

PERCENTAGE OF JEWISH LAND WORKERS IN WHITE RUSSIA DOUBLED SINCE WAR

Jewish Land Workers in White Russia Now 6 to 7% of Jewish Population
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Minsk, Feb. 5.—How the back-to-the-land movement in Soviet Russia is rapidly making progress and changing the structure of Jewish life, is demonstrated by the figures pertaining to this development in White Russia.

While in pre-war times only 3 per cent of the Jewish population in White Russia were settled on the land, occupying an area of 13,000 desiatin, at present the Jewish land workers number six or seven per cent of the Jewish population and occupy an area of 42,000 desiatin.

In the White Russian Agricultural Academy in Horky a chair for the history of Jewish agricultural work was established.

ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT GIVES PERMISSION FOR ZIONIST CONFERENCE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Feb. 5.—Permission to hold a Zionist conference in Bucharest, which was denied by the authorities up to now, has been granted by the Roumanian government in connection with the visit of Dr. Victor Jacobson, political representative of the World Zionist Organization.

The conference will be held on February 13 and 14. The main point on the agenda, it was stated, will be the consideration of steps to create a United Zionist Organization of Roumania, embracing the Zionist districts in the Old Kingdom and in the newly acquired territories.

HUNGARIAN PARLIAMENT HAS ELEVEN JEWISH DEPUTIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Feb. 5.—Eleven Jewish deputies are now among the members of the Hungarian parliament with the election of Deputies Marcell and Baracs.

The two deputies were given seats in parliament following the reshuffling of the mandates. Both Marcell and Baracs are prominent figures in Hungarian political life.

LORD ALLENBY TO VISIT PALESTINE IN MAY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Feb. 5.—Lord Allenby, conqueror of Jerusalem, will again visit Palestine in May, it was learned here today.

The occasion for Lord Allenby's visit will be the dedication of the British war cemetery on the Mount of Olives. The ceremonies will take place on May 7.

ROUMANIAN JEWS APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT TO HALT ANTI-SEMITIC CAMPAIGN

Union of Roumanian Jews Says It Cannot Whitewash Government
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Feb. 5.—A direct appeal to the Roumanian government to stop the wild anti-Semitic propaganda in the country was made by the Union of Roumanian Jews of Bucharest.

The Union asked the government to take steps against the "bloodthirsty anti-Semitic campaign", citing proclamations issued by anti-Semitic organizations in which the Jewish people are termed "scum of humanity" and "wild beasts" and the expulsion of the Jews is demanded. The Union asks whether such propaganda will be allowed by the government under the constitution of the country.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Bucharest, Jan. 18.—The official government organ "Indreptarea" is for some time calling upon the Jewish organizations in Roumania and the leading Roumanian Jews to deny the reports of anti-Semitic agitation and disturbances in Roumania which are being published in the Press abroad. In this connection, the "Curierul Israelitei," the organ of the Union of Roumanian Jews writes: "The 'Indreptarea' omits to
(Continued on Page 4)

BRUNSWICK GOVERNMENT OFFERS APOLOGY TO JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Feb. 5.—An apology to the Jewish Communal Board of Brunswick was offered by the provincial government.

The government explained that it was a mistake on the part of the authorities in charge which accounted for the failure to invite the representatives of the Jewish community to attend a reception given in honor of President Hindenburg.

DISTRIBUTES \$100,000 AMONG EMPLOYEES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Oakland, Cal., Feb. 5.—Albert S. Lavenson, department store owner of Oakland, Cal., distributed \$100,000 among the seventy-two employees who had been in the firm for more than ten years. Mr. Lavenson made the gift on retiring from active partnership in the firm.

Mr. Lavenson is president of Temple Sinai.

NOTED AUSTRALIAN HEADS HEBREW UNIVERSITY FRIENDS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 5.—Sir Matthew Nathan, former governor of Queensland, Australia, has accepted the position of president of the Society of Friends of the Hebrew University.

WORLD UNION FOR LIBERAL JUDAISM COMPLETES ORGA- NIZATION; OFFICERS CHOSEN

Prominent Americans Elected to Executive Board
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 5.—The organization of the World Union for Progressive Judaism, the newly created international body of reform congregations, was completed following the formal decision of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations to join the World Union. This decision was ratified at the last convention of the Union held in Cleveland.

The Executive Committee of the World Union for Progressive Judaism consists of Claude Montefiore, president; Rabbi Zeligman, Dr. Heinrich Stern of Germany; Dr. Louis Wolsey of Philadelphia; Mrs. J. Walter Freiberg of Cincinnati; Ludwig Vogelstein of New York and Rabbi Israel I. Matuck of London. Lily Montague is honorary secretary.

LORD BEARSTED'S WILL DIS- POSING OF \$20,000,000, LEAVES NOTHING FOR CHARITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Feb. 5.—Much comment was caused when the will of the late Lord Bearsted, founder of the Shell Oil and Transport Company, was filed for probate.

The will discloses that the estate left by Lord Bearsted amounted to £4,000,000. The death duties or inheritance tax amount to £1,600,000.

No charitable bequests were made in the will, the testator stating that he had made many donations to charity during his life.

BIRTHDAY NO TIME FOR INTERVIEWS, BRANDES SAYS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Copenhagen, Feb. 5.—A birthday is not an occasion for announcing one's views, declared Georg Brandes, celebrated Danish Jewish critic, who attained the age of eighty-five yesterday.

Representatives of various newspapers attempted to obtain an interview with Mr. Brandes. He declined, however, declaring that a birthday does not enhance the value of an author's manuscripts.

Mr. Brandes was the recipient of many congratulations from all parts of the world.

GIVES \$5,000 TO CHRISTIAN FUND FOR JEWISH RELIEF

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Wilkes-Barre, Pa., Feb. 5.—F. M. Kirby, of this city, has contributed \$5,000 to the American Christian Fund for Jewish Relief. The donation was the first to be received by the Wilkes-Barre committee, which has launched a drive for funds.

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SCHWARTZBARD EXAMINED AGAIN BY MAGISTRATE PEYRE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Feb. 5.—Another examination of Sholom Schwartzbard, slayer of Semion Petlura, was held by Magistrate Peyre yesterday.

The examination centered around Schwartzbard's visit to Russia in 1917. The investigating authorities were desirous of obtaining his reason for making the trip to Russia in that year. Schwartzbard explained that he joined the French Military Commission in 1917 in his belief that the commission would raise the spirit of the Russian army in its fight for the cause of the Allies.

JAMES N. ROSENBERG'S FATHER DIES AT AGE OF 81

Funeral services for the late Henry Rosenberg, father of James N. Rosenberg, the vice-chairman of the Joint Distribution Committee, were held yesterday at the Free Synagogue. Mr. Rosenberg died on February 3, at his home in New York City. Mr. Rosenberg, who was born in Bavaria, was eight-one years old. His wife was the former Henrietta Naumburg.

Mr. Rosenberg is survived by his son, James N. Rosenberg and a daughter, Minnie Rosenberg. The late Florence H. Hart was his daughter.

Messages of condolence were received by Mr. James N. Rosenberg from many prominent persons throughout the country. Leaders in the Jewish community in New York were present at the services.

A. L. Erlanger disposed of his interest in the Erlanger and Selwyn theatres in Chicago. Mr. Erlanger, with Harry J. Powers, is preparing to erect a new theatre in Chicago, it was announced.

The fifteenth anniversary of the Dr. Samuel J. Lefkowitz as rabbi of Temple Beth Emeth, Church Avenue and Marlborough Road, Brooklyn, N. Y., was celebrated Saturday night with a dinner given by his congregation in the Temple Community Centre.

The Sterns have purchased the National Theatre, West 44th Street, New York.

JEWISH FARM MOVEMENT IN U. S. SHOWS PROGRESS

The progress of the Jewish farm movement in the United States was described in the twenty-second annual report of Gabriel Davidson, General Manager of the Jewish Agricultural Society.

The Society, through its Farm Loan Department, has granted 8,360 loans, aggregating \$5,310,215.00, since 1900. Last year loans were made to 454 individual farmers located in 18 states. The financial service extended by the Society is based on business principles, though loans are made on marginal securities, and their payment is spread over a long period of years.

The Society's Farm Labor Department placed 588 men as farm workers during last year. Farm employment was obtained by the Society for 15,10 Jewish young men since 1908.

During the past nine years 9,213 Jewish men and women desiring to buy farms, applied to the Society's Farm Settlement Department for advice and guidance. Farms were found for 848 families of whom 398 received loans to help finance their purchase. It established the farm settlement at Toms River, N. J. Recently a new Jewish farming center was established at Farmingdale, N. J.

Agricultural experts from the Society's Extension Department visited 1,718 Jewish farmers during 1926. During the period 1920-1926 these experts visited 10,801 farmers in 44 counties of 12 states. They held 962 meetings, demonstrations, field days and extension schools. In addition, advice and aid were given to 10,326 farmers who sought individual consultation at the Society's central office. This department also gave scholarships to the sons and daughters of Jewish farmers; 295 such scholarships were granted for courses held at the State Agricultural Colleges in 12 states. The department also maintains a Service Bureau for the purchase of supplies and materials. The department conducted an agricultural night school, gave a correspondence course and published the "Jewish Farmer", the only Yiddish agricultural magazine in the world. It also published agricultural text books.

In 1926 the Society's Sanitation Department inspected 789 farms in Jewish farming districts in New York, Connecticut and Massachusetts.

The Society also made loans for the erection of synagogues and community houses and has promoted and supported rural religious education. The Society cooperates with the National Council of Jewish Women and with the United Synagogue of America in advancing the social and religious phases of rural life.

The Jewish farm population in the United States has grown from barely a thousand in 1900 to an estimated population of over 75,000 in 1927. One million acres are being farmed by Jews and the real estate and personal property value of their holdings are over \$10,000,000.

Percy S. Straus is President of the Society; Lewis L. Straus, Vice-President; Francis F. Rosenbaum, Treasurer and Reuben Arkush, Secretary.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Organ of World Zionist Executive States Attitude on Weizmann-Marshall Agreement

The attitude of the "New Judaea," official organ in London of the World Zionist Executive, on the Weizmann-Marshall agreement, is stated in the January 21 issue of that paper.

"It is not, of course, suggested," we read, "that the extension of the Agency is already to be regarded as an established fact, but the agreement to send a Commission without delay will be welcomed by Zionist public opinion as marking a positive step towards the early consummation of the extension scheme as approved of by the last Zionist Congress. There is still much ground to cover before the extended Agency will be finally completed. But an agreement having been arrived at with the most important branch of the projected extended Agency and its decision to take so forward and positive a step as the sending of a Commission to elaborate a comprehensive program for the development of Palestine, encourages the hope that the question is at last reaching a head. The readiness on the part of the Marshall group to cooperate in the work and to share the financial responsibility involved in the establishment of the Jewish National Home, is at last assuming a very tangible form."

Einstein's Resignation Arouses Fear of Jewish Fundamentalism

The fear that fundamentalism threatens to intrude into the field of Jewish scholarship and hamper its development is voiced in the "S. A. J. Review," publication of the Society for the Advancement of Judaism, of which Rabbi Mordecai M. Kaplan is president. Commenting on Professor Einstein's resignation from the Board of Governors of the Hebrew University on account of the refusal by the Board to ratify the appointment of Prof. Chajes of Vienna to the faculty of the School of Jewish Studies, the "S. A. J. Review" observes (Feb. 5 issue): that this "has brought home to us the realization that the ghost of fundamentalism is rising to plague the development of Jewish scholarship," and adds:

"The fundamentalist element on the Board of the University objects strenuously to the appointment of Prof. Chajes on the ground that he is too liberal and unorthodox in his Biblical criticism."

"We had looked to the Hebrew University in Palestine as a place where Jewish scholarship could develop scientifically, unhampered by traditional preconceptions. We deplore the rise at this early stage of a fundamentalist controversy. We hope that the members of the Board will change their decision, and will grant the scholars in the Uni-

RESOLUTION OF HOUSE COMMITTEE TO AMEND IMMIGRATION LAW GIVEN

Senate Opinion Opposed to National Origins Plan, Discussion Shows
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 5.—The resolution which was recommended favorably to the House by the Immigration Committee, amending the Senate Resolution for changes in the Immigration law of 1924 provides that:

"Subdivision (a) of Section 4 of the Immigration Act of 1924 be amended so as to read as follows:

"(a) An immigrant who is the unmarried child under 21 years of age, the wife, or the husband, of a citizen of the United States who resides therein at the time of the filing of a petition under Section 9."

Section 2. (a) Subdivision (c) of Section 4 of the Immigration Act of 1924 is amended to read as follows:

"(c) An immigrant who was born in territory which at the time of the application for the issuance of the immigration visa is under the jurisdiction of the United States, or in the Dominion of Canada, Newfoundland, the Republic of Mexico, the Republic of Cuba, the Republic of Haiti, the Dominican Republic, or an independent country of Central or South America, and his wife, and his unmarried children under 21 years of age, if accompanying or following to join him";

"(b) So much subdivision (a) of section 12 of the Immigration Act of 1924 as reads as follows: "An immigrant born in the United States who has lost his United States citizenship shall be considered as having been born in the country of which he is a citizen or subject of any country, then in the country from which he comes." is repealed.

Section 3. Section 6 of the Immigration Act of 1924 is amended by adding

versity freedom to do honest, open-minded, scientific research in every subject of study."

Late Millionaire Criticized for Ignoring Charity in His Will

The will of the late Joseph Byfield, millionaire hotel man of Chicago, disposing of an estate of more than \$1,500,000 but leaving nothing to charity has aroused comment in Chicago newspapers. The "Chicago Chronicle" writes:

"We don't like to talk disparagingly about those who have passed away, but sometimes a few words may serve as a reminder for the living. The large fortune accumulated by Mr. Byfield, who came here as a poor boy, was left practically in its entirety to his descendants.

"Such wills," the article continues, "have a sinister effect on the public, who always look upon men of wealth to do something at least after they are gone. Byfield was not the only rich man who did little to perpetuate his name on the rostrum of philanthropy, but this is made up at least in part by others who see their duty to their fellow men when they are alive."

at the end thereof a new subdivision to read as follows:

"(d) If before the close of any fiscal year the President finds that the estimated demand for immigration visas by quota immigrants of any nationality who are either relatives of citizens of the United States entitled to preference under paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) of this section or the wives, or unmarried children under 21 years of age, of aliens lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence, exceeds 60 per centum of the quota for such nationality for the ensuing fiscal year, he shall by proclamation so declare, and thereupon—

"(1) Paragraph (2) of subdivision (a) (relating to preference to skilled agriculturists and their wives and children) and subdivision (b) of this section shall not be in effect during such ensuing fiscal year in respect of immigrants of such nationality;

"(2) During such ensuing fiscal year, in the issuance of immigration visas to quota immigrants of such nationality preference shall be given to the wives, and the unmarried children under 21 years of age, of aliens lawfully admitted to the United States for permanent residence; and

"(3) The preference provided in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) (relatives of American citizens) and in paragraph (2) of this subdivision shall not, in the case of quota immigrants of such nationality, exceed 90 per centum of the quota for such nationality. During such ensuing fiscal year the immigrants enumerated in paragraph (1) of subdivision (a) shall have priority in preference over those enumerated in paragraph (2) of this subdivision."

Opposition to the national origins provision of the Immigration Act, "comes principally from the German element and the Irish, and partly from the Swedes, because their quotas will be cut down by the 'national origins' method," declared Senator Reed (Rep.), of Pennsylvania, in the course of the debate on the proposal to defer application of the principle for another year.

The Senate adopted the proposal in the form of a resolution favorably reported by the Committee on Immigration, with the understanding on the part of proponents and opposers of the measure that it is a temporary arrangement due to lack of complete information on national origins.

In the debate in Senate on Feb. 1, Senator Reed of Pennsylvania stated:

"If the 'national origins' method is repealed, it will allow an immigration of about 164,000 annually. If it goes into effect, it will cut down the immigration to 153,000."

Mr. Lenroot (Rep.), Wis., stated that he favored the immigration remaining permanently as it is under the law applied today.

Senator Reed (Dem.) of Missouri stated: "I have examined the report

(Continued on Page 4)

ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. P. Bernhardt of 300 Hudson Avenue, Rochester, N. Y., has been appointed as the representative of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" in Rochester and vicinity. We hope every courtesy will be extended to him.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Right and Left in Palestine Labor Movement State Their Positions

(By Our Jerusalem Correspondent)

Jerusalem, Jan. 15.—The conflict between Right and Left in the Jewish labor movement in Palestine has been outlined in the programmes prepared by the various labor parties which will participate in the forthcoming conference of the Histadruth Ha'Avoda, the labor federation of Palestine. There are twelve separate parties which have stated their intention to be represented at the conference.

The Achduth Avodah, the Jewish Labor Party, stands for the middle road and will urge the conference to put an end to the efforts of the Left to introduce the principles of extreme radicalism and class war into the Histadruth. However, the Achduth Avodah likewise objects to the attempts of the Right to deprive the labor federation of its class characteristics entirely, and will present to the conference the following practical proposals:

1. The establishment, within the Chevra Ovdim, of a supreme economic control committee, which shall endeavor to improve the working methods in the labor settlements, carry out systematic revisions and raise the economic strength of the settlements.
2. The drawing up of a collective agreement between the Workers' Organization and the employers, the basic conditions being the acceptance by the latter of men sent by the former, the fixing of an adequate minimum salary, the eight-hour working day, insurance against accidents, and contribution by the employers to the sickness benefit funds, dismissal of workers to take place only after consultation with the workers' committee, the recognition of the right to strike.

Furthermore, the Achduth Avodah will make proposals for raising the standard of living of Arab workers and the establishment by Jews and Arabs of a joint international workers' union with two autonomous national sections. The demand will also be made for the conference to call upon the Zionist Organization for its recognition as the sole representative body of Jewish labor in Palestine.

The Left Opposition urges intensification of class warfare and concludes its programme, as reproduced in "Davar", with the following: "The worker realizes that stubborn class war is the only way to improve his economic position and to secure a livelihood and his settlement in the land." The Left Opposition intends to advocate the separation of cooperative activities from the Trade Unions and the preservation of the proletarian characteristics of the cooperative organization. The group lays great weight on a strengthening of the Radical spirit within the Histadruth and an intensification of class war as opposed to the method of Social opportunism practiced by the Trade Unions.

The Revisionist Labor group, which

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RESOLUTION OF HOUSE COMMITTEE TO AMEND IMMIGRATION LAW GIVEN

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which is transmitted by the President to the Congress; and the report having been made with reference to the question of 'national origins.' Anyone who will examine that report will understand that at best it furnishes only the loosest kind of a guess as to the origins of the present population of the United States. A moment's consideration will show how difficult the problem would be.

"A man whose ancestors or some of whose ancestors have been in this country four or five generations finds as many crosses of blood, and each of these crosses of blood finds as many crosses in its own instance; and the result is that it is very difficult to say, as to any man whose ancestors came here a century ago, that they are of English stock, or Irish stock, or Scotch stock, or German stock, because there may intermingle in his veins the blood of a half dozen different races.

"So that the proposition of selecting people by race-origin is impossible, for there are probably men in this Chamber who have four or five different national bloods in their veins; and this commission undertook to guess it off by the number of people of known national origin at some certain time in the country, and then presuming that their posterity continued in that ratio.

"It is the wildest kind of a guess. The national-origins law is the most impractical thing I ever saw written into a law, and it opens the door for all kinds of unfairness and injustice.

"According to this schedule which was prepared, we are nearly all English; the great percentage of our population is English. Everybody with a little bit of common sense knows that is not true. The law ought to be changed.

"For instance, under the present law, as shown by this report, there can be admitted from Germany 51,227; under the proposed change only 23,428.

"From Great Britain and northern Ireland—they divide northern Ireland now from southern Ireland. I presume because it happens to be politically separated—under the present law there can be admitted 34,007, and under the new allotment 73,039."

Gifts amounting to \$100,000 were presented to the Hebrew Institute of Pittsburgh in commemoration of the school's tenth anniversary; it was announced.

Frank, Sol Rosenbloom presented \$3,000 to the institute. Marcus and Charles L. Aaron pledged \$50,000 and other large contributors were Bennie Neiman, Leo Lehman, Edgar J. Kaufmann, Irvin F. Lehman, Abe Seder, Mandel, George and Harry Goff, Joseph Berkman, Sig Hahn, Morris Landay, M. Landay, Harry L. Neuman, Herman Kamins, J. H. Frank, and Aaron Cohen.

The amount will be used to aid in paying a deficit and also to increase the school's annual income, the increase having been made necessary by the opening of a Jewish teachers' training school in connection with the institute.

The new building of the Daughters of Mitzvah, Home for the Aged and Orphans in Clinton, N. J. was dedicated last Sunday.

Senator Edward L. Edwards, James Wilson, president of the Chamber of Commerce; former Mayor Nathan Barney and Isidore Simon, were among the speakers at the dedication ceremonies. Fibber L. Benson, president.

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

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advocates the political principles of the Zionist Revisionists, will demand that the conference call upon the Government to begin irrigation, afforestation, railway and harbor building work, that laborers employed upon these works be placed under the protection of the Government, and subsequently settled in a systematic manner by the Government. The Histadruth and its economic institutions shall be recognized as an official Trade Union and organizations of public utility, and enjoy all privileges accorded to such bodies. The programme demands that the Zionist Organization conclude individual agreements with every certificate holder, the mutual obligations to be assumed under the agreement to include the right to be settled on the land, as well as the strict maintenance of the minimum European standard of life during the transition period. Revisionist Labor expects the Histadruth to become a non-political, purely professional trade union; it advocates the abolition of party protectionism and the restriction of bureaucracy, which has become overdeveloped.

"THE GOLEM" PRESENTED BY HABIMA PLAYERS

The Habima players presented "The Golem," H. Leivick's dramatic poem, at the Irving Place Theatre on Friday evening.

A. Meskin played the title role.

The appearance of posters on the Amherst College campus warning the students, "We want freedom of the Sabbath—Compulsion and religion are incompatible," brought renewed agitation among the students to abolish compulsory church attendance.

At a mass meeting of the students it was announced by Walter Gellhorn, '27, a meeting of the executive council of the College Board of Trustees would be held on Sunday to call a special meeting of the whole board to consider the demands of the students.

The students voted confidence in a committee of their number appointed by the faculty to discuss the undergraduate viewpoint.

The contractual agreement between the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union and the Association of Dress Manufacturers was ratified on Friday by Louis Schwartz and Isidore Acree for the manufacturers and by Morris Sigman and Julius Hochman for the workers. The agreement affects 70,000 cloak and dress makers.

Manufacturers and jobbers groups here which are now in contractual relations with the International Union of Industrial Council of Cloak and Suit Manufacturers; the Merchant Ladies' Garment Association, the American Association of Cloak and Suit Manufacturers, the Wholesale Dress Manufacturers' Association, and the Association of Dress Manufacturers, Inc.

The Gewerks Joint Board of the Cloak and Dress Makers' Union announced that elections held in localities 2, 9 and 15 had resulted in overwhelming victories for their candidates: Joseph Souchewitz, Abraham Zerlin and Joseph Gortel, all former members of the International who were expelled after the strike. Mr. Sigman, commenting on the elections, stated they were unauthorized.

Miss Mary Sachs, a member of Temple Ohav Sholem, Harrisburg, Pa., presented \$10,000 to the Boy Scout Camp in Harrisburg in honor of the Rabbi of the Temple, Dr. Philip David Bookstaber.

MANISCHEWITZ MATZO

"The Matzo Without An Equal"

ROUMANIAN JEWS APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT TO HALT ANTI-SEMITIC CAMPAIGN

(Continued from Page 1)

specify which reports it has in mind, and to what extent those reports give an exaggerated or tendentious account of the facts. Nor do we know what Jewish organizations and leaders it has in mind.

The former Liberal Government, the Government, not its organs, approached, under similar circumstances, the Union of Roumanian Jews, which then issued a statement correcting the various reports current at that time in the foreign press. If the 'Indreptarea' makes this demand of the Union of Roumanian Jews and its leaders, it must be said that the Government itself has made it impossible for the Union to say anything, for the following reasons: 1. The authorities have carried out searches at the offices of the Union and in the private homes of its President. 2. When the arrest of the President of the Union was demanded in Parliament in connection with these police searches, the Government did not consider it necessary to make a proper reply although it was fully aware of the fact that the searches had revealed nothing incriminatory. 3. A month has gone by since the searches took place and the members of the Executive Committee of the Union of Roumanian Jews are still being constantly summoned to appear before the military prosecution in order to report themselves. In these circumstances, it is obvious that any statement by the Union of Roumanian Jews with regard to the reports about the anti-Jewish disturbances in Roumania which are current in the foreign press, would be subject to suspicion of having been made as the result of pressure exercised by the military authorities, and under fear of a court-martial."

ALEXANDER KOLOSOV, who about ten years ago lived in Zarinsk, Russia, or anyone who knows his address, is requested to communicate with the Jewish Telegraphic Agency, 621 Broadway, New York, as they have agreeable news for him.

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