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## DELETION OF 54 ALLEGATIONS IN SAPIRO COMPLAINT SHARPENS FOCUS OF JEWISH ISSUE, GALLAGHER STATES

### Court Orders Recess as Defense Asks Time to Study Amended Complaint; Ford Expected to Follow Sapiro Next Week as Witness

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Mar. 24.—Fifty-six changes, of which 54 are eliminations and two changes in phraseology, in the complaint of Aaron Sapiro against Ford, were announced by William Henry Gallagher, Sapiro's counsel. This step was taken in accordance with a suggestion to that effect by Judge Raymond. Gallagher explained that the amending was of such a nature that the Ford counsel will be compelled to face the Jewish issue which they have studiously sought to avoid.

Defense counsel insisted upon adjournment until Monday to permit them to "study an entirely new case." The court was reluctant, however, and declared a recess until 2 o'clock this afternoon to permit a preliminary examination of the eleven typewritten pages of the amended declaration.

"Amending the complaint sharpens the focus on the Jewish issue and makes it so specific counsel for Henry Ford must answer it just as specifically," said William Henry Gallagher, chief of Sapiro's counsel, today. "By cutting out instances which, while violent and unpardonable slanders in themselves, are comparatively trivial to the chief issues, we have strengthened our effort to make the Jewish issue the chief factor in this case."

Although fifty-four instances are eliminated from the complaint, most of them are only phrases or extracts from the Independent, which did not contain Sapiro's name. Many of these are repetitions of other alleged libels.

"Those instances which are solely

slander on the Jewish race, such as 'the Jewish organization,' 'the Jewish movement on American agriculture,' 'the Jewish promoters' and 'Oriental financiers,' and not directly connected with Mr. Sapiro, were those we particularly cut out," said Judge Marx. "Don't think we're dropping our attempt to get the 'Jewish issue' in this suit."

Henry Ford, it is understood, will not take the stand until next Friday, or possibly, the following Monday. The decision of William Henry Gallagher, attorney for Mr. Sapiro, to place his client on the stand ahead of the man whom he is fighting, is responsible for this postponement of what is likely to be the high-interest mark for the trial.

The present witness, William J. Cameron, editor of Ford's "Dearborn Independent," will probably be on the stand the rest of this week. It is entirely possible that Mr. Cameron may continue on the stand until Monday, when Fred L. Black, the business manager of the "Independent," will be called.

Detroit, Mar. 25.—In the course of the questioning of William J. Cameron, editor of the "Dearborn Independent,"

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## FRITSCH THREATENS LIBEL SUIT AGAINST FORD'S GERMAN REPRESENTATIVES FOR CONTENTION THAT FORD IS NOT AN ANTI-SEMITE

### Accuracy of German Translation by Theodor Fritsch of Henry Ford's "International Jew" Is Crux of Dispute

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 24.—While Henry Ford is being sued in Detroit for libel in his anti-Semitic publication and in his "International Jew," the German agency of the Ford Motor Company will be sued for libel for an assertion that Henry Ford is not an anti-Semite and that his reputation as such is based on an erroneous translation of his book into German.

The suit was threatened today by Theodor Fritsch, the notorious leader of the German anti-Semites, in a statement he published in the nationalist press. Herr Fritsch repudiates the contention of the German agency of the Ford Motor Company to the effect that the reputation of Henry Ford as an anti-Semite originated with Theodor Fritsch's inaccurate and tendentious

## ENGLISH JEW INVENTS SCHECHITA DEVICE TO PREVENT ANIMALS' SUFFERING

### British Society and Press Endorse Invention

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 24.—A "casting machine" which would eliminate the suffering of animals slaughtered by the Jewish method of shechita was demonstrated before the British Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. The invention was endorsed by the Society and the press comments favorably upon it.

Harris Weinberg of Leeds is the inventor of the machine. Following a demonstration, Taylor Paddison, humane slaughtering advisor to the Society, expressed his thanks to Weinberg. He is satisfied, he said, that by the use of this machine animals are saved from suffering.

Frederick Hebdady, the King's veterinary surgeon, in speaking before the society expressed the hope that Jewish abattoirs will install this machine.

"The 'Jewish World' states that the use of this machine be made compulsory in the kosher slaughtering houses.

Vienna, Mar. 24.—Dr. Melkus, president of the Vienna Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, issued a statement today in which he denies that the decision taken by the Society several days ago asking for enactment of shechita prohibition is due to anti-Semitism. This is proven by the fact that our Jewish members are supporting this decision, he said.

It was declared today that the Jewish communal board of Vienna will take steps to counteract the anti-shechita propaganda.

## WARSAW KEHILLAH TO INTRODUCE MEDICAL EXAMINATION FOR MOHELEM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 24.—Medical examinations for Mohelim will be introduced by a decision of the executive of the Warsaw Kehillah, according to a project now under discussion.

The proposal was introduced as a result of a number of deaths and sickness due to unsuccessful circumcision operations.

According to the Kehillah's plan, the Mohelim are to be examined by surgeons before they will be admitted to practice. It is also planned to introduce a classification of professional Mohelim and amateurs. The parents are to be asked to apply to the rabbinates for a Mohel.

translation of Ford's book "The International Jew." Mr. Fritsch also declared that it is untrue that he begged Ford for permission to translate the book. Actually Ford consented without a question.

The translator also contends in his statement that his translation is absolutely true to the original. He further declares he will start legal proceedings against the German agency unless it will prove within six weeks by publication of parallel texts of the original and translation, that the translation was tendentious.

The claim that Henry Ford's reputation of anti-Semitism is erroneous and is traceable to his German translator,

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### CHERSON JEWISH REGION COLONIES CELEBRATE AS CONFERENCE OPENS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Cherson, Mar. 24.—Sadah Menucha, the oldest Jewish colony in the Cherson district and the principal city of the proposed Jewish region, was the scene today of a Jewish farmers' parade and festival on the occasion of the opening of the Cherson Jewish Soviet district executive conference.

Thousands of adults and children came to Sadah Menucha from the old and new settlements in the district. They paraded in the streets carrying banners and singing songs.

The number of delegates was so great that the Volksbans could not hold them and the opening session of the conference was held outdoors. Forty speakers greeted the conference, including representatives of the Ukrainian Work Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party, the government social, cultural and professional organizations. The government representatives denounced anti-Semitism in their addresses. A great impression was made by the speakers from the old colonies who described the lives of the farmers.

### POLISH GOVERNMENT WILL NOT SANCTION JEWISH LAND SETTLING SOCIETY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 24.—The Polish government will not legalize the Tor, the society for settling Jews on the land in Poland, according to a statement made by the Polish Ministry of Agriculture.

In explaining the attitude of the Ministry, Minister Niczabytowski stated that it is motivated by the obvious lack of free soil for Jewish colonies. The transference of city people, particularly Jews, to villages is likely to cause unpleasant incidents, he said.

### POLISH JEWISH LEADERS DENY STATEMENTS ATTRIBUTED TO THEM IN "MENORAH JOURNAL" ARTICLE

#### Protest Against Attack on J. D. C. Work in Poland

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 24.—A protest against the attack on the work of the Joint Distribution Committee in Poland, contained in an article in the "Menorah Journal," by Louis Fischer, is published today in the Yiddish daily "Der Hajnt." The newspaper expresses doubt of the authenticity of the statements of leading Jewish personalities in Poland quoted by Mr. Fischer in his article. The purpose of the article is to alienate the Joint Distribution Committee from its activity in Poland so that it will devote its full strength to Russia, the paper charges.

The correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency learned today that Dr. Schor, Dr. Klumel, Senators Szeszowski and Truskiel and Deputies Wielicki, Hartglass and Rosmarin have called today to the Joint Distribution Committee in New York denying the statements attributed to them in Mr. Fischer's article. They ask that the Joint Distribution Committee continue its relief work for Polish Jewry. Many Jewish institutions here have also joined in sending protest cables to the Joint Distribution Committee against Mr. Fischer's article.

### SAMUEL C. LAMPORT SAILS FOR PALESTINE TODAY

Samuel C. Lamport, philanthropist and prominent Jewish communal worker, is sailing today on the Olympic for Palestine on a special mission.

Mr. Lamport has been asked to examine the situation of the American Zion Commonwealth in Palestine at the request of Samuel J. Rosensohn, chairman of the Finance Committee established by the Zionist Organization to effect the reorganization of the Zion Commonwealth.

At the request of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, Mr. Lamport will look into the unemployment situation in Palestine, and study measures to be adopted for its relief.

Mr. Lamport also represents the National and American Cotton Manufacturers' Association, in whose interests he will act in the various countries he will visit.

From Jerusalem, Mr. Lamport intends to proceed to Constantinople and the Balkan countries, including Roumania.

Mr. Lamport has taken an intensive interest in the United Palestine Appeal. He is a member of the Businessmen's Council which was created to assist the United Palestine Appeal. He played an important role in bringing about peace between the Zionists and non-Zionists.

Mr. Lamport has previously visited Palestine, on the occasion of the opening of the Hebrew University, when he represented Brown University and the College of the City of New York.

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### DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

#### Replies to Critics of "Jewish Issue" in Ford-Sapiro Case

The contention put forth by some that the Jews should not identify themselves with Sapiro in his libel suit against Henry Ford is viewed as illogical and unjustified by S. Rosenfeld, who writes in the "Day" of March 23rd. Mr. Rosenfeld particularly takes exception to the assertion made in a previous issue of the same paper by S. Niger, that in the past the Jews always avoided disputes with Gentiles because they realized that it was not a matter of facts and proofs but of animosity and distrust.

The reason why Jews in the past avoided disputes with Gentiles, Mr. Rosenfeld points out, is that "the conditions of the disputes were impossible, even murderous. While the Christian side was allowed to say whatever it pleased about Judaism, the Jewish side was not allowed to criticize Christianity. And frequently the disputes ended with physical violence against the Jews.

"But so long," we read further, "as the disputes were conducted honestly, with fairness to all, the Jews did not avoid them. Certainly they did not avoid disputes in cases where it was a matter of disproving libels and false accusations, cases where the Jewish honor was involved! If the Jews acted differently in the past, there can be no doubt that today and with such charges as are made they would undertake such a 'dispute' with all the readiness and determination of those who know that they are right, just as the Jews in Europe, whom Mr. Niger cites, have not failed in any of the hundreds of pogroms (in the years 1905-6) to start proceedings against the pogromists, though it was known with certainty that the pogromists would not be punished, that pogroms would not cease and that anti-Semitism would not be eradicated from Russia. Because it was realized that the very creation of an opportunity for the Jews to publicly voice their protest against the outrages was in itself worth the effort. Thus in the present case it is worth the effort to erect a tribune from which to denounce the shameless libels and libelers, even if anti-Semitism should not be stamped out in America and the American people should not be convinced of the lie of the 'Jewish conspiracy'.

An impression of Sapiro's first appearance in action as his own counsel in the Detroit court on Wednesday and the reaction of the jury on the occasion is contained in the "World's" report from its staff correspondent, Dudley Nichols, who writes ("World", Mar. 24):

"The twelve in the jury box sized

## DR. CHAIM WEIZMANN AND LOUIS LIPSKY SAIL TODAY FOR LONDON

### World Zionist Leader Satisfied With Progress Made Toward an All-Jewish Union for Palestine

Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, is sailing tonight on the steamer Olympic following a stay of five months in this country.

Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, is leaving on the same steamer to attend the plenary meeting of the Executive of the World Zionist Organization which will take place in London on April 6.

The Palestine representatives of the Zionist Executive, Mr. Sprinzak, labor leader, and M. Dizengoff, and Dr. Arthur Hantke, German member of the Executive, are expected to arrive in London to attend the meeting. It is also possible that the General Council, the so-called Actions Committee of the Zionist Organization, will be called at an early date.

Mr. Lipsky will return to the United States in May, prior to the annual convention of the Zionist Organization of America.

It is understood the emergency in Palestine arising out of the economic depression will be considered by the Executive.

In his farewell message to American Jews, Dr. Weizmann stated: "I am leaving America this time with the conviction that a most important milestone has been passed in the progress of our cause towards complete realization. In the course of my present visit, I have been laboring in two important fields: first, in obtaining, in cooperation with my colleagues of the United Palestine Appeal, the necessary means to keep going our work in Palestine, and to enable the land to tide over its present economic difficulties. This has been a work that brooked of no delay and no relaxation. Our hard won positions in Palestine must be maintained and extended and the losses occasioned by an economic depression, an incident from which no country on earth is immune, must be repaired speedily and effectively.

"I have also labored with a view not only to the immediate present, but to the future that lies at our doors and demands a large expansion of our work, that will measure up both to the opportunities at hand and to the great need that presses upon us of providing a stable economic basis in Palestine for as many thousands of our people as the land can possibly absorb. In this second field of my endeavor I believe a great step forward has been made. I believe we are on the threshold of important events. It is natural for those who have little familiarity with object-

ive facts and circumstances to be impatient or critical or skeptical. There are those who want to build Palestine in a day. There are also those who think that fixed views and prejudices can be modified or removed in a day. But I am satisfied that we have made progress and with patience, hard work and good will, an effective union of all Jewry for Palestine will be brought about, a union not only in name or intention, but in deed and achievement.

"Such a union in the form of an all-Jewish Agency for Palestine is moving forward steadily and surely to the status of accomplished fact. It is not because the Zionists are tired or expect others to lift the burden they now carry for their shoulders. They will continue to carry it. We merely want the other sections of Jewry to take up their share of the burden for Palestine for the sake of a Palestine more speedily rebuilt and resting on broader and more secure foundations.

"We begin by taking stock of what has been accomplished. Palestine more perhaps than any other country in the world is open to the inspection of all who care to observe. Jewish work in Palestine is an open book in which all may read. There it stands with all its accomplishments and shortcomings. The Zionist Organization has never sought to hide these shortcomings, and if the general verdict has been that good work has been done, it is because the evidence in all its forms, agricultural settlements, suburbs and towns, schools, health institutions and the University, have been incontrovertible. We desire, however, the verdict not merely of the average observer, not even of the casual trained observer, but the verdict of the best body of observers that can be assembled and brought into the land to study, scrutinize, and report. The proposal to send such a Commission to Palestine is a Zionist proposal. No time will be lost in setting this Commission to its task. The personnel of the Commission is to be of a character that will command universal respect and acceptance of its findings. It will examine the work accomplished, it will also prepare plans and projects to guide us for the future. Upon the foundation of the report of this Commission will arise that cooperation of all Jews for which it has been my task to labor persistently and unremittingly and, as the great leader of American Jewry, Mr. Louis Marshall has expressed it, Palestine will become the affair of the entire Jewish people.

"In the meantime, we must not lose sight of the urgent problems of the immediate present. I cannot leave these shores without a last word of hearty appreciation for the never flagging devotion and effectiveness which the Zionists of America, the rank and file as well as the leadership, are laboring to meet the great problems that have arisen. Let them never cease in this de-

## SIR CHARLES WALSTON, NOTED ANGLO-JEWISH SCHOLAR, DIES AT 71

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Mar. 23.—Sir Charles Walston, Jewish scholar, died yesterday while on a cruise in the Mediterranean. He was 71 years old. Sir Charles was professor of archaeology at Cambridge University since 1894. He was for several years director of the American Archaeological School at Athens.

Born in New York City, March 30, 1856, the son of the late Henry Waldstein, he was educated at Columbia University. His family emigrated from Austria and went to America. At the end of the war Sir Charles changed his name from Waldstein to Walston, having refused to do so previously. He was knighted in 1912.

Sir Charles held many foreign orders and doctorates, among them the honorary degree of Litt.D. from the University of Dublin. He was a Knight Commander of the Greek Order of the Redeemer, Member of the Committee of Advice on Art to the Board of Education, Vice-President of the Hellenic Society and member of the Council of British Archaeological School in Rome and Athens. He was a vice-President of the English speaking Union.

Among his works are: "The Jewish Question and the Mission of the Jews", "Wilsonism and Anti-Wilsonism", "The Expansion of Western Ideals and the World's Peace", and of a great number of works on archaeology and the fine arts.

The London "Times" in an obituary of the late scholar states that only last week the "Times" Literary Supplement reviewed his most important contribution to art and archaeology, his new book "Alcemenes". "As an archaeologist, he was a brilliant, stimulating teacher. He did much to encourage the study of ancient sculpture and was once concerned with a plan to establish a great international news agency with a capital of one million pounds for the insurance of truth in the transmission of international news. He proposed that he would head a moral department," the "Times" says.

tion, utilizing the instrumentality of the United Palestine Appeal and other instruments for the solution of these problems. I take my leave of them inspired with the hope that they will make possible the speedy solution of the present emergency and that a new chapter of Jewish achievement in Palestine is about to be written."

A cable to the "Jewish Morning Journal" quotes a report from the London "Jewish World" to the effect that Dr. Weizmann intends to make his headquarters in the United States.

Commenting on this report the Anglo-Jewish weekly states that if Dr. Weizmann settles in the United States, Zionism will become an "American affair."

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him (Sapiro) up curiously as he read. Clearly he made a favorable impression, though it is only by an effort of will that a spectator avoids reading dim prejudice into some countenances. This, remember, is pretty much a cross-out of mid-America. The half dozen women regarded him intently."

### AGRONSKY TO REPRESENT ZIONIST ORGANIZATION AT PAN-PACIFIC CONFERENCE

Gershon Agronsky, director of the Bureau of Public Information of the Zionist Executive at Jerusalem and former New York newspaperman will represent the World Zionist Organization at the Pan-Pacific Conference on Education and Reclamation which will be held at Honolulu during the week of April 11th, the Zionist Organization of America announces.

Mr. Agronsky will speak on the reclamation activities in Palestine, in response to an invitation from Secretary Hubert Work of the U. S. Department of the Interior, under whose auspices the Pan-Pacific Conference will be held.

### Jewish Issue Sharpened, Gallagher, Sapiro Counsel, States

(Continued from Page 1)

on the third day running, Wednesday, Sapiro's counsel, Gallagher, made what was understood to be an effort to bring out reference to a statement by Ford regarded as hedging on the part of Ford on his anti-Jewish articles. That statement as disclosed by files of "Farm and Fireside" was uttered by Ford in an interview with Andrew S. Wing, of that periodical, who reported of Mr. Ford (February, 1926 number of "Farm and Fireside"):

"Sometimes he goes too far. He told me that some of the articles about the Jews and cooperation in the 'Dearborn Independent' had been too severe."

Evidently this was what Gallagher was aiming at when he began to question Cameron about Andrew S. Wing and Farm and Fireside. He was kept from his purpose by the Ford counsel shouting every moment, "We object."

Now Gallagher will hold this weapon against the coming of Henry Ford himself to the witness stand, maybe next Monday.

### Fritsch Threatens Libel Suit Against Ford's German Representatives

(Continued from Page 1)

Theodor Fritsch, was made by the German agency of the Ford Motor Company in a letter to the "C. V. Zeitung," the organ of the Central Verein Deutschen Buerger des Juedischen Glaubens.

The "C. V. Zeitung" refused to publish an advertisement of the German agency of the Ford Motor Company. The agency then wrote to the publication explaining that Ford's reputation as an anti-Semite is traceable "to the falsified translation by Theodor Fritsch of Ford's book." Ford's representatives have begun legal steps to prevent the further publication of the translation and to demand indemnity. The letter further states that the head of the Ford Motor Company, E. G. Liebold, is a Jew and the Ford plant employs 2,400 Jews.

### SCHWARTZBAR CONFRONTED WITH UKRAINIAN WITNESSES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Mar. 24.—Sholom Schwartzbard was confronted with three witnesses of the accusation in the court of Magistrate Peyre yesterday. M. Torres, Schwartzbard's counsel, was present.

The witnesses were Schapoval, Dubkowski and Wolodin. Schapoval asserted that one day before Petlura was killed, Schwartzbard went with Wolodin, to the restaurant where Petlura and his family dined. He claims that Schwartzbard's visit to the restaurant was for the observations in preparation of his plan.

Schapoval also claimed that Wolodin wrote to Petlura asking him for an appointment, probably because he was an accomplice of Schwartzbard. Schapoval stated that Wolodin was formerly a captain of a regiment in the Soviet army. Wolodin denied the charges.

Dubkowski, who is a Jew, affirmed Schapoval's testimony. Schwartzbard denied the allegations.

In a press interview M. Torres stated today that the Petlura counsel is apparently calling new witnesses for the purpose of prolonging the examination and delaying the trial. The trial, however, will begin not later than June, otherwise he will proceed against these tactics, he declared.

### JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

Budgetary grants for 1927 totaling \$4,384,525 were announced by the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies at a meeting of the business men's council at the Hotel Pennsylvania Tuesday. Ninety-one constituent agencies will participate in the grants.

The budget received the final approval by Sol M. Stroock, president of the federation, and the trustees, on Monday night. Prepared by the distribution committee, whose chairman is Dr. Harry G. Friedman, the budget places the gross requirements of the ninety-one institutions for the current year at \$8,550,377. The federation allowance represents more than 50 per cent of this gross, the balance coming from state grants, legacies, trust funds and other sources.

The largest budgetary award, \$667,309, went to the Jewish Social Service Association, formerly known as the United Hebrew Charities.

### BREVITIES

Plans for establishing a \$5,000,000 national cancer centre, the largest in the world, at West End Avenue and 72nd Street, were announced by the New York Cancer Association through Sanders A. Wertheim, President.

The association has acquired the twenty-seven-story hospital-hotel building, known as Hudson Towers, from Henry Lanzner and Isaac Baer at actual cost of construction, \$3,500,000, Mr. Wertheim said. From the 100 or more men interested in its work, the association expects to raise \$2,000,000. It will be a public campaign for additional funds needed.

The building is now practically completed, making it possible for the Cancer Centre to begin operation within a short time. It will include a hospital of 400 beds, a clinic capable of caring for 500 patients daily, research laboratories and a department devoted to public education in cancer prevention and treatment.

### ATLANTA, GA., RAISES \$15,000 TOWARD UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL QUOTA OF \$40,000

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Atlanta, Ga., Mar. 24.—The sum of \$15,000 toward Atlanta's quota of \$40,000 in the United Palestine Appeal was raised last night at a mass meeting opening the campaign here.

Sir Wyndham Deedes and Mrs. Archibald Silverman were the principal speakers at the meeting. The campaign will last ten days.

Among the larger contributors were Messrs. Paradies and Rich, \$500; Hyman Jacobs, Excelento Medicine Company, Stein & Company, \$500 each; American Laundry Company, \$400; J. Saul, \$250; J. Heiman, \$250; M. Eisenberg, \$250; Harold Hirsch, \$250.

The chairman of the campaign is I. J. Paradies. Last year Atlanta raised \$10,000 as its quota in the United Palestine Appeal.

Pensacola, Fla., Mar. 24.—A banquet opening the United Palestine Appeal here was held Tuesday night at which Sir Wyndham Deedes and Mrs. Archibald Silverman were the principal speakers.

Seventeen hundred dollars toward Pensacola's quota of \$2,500 were raised at the banquet. The campaign will last three days. Rabbi Beryl D. Cohen is chairman of the campaign.

Leaving \$30,000 in specific bequests to New York charities, the will of Aaron Bachrach of New York, who died Jan. 29, gives the residuary estate to the United Hebrew Charities to fund the Aaron Bachrach Fund. The will, filed for probate, leaves \$3,000 legacies to the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, Mount Sinai Hospital, Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, Montefiore Hospital for Chronic Diseases, St. Luke's Hospital and the Lenox Hill Hospital.

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