, Braddock, McKeesport, and Erie.

berg, B.A., Columbia University, Rabbi Har Zion Synagogue. Leon Meltzer, B.A., LL.B., will be alternate.

The subject to be debated by all the chapters except New York is: "Is It Sound Policy to Present Zionism as the Solution of the Jewish Problem." The subject to be debated in New York is: "Resolved, that the Jewish Homeland be modelled in principle, after the Mosaic Commonwealth."

If you are pleased with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" tell your friends to subscribe.

SAPIRO TELLS LIFE STORY, AS HE TESTIFIES IN \$1,000,000 LIBEL SUIT AGAINST FORD

(Continued from Page 1)

tracts, he said, were not giving the farmer everything they should and he drafted a new type of contract from which grew what is now known as "The Sapiro Plan" of cooperative marketing.

"I took ideas wherever I could find them and when new cooperatives were formed I combined the ideas of the successful cooperatives in the new contracts."

Sapiro was about to explain the meaning of his "sale and resale" contracts, when Senator Reed arose and declared testily, "I object to this lecture on cooperative marketing. The comments of the witness are not in order."

Gallagher protested that Sapiro had a right to explain the type of cooperative market which Ford's articles had attacked.

"The Plaintiff contends the idea of a 'sale and resale' originated with him," Judge Raymond said, "he is explaining it to the jury. I'll let the answer stand."

This plan, a complicated system of buying crops from the farmer and selling them for him at a higher profit than he could secure himself, was declared by Sapiro to be his own idea and far superior to those that had preceded it.

Sapiro's activities, he told the Court, took him all over the country, into nearly every agricultural field known and even into Canada, where he was invited by the Minister of Agriculture to straighten out the difficulties of the wheat growers.

It is expected that Sapiro's testimony will take until Thursday. Following him Henry Ford will take the stand.

Detroit, Mich., Mar. 29.—In forty-five minutes, Aaron Sapiro, who was charged by Henry Ford's "Dearborn Independent" as having been a tool of an "international Jewish conspiracy" to exploit American farmers, to gain control of the world's wheat and to inject Communism and Bolshevism into the homes of American farmers, unfolded before Judge and jury the story of his life and how he became interested in the cooperative marketing movement.

Sapiro took the witness stand at 3:45 yesterday afternoon, following two decisions in his favor by Judge Fred M. Raymond.

The former No. 58 of the San Francisco Jewish Orphan Asylum moved rapidly through his autobiography. It raced through several schools, including the Hebrew Union College, the University of Cincinnati and the University of California, from which Sapiro had been graduated. He was calm, but alert, his face extremely mobile in registration of the thoughts that seemed to be tumbling one after another back of his high, square forehead.

Sapiro narrated his age, his birthplace, San Francisco, his residence with his parents until his father's death in 1892, when he was taken to

the Hebrew orphan asylum. He was there six and one-half years.

Through the Grove Street public school, through the Lowell High School and then to the Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati, in 1900—Sapiro told of his progress. While at Union, he also graduated from Cincinnati University, later becoming student assistant and later instructor in history. Thence he returned to the Pacific Coast, graduating from Hastings Law School of the University of California in 1911.

He first heard of cooperative marketing from Colonel Harris Winstock, in 1908. Sapiro's first professional connection with agricultural groups as an organizer was with poultry raisers of California in 1916.

In 1917 Sapiro tried to enter an officers' training camp at Camp Taylor, Ky. He was rejected because of his color blindness. He tried again and was rejected. Then he enlisted as a private with the field artillery at Tacoma, Wash. The regiment sent him to the training camp and he was there when the armistice was declared.

Senator Reed objected to the bringing out of Sapiro's record during the war.

Mr. Gallagher declared his client's patriotism had been attacked in the "Independent's" articles, and that he consequently was entitled to show he had a good war record.

Sapiro said he had organized the cotton growers in Mississippi, Oklahoma, North and South Carolina, Georgia and Texas; the tobacco growers in Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Indiana, and potato growers in Maine, Minnesota and Idaho.

The eight years of organizing, he concluded, came to a stop early in 1924, and though he still was retained as counsel by many of the organizations, there had been no activity among new ones.

Formation of a permanent San Francisco Council for Jewish Religious Education and institution of steps toward the amalgamation of the two major Jewish organizations in the city interested in the education of Jewish youth were effected following a conference at the Hotel St. Francis.

Isidore M. Golden will head the new council as chairman, while A. S. Glikberg, attorney, will be its secretary. In the council's membership will be representatives of every Jewish organization in the city.

The amalgamation of the Talmud Torah and the Jewish Educational Society, the two major organizations in San Francisco sponsoring Jewish religious education, will be brought out through the appointment of a committee of nine Jewish leaders, three to be appointed from the community at large and three each to be named by the two organizations.

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PROPOSE INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE OF JEWISH HISTORIANS IN LONDON

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

London, Mar. 17.—A proposal that the Jewish Historical Society of England convene an International Conference of Jewish Historians has been submitted by Dr. Cecil Roth and is to be considered at the next meeting of the Society.

At the last meeting of the Council of the Society, presided over by Lucien Wolf, it was reported that the collection of Anglo-Judaica in the Mocatta Library was now practically complete and it had been decided to build up a systematic collection of works on general Jewish history.

Plans of the new Mocatta Library and Museum, contemplated as part of the University College Centenary Building Scheme, were submitted.

Jewish, Catholic and Protestant congregations have contributed to the fund raised by the Connecticut Federation of Churches for the erection of a new church at Storrs, the Rev. Morris E. Alling announced. The fund is for improving the religious and social facilities for students at the Connecticut Agricultural College.

Harry C. Ney, of Farmington, in contributing \$3,000, specified that \$1,000 was given on behalf of the Protestants of Farmington, \$1,000 on behalf of the Catholics of the town and \$1,000 on behalf of the Jews.

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