

Vol. IV. Price, 4 Cents.

New York, N. Y., Thursday, Jan. 27, 1927.

Ent. as 2nd Class Matter
at Post Office, New York

No. 679.

RABBI SENATOR GIVEN HINT TO ABSENT HIMSELF FROM FIRST SENATE SESSION

Rabbi Koppel Reich, Oldest Member,
Was to Have Opened Senate
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Jan. 26.—Rabbi Koppel Reich, one of the two representatives of the Jewish religion in the Hungarian Upper Chamber, refrained from attending the opening session of the Senate on the advice of Hungarian leaders, a despatch to the "Neue Freie Presse" states.

According to the despatch, leaders of the Catholic Church in Hungary and influential politicians urged the aged rabbi to absent himself from the session because if he were to attend, the honor of presiding at the opening session would, in accordance with custom, have to be accorded to him as the oldest member of the Senate.

JEWISH LABOR LEADERS SAIL FOR UNITED STATES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 26.—Dov Hos and Mr. Rubaschoff, two Palestine Jewish labor leaders, sailed today on the Aquitania for the United States where they will aid in the United Palestine Appeal.

Mr. Hos is the director of the Solel Boneh, the Jewish Workmen's Cooperative, and Mr. Rubaschoff is a member of the Palestine Jewish Labor Federation.

Before their departure, the labor leaders were received by Ramsay MacDonald, former British Prime Minister, to whom they expressed the thanks of Palestine Jewish labor for the invaluable assistance of the English Labor party.

MINORITIES FORM JOINT CLUB IN POLISH TOWN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 26.—A joint Peoples' Club of the national minorities was established in the city of Nowogrodek.

Representatives of the Polish, White Russian and Jewish population and of the Moslems have joined the club. At the first meeting the club decided to send a message to Josef Pilsudski as the friend of the minorities.

INTRODUCE KOSHER BILL IN CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Los Angeles, Calif., Jan. 26.—A bill modeled after the New York State Kosher Law was introduced in the California Assembly by Harry Lyons, representative from the Sixty-fourth District. The bill is sponsored by the Union of Orthodox Rabbis.

It is expected that the bill will be given a public hearing on March 15.

DETROIT SERVICE GROUP VOTES TO AID UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL

Communal Leaders Pledge Support,
Following Dr. Weizmann's Address
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Jan. 26.—The Detroit Service Group, which conducted the United Jewish Campaign here, at a meeting yesterday afternoon at the Phoenix Club, at which Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, was the guest of honor, voted unanimously to aid in the campaign for \$50,000 towards the national quota of \$7,500,000 of the United Palestine Appeal.

The action of the Detroit leaders came following Dr. Weizmann's address and after a discussion during which Dr. Weizmann responded to questions from the floor.

Among those attending who joined in voting to enlist all Jewish forces in Detroit for Palestine were David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign; Fred M. Butzel, Henry Wineman, president of the United Jewish Charities; Sam Summerfield, president of the Service Group, and rabbis and presidents of leading Orthodox and Reform synagogues.

DEPUTY GRUENBAUM ATTACKS JEWISH AGENCY AGREEMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 26.—The Weizmann-Marshall agreement on the Jewish Agency was attacked by Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum, former president of the Club of Jewish Deputies and leader of the Zionist movement in Poland in an article which he published yesterday in the Yiddish daily "Hajnt".

Gruenbaum expresses dissatisfaction with the Agency agreement, writing ironically that "after forty-four years of Zionist work in Palestine, an expert commission is to be sent to investigate the situation. The present development is an unpermissible transfer of Zionist work to persons who emphasize the non-priority of Palestine."

Gruenbaum warns the Zionists that "a great disappointment is in store for them."

ANTI-SEMITIC JUDGE IN LITHUANIA SENTENCED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Jan. 26.—Justice Dutzman of Dvinsk was sentenced to four months imprisonment on the charge of terrorizing the Jewish population.

Dutzman, who held the position of justice of the peace, exercised pressure against the Jews. Recently he attracted wide attention by mercilessly beating an old Orthodox Jew who refused to sign a document in court because it was Saturday.

ROUMANIAN JEWS ASKED TO TAKE STAND AGAINST PROTESTS AT PERSECUTION

Paper Insists Jews Must Deny Reports
of Excesses in Roumania
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Jan. 26.—The controversy between George Cretzianu, Roumanian Minister to the United States and Leo Wolfson, president of the United Roumanian Jews of America, found a wide echo in the Roumanian press.

The "Victorul", commenting on the exchange of letters between the Minister and the representative of the Roumanian Jews in America, as well as on the news that Palestine Jews have decided to boycott Roumanian goods because of the excesses, urges Roumanian Jewish leaders to take a stand in the matter. "This news is of so grave a nature that the Jews of Roumania should make their position known," the paper declares.

At the first session of the Roumanian parliament yesterday, four deputies, members of the Cuza group, urged the government to disband the Jewish society, Hebron, in Bukovina, which, they claim, helps the Jews to buy land from the peasants. The Cuzist deputies also demanded that the government confiscate the forests near Felitschen which belong to Jews. The government was also asked to explain the reason why it issued a circular exempting Jewish pupils in Bukovina from attending the public schools on Saturdays.

LEE KOHNS CHAIR AT SORBONNE INAUGURATED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Jan. 26.—Myron T. Herrick, the American Ambassador to France; Jules Jusserand, former French Ambassador to the United States, and other American and French notables joined in the inauguration of the Lee Kohns chair of American literature and civilization at the Sorbonne, where both the Ambassador and ex-Ambassador lauded the endowment as an aid to a closer intellectual union of the two nations.

Professor Charles Cestre is the first occupant of the Kohns chair.

Ambassador Herrick praised the generosity of Mr. Kohns in providing funds for the chair. Mr. Kohns' recent death in New York was lamented by the speakers.

WARSAW RABBIS APPEAL FOR DECLARANTS' WIVES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 26.—Another appeal to President Coolidge to admit to the United States the wives and minor children of declarants was despatched by the Executive Committee of the Warsaw Kehillah Council and by the Warsaw Rabbinate.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays
by the

Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc.

611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

Telephone: Spring 1614

Jacob Landau President
Meer Grossman Vice-President
Samuel Binstock Treasurer
John Simons Secretary

Vol. IV. Thursday, Jan. 27, 1927. No. 679.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

New York 611 Broadway
London 24 High Holborn
Paris 5, Rue Cardinal Mercier, Paris, VIII
Berlin 11, W. 15 Dueseldorfer Strasse 72
Warsaw Aljeje Jerolimskie Nr. 15
Jerusalem Hasel Bldg.
Cairo 13, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates

	U.S. and Canada	Foreign
One Year	\$10.00	\$15.00
Six Months	6.00	8.00
One Month	1.00	1.50

Entered as second-class matter Oct. 15, 1924,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y.,
under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

WHITE RUSSIA LAUDS SUCCESS OF JEWISH COLONIZATION WORK

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Moscow, Jan. 11.—One of the most important tasks undertaken by the White Russian Government with regard to the improvements of the economic, cultural and political position of the Jewish population in White Russia, was the movement to settle Jews on the land. M. Tcherviakov, President of the White Russian Republic and member of the Presidium of the Central Executive of the Communist Party, said, in an address to the Conference of the White Russian Communist Party in Minsk.

"We remember how difficult it was to start this work," M. Tcherviakov said. "We remember how we had been warned at the beginning of the Jewish land settlement movement that the settling of the Jews on land would provoke conflicts and pogroms.

"What, however, are the results? We see that the Jewish population which is already settled on land has shown from the very outset its ability to engage in agriculture. The 400 agricultural collectives in White Russia include 145 Jewish collectives, which proves that the Jewish population is capable of cultivating the land by higher and better methods of coordination than the non-Jewish population in White Russia before the Revolution.

"The anti-Semitism which was very strong in White Russia before the Revolution," M. Tcherviakov continued, "has greatly diminished in those places where the Jewish peasant ploughs his soil and generally engages in agricultural work, shoulder to shoulder with the White Russian peasant. This is a fact which we can confirm by documentary evidence in our possession.

"The Soviet Government and the Communist Party," M. Tcherviakov concluded, "should continue to give its greatest attention to the settling on land of the Jewish toiling masses."

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Suggests U. S. Send Jew to Arbitrate Controversy in Mexico

The suggestion that the controversy going on in Mexico could best be solved by a Jew is made by the "American Israelite" of Jan. 21. The paper says: "How would it do for President Coolidge to send a Jew to Mexico as the representative of the United States Government? Before the unfortunate World War when there was a good deal of friction in Turkey between the heads of the Mohammed Church and the Christian missionaries, several Jews were successively sent to Turkey and one of them, Henry Morgenthau, did specially good work in restoring good relations. Some years ago when the feeling between Mohammedans and Hindus in India was very bitter, a Jew was appointed Viceroy, namely Lord Reading, and he succeeded in restoring peace and good feeling to a remarkable degree. In both cases the Jew was the neutral, and was, therefore, not antagonized by either party to the strife."

"Current History" Reviews Roumania's Persecution of the Jews

The persecution of the Jews in Roumania, the anti-Semitic policy pursued by the Roumanian government since 1919, despite solemn treaty obligations to treat the Jews equally with the rest of the population, and the anti-Jewish excesses which have recently stirred the whole civilized world, are reviewed in the "Current History" magazine for February by Solomon Sufrin, formerly president of the United Roumanian Jews of America and at one time a member of the N. Y. State Legislature.

Referring to the attitude of the present government in Roumania, Mr. Sufrin writes:

"While the anti-Semitic movement in Roumania continues to grow more intense daily, the Government takes no measures to abate it. The Penal Code provides penalties for those who incite one section of the people against another. In spite of the frenzied agitation that has been carried on against the Jews throughout the country, there is not one case on record of a single person having been brought to justice by reason of such incitement. Thousands of pamphlets are published and distributed charging the Jews with being murderers and with killing Christians, or declaring that the Jewish religion is a criminal religion, that the Jews need Christian blood for Passover, that the Jews are traitors, that they acted as spies during the war, and that the Jewish people have nothing in common with their Christian neighbors. The official press representing the Government is encouraged to promote this propaganda by the Government itself. The Government, indeed, so far from suppressing or even curbing the campaign against the Jews, has instead shown itself actually sympa-

thetic to the perpetrators of anti-Semitic acts. The purpose of the Government seems to be to make the Jews always responsible for anything and everything that goes wrong in the country."

Charges "Numerus Clausus" Against Jewish Professionals by Minne- apolis Office Buildings

Charges of anti-Jewish discrimination appear in the current issues of two Anglo-Jewish weeklies, the "American Jewish World" of Minneapolis and the "Canadian Jewish Chronicle" of Montreal.

In Minneapolis a number of office buildings in the business district have been closed to Jewish professionals, in some cases a sort of numerus clausus against Jewish physicians and dentists being in force, the "Jewish World" declares in its issue of Jan. 21. The paper specifically alleges the following facts:

"The deliberate policy of discrimination against Jewish physicians and dentists in the matter of rental of space in certain of the Minneapolis downtown office buildings is being pursued as rigidly as ever. Several cases of actual discrimination recently have been reported, the most flagrant pertaining to the Yeates building.

"It is known that Mr. Yeates, at the time he erected his office building, entered into an agreement with some of those who were to become tenants not to lease space to Jews on what was designated the 'professional floors'. Although no such restrictions were to be imposed on the 'commercial floors'. The first two floors were set aside for commercial tenants and the other floors for professional tenants, although the third floor is a sort of fifty-fifty proposition at the present time. In return for keeping out Jewish professional men, those who entered into this agreement with Mr. Yeates promised to keep all space in the building rented, it is said.

"The situation in the other important office buildings such as the Physicians & Surgeons, the La Salle, the Syndicate, and the Donaldson buildings, according to report, is somewhat similar to that existing in the Yeates building, with the exception that in the Yeates building an absolute ban exists against Jewish professional men, whereas in the other buildings it seems to be a numerus clausus proposition.

"The situation has become well nigh intolerable. Young Jewish physicians and dentists find it practically impossible to obtain office space in the downtown district in any of the so-called first class buildings, and in some cases in the second class buildings. The matter had been allowed to rest for some months in the hope that the rental agents themselves would see a way to remedy matters. This they have failed and refused to do."

That Jews are barred from public
(Continued on Page 4)

LEAGUE SEEKS FUND OF \$25,000,000 TO AID REFUGEES OF VARIOUS NATIONALITIES

Considers Plan to Finance Settling of 25,000 Armenians in Their National Home

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Geneva, Jan. 6.—The League of Nations is seeking a fund of not less than \$25,000,000 for the purpose of aiding refugees of various nationalities to settle in new countries. The League now has under consideration the financing of a plan to settle 25,000 Armenian refugees in their national home.

These facts were brought out in a report published here of the proceedings of the Seventh Assembly of the League held last September when the question of the refugees was discussed and some action determined upon.

Various proposals aiming at extending the scope of the work in favor of Russian and Armenian refugees in the near future was rejected by the Committee. A suggestion of the Belgian Delegate was adopted by the Committee and by the Assembly. This resolution "invites the Council to request the High Commissioner for Refugees and the International Labor Organization to consider how far the measures already taken to give protection to, to provide employment for, and to afford relief to, Russian and Armenian refugees can be extended to other analogous categories of refugees."

The Assembly also took note of a plan presented by the Armenian Refugee Settlement Committee, which aims at settling at least 25,000 Armenian refugees in their national home. The Council was requested to consider the possibility, after due inquiry of setting up a Committee to investigate the possibility of obtaining the sum required; and a credit of 15,000 francs was voted to provide for the printing and distribution of literature regarding the proposed financial operation.

The Assembly, in another resolution relating to refugees in Bulgaria, declared that it had learned with satisfaction that the negotiations of the last six months had resulted in the adoption of a scheme for the settlement of some 120,000 refugees in Bulgaria; a scheme which will tend to alleviate widespread suffering, and is also calculated to produce beneficial results of an economic and social character.

The Assembly also expressed the hope that the total expenditure estimated for its work, namely £2,250,000, would be successfully subscribed in the near future. Through a first advance of £400,000 it has been possible to begin the work of settling refugees in Bulgaria before the winter season commences.

The Assembly also noted with satisfaction that the work of settlement effected in collaboration between the Greek authorities and the Settlement Commission set up under the auspices of the League has made continuous and satisfactory progress.

The Resolution adopted on this point by the Assembly notes that more than half of the 1,400,000 destitute refugees who have entered Greece have been assisted to establish themselves and have

become productive citizens. Apart from the humanitarian significance of the plan, it is having permanent beneficial results in strengthening the economic life of the country and in promoting social stability.

The resolution expresses the hope that conditions may be such that the sum required (estimated by the experts at £5,000,000) may become available in due course for the completion of this work.

The Fifth Committee of the Assembly, by which the various problems connected with the refugees were discussed, elected Dr. Breitscheid, German Government Delegate, as Rapporteur for the question of Russian and Armenian refugees. The report presented to the Assembly by the Fifth Committee points out that it appears, from the information received, that serious discriminations are made by certain countries against the bearers of refugee identity certificates, as compared with the holders of national passports. This constitutes a serious hardship to refugees desiring to travel for professional, health, or domestic reasons, and renders exceedingly difficult the work of placing the refugees undertaken by the International Labor Office; that Office also experiences considerable difficulty in obtaining accurate statistics regarding the number of unemployed refugees according to their occupations. The general application of the identity certificate system would contribute considerably to the removal of this difficulty.

The report of the High Commissioner and that of the International Labor Office both lay stress on the fact that maximum value cannot be secured from their services until the revolving fund recommended by the Sixth Ordinary Session of the Assembly and planned by the Sixth Governmental Conference materializes. As an argument in favor of this fund it was declared that eight Governments alone expended annually no less than 20 million gold francs on their refugee problems, or more than 300 francs per head of the refugees concerned, whereas the cost to the League, in the shape of administrative liquidation expenditure, is no more than 20 francs per head, expenditure from the revolving fund being reimbursed by the refugee benefit therefrom.

The members of White Goods Workers' Union 62, which has more than 2,000 members, adopted new demands to be placed before manufacturers in this merchandise trade, at a meeting in Beetham Hall, New York City, on Tuesday night. About 900 attended. The meeting was under the direction of Abraham Snyder, manager of the union.

The chief demands by the workers in their new contract will be for a forty-hour five-day week and a 10 per cent increase in wages. Miss Mary Goff, President, read a letter from Morris Sigman, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, urging the members not to subscribe to the bonds issued by the Joint Board of the International, under the leadership of Louis Hyman.

"WHO'S WHO IN AMERICAN JEWRY" FOR 1926-27 LISTS 2,527

Some Object to Being Listed in Jewish Volume, Is Claim. Leopold Auer Is Greek Catholic, He States

More Jews in the United States have attained distinction in the field of medicine than in other professions, according to the first edition of the "Who's Who in American Jewry" for 1926-1927, which has just been published by the Jewish Ethnographical Bureau, 1400 Broadway, New York City. The volume includes biographical data on 2,527 American Jews. Four hundred and fourteen of those listed are physicians or surgeons.

"Who's Who in American Jewry" lists among American Jews only 4 poets, 56 educators, 13 instructors, 57 scientists, 3 labor leaders, 10 singers, 7 motion picture producers, 9 theatrical producers, 10 playwrights, 34 actors, 50 social service and welfare workers, 52 communal workers, 23 civic workers, 10 philanthropists, and 38 journalists, 60 bankers, 9 brokers, 7 capitalists, and 19 large real estate operators.

There are 11 Jews in Congress and 13 in legislative halls throughout the country. Of the noted American publishers, 24 are Jews. There are three famous Jewish officers in the Army, and one in the Navy.

The lawyers listed form the next largest group after the physicians, numbering 310. There are 277 rabbis, 125 engineers, 98 artists, 80 musicians, 93 professors, 94 merchants, 32 manufacturers and 37 chemists.

The compilation of "Who's Who in American Jewry" is the result of replies to a questionnaire, it was stated. Many names have been omitted which should have been included, the editors declared. Some persons, the editors of the volume stated, preferred to be omitted rather than associate their names with those of their racial colleagues and a few even rejected with indignation the proposal of being included in a volume where their Jewish identity would become a matter of public knowledge.

Among the letters received by the publishers of the volume was one from Leopold Auer, noted musician and teacher. It had been generally understood that Mr. Auer is a Jew. In his letter to the publishers Mr. Auer asserts that he is not an American Jew, and that he was converted to the Greek Catholic Church sixty years ago.

The Board of Editors of the volume consists of Dr. Nathan Krass, Dr. A. A. Roback, Dr. Mordecai Soltes, Dr. Herbert S. Goldstein, Dr. Adolph Stern, Max D. Steuer, Joseph Baroness, Emanuel Celler and Abram I. Elkus.

A committee is being formed in Buffalo, N. Y. to take charge of the local American Christian Fund for Jewish Relief.

Representatives of Christian churches will be included on the committee. Bishop Turner will preside at a mass meeting in April. On February 6, in Philadelphia, the movement will sponsor a mass meeting, at which Cardinal Dougherty will preside. Others who will take active part in the Philadelphia meeting are: John Trigg, chairman; General Atterbury, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad; Ethingham Morris; Samuel Vaclain, president Baldwin Locomotive Works; James C. Flinn of the K. of C. Justice Monaghan and E. F. Aibrecht.

REGIONS 3 AND 5 PREPARE FOR THEIR CAMPAIGNS IN UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Pittsburgh, Pa., Jan. 26.—Region Five of the United Palestine Appeal, comprising western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and West Virginia, began its effort to raise its share of the \$7,500,000 goal for 1927 at a regional conference held at the Y. M. & Y. W. H. A. here. Delegates from fifty communities were present. The conference was presided over by Adolph Edlis, well known Zionist of this city.

Morris Neaman, Executive Secretary of the Pittsburgh United Palestine Appeal Bureau, reported that \$102,000 had been remitted to the United Palestine Appeal from the region during 1926, while the sum of about \$25,000 additional is estimated to have been remitted by the various communities to the Hadassah, National Fund, University Fund and other constituent funds of the United Palestine Appeal.

The conference confirmed the quota of \$250,000 for 1927 assumed by the regional representatives at the National Conference at Boston.

Charles J. Rosenbloom was elected chairman of the Region Executive Committee; Honorary Vice-Chairmen, Rabbi Herman Halperin, Rabbi W. Leiter, Rabbi M. A. Levin, Rabbi B. A. Lichter and Rabbi Goodman A. Rose; Vice-Chairmen, Abe Seder, Adolph Edlis, Edgar Kaufmann, Dr. M. B. Lichtenstein, Emil Steinbach, Max Engelberg and Mrs. Julius H. Cohen; Executive Secretaries, Morris Neaman and Mrs. A. H. Visman; Treasurer, Bennie Neiman; Associate Treasurer, Max Azen.

In addition to the above, one representative from each community in the region is to be named as a member of the Regional Executive Committee.

The Pittsburgh Campaign is set for March 20th to April 3rd. The conference was addressed by Louis Lipsky and Isador Kadis of the national office, who will direct the campaigns in the region.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 25.—Region No. 3 of the United Palestine Appeal, comprising New York State east of Rochester, held its first conference last Sunday in Albany with 500 delegates, representing over 50 communities. Dr. Chaim Weizmann and Mrs. Anna Moskowitz Kross, chairman of the department of Organization of the Hadassah, addressed the conference.

A mass meeting was held in the afternoon in the Harmanus Bleecker Hall and a dinner in Dr. Weizmann's honor in the evening at the Ten Eyck Hotel. Judge Irving Lehman of the Court of Appeals was the toastmaster.

Judge Isadore Bookstein of this city was elected chairman of the United Palestine Appeal committee to represent the eastern district of New York State, which includes the state outside of New York City.

The Albany quota was set at \$35,000 and the first payment, a check for \$15,000, has been transmitted to Dr. Chaim Weizmann.

SUPPORTERS OF CALIFORNIA JEWISH CONSUMPTIVES' SANI- TARIUM MEET IN PASADENA

Institution Has \$150,000 Annual Expenditure; Shapiro Elected President
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Pasadena, Calif., Jan. 26.—The annual convention of the Jewish Consumptive Relief Association concluded its sessions here. The Convention was attended by 250 delegates from all parts of the country.

The annual reports presented showed that the sanitarium in Duarte, Calif., cared for 260 patients during 1926, at a total expenditure of \$180,000.

New structures completed in the course of the year included the Chicago building and the Lipsy Cottage housing thirty-six patients. The building of a nurses' home, a medical laboratory and other facilities involving expenditures approximating \$50,000 were determined upon at the convention. The program for the coming year includes the launching of a membership campaign throughout the country.

Chaim Shapiro of Los Angeles was elected president of the Association. Joseph A. Rosenkranz was chosen vice-president.

Daily Digest of Public Opinion

(Continued from Page 2)

office in the Province of Quebec is the charge made by the "Canadian Jewish Chronicle" (Jan. 21), wherein we read:

"In this Province there is an unwritten law that a Jew is ineligible for public office. In the face of it, even the leading politicians pretend to be impotent, fearing that if their own personal objections to Jewish preferment were appeased, that its breach would bring about their downfall under an avalanche of general protest from the French commonality and the church. That the protest would have the disastrous effects pretended, we are more inclined to doubt. In truth the powers-that-be are themselves altogether hostile to the idea of bestowing office on Jewish pretenders, and they continue to elevate their own incompetents to power, to the chagrin and despair of ours."

FASCISTS IN LITHUANIA DEMAND DICTATORSHIP

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Kovno, Jan. 10.—The immediate dissolution of the Sejm and the proclamation of a military dictatorship which should rescind the present constitution of the country and put an end to the Parliamentary system, is demanded in today's issue of the official organ of the Fascist Party of Lithuania, which was responsible for the recent military revolution in the country.

The paper also publishes an article in which regret is expressed that the former President of Lithuania M. Slezevica, the Minister for the Interior M. Fasizla, and the Jewish Sejm Deputy M. Finkelstein were not shot as soon as the new regime was proclaimed.

PIANIST, graduate of Vienna Music Academy, gives lessons, accompaniments at concerts. Getzels, 302 W. 77th Street. Tel. Endicott 2865.

JEWISH WOMEN URGE ARBITRATION WITH MEXICO

A resolution urging President Coolidge to declare for arbitration of the difficulties existing between the United States and Mexico was adopted at the annual meeting of the Board of Managers of the National Council of Jewish Women.

Mrs. Joseph E. Friend of New Orleans, President of the organization, presided at the sessions, which will continue until today.

Reports laid special stress on vocational work for Jewish girls in the United States and Canada. During the last three years \$3,500,000 has been disbursed by the organization.

New appointments include those of Mrs. M. L. Margolis of Philadelphia, Chairman of Vocational Guidance and Employment; Mrs. Nathan Eisenman of New Orleans, Chairman of Finance and Budget; Mrs. A. S. Kohler of Savannah, Ga., Chairman of Religious Education, and Mrs. Leonard B. Schloss of Washington, Chairman of the Department of Juniors.

Cream of Rice

America's Delicious Cereal

INCREASES EFFICIENCY—
MENTAL AND PHYSICAL

BUY PALESTINE MATZOTH

from

MIZRACH MATZOH CO.

Sole Agents for United States and
Canada of the

GRANDS MOULINS DE PALESTINE, HAIFA

J. L. HOROWITZ, Pres.

320 GRAND ST. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Phone: Dry Dock 4959

BALFOUR CIGARETTES

made of the finest

GALILEA TOBACCO

blended with the most select Turkish

The Quality for the Experienced

Smoker of High Grade Cigarettes

PAL-AM TOBACCO CORP.

New York

"EVERY BANKING NEED FOR
EVERYBODY"

THE STATE BANK

NEW YORK

Resources over \$120,000,000.00

A branch in your neighborhood.

The Delicious Candy Laxative

EX-LAX

in 3 Forms: Chocolate, Figs, Gum