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## BARRING JEWISH ISSUE FROM FORD-SAPIRO TRIAL, SENATOR REED PROMISES TO PROVE CHARGES AGAINST SAPIRO

Ford Never Saw Articles Attacking Jews Published in His "Dearborn Independent" His Chief Counsel Tells Jury in Detroit Court; Asserts Sapiro Described Himself as Moses Leading the Farmers Out of the Wilderness of Bankruptcy

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Mar. 18.—Henry Ford has never read the articles which are the basis of the \$1,000,000 libel suit being brought against him by Aaron Sapiro, Senator James A. Reed, Chief of the defense counsel, declared in his opening address to the jury.

This fact, coupled with Senator Reed's evident intention of keeping out of the testimony every reference to the Jewish race, indicates that Ford will not be on the witness stand for more than a minute or two when he is called upon to testify next Monday. Spectators at the trial were of the opinion that Ford will be of little use as a witness since he cannot express himself on the Jewish race and knows nothing about Sapiro or his activities.

Reed reached further into the contents of the alleged libelous articles and told the jury that Aaron Sapiro had assured tobacco producers in North Carolina that he could get "all the money he wanted" from the war financiers, headed by Eugene Meyer, Jr., one of the several prominent men mentioned in the articles. Speaking at a meeting of tobacco growers in Washington, North Carolina, Sapiro quoted Meyer to the effect that he would back cooperative marketing "to the last ditch," Senator Reed told the jury.

Senator Reed further confined the already narrow limits of the case by saying, "This is not the case of the

Hebrew race against Ford and the Dearborn Publishing Company, nor the case of the Farmers' Cooperative Association against Henry Ford and the Dearborn Publishing Company, but simply the case of Aaron Sapiro against the two defendants I have just named."

Referring to Henry Ford's knowledge of the case, Senator Reed said, "I think the evidence will show that Henry Ford never saw these charges and never read them to this blessed hour. He is president of the Dearborn Publishing Company, it is true, but it is a corporation. That corporation printed these charges, and there will be no dispute at all about their having been published as alleged in the declaration. You will observe that the thing narrows down to the question whether this man was injured by

(Continued on Page 4)

## MASS. GOVERNOR AUTHORIZES BOSTON HEBREW TEACHERS COLLEGE TO CONFER DEGREES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Boston, Mass., Mar. 18.—Governor Fuller of Massachusetts has signed a bill authorizing the Hebrew Teachers College of Boston to grant the degrees of Bachelor, Master and Doctor of Hebrew Literature, Hebrew Laws and Jewish Education. The petition for the bill was signed by Louis Hurwich, superintendent of the Bureau of Jewish Education of Boston.

The Hebrew College was opened in 1921 with thirteen students. The present attendance is 157. Dr. Samuel Perlman of Palestine is the present Dean of the College, having succeeded Dr. Nissan Touroff. The budget of \$30,000 a year is supplied through the Bureau of Jewish Education with funds obtained from the Federated Jewish Charities.

Admission is open to graduates of the four-year Hebrew High School course. All subjects are taught in Hebrew. To receive a degree students must also complete at least two years at a secular college.

On the Board of Trustees are Judge Abraham K. Cohen, Dr. Maurice B. Hexter, Abraham S. Hirschberg, Louis Hurwich, Professor Nathan Isaacs, (Continued on Page 3)

## HIAS LAUNCHES \$500,000 CAMPAIGN TO SETTLE JEWISH EMIGRANTS IN COUNTRIES OTHER THAN U. S.

South Africa, Australia and South American Countries Open to Immigrants Provided They Are Prepared; John L. Bernstein, Campaign Chairman, Appeals to National Bodies to Raise Fund

The campaign of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America to raise \$500,000 was launched yesterday. The fund sought is to help Jewish refugees from Eastern and Central Europe to settle in countries other than the United States.

The fund is to finance a series of immigrant-aid activities of the Hias in conjunction with the Jewish Colonization Association, of Paris, and the United Jewish Emigration Societies of Europe, known as Emigdirekt.

The work is to be done in Europe and in the lands of immigration, according to a program agreed upon by the three organizations which have united for the purpose under the name of "Hias-Ica-Emigdirekt" with headquarters in Paris and Berlin. In various parts of Europe, and especially in the countries from which Jewish emigration is largest, such as Poland, Lithuania, Roumania, Bessarabia, Latvia, Constantinople and Harbin, immigrant-aid offices will be established at which advice will be given as to the countries where Jewish emigration is acceptable, and under what conditions;

training in the language of those countries and in some trade or vocation adapted to its economic needs. In the lands of immigration, and particularly in the Republic of South America, including Brazil, Argentine, Paraguay, Uruguay and Peru, shelter-houses will be established to receive the Jewish newcomers on their arrival. Employment bureaus, work-shops and trade schools, as well as language and citizenship courses will be given and loans to advance credits to the immigrants in all forms.

All of the facilities of the Emigdirekt in Europe, and all of the facilities of Ica in South America will be available for the Jews who otherwise would find their way into these countries without knowledge of the conditions confronting them, and with no preparation for successful establishment there.

John L. Bernstein, who was for many years president of Hias, is campaign chairman. The campaign committee consists of Jacob H. Cohen, E. W. Lewin-Epstein, Alexander Kahn, (Continued on Page 3)

## COMPULSORY SUNDAY REST DESTROYS JEWISH TRADE IN LITHUANIA, FACTS SHOW

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Mar. 18.—The effects of the compulsory Sunday rest law on business conditions in Lithuania were depicted in a statement issued here by the Chamber of Commerce.

The number of business houses which applied for government licenses for 1927 was 3,000 less than the number of applications received in 1926. The houses which applied this year have smaller capital than those of 1926. This shows the breakdown in Jewish business life in Lithuania.

The Chamber asks the government to abolish the Sunday rest law, the observance of which compels the Jewish business men to keep their stores closed two days a week, resulting in the destruction of Jewish trade.

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# **POLISH GOVERNMENT DOES NOT ENCOURAGE JEWISH BACK-TO-LAND MOVEMENT**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Mar. 18.—Little encouragement for a Jewish back-to-the-land movement in the Republic of Poland is given by the Polish Minister of Agriculture, Niezabytowski.

In a communication addressed to the Polish Jewish daily, "Nasz Przegląd", Mr. Niezabytowski states that the government has no data available of the number of Jews in Poland engaged in agriculture. However, with regard to the problem of settling the Jews on the land, the Minister states that he must point to the fact that the scarcity of work already prevails among the village population and leads to the emigration of agriculturists. The government cannot, therefore, support an artificial transfer of town population to agriculture. Nevertheless, the Polish government places no obstacles in the way of a natural process of individuals proceeding to work on the land, he said.

# **JEWES HAVE GREATEST NUMBER DISFRANCHISED VOTERS IN RUSSIA**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Mar. 18.—An unusually large percentage of Jewish voters were disfranchised as a result of the last Soviet election ordinance.

The figures show that the average number of Jews disfranchised during the last elections amounted to 28 per cent of the total Jewish voters. In the towns the number was even higher, amounting to 40 per cent.

Among the Ukrainian population, the number disfranchised in the towns was only 2.5 per cent and among the Russian population only 0.5 per cent.

**GERMAN JEWS EULOGIZE**

# **DR. PAUL NATHAN, LATE LEADER; BURIAL SUNDAY**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 18.—Funeral services for Dr. Paul Nathan, late German Jewish leader, will be held here on Sunday. Internment will be at the Weissensee cemetery.

The death of the late leader was mourned in statements issued by various Jewish organizations. The Central Verein Deutschen Burger des Juedischen Glaubens paid tribute to Dr. Nathan. In the eulogy he is described as a great personage, an heroic figure and champion for the cause of Jewish honor.

In a tribute issued by the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden, Dr. Nathan is characterized as "our founder who gave his entire life to assisting the Eastern Jewries which were politically and economically oppressed. He worked tirelessly to aid the emigrants. He established the school system in Palestine, worked on behalf of the Jewish minorities and intervened many times successfully in behalf of Jewish groups during the war period."

# **RUSSIAN PRINCE TRIES TO INCITE RIOTS AGAINST JEWS ON EAST SIDE**

Prince Michael Obolensky, a Russian nobleman, attempted to celebrate St. Patrick's Day by causing a riot against Jews on the East Side.

The prince appeared on 14th Street and Avenue A and, before a Russian crowd in the street, he delivered a pogrom-inciting speech. This caused the protest of Jewish passersby who heard him. Obolensky was arrested.

He was brought before Magistrate Tolleris of Essex Market Court where he was ordered to repeat his address. In it he declared, "If I could, I would kill all the Jews."

Obolensky was held without bail pending an investigation by the immigration authorities. He stated that he came to the United States in August, 1926 and was married to Katherine Trask of East Orange, N. J., from whom he is now separated. He is employed in a powder puff factory at \$20 a week.

# **ROCKEFELLER GIVES \$5,000 TO BROOKLYN FEDERATION**

John D. Rockefeller, jr., has contributed \$5,000 to the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities which is conducting its drive for \$25,000,000, it was announced Thursday night at a dinner at the Hotel Astor given by Frederick Brown and G. Richard Davis to about seventy-five real estate operators of Brooklyn.

Ralph Jonas, president of the Brooklyn Chamber of Commerce, who contributed \$50,000, announced that \$365,000 has already been pledged by members of his division. Mr. Brown gave \$25,000.

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# **DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS**

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

# **Criticizes Jewish Attitude on Sapiro-Ford Case**

The opinion that the Jews should not insist on stressing the Jewish issue in the Sapiro-Ford suit and regret at the fact that the case ever arose are voiced in the "Day" by S. Niger, who fears that the only element to profit from the trial, no matter what the outcome, will be the anti-Semites.

"We Jews gain nothing," Mr. Niver says, "from the fact that the American press tells its millions of readers daily that there is such a publication as the 'Dearborn Independent' and that it made charges about some kind of 'Jewish conspiracy', 'international Jewish bankers', 'a Jewish band exploiting the farmers', etc. But the dark forces behind Mr. Ford's agitation will be pleased at the unexpected publicity given to the 'Dearborn Independent' by Aaron Sapiro and his attorneys."

The suspicions aroused by Ford's charges cannot be eradicated by any array of facts and proofs, Mr. Niger contends, pointing to past experience of the Jews in the matter of anti-Semitic charges and libels. Hence now that the trial has come up, the Jews should not insist that there is a Jewish issue in the case, he argues, observing further:

"Comparison is made between the Ford case and the Beilis trial and the Dreyfus affair. It is forgotten that in those instances the Jews did not take the initiative. The Jews throughout their history always sought to avoid controversies with Gentiles. That was not because the Jews lacked 'proofs'. Logical and theological proofs were not lacking. But a healthy historical sense told us that it was not a matter of logic, nor of theology, nor of facts. If there is a feeling of suspicion, distrust and enmity, it is better to let it be, not to provoke it.

"Perhaps formerly we were too timid in our attitude to Gentiles. Today we are freer and bolder. When necessary we come out with plain speech. But it remains yet to be proven that there was really a great danger in the utterances of the automobile manufacturer's sheet and that it was necessary to make a fuss about it."

Comment on the Sapiro-Ford trial is made by Tracy, columnist for the N. Y. "Telegram" and the other Scripps-Howard publications. Mr. Tracy remarks:

"It would be better for everyone concerned if the Jewish issue could be eliminated from the Sapiro-Ford libel case.

"It would be better still if this issue could be eliminated from the life and work of Henry Ford.

"It is an issue that should never have

# RELIGIOUS STRIKERS' GRIEVANCE DISPUTED

A statement on Wednesday that Jewish patients at the Metropolitan Hospital on Welfare Island had gone on a religious "strike" because of alleged infringement of their rights of worship in the synagogue there was disputed both by the Department of Public Welfare and the New York section of the National Council of Jewish Women.

The report, at the time confirmed at Welfare Island, was that certain patients had protested against the synagogue proper being opened only one day a week, religious services on the other days being held in the social room of the same building. It was said that Jacob Greenfield, the rabbi of the group, had resigned.

Dr. Walter H. Conley, in charge of the Welfare offices in the absence of Commissioner Coler, said the action of the strikers was due to an attempt of the rabbi to retain his position. He said the New York section had recently opened the synagogue and that while the city pays a portion of the salary of the minister the section pays the larger percentage and therefore has the right to dispose of the rabbi when it sees fit.

The New York section, through its President, Mrs. Edward Josephy, said that Dr. Greenfield had been asked to resign, effective March 15, but that he had been allowed to remain until April 1. Dr. Greenfield declared that he had tried to resign long before the strike had started. He added that he began his two weeks' vacation yesterday, at the end of which the resignation would go into effect. The patients were still striking, he said.

## Boston Hebrew Teachers' College Is Authorized to Confer Degrees

(Continued from Page 1)

Albert W. Kaffenburgh, Louis E. Kirstein, Judge David A. Lourie, Dr. Leon S. Medalia, Morris Morse, Nathan Pianski, Prof. Milton J. Rosenau, Myer J. Sawyer, Max Shoolman, Dr. Nissim Touroff, and Prof. Harry A. Wolfson.

been raised, especially in an age and country like ours.

"It makes for irritation without benefit.

"By and large, the Jews have played a most constructive part in the development of this republic.

"By and large they have played a most constructive part in the development of all modern nations, even though they suffered all kinds of humiliation while doing so.

"If their temperament is peculiar, and if they have enjoyed success in particular lines of endeavor, it is mainly attributable to the injustice with which their progenitors have been treated by a Christian world for more than 1,500 years.

"No people on earth deserve greater praise for the heroic manner in which they have 'muddled through'."

# \$500,000 CAMPAIGN OF HIAS LAUNCHED TO SETTLE EMIGRANTS IN VARIOUS LANDS

(Continued from Page 1)

Leon Kamaiky and Albert Rosenblatt, vice-chairmen, and Harry Fischel, treasurer. Headquarters have been opened at the Hias Building, 425 Lafayette Street, New York.

In a statement opening the campaign, Mr. Bernstein said:

"The restriction of immigration to the United States has not ended the problem of Jewish emigration. It has only rendered it more acute, more difficult of solution. Because thousands and thousands of Jews are under the necessity of leaving their homes in Poland, in Roumania, in Russia, Lithuania, Latvia, and Hungary, they are making a desperate effort to establish themselves in other lands by the sweat of their brows. Bewildered by the terrible circumstances which force them to go, some of them, unless prevented, will go wherever they may be persuaded to go by steamship company agents, who are concerned merely with selling tickets. Many turn to us for advice. This they have every right to do, because Hias, the Jewish Colonization Association and the Emigdirekt are the outstanding organizations in the field of immigration. The advice and assistance we give them must be of a character that will reasonably assure them of safe and successful settlement in countries where they will be welcomed and where they will find peace and the opportunity to live.

"South Africa and Australia are available for Jewish immigration, provided the applicant for a visa can pass an English-language test, and knows some trade adapted to those countries. To an even larger extent, and under easier preliminary conditions, the Republics of South America are open to Jewish immigration. But before going there the Jewish immigrants must be taught the language and a trade.

"In the South American Republics, especially in Argentine, the Ica has been established for many years. In Uruguay to which more than a thousand Jews went last year, Emigdirekt has already established headquarters at Montevideo and Paysandz and has already aided most of them substantially. Leading statesmen of that country have expressed themselves enthusiastically about the newcomers and in welcome of the large numbers who are expected to come. The Governments of Paraguay and Peru both sent official communications to the Hias national meeting, welcoming Jewish immigration. Representatives of the united organizations are already functioning also, in Chile and Brazil.

"We appeal to the Jews of America to cooperate with Hias, its representative in the field of emigration and immigration, to give this campaign their fullest, their most generous support.

"We ask every Jew to make a personal contribution, to send his check immediately to our treasurer, Harry Fischel, at 425 Lafayette Street, New York. There is no time for the organization of elaborate campaign machinery, such as we have become ac-

# JEWISH STUDENT IS TRIED FOR SHOT IN SELF-DEFENSE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Bucharest, Mar. 1.—The trial of a Jewish student, Isaac Lespesiantu, took place before the Correctional Tribunal here. Lespesiantu was tried for having fired a revolver into the air to frighten off Cuzist students who attacked him.

Lespesiantu told the court that the students followed him out of a theatre he had attended and threatened to give him a beating. For some years past, he said, anti-Semitic students had been persecuting him and had threatened several times to kill him. On one occasion he had saved himself by taking refuge in the house of Col. Bolintianu, who defended him. He bought the revolver because he felt that he was in constant danger.

The counsel for the defense, Advocate Balacianu, complained that he had not been allowed to see his client before the trial in order to prepare his defense. The case, he said, could not be tried apart from the whole question of the students' movement in Roumania. There was a campaign against the Jewish students and Lespesiantu, who was affected by this campaign, had used his revolver in legitimate self-defense. There was no case to go to the jury.

The Tribunal decided, however, after a consultation of several hours, to confirm the arrest of Lespesiantu. Lespesiantu has lodged an appeal against the decision.

customed to in this country. Nor does the small sum sought, \$500,000, warrant it.

"We call upon every Jewish organization in this country, every fraternal order and its lodges, every landsman shaft, every national labor organization and its branches to contribute to this fund from its treasury or by solicitation among its members. We appeal to the thousands of independent benevolent societies to do likewise; and we appeal to all the Jewish philanthropic federations in this country to make appropriations for this fund, or to permit special canvasses to be made for it, and to all who may be approached in such canvasses to respond.

"Especially do we call upon the Jewish congregations, Orthodox, Conservative and Reform to cooperate with this campaign. At the Hias National Meeting on March 15th, a recommendation was made that every synagogue and temple set aside one day during Passover for this campaign. On this day, the purpose of the campaign should be explained to the congregation and an appeal made for contributions.

"Jews of America: thousands of Jews are on the march, hotly pursued by cruel hunger and even crueler anti-Semitism. They are on the march to what?

"Shall they go to new tragedy, shall they go to destruction?

"Or, shall they go to peace, to opportunity, to happiness?

"The answer is in your hands!"

# REED SAYS FORD NEVER SAW ANTI-JEWISH ARTICLES IN 'DEARBORN INDEPENDENT'

(Continued from Page 1)

the publications of the 'Dearborn Independent'."

The circulation of the "Dearborn Independent" was put at 600,000 by Senator Reed, who added that the circulation is very extensive among the farming population of the country. "The paper is partially a magazine in character," he said, "carrying articles on various subjects including agricultural problems and it is taken largely by farmers and the people in the small towns of the country. The evidence will show that these articles concerning Sapiro," Senator Reed said, "were printed in good faith, not printed in malice, and after every reasonable precaution to ascertain their truth. We expect to show, in substance and effect, all of them were true."

Senator Reed then launched into a detailed explanation of Sapiro's farming activities, from the time he became Secretary of the California State Industrial Board to the period of the "Dearborn Independent" attack. His description of Sapiro's activities, differing greatly from that given by Mr. Gallagher, chief counsel for Sapiro, contained frequent innuendos as to alleged irregularities in the Sapiro farming organizations. Frequently there were statements about these irregularities, to which Gallagher vigorously objected.

It is expected that the first witness, W. J. Cameron, editor of the "Dearborn Independent", will be called on Friday to the stand to establish the fact that the alleged libelous articles were printed.

In attacking the motives of Aaron Sapiro as an organizer of farm co-operatives, Senator Reed couched his address in ironic tones.

"This is the case," Mr. Reed said, "of Aaron Sapiro, or Shapiro—I don't know just what way the name is pronounced—"

"Sapiro," prompted Mr. Gallagher, pronouncing it as though spelled "Sa-pero."

"He went to the farmers if not as the Moses who was to lead them out of the wilderness and into the Promised Land of Prosperity, then at least he went to them as Aaron the Talker."

"We will show you that the scope of his scheme was almost unlimited," said Mr. Reed, "and that he proposed to advocate the organization and control of every staple farm product, wheat, corn, rye, barley, potatoes, cotton, tobacco and dairy products; that he had, or at least there was printed in the papers, his picture over the title of 'The Wheat King,' although he had never raised a bushel of wheat in his life."

"We will show that he was put forward as the friend of the farmer, and now I want to challenge your atten-

tion to this: In substantially all of his discourses, and I think that he made hundreds of them, he specifically repeated that he was not working for money, and that his sole interest was the welfare of the American farmer. He stated in express terms that his heart bled for the farmer, and that he had no sordid influences. His heart was not tainted with cupidity."

Senator Reed, who is reported as receiving \$100,000 from Henry Ford as his counsel in this trial, put forward the charge that Sapiro received \$92,000 for organizing the cotton growers.

"We think the Court will tell you that Mr. Sapiro cannot capitalize and recover here on any sympathy that may be felt for the people of his race."

"He stands here as an individual asking for a million dollars of money from these two defendants. That is what we are going to try in this case."

The site of the mansion of the late W. K. Vanderbilt at the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-second Street, New York, purchased for \$4,000,000 in the Spring of 1925 by Benjamin Winter, was sold by him on Thursday at \$5,000,000 to the Schulte Real Estate Co.

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EUGENE LANDAU, BERLIN  
JEWISH LEADER, CELE-  
BRATES 75TH BIRTHDAY  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Mar. 18.—Herr Eugene Landau, one of the leaders of the Berlin Jewish community, celebrated his seventy-fifth birthday yesterday.

Herr Landau, who was for the past 24 years the Spanish Consul General in Germany, is a well known banker and industrialist. He takes an active part in Jewish communal affairs and was, with Dr. Paul Nathan and James Simon, a founder of the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden.

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