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JEWSH LEADERS COMPLAIN TO ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT AGAINST RENEWED EXCESSES

Minister of Interior Repeats Promises
of Protection

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Mar. 25.—Minister of the Interior Octavian Goga received today a delegation including Deputy Meyer Ebner and Senator Klueger. The delegation came before the Minister to plead for government protection against anti-Jewish excesses.

The delegation had particular reference to the excesses which occurred during the last few days in Grosswardein and Jassy.

Goga assured the delegation the government will take strong measures to prevent a recurrence of the excesses. The Roumanian newspaper "Adevărul" reports today that a memorandum complaining against the recurrence of anti-Jewish excesses was submitted by the Jewish community to Premier Averescu, to Minister of the Interior Goga and General Rischcanu. The memorandum enumerates a number of cases where old men, women and children were thrown out of moving trains between stations on the railway line Skumpia-Paleschiti.

AMERICAN CONTINUES HIS INVESTIGATION OF JEWSH SITUATION IN ROUMANIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Mar. 25.—Further reports concerning the investigation of the situation of the national minorities, particularly the Jewish population in Roumania, by Col. Ament (in previous despatches given as Col. Hammond) were received here.

It appears that Col. Ament, accompanied by Mrs. Ament, visited many towns in Bukovina and Bessarabia, collecting data on the situation of the Jewish population.

The Roumanian press claims Col. Ament is carrying out a secret mission of the American government concerning the Jewish question in Roumania.

Delegations of the Jewish population, which are being received by the American investigator, are giving cautious answers to the questions he puts to them, it being understood that only the representatives of the Jewish population in the Roumanian parliament are to make any political statements.

The Colonel is conferring with Roumanian officials in the various towns.

JABOTINSKY LEAVES POLAND; WILL COME TO UNITED STATES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 25.—Vladimir Jabotinsky, leader of the Zionist Revisionists, left today for Paris, following five weeks stay in Poland.

It was declared here today that he will sail for the United States on April 6th.

FORD DISCUSSED ALLEGED "JEWSH BANKING RING" WITH HIM, "INDEPENDENT"

EDITOR ADMITS

Sapiro's Demand for Retraction Was Seen by Ford, Cameron Says, But Accusations Persisted; Ford Told Cameron, "Go Out and Get the Jews," Gallagher Charges

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mar. 25.—Important admissions to the effect that Ford discussed the alleged "Jewish banking ring" with him and that the automobile manufacturer saw Sapiro's demand for retraction of the former's charges against him, were drawn from William J. Cameron, editor of the "Dearborn Independent" during today's questioning of him by Gallagher, Sapiro's counsel. The admissions were made by Cameron under a barrage of objections from the Ford counsel.

Cameron said he presented Sapiro's demand for retraction to Ford and asked him what he should do. Ford waved his hand and told him:

"If they're wrong, I'd take them back; if not, stick to them."

And although the series was suspended for three months—the Sapiro forces say the interruption was ordered by Mr. Ford—the final two articles were published three months after the demand, in April, 1925.

Cameron insisted this was practically the only time he and Ford discussed the anti-Jewish articles in the "Independent."

"I tried to get him to discuss the 'Independent's' policies," he said, "but I couldn't."

Yet, he admitted, they discussed in "a general way" the alleged "international Jewish banking ring" and its machinations, or rather its machinations as the Independent reported them.

At one point in the questioning Gallagher asked: "Tell us about your conversation with Mr. Ford about the international Jewish banking ring."

On the instant, Senator Reed was on his feet and Judge Hanley waved a warning to Cameron to be silent until the lawyers could fight this out. The jury was sent out of the room.

"The fact that an article appeared in the 'Independent' and Mr. Ford may have afterward said 'that's a good article,' doesn't even tend to prove that Mr. Ford instigated the article," intoned Senator Reed. "To be liable he must have been a directing agency in the publication of the articles."

"Mr. Gallagher's questions are intended to show Mr. Ford had malice toward Sapiro. You can't show malice against the president of a corporation unless you show he instigated the attacks."

"If I were to offer my judgment against Senator Reed's judgment, I couldn't expect your honor to accept mine," Mr. Gallagher said ironically. "But I'll offer you logic instead of judgment."

He repeated his arguments for admission of the question, then launched new charges against Henry Ford.

"Henry Ford told Cameron: 'Go out and get the Jews,' and on another reported occasion E. G. Liebold, Mr. Ford's secretary, said: 'When we get through with the Jews there won't be one of them left to raise his head.'"

"We want the chance to show that Ford did inspire or approve these vicious attacks and that the attacks led

(Continued on Page 2)

GERMAN SUPREME COURT FINDS FRITSCH GUILTY OF LIBEL AGAINST WARBURG

Upholds Sentence of Four Months
Imprisonment for Anti-Semitic
Agitator

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 25.—Theodor Fritsch, editor of "Der Hammer" and notorious leader of the German anti-Semites, was found guilty of libel against Max Warburg and Dr. Melchior by the highest court in the land.

The Hanseatic Supreme Court upheld the decision of the Hamburg court to impose a sentence of four months imprisonment upon Theodor Fritsch who brought his appeal before the supreme court. The session lasted seven hours.

ROSEN GREETS OPENING OF JEWSH REGION AT SADEH MENUCHA CONFERENCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cherson, Mar. 25.—The greetings of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee to the first conference of the Executive of the Jewish region in the district of Cherson were brought by Dr. Joseph A. Rosen, representative of the Agrojoint in Soviet Russia.

"I am happy to bring to the first Jewish autonomous district the heartiest greetings of your American brethren. They are divided from you by the ocean but their hearts are always with you," declared Dr. Rosen in his address before the colonies conference at Sadeh Menucha, where the opening of the Jewish region is being proclaimed.

"American Jewry helps you to help yourselves," Dr. Rosen declared.

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**RENEW NEGOTIATIONS WITH
JEWISH DEPUTIES TO MODIFY
POLISH ELECTION ORDINANCE**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 25.—New negotiations with the Club of Jewish Deputies to secure its support for the changes in the Polish election ordinance were begun by representatives of the Polish Right parties.

It was stated that the basis for the new negotiations is a proposal that a compromise will be made. The ordinance, it was stated, was drafted with a view to limiting the number of representatives of the national minorities in the Polish legislative bodies. This is to be brought about by the creation of such election regions where the minority votes would be drowned by the majority Polish population.

Communal elections are taking place in the Eastern Provinces of Poland. In the city of Pinsk ten Jewish groups have submitted ten lists of candidates. The same situation prevails in other towns where the Jewish population is split into various political groups and factions.

Deputy Hartglass, president of the Club of Jewish Deputies, initiated a movement to unite the various Jewish factions into one election bloc.

**WHITE PAPER POLICY WILL
BE CONTINUED IN PALESTINE.
SIR HERBERT SAMUEL SAYS**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Manchester, Mar. 25.—Sir Herbert Samuel, former High Commissioner of Palestine, laid emphasis on the validity of the White Paper policy with regard to Palestine when he discussed the subject here today.

Following an address which he delivered before a Liberal meeting here, the former High Commissioner received a delegation of Manchester Zionists. In addressing the delegation Sir Herbert

**FORD DISCUSSED "JEWISH
BANKING RING" WITH HIM.
CAMERON, QUIZZED, ADMITS**

(Continued from Page 1)

to the specific assaults on Aaron Sapiro."

Gallagher contended that the evidence was admissible under the ruling of the court that evidence concerning "groups" or "classes" of Jews named in the alleged libel, along with testimony relating to individual Jews mentioned in the articles, might go in.

The court ruled that, while the term "international Jew" was mentioned six or eight times in the introduction to the amended declaration of eighty-six alleged libels, there was no reference to it as forming a group.

He refused to permit testimony concerning the "international Jew."

During the proceedings a lively altercation between Senator Reed and Sapiro took place. It happened when Sapiro's counsel demanded some correspondence from the defense records and, as he cited it, stopped en route to the witness stand to confer with Sapiro.

"Here, here," exclaimed Stewart Hanley of Ford counsel, with a rising inflection, "show that to the witness (Mr. Cameron), not to Mr. Sapiro."

Senator James A. Reed of Missouri, chief of Ford counsel, looked over at Sapiro and mumbled something. Sapiro hurled back a retort.

Senator Reed arose and addressed the court.

"I desire no controversy with the gentleman sitting at the table," he said. Sapiro instantly was on his feet.

"I'd have the Senator understand that the gentleman sitting at the table is a member of counsel, just the same as he is," Sapiro said to Judge Raymond. "If the Senator addresses me, I have the right to reply."

The Judge ended the dispute by remarking, "I know of no question before the court."

The manuscript of the first of the articles to which Sapiro objected was introduced, and it was brought out that Cameron had, in reading it, interlined it in one place to limit the remarks to apply to "financial Jews" rather than all Jews.

"What were your conceptions at that time of an international ring of Jewish financiers?" asked Gallagher, but the answer was lost when Ford counsel objected and were sustained by the court.

Detroit, Mar. 25.—W. J. Cameron, editor of the "Independent," was again on the witness stand yesterday, his (Continued on Page 4)

stated: "The White Paper policy is the only policy practicable in Palestine. The policy which I have initiated is being continued now and will be in the future because it is the only thing practicable under the circumstances. The work in Palestine has to be carried on not only for Palestine, but for the sake of Jewish people throughout the world. The restoration of Jewish culture in its ancient home will revivify the life of the Jews throughout the world."

**DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION
ON JEWISH MATTERS**

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

**Criticizes American Investigator in
Roumania**

Colonel Hammond, American representative who is investigating the situation relative to the national minorities in Bessarabia, is taken to task by the "Jewish Daily News" (Mar. 24) for embarrassing the Jews of Kishineff by questioning them at a meeting of the municipal council in the presence of Roumanian councillors.

"The American representative should have understood," the paper declares, "that this was not the way to secure the proper information regarding the Jewish situation in Bessarabia. He should have understood that a question as to how the non-Jewish majority treats the Jewish minority must not be put to the Jews in the presence of the non-Jewish councillors. He could not have expected the oppressed to tell the whole truth in the presence of the oppressors."

Referring to the fact that Colonel Hammond did not act on the suggestion of Rabbi Zirelson to secure his data privately, the paper concludes:

"We are surprised that America sent Colonel Hammond as investigator, for, as it appears, he is a poor diplomat and does not understand how to fulfill his important mission. The American government could easily have found a person fit for such an important and delicate work as to secure the correct facts regarding the minorities, not facts given under duress of the ruling majority."

Terms Ford's Contention "Bunk"

Ford's own famous dictum regarding history is applied by the "Utica Observer-Dispatch," (Utica, N. Y.), to his contention that he did not know about the anti-Jewish articles published in his organ, the "Dearborn Independent." The paper says editorially:

"The 'Dearborn Independent' has been Mr. Ford's paper only in name. 'Mr. Ford's own page' in the 'Independent' was not Mr. Ford's page at all, except in name. He did not see the copy for the page before the paper went to press. The man who wrote the article on 'Mr. Ford's own page' had not for a considerable time met Mr. Ford. The attacks made upon people of the Jewish race which were continued in a series of articles, were not Mr. Ford's articles, and it is claimed that he knew very little about them, for when a demand for retraction was made by one of the persons named, the matter was finally put up to Ford himself. But he washed his hands of it by saying: 'You are the editor; be sure of your facts.'"

"The editor of the paper, Cameron, testifies to these things, and assumes all responsibility, declaring that when he is the editor of a paper he 'runs it.' But readers of the paper did not know

UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN URGES IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF PLEDGES TOWARD "OVERSEAS CHEST"

David A. Brown Issues Message to Campaign Leaders and Pledgers; Curtailment and Possible Discontinuance of Work Threatens if Joint Distribution Committee Is Not Supplied With Funds

Continuance of the relief and reconstruction work maintained in Europe by the efforts of American Jewry is dependent on the immediate collection of funds thus far pledged in the United Jewish Campaign, to raise a \$25,000,000 "overseas chest."

The urgent need of realizing the funds pledged is set forth in a message issued by David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign, to regional, state, and local officers of the national campaign organization. The message, made public yesterday through the national headquarters of the United Jewish Campaign in New York, declares that unless the funds already pledged are promptly turned into cash, to be made available for the overseas budget appropriations fixed for the coming months, the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee faces certain curtailment and possible complete suspension of its work in the near future.

"No greater tragedy could befall the Jews of Europe at this time, Mr. Brown declared. "Much of our work must cease, and all will be curtailed, unless the funds already pledged in the many campaigns conducted throughout America are quickly turned into cash."

Over 2,000 communities in every part of the United States and Canada have already subscribed their local contributions to the \$25,000,000 fund, in drives held through the past year. With numbers of states already reported "over the top" in the raising of their quotas, the south and middle west have fully completed their state allocations, the total thus far pledged to the fund being \$20,000,000. Of this, within the eight month period in which the majority of campaigns have been under way, approximately six and a half million dollars has been collected, leaving nearly fourteen million dollars outstanding.

Mr. Brown's message is an urgent plea for payment of these pledges with the utmost promptness possible, all available borrowed means of the Joint Distribution Committee being now exhausted. The full text of his letter was as follows:

"Much of our work abroad must cease, and all will be curtailed—unless the funds already pledged in the many campaigns conducted throughout America, are quickly turned into cash. At a Joint Distribution Committee meeting held at the home of Colonel Herbert

H. Lehman, Monday evening, March 14, 1927, it was made coldly clear that unless we can speed up our collection machinery, we shall be compelled to stop many of our activities overseas and to curtail others.

"I can conceive of no greater tragedy that could befall the Jews of Europe at this time. They have been buoyed up by the hope that the work in which we are engaged to help them tide over the fearful crisis of their situation would be carried on as originally planned. They look forward to our standing by, and, like helpless children, are dependent absolutely upon us. The Jews of America, have assumed this great responsibility—an inescapable one. It would be tragic for us not to carry out our program as originally planned. The Jews of this country have pledged many, many millions—pledges that they fully intend to pay. But through thoughtlessness or carelessness, many have not as yet done so. We need quickly several millions of dollars to meet the budget requirements between March 15 and May 31, 1927. There has been collected, since the beginning of the United Jewish Campaign, approximately six and one half millions of dollars. There is outstanding at the present date, nearly fourteen millions of dollars. Many sections of the country have done remarkably well in remitting the amounts pledged. Other sections have done poorly.

"This is a plea for every community to make a special effort, immediately, to collect as large a sum of money as possible, and to send it in to headquarters at once, so that we may be free from constant fear that the essential work—essential relief and reconstructive work, essential cultural work—can go on without interruption.

"The borrowing capacity of the Joint Distribution Committee has been stretched to the limit. From now on we must depend upon the payment of pledges for the continuance of our work. Again I ask those who have played such a big part in making our effort a successful one, to give just a little extra of themselves at this time, so that the necessary money can be sent to Europe to carry on our great humanitarian effort.

"I ask all of those who have pledged and who have not as yet paid the portion due at the present time, to send their checks to their respective treasurers at once. I ask even those who have paid the portion due, should there be a balance still owing on their pledges to send on what they can at once.

"It is impossible for me to conceive of any letdown in our work for I believe firmly that the Jews of America at this time, as they have at every other time, will meet their full responsibility. I am asking you to see that this message reaches every subscriber in your community."

KEREN HAYESOD BUDGET REPORTS ON DISBURSEMENTS MADE IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Jerusalem, Feb. 25.—Out of the budget of £18,000 for the year 5687 supplied by the Keren Hayesod for the purpose of fostering trade and industry in Palestine, the Palestine Zionist Executive disbursed £10,740 during the first three months of the year (October, November, December, 1926).

The bulk of this sum, £9,892, went in loans ranging from £20 to £2,000 granted to various existing industrial enterprises including factories for knitting, leather work, manufacturing chemical fertilizers, soap, candy, zinc, cork, stockings, lime, boxes, shoes, cement, umbrellas and ribbons, a brewery, a quarry and fisheries.

Jerusalem, Feb. 25.—When the new Budget Year begins on April 1st, the Palestine Railway Administration will take under consideration the Jewish demand to provide employment for Jewish labor in railway works, Lieut. Col. G. M. Campigli, Acting General Manager of the Palestine Railway Administration stated yesterday in reply to a Jewish labor delegation which he received at Haifa.

The delegation, which consisted of J. Ben-Zvi and David Cohen, urged that Jewish labor in Palestine should be given opportunities for employment in railway works. Lieut. Col. Campigli replied that they were now nearly at the end of the Budget Year and could make no new arrangements, but would certainly consider the question when the new Budget Year commenced.

BREVITIES

Morris J. Hirsch, who was head of the law firm of Hirsch, Sherman & Limburg when he died on Nov. 10, 1925, left an estate appraised at \$1,358,996.

Mr. Hirsch gave the residuary estate in equal shares to his sons, Walter H. and Steven J. Hirsch, who received \$630,468 each, Chief Judge Benjamin N. Cardozo of the Court of Appeals and Jacob Meyer received \$100,000 each.

Charitable bequests consisted of \$5,000 each to Mount Sinai Hospital, Hebrew Orphan Asylum and Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, \$2,500 each to the United Hebrew Charities, Eisman Day Nursery, Hebrew Technical School for Girls and Association of Commerce, Prother Housing for Girls and \$500 each to Presbyterian and St. Luke hospitals, Boy Scout Foundation and New York Association for the Blind.

Suspension of the unemployment insurance fund in the cloak industry occurred on Thursday. The fund, established nearly three years ago, was made up of contributions of employers and employees for the benefit of workers unemployed beyond a certain period.

Suspension followed an attack by the Industrial Council of Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers, Inc., following the closing of the cloak industry of a strike last November. The industrial Council, made up of inside manufacturers, criticized the apparent inability of the union to compel all manufacturers to make payments to the fund.

Dr. George B. Raiziss, professor of Chemotherapy at the University of Pennsylvania Graduate School of Medicine is responsible for the discovery of a new antiseptic, Metaphen. This discovery was announced by Dr. Raiziss at a lecture before the Philadelphia Division of the American Chemical Society.

Metaphen, which is a compound of mercury, may develop into a cure for septicemia, tuberculosis and influenza, Dr. Raiziss declared. The new compound, he said, is the strongest antiseptic known to chemists and in addition is the most powerful organic compound known.

this until Cameron went on the stand and swore to it. They supposed all the time that Mr. Ford, while perhaps not doing the actual hack work, had general oversight, and that at least he sat himself down in his quiet office each week and wrote "Mr. Ford's own page."

"Apparently there are some things in the world besides history that are 'bunk.'"

FORD DISCUSSED "JEWISH BANKING RING" WITH HIM, CAMERON, QUIZZED, ADMITS

(Continued from Page 2)

sixth day of testifying. Gallagher tried again to get Cameron to tell about Ford's anti-Jewish views. When Ford counsel objected, Gallagher asked that the jury be dismissed from the court while the point was argued. The jury was excused and Gallagher said to Judge Raymond:

"There is no use trying to pull the wool over our eyes by saying there is no Jewish question in this case and that Mr. Ford's attack was purely an attack upon Sapiro. Sapiro would not have been attacked had it not been for the Ford Jewish question."

"This being a matter of articles regarding the Jewish people or international Jews who dominate the Jewish people, it is directly pertinent to the argument. Did Henry Ford say 'Go after Sapiro as an individual,' or did he say, 'Pick out some Jews and go after them.' Counsel for Ford seem to pretend that in pursuing our questioning of witnesses we must ask, 'Did you talk with Henry Ford about Aaron Sapiro?'"

"One of the elements in this case is the individual responsibility of Ford," he continued. "A beginning must be made somewhere. We will show that this series of articles declared upon was part of a general series dealing with the Jewish people and their actions in this country. This series was initiated by Ford, run by his order. He directed Cameron to enter upon them. We wish to prove the degree of ratification of Cameron's acts by his superior."

"For some peculiar reason there seems to be some extraordinary sensitivity on the part of Ford now about his views regarding the Jewish people. It seems to be a taboo topic: 'Oh, you mustn't discuss the Jewish people!' 'Oh, you mustn't discuss the activities of Jews.'"

"Why, if the present disposition had ruled Mr. Ford earlier, then there wouldn't be any law suit. No use to try to pull the wool over our eyes that this is an individual attack on Sapiro. What does the opening article say? Sapiro is not even named. It is the 'Jewish band' which is assailed. That is the fundamental issue in this case."

"Sapiro is the most humble of all the conspirators named. They were reported to be Otto H. Kahn, Bernard Baruch, Julius Rosenwald, and so on. Besides these men Sapiro was inconspicuous. There was a libel on every one of those men if there was a libel on Sapiro. Sapiro was only an incident or a cog in the machine."

"Now as regards publications on the Jewish people or on 'the International Jew,' it is competent to inquire whether the defendant said: 'Go after the Jews!' it is competent to inquire into the initiation of these attacks by Ford. It is only when responsibility is fixed on Ford that injury comes back to his hand."

"If Ford told this man, 'Go after the Jews, send your investigators over to Europe, go through the libraries, get all you can, then publish it and I'll

stand behind you!' that fact is pertinent here."

"Ford has libeled through his paper man after man," Gallagher went on, "and when, after two years, he sensed an atmosphere of prejudice had been created, he said to Cameron: 'Lay off a while.' Certainly there is no more harm in asking this witness if Ford directed articles against the Jews than to ask on what Jew, and so on."

Ford counsel commented sarcastically on Gallagher's impassioned plea to allow the court to hear testimony on Ford's views on the Jewish race and reiterated that "the entire Jewish race is not on trial here—it is simply Aaron Sapiro with whom we must concern ourselves."

Judge Raymond ruled that Ford's views could not be brought into court at this time, but his wording indicated that these views might be brought in at a later time, when Ford himself was on the witness stand.

During the questioning of Cameron, the names of Louis Marshall and Paul M. Warburg, New York banker, were mentioned by Gallagher, but Cameron denied all knowledge of connection with these prominent men.

"Did you discuss any publications at all with Mr. Ford?" Gallagher persisted. "I had no discussion with Mr. Ford pertaining to any publications about any Jews," Cameron said.

Soon Gallagher, having asked about the name of Warburg in the reprint, asked:

"Mr. Cameron, will you see if other persons weren't named?"

"At this moment," said Cameron. "I don't recall."

"Can't you refresh your memory?"

"Yes, here's the name of Louis Marshall."

"Your Honor," interjected Hanley of Ford's counsel, "there's no evidence Mr. Marshall is a Jew."

"Did you ever discuss with Ford an article naming Bernard Baruch or Louis Marshall?"

"No," said Cameron. "Ever discuss an article mentioning Otto H. Kahn?"

"No," "Or Goldman, Sach & Co.?"

"No," "Did you discuss any article naming Paul M. Warburg?"

"If so, it was in connection with the Federal Reserve System."

On the next question: "When did you first discuss with Ford any article naming an individual Jew?" Hanley's objection was sustained and the court adjourned for the day with the odds going to Sapiro's side.

Judge Raymond accepted tentatively sixteen of the amendments containing various numbers of the alleged libels. He struck out the seventeenth, which was as follows:

"Whereas, at the time of the publication hereinafter complained of the term Jew and its derivatives as used in the publications hereinafter complained of, had become, to the persons to whom the libels hereinafter set forth were published, a term of scorn, contempt, reproach, ridicule, hate, approbrium and contumely, particularly when used with reference to and when applied to an alleged ring, body, organization and government of Jews which was alleged

BREVITIES

Child training from the point of view of the Protestant, Catholic and Jew will be discussed respectively by Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, Dr. Cornelius Clifford and Rabbi Stephen S. Wise at the first of a series of monthly luncheons next Saturday at the Hotel Commodore under the auspices of the United Parents' Associations of Greater New York Schools. Dr. Henry Wood MacCracken, President of Vassar College, will preside.

Charges that the Left Wing and Communist leaders of the deposed Joint Board of Cloak-makers were calling outboard strikes in the shops of the Association of Dressmakers and affidavits by employers alleging acts of intimidation, coercion and violence were placed before Supreme Court Justice Edward J. Glennon Thursday, who issued a temporary restraining order restraining the ousted cloak and dress leaders from calling strikes in the shops of the association.

Supreme Court Justice Ford heard argument and reserved decision Thursday on the application of Franklin Ford, studio manager of radio Station WHAP, for an order compelling Commissioner of Jurors Frederick O'Byrne to restore his name to the jury lists. Ford's name was removed from the list in December at suggestion of Judge Rosalsky of General Sessions after Ford had broadcast attacks on Catholics and Jews and had been examined before Judge Rosalsky as a possible juror.

not to yield allegiance to the respective governments under which its members lived, but planned and conspired to and did dominate and control said governments, the people under such governments, the culture and businesses of said peoples, and the natural resources of their countries, in the interests of said alleged body, organization and government of Jews, and against the interest and expense of the peoples."

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