HOUSE IMMIGRATION COMMITTEE VOTES TO REPEAL NATIONAL ORIGINS PLAN

Proposal of Congressman Sabath to Base Present Quota on 1900 Census Rejected; Dickstein Introduces Bill to Deport Aliens Guilty of Non-Support of Families Abroad

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—A resolution proposing to strike out the “national origins” provisions from the Immigration Act of 1924 was approved by the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization of the House yesterday. The committee decided to report favorably the resolution to the House and place it on one of the legislative calendars.

The Senate passed the resolution February 1, which then included a provision for extending the time of the legislative adjournment of the national origins provisions from July 1, 1927 to July 1, 1928. As amended by the House Committee, the resolution provides for the entire repeal of the provisions, so that they shall not, at any time, be applicable.

Subdivisions b, c, d, and e, Section 11, Immigration Act of 1924, which the amended resolution proposes to repeal, would have provided that after July 1, 1927, the annual quota of any nationality should be the number “which bears the same ratio to 150,000 as the number of inhabitants of the United States in 1920 having that national origin bears to the number of inhabitants in continental United States in 1920.”

The provisions stipulated that this number for every national origin should be determined by a commission, and the number should be fixed through a proclamation of the President to be made on or before April 1, 1927. A preliminary report was recently made by the commission, consisting of State, Commerce and Labor, in which it stated that the “statistical and historical information from which the computations were made is not entirely satisfactory.”

The report also stated that it was problematical whether the issuance of the proclamation fixing the quotas of the national origins was mandatory upon the President. According to the commission, “the statistical and historical information available raises grave doubts as to the whole value of these computations as a basis for the purposes intended.”

The annual quota of any nationality, fixed by the Immigration Act of 1924 and now in existence, is “two per cent of the total number of individuals of such nationality resident in continental United States as determined by the United States census of 1890, but the minimum quota of any nationality shall be 100.” Should the resolution, as amended by the House Committee, be incorporated and Naturalization, be enacted into law, the present immigrant quotas will remain in effect.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 9.—If the resolution adopted by the House Committee is accepted by the Senate for concurrence, Should the Senate fail to concur, it will be referred to the Senate and House Conferences. The possibility

CONFERENCE OF TARBUKH PROTESTS AGAINST J. D. C.: ALLEGES DISCRIMINATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Feb. 9.—A protest against the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee for alleged discrimination against the Hebrew schools of the Tarbut type in Poland was adopted at a conference of Tarbut high schools, which has been concluded here. The charge was made that the Hebrew schools do not receive a proportionate amount of the funds of the Cultural Committee, compared with the allotments made for other types of Jewish schools in Poland.

The conference decided to convene a world conference of representatives of the Hebrew gymnasium in Palestine and other countries.

CHASSIDIC FEUD LEADS TO SPLIT IN COMMUNITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, Feb. 9.—The feud between the followers of the two Chassidic rabbi Belz and Munkacz has resulted in a split in the Jewish community of Munkacz.

One hundred Chassidic families in Munkacz, followers of the Rebbe of Belz, have severed their relations with the Munkacz Rebbe, and declared that they will form a separate community.
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DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Its contents are not necessarily accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Congressman Sol Bloom and Henry Ford

Congressman Sol Bloom's address in which he stated that Ford's closest advisers are Jews is severely criticized in the "Day" (Feb. 9), by S. Dingol. Mr. Dingol objects to Congressman Bloom's tactics in his campaign against Ford's anti-Semitic activities.

"When recently Mr. Bloom introduced a resolution in Congress demanding an inquiry into Ford's charge that international Jews control the United States Federal Reserve System, it could be viewed as a sensible move," Mr. Dingol writes. "But to have followed this with a long personal letter to Mr. Ford, discussing the Jewish problem with him—that was certainly an undignified way of dealing with an enemy."

Mr. Ford has delivered an address in Syracuse in which he again attacked Ford. He stated that Ford's lawyer is a Jew—Henry Helfman; that his architect is a Jew—Albert Kahn; that his physician is a Jew—Dr. Adolph D. Iron; that even his spiritual adviser is a Jew—Rabbi Leo M. Franklin.

"Jews and Christians will read this and they will wonder: how is Mr. Ford an anti-Semite when he surrounds himself with so many Jews? And is this not an indirect indictment against Ford's doctor, lawyer, architect and spiritual adviser that they are unable to convince him that Jews do not use Christian blood for Passover and do not eat Christians with their breakfast, dinner, supper and all the time?"

"But the explanation is that Congressman Bloom is just as indiscriminate in choosing his facts about Ford as Ford is in choosing his facts about the Jews. Ford's lawyer is quite a decent Christian of Detroit. Rabbi Franklin is a Reform rabbi of Detroit who for many years was a friend of Ford's and a visitor in his home. Each year he drives in his brand new car. But since Ford has been conducting his anti-Semitic campaign, Rabbi Franklin stopped associating with Ford and even returned the car to him."

"That happened six years ago. To state in Syracuse in 1927 that Dr. Leo M. Franklin is Ford's 'spiritual adviser' is too absurd."

"It is true that such speeches furnish a lot of publicity to Henry Ford and also a little publicity to Congressman Bloom. But it seems to me that the Congressman is paying a bit too dearly for this sort of publicity."...

Catholic Resents Rabbi Landman's Views on Mexico Controversy

The views of Rabbi Isaac Landman on the conflict between the Mexican government and the Catholic Church in that country, counselling that Mexico "is not an independent state" but is "in the process of its own salvation without outside interference" have been attacked by Father Francis Duffy, who is quoted as follows by Charles Joseph, in his column "Random Thoughts".

"Rabbi Landman represents a race and religion which has suffered much in the past and still suffers in some countries from repressive measures of government. So it is interesting to note his reactions concerning the persecution of the Catholic Church in the north of Mexico."

"His attitude is one of philosophic calm. The Mexican government, we are told, has established laws which are foreign to our concept of legal measures, but it is in the midst of a political crisis and should be allowed some breathing space so that Mexico can work out its own salvation without outside interference."

"Does Rabbi Landman preserve this unemotional attitude when his colleagues are suffering persecution? Who cannot remember the time when our state department was besiegled by Jews to intervene in behalf of their people in Czaristic Russia? Does he take the pose that everything is coming out all right when he hears of the troubles of his own people in Russia?"

"What we have against Dr. Landman is that he has gone to Mexico as a guest of that clique and has returned here to abate the force of public opinion by minimizing the whole persecution of the Church as being merely a matter of legislation which is foreign to our concept of legal measures."

I. O. B. B. LODGES WILL COMMEMORATE DEATH ANNIVERSARY OF SPINOZA

[By Rabbi Benjamin Deutning, Cincinnati, O. Feb. 9.—The 250th anniversary of the death of Baruch Spinoza, which occurred at the Hague, on February 21st, 1677, will be commemorated by the Independent Order B'nai B'rith by gatherings in all of the United States, during the current month, at which the dramatic life-story of the philosopher will be interpreted, and his philosophy discussed in the light of modern Jewish opinion.

The Spinoza program, according to an address by Dr. Alfred M. Cohen, president of the order, is the first of a series of programs marking the anniversaries of great Jewish personalities which will be carried out by the B'nai B'rith Lodges of the United States, and Canada in the near future in accordance with the cultural program of the Wider Scope Committee of the Order.]
EGYPTIAN PARLIAMENT DISCUSSES EGYPT-PALESTINE RAILWAY PROFITS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Cairo, Jan., 15.—The question of the Egypt-Palestine Railway came up this week in the Chamber of Deputies, Members of Parliament demanding of Prime Minister Zefara who raised the question, asked that since the greater part of the railway between Kantara and Palestine is built on Egyptian soil, since the railway equipment belongs to Egypt and the direction of the line is in the hands of the Egyptian Government, 1. "Has any agreement been reached between the two Governments concerning the railroad? 2. What part of the profits of the railroad has the Egyptian Government received? 3. If the Government does not receive any part of the profit, has it received compensation for its land and equipment? 4. What is the stock worth and what has the Government done about obtaining compensation?"

The Minister of Transport in his reply said that the line between Rafa and Kantara was built at the expense of the Egyptian Government and not of the Egyptian Government. During World War II the Egyptian Government loaned some cars and locomotives to the British military government. In 1920 the British Government paid the Egyptian Railway Administration for the use of the equipment. The two Governments have ten per cent of the stock, in cash and in adjustment of that Egyptian expenditures in the World War. It has also built, at its own expense, some lines west of the Suez Canal which it handed over to the Egyptian Government.

There exists no agreement between the Egyptian Government. Moreover, in 1920 it is reported that the Egyptian Government take over the (Continued on Page 4)

ORGANIZATIONS ABROAD ASSIST JEWISH COLONIZATION WORK IN RUSSIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Moscow, Jan. 19.—Branches of the Jewish Colonization Society Oetsz, have been established in many European countries, according to reports which have been received here by the Central Administration of the Oetz. Groups have been formed in France and Belgium.

In Paris, the report stated, a meeting was held by several persons attending. A resolution was adopted to support the Jewish colonization work in Soviet Russia. The Belgian group is arranging a series of public meetings in order to acquaint the population with the progress of the Jewish colonization movement. A group is being formed also of the Jewish students at Liege University.

Steps are also being taken to organize a group in Amsterdam, the capital of Holland. An organization to support the Jewish colonization work has been organized in Copenhagen. The organization is raising funds to provide tractors for the Jewish colonists in Russia. It is also making arrangements for establishing branches in Norway and Sweden.

Communication to the Editor

Sir:

Will you kindly allow me to make one or two points in the Conference in your issue of yesterday?

You state: "In the last seventy-five years, conditions have been so favorable to Jewish emancipation in Europe and America, only three books on this subject have been written," Mr. Hurwitz asserted."

I did not assert this. The inaccuracies of such a statement are important. The author of a valuable paper has assumed I said what. What, as a matter of fact, was brought out abundantly and strongly in the scholarly discussion was the fact that no Jewish history now in existence gives an adequate picture of the important manifestations and expressions.

As to Dr. Weitzmann's criticism of the Menorah movement, you say "if you had found a few lines... to give something of the answer made it a more complete answer than it was."

Of course, we welcome criticism. Every organization or movement should. But we can take it as a matter of course that the neglect of the Menorah on the ground that it is engaged in a hopeless or too herculean task. Without having this recognition, this statement that Judaism in America has no vital future. We believe it has. We certainly do deny that the American Jew and Jewish life in Palestine may exert upon our Jewish life in America. But just work out America no less than in Zion. We have our own problems and situations and we are trying to do that. Resources make the Menorah is helping to mobilize, nurture, and direct the energies and the finances of the American Jews from being sentenced to death or to hopeless struggle, it seems to us, to merit the aid we can give to every worthy and promising organization.

There is one other matter I wish to comment on. Unfortunately, the very specific and the words of one or two speakers at the Conference is that very little will change in the American and an earnest seeking for more light and advance. The interest of the Conference was to provide a forum for all views, and the Menorah is not committed to the statements of Dr. Wechsler any more than to those of Rabbi Handler. The Menorah is not devoted to any particular group in Jewry, but is concerned with clearing the house for the exchange of opinion and ideas concerning all aspects of Jewish life in America, and to bring about a union of all

PALESTINE Z.O. EXECUTIVE PUBLISHES STATISTICS ON AGRICULTURAL SETTLEMENTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Jerusalem, Jan., 16.—An agricultural census taken during August, 1926, by the Department of Agricultural Colonization of the Palestine Government, indicates that the 41 settlements wholly or partly financed by the Keren Hayesod in Palestine include 17 Kuv- zoth (cooperative farms), girls' training farms, 16 Mosheve Ovdim (small peasant colonies), and 4 "middle class" settlements. The population of these settlements is 4,628.

Including the workers' training groups and Yemenite quarters in the older Jewish villages, the total number of Jews on the land assisted by the Keren Hayesod came to some 6,000, or more than one-fifth of the rural Jewish population.

More than one-half of the members of the Kuvzoth are between 25 and 29 years of age and have had continuous training in the respective groups since their establishment.

The 41 settlements in question cover an area of almost 100,000 dunams (25,000 acres). Five years ago only 16,700 dunams were under cultivation by Chaliuzim. Almost 70,000 dunams were devoted to the 4,628 dunams of these lands serve as sites for houses and farm buildings.

The principal crops are wheat, barley, oats, and maize, barley giving the best yield per dunam with wheat the next best.

The census shows that there were 3,116 head of cattle in these settlements, of which 2,241 were thoroughbred or cross-breeds of Damascus, Berlin, Dutch and German stock, while only 875 were native. The working animals numbered 991. There were 824 heads of poultry and 887 bee-hives.

The Kuvzoth have 401 buildings most of them large, while the Mosheve Ovdim have 1,635 buildings of the size required by the individual farms. The total of 2,036 structures amounting to 15,000 beds, 400 horse lots, 1,000 cows and 100 hay lofts.

For every thousand dunams in the Kuvzoth, the statistics show an average of 49 persons, 288 heads of cattle, 25 working animals, 25 heads of poultry, and 300 agricultural implements. Here in the Mosheve Ovdim, there is an average of 57 persons, 47 heads of cattle, 14 working animals, 675 heads of poultry, and 500 agricultural implements.

thoughtful men and women, transcending personal or party differences, for the sake of a common cause—the furtherance of the noblest Judaism in America.

HENRY HURWITZ

Chancellor, Jewish Theological Seminary

PRINCE OF WALES VISITS LONDON JEWISH SETTLEMENT
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 9.—The Prince of Wales was the guest last night of the Jewish Boys and Girls Settlement in the East End. The settlement is conducted by the settlement board. The Prince inspected the workshops in the settlement club and recalled his recent presentation of the boxing gloves to the London and Manchester battalions of the Jewish Lads’ Brigade.
The Prince visited the settlement synagogue. He inspected the war memorial tablet. The Prince heard the members debate and witnessed their training in boxing in the gymnasium. He sat around the fires in the boys’ room. The Prince said that settlement work was the Prince expressed himself highly pleased with his reception. A thousand boys and girls, members of the settlement, cheered him when he left.

EGYPTIAN PARLIAMENT DISCUSSES EGYPT—PALESTINE RAILWAY PROFITS
(Continued from Page 9)

line between Kantara and Rafa. This is refused to do because it feared that the expenditure would exceed the income. The Palestine Government likewise refused and the line consequently remained in the hands of the British Government.

Subsequently the Palestine Government undertook to direct the line. It follows, therefore, that the Egyptian Government can have no part in the profits of the railroad. The Minister declared.

Bund Archives Reveal Mussolini Aided Jewish Labor Movement
(Continued from Page 10)

century. Among them are letters from Lenin, Treher, Zinoviev, Plechanov, Martov, Gapon, Pliska and Mussolini.

His letter Mussolini acknowledges the receipt from Angelica Balabanova of revolutionary literature for the Jewish workers.

Joseph Figewitz, a cloakmaker, sentenced to five years at the penal institution. On Feb. 29 by Judge Rosalky in a non-union worker, appeared before that Magistrate on Tuesday, made partial reparation to &quot;The children of his victims.&quot; He refused to receive the Grand Jury against those members of the Strike Committee under whose direction the work was done.

The Grand Jury has for several days been reviewing the charges against the Strike Committee. The charges are &quot;Double-crossing&quot; and other acts against the Strike Committee. The report is &quot;guilty&quot; by members of the Strike Committee. The report is &quot;guilty.&quot; The action has been taken by the state. It was also disclosed that the charges were &quot;double-crossing&quot; by members of the Strike Committee. The charges are &quot;guilty.&quot; The report is &quot;guilty.&quot; The action has been taken by the state.

In explaining his bill, Congressman Dickinson stated that he will introduce a bill deper any alien husband who fails to maintain in accordance with his means his wife and children living abroad. Such an alien, according to the bill, could only save himself from deportation by giving &quot;faithful and honest support to the Secret of Labor for the future support of his family. The Secretary of Labor would have authority to issue a warrant of deportation whenever it is shown that an alien is guilty of non-support.

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At a meeting of the leaders of the Jewish Community of Bethlehem, Pa., it was decided to hold a joint campaign for Palestine and relief Sunday, February 13th, to raise a quota of $12,000. The officers of the Campaign Committee are A. Marks, Yoseph, Chairman; Morris Block, Vice-Chairman; Mrs. M. Goldman, Treasurer. Dr. F. Stone, Secretary.

EX-LAX
In 2 Forms:
"Cholcolate", "Fig Flavor", "Chuforn"