

BRITISH WEEKLY TAKES EXCEPTION TO PRITCHETT'S REPORT ON PALESTINE

Says His Views Will Not Be Viewed
Seriously in England

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 8.—A belated reply to the conclusion of Dr. Henry S. Pritchett of the Carnegie Peace Foundation on Palestine is given in this week's issue of the "Outlook," an influential English weekly. The paper writes:

"Pritchett is one of those international busybodies who delight in teaching the old world its job. He has instructed the Carnegie Peace Foundation that the project of the Jewish national home is visionary and unfortunate. His contention is based on the undeniable friction between the Jew and the Arab, but Pritchett's own ancestors caused inconvenience to the Indians, and Pritchett's contemporaries irritate Europeans for their good.

"It is surprising, however, that an American with national experience, should fail to realize the power of the pioneering spirit allied with religious enthusiasm. The colonists who roused Palestine from the torpor of centuries were not stolid peasants dumped into a strange country which did not want them. In an efficient, farsighted Jewish way, they are laboring to realize their

(Continued on Page 4)

ST. LOUIS JEWS PROTEST TO ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 8.—The Jewish Federation of St. Louis, at its monthly meeting protested in vigorous terms against the excesses in Roumania.

"Our protest is directed against the government of Roumania. Roumania stands convicted before the civilized world as a wrongdoer. The crimes committed by Roumania against her Jewish population should cease. We carry our appeal to the court of last resort, to the judgment and verdict of an enlightened public opinion," the resolution adopted at the meeting stated.

Louis Glaser is president of the Federation.

NADIR, YIDDISH WRITER, PROCEEDS TO PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 8.—Moïshe Nadir American Yiddish writer, who has been visiting Soviet Russia to study the Jewish colonization work, will soon leave for Palestine.

It was stated that the purpose of Mr. Nadir's Palestine trip will be to investigate conditions there and compare the colonization work of Palestine with that of Russia.

Mr. Nadir is on the editorial staff of the New York Yiddish Communist daily, "Freiheit."

NATIONAL ORIGIN PLAN, CUTTING IMMIGRANT QUOTAS, SUBMITTED TO SENATE

Number of Admissible Immigrants Would Be Reduced by 11,126 Under Plan;
Proportion of Quotas of Various Countries Changed; Inquiry
Discloses Interesting Details of U. S. Population

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Jan. 8.—The report of the subcommittee on quotas under the national origin provision of the immigration act was submitted by President Coolidge to the Senate yesterday in response to requests of Senators for the figures.

The sub-committee, which consists of the Secretaries of State, Commerce and Labor, finds that under the national origin plan the total immigration would be reduced from 164,667 under the present quota arrangement to 153,541. Its figures show that the national origin plan would largely reduce the quotas from most northern European countries, especially Germany, Scandinavia and the Irish Free State. The quota of Great Britain and northern Ireland

would be much increased and Russian and Italian quotas, among others, would expand. Nor do the national origin quotas agree with the 1924 estimates of what they would be.

Because of the reduction of immigration from northern Europe under the national origin plan, there is strong opposition to it in Congress and a determined movement for repeal. Protests are coming in from various national groups. The question has been raised whether it is mandatory on the President to proclaim the new plan April 1 to go into effect July 1 or whether he can use his judgment. This is being looked into by the Attorney General.

In their report Secretaries Kellogg, Hoover and Davis make the statement that the statistical and historical information from which computations were made is not entirely satisfactory. Moreover, they raise the question, though they do not pass on it, whether it is mandatory on the President to proclaim the national origin plan and whether Congress will repeal it.

The actual work of figuring out the quotas was done by experts of the three departments. Dr. Joseph A. Hill, head of the Census Bureau, was chairman of these experts.

In their letter to the President, Secretaries Kellogg, Hoover and Davis say:

"The report of the subcommittee is self-explanatory and, while it is stated

(Continued on Page 4)

TROTZKY'S NEW BOOK IS BANNED IN SOVIET RUSSIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Jan. 8.—The latest book of Leon Trotzky, ousted leader of the Communist party, was banned by an order of the Soviet government.

The book, which is entitled "Attempting to Change Communist Dictatorship," deals with the recent developments in the Soviet government and the policy of Josef Stalin to remove from leadership the old Communist guard, including several Jewish Commissars.

THREE JEWS APPOINTED TO HIGH LABOR COURT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

The Hague, Jan. 8.—Three Jews were appointed to the International Labor Court here.

The new members of the Court are Professor Von Einbden, Miss Polas and Mr. Cohen.

EUROPEAN MISSION COUNCIL AIMS TO EXPAND ACTIVITIES AMONG JEWS DURING 1927

Persecutions Have Not Solved Problem,
Conversion May, Missionaries Say

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Jan. 8.—All attempts of the anti-Semites in Europe to solve the Jewish problem by anti-Jewish persecutions have brought no results, in the opinion of the International Missions Council, according to "The Evangelist," the organ of the Council.

In expressing this opinion, the organ of the missionaries announces that the Council has decided to extend its campaign to convert Jews to Christianity during the year 1927. The extension applies particularly to Poland and Hungary where numerous Christian missions to the Jews are in operation. The purpose of this campaign is, the newspaper states, to solve the Jewish problem through missionary activities.

MAJORITY OF WHITE RUSSIAN CAPITAL POPULATION JEWS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Minsk, Jan. 8.—Figures on the Jewish population in the capital of White Russia were made public here on the basis of an official census.

According to the census, the majority of the population of Minsk, which numbers 121,956, are Jews.

The White Russian Commissariat of Education has decided to open a Yiddish section of the Workers University here.

In Mohilev, a collective of unemployed cantors was organized for the purpose of settling on the land. In order to secure funds for this collective, the cantors arranged a public concert.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

Published every day in the week except
Saturday and Jewish high holidays
by the

Jewish Daily Bulletin Co., Inc.
611 Broadway, New York, N. Y.
Telephone: Spring 1614

Jacob Landau President
Meer Grossman Vice-President
Samuel Biensstock Treasurer
John Simons Secretary

Vol. IV. Monday, Jan. 10, 1927. No. 664.

Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin
New York 611 Broadway
London 24 High Holborn
Paris 5, Rue Cardinal Mercier, Paris, VIII
Berlin W. 15 Duessefelder Strasse 72
Warsaw Ulica Alje, Jeruzolimskie Nr. 18
Jerusalem Hasidic Bldg
Cairo 13, Abou-El-Sebah

Subscription Rates
U. S. and Canada Foreign
One Year \$10.00 \$15.00
Six Months 6.00 8.00
One Month 1.00 1.50

Entered as second-class matter Oct. 15, 1924,
at the Post Office at New York, N. Y.,
under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Copyrighted

B'NAI BRITH ISSUES MANUAL ON JEWISH LIFE

A contribution to Jewish information on current as well as historic subjects was made by the Independent Order B'nai Brith in the publication of the B'nai Brith Manual.

The manual, which was issued under the editorship of Dr. Samuel S. Cohen, of the Hebrew Union College, contains 420 pages and is of pocket size. It furnishes information on the origin and importance of many Jewish institutions, customs, problems and on the status of the Jewish communities in various countries. It also describes the functions of various Jewish organizations. A special feature is an article by Dr. Boris D. Bogen, giving a historic sketch of the B'nai Brith.

The manual, which was distributed among the 60,000 members of the Order, is intended to increase knowledge and interest in Jewish life in and outside of the synagogue and lodge.

HABIMA PLAYERS MOVE TO COSMOPOLITAN THEATRE

The Habima moves today to the Cosmopolitan Theatre, 59th Street and Columbus Circle, New York. The larger seating capacity of this theatre enables them to play at popular prices ranging from \$1.10 to \$2.75. The opening performance at the Cosmopolitan will be "The Deluge", which will be repeated Tuesday and Wednesday nights. On Thursday and Friday "The Dybbuk" will be given. On Saturday-matinee and evening—"The Deluge" will again be played. Sunday matinee and evening, the play will be "Jacob's Dream."

BRANDEIS STARTS FUND FOR PALESTINE BOOKS

Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the United States Supreme Court, has presented to the Jewish Division of the New York Public Library the sum of \$1,000 to start a fund for the purchase of books and papers dealing with current Palestine developments.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Bialik Sees America as Cradle of New Spiritual Values

America is the cradle of new spiritual values and of a new type of man that will be the superior type of future mankind. This opinion, radically different from that of most foreign visitors to these shores, is voiced by Chaim Nachman Bialik, famous Hebrew poet, who recently visited this country and who on his return to Palestine has summed up his impressions of America in a lecture delivered in Tel Aviv. The Tel Aviv correspondent of "Der Moment", Warsaw Yiddish daily, describes Bialik's lecture as follows:

"The great poet said that he learned something after his arrival in the country that America is not only a land of unlimited possibilities but that it is also, in his conviction, the future cradle of the new and renewed human type. From the moment he first stepped on American soil he was gripped by the feeling that here will be born the man of the future. The American, Mr. Bialik declared, is really free and freed from the countless burdens which oppress the Europeans. The American is creating new traditions for himself. Being mainly immigrants the Americans have cast aside all their troubles in the old world, hence they are able to build a totally new world. That precisely is the reason for the impression toward the spirit. In reality, however, a process is going on in the life of America which is accumulating a tremendous volume of physical forces, a physical fusion and expansion, in order that on this gigantic foundation a new and original spiritual edifice may be erected. The American concentrates all his energy towards laying in this period the foundation. He is at this time, so to say, in his adolescence. He is growing and expanding, he does not knit his brow but zealously gathers material wealth in order through it to create spiritual values. From this arise some of the American characteristics which, superficially viewed, appear as faults."

Denounces Democrats in Roumania for Silence on Excesses

A denunciation of the Democratic party in Roumania and its representatives in the Parliament for their failure to protest against the anti-Jewish excesses is contained in "Der Stral," Jew-

ish weekly of Czernowitz. The paper writes, in its Dec. 17 issue:

"The present political situation in Roumania strongly resembles the situation in Czarist Russia during the years before the war. There, too, in the Duma (parliament) discussion on the Jews took place, as they do now in the Roumanian Parliament. The speeches of the pogrom agitator in the Duma, Purishkevitch, were perhaps even more blood-thirsty than those of Cuza, but following Purishkevitch's fulminations there was never lacking a bold reply from men like Miliukov, who defended the Jews not so much because he loved them, but because of his feelings as a Russian patriot and his desire to see Russia develop along democratic lines. The Roumanian Parliament too has democratic representatives who have written in their program the principles of liberty, progress, democracy, equal treatment for the national minorities and so on. Where are those representatives of democracy when the Roumanian Purishkevitchs hurl the fire of Jew hatred in Parliament with the approval of the Ministerial bench?"

"Roumanian democracy is silent. A democracy that keeps its mouth shut in the face of the vilest deeds of black reaction!"

The Public School and Religious Instruction

Among the measures being prepared for presentation at the coming session of the Indiana State Legislature, is the part-time religious education bill introduced two years ago. Commenting on this measure, which provides that pupils in public schools may be excused two hours each week to receive religious instruction at private schools operated by church organizations, the "Indianapolis Star" writes:

"Many who recognize the need of and heartily indorse the principle of religious instruction see no reason why the time from the schools should be taken for that purpose. The school day is shorter than it was a few years ago and ample time remains at its close for the religious instruction which is advocated. Before an attempt is made to invade the time of the schools, serious thought also should be given to the ability of the various denominations to meet the responsibility placed upon them."

Dealing with the subject of the public school and religious instruction the "American Israelite" (Jan. 6) observes: "Now that the State Legislatures are about to assemble—in some instances they are already at work—we may look for the perennial display of bigotry in the numerous bills that will be presented to compel Bible reading and religious instruction, one or both, in the public schools, or to set aside part of the regular school time to allow pupils to attend religious classes of their various denominations in neighborhood places provided by their several churches.

"In States, like Ohio for instance,

JEWISH CEMETERY IN PRUSSIA DESECRATED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Jan. 8.—Another vandalism on a Jewish cemetery was perpetrated last night in Bingen, Prussia.

The unknown vandals desecrated the cemetery and demolished many tombstones.

ALLIANCE ISRAELITE UNIVERSELLE CENSURES ROUMANIA FOR MISTREATMENT OF JEWS

Spent 2,500,000 Francs for Russia and Poland; Complains It Was Not Consulted by Turkish Jewish Leaders Before Renouncing Minority Rights

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Paris, Dec. 28.—A report of the Jewish situation in various European countries was presented at the annual session of the Central Committee of the Alliance Israelite Universelle held here.

An era of progressive improvement is noticed in Poland following a period of grave economic disturbance, the report stated. The situation is by no means normal; the three million Polish Jews naturally suffer cruelly from the after-effects of the crisis. The Polish Jews, however, are far from enjoying equal rights with other citizens, not only before the law, but in daily life. Organized boycotts are leveled both against Jewish workmen and merchants. Some relief has been gained through conferences. The recent change of ministry under the presidency of Marshal Pilsudski was welcomed by Polish Jews with great satisfaction.

Nor has Roumania ended its traditional anti-Jewish policy. General Averescu's present government has not reacted against the violent anti-Semitism of the Cuza party which is represented in parliament. Nor has the Roumanian Government respected its stipulations concerning the Jews of the annexed regions; thousands of Jews of Bukovina still remain without a country, and cannot obtain Roumanian naturalization.

The Alliance has not been inactive in regard to the numerous clausus. "Lucien Wolf, both in our name and that of the Joint Foreign Committee, has not failed to keep in touch with the representatives of the League of Nations. In the session of December 1925, following a joint note presented regarding the Hungarian numerus clausus, Count Klebelsberg gave assurance that the law had a provisional character. We have not returned to the question, since we wish to give the Hungarian government time to fulfill its promises. If not done, we will again take up the problem before the Geneva Assembly," the report states.

"Extreme caution is imposed on us now, since the parliamentary representatives of Polish Jews have for some months been negotiating with their government to regulate the status of Jews and assure them their Constitutional equal rights.

"The same applies to Roumania. Mr. Wolf has recently had important conversations with Roumanian representatives at Geneva.

"Abraham Bragin has recently com-

municated with the Central Committee on Jewish Colonization in Russia. Wishing to study the problem, we deputed Mr. Haffkine. Mr. Haffkine, on his return, will explain the various technical, political and economical aspects of the problem. His letters reveal how favorably he is impressed with Jewish colonization in Russia as a means of modifying the material handicaps of Russian Jews.

"We have studied the report made by Armand Schmolli, assistant director of the Jewish Colonization Association. "In a recent lecture, Reuben Brainin declared: 'Fort forty years I have been a devoted partisan of the Zionist movement and would care to do nothing detrimental to the Palestine cause. But facts are facts: Jewish colonization in Russia is a success, offering the only prospect of relief for our ruined Russian Jews.' We have also read in the journals the findings of delegates of the Joint Distribution Committee, notably that of Jacob Billikopf, son-in-law of Louis Marshall. Without exception, all favor the continuation and extension of the enterprise, America remaining closed to immigration," the report says.

"The question of the Portuguese Marranos who wish to return to Judaism has been studied by Lucien Wolf who published in 'Paix et Droit' diverse projects for the consummation regarding a unique contemporary problem.

"In May, the Minister of Foreign Affairs transmitted to us a request of the French minister in Ethiopia that some young Falashas be admitted to our Auteuil school for preparation as engineers, architects, doctors, etc. The Alliance offered the French Government to place four Falashas in our professional school in Jerusalem where they would be taught a trade. This is being done, but with little success, the Falashas being weak and averse to learning a trade, claiming they had been expecting a chance at higher studies.

"Neither have such trials in Italy, Switzerland and in Paris signally succeeded, due probably to permitting the youth to entertain too lofty ambitions, whereas the mentality of the Falashas is that of still primitive peoples; it would be a mistake to place them on equality with more advanced Jewish groups.

"During the past few months, the Alliance has devoted 2,500,000 francs to the succor of coreligionists suffering in Russia and Poland particularly from the economic effects of the war. In Russia, we have sent provisions and clothing through the Hoover mission; have relieved victims of pogroms in Ukraina, as well as emigres. In Poland we have succored refugees and orphans. The same holds of Eastern Galicia. The money available is insufficient; the Jews of Europe have not been able to assist in reconstruction work, which has

(Continued on Page 4)

ITALIAN JEWS UNEASY AS NEW TURN DEVELOPS IN FASCIST MOVEMENT

Anti-Jewish Attacks in Padua; Paper Publishes Sensational Report

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Rome, Dec. 26.—Considerable anxiety is felt by Jewish leaders here in view of the changes which have taken place in the Fascist movement.

Fascism with its ultra-nationalist tendencies and aims, its desire to re-establish the Roman Empire and especially by reason of its philo-Vatican policy has put Italian Jewry in a peculiar position. Although Mussolini's Government has not taken an outspoken anti-Semitic tendency, the principle which Mussolini himself and his Party have openly proclaimed, namely, that Catholicism and Italian patriotism are one and the same thing, has almost excluded the Jewish religious minority in Italy and deprived it of the character of a fully emancipated part of the population.

The reform of the elementary schools, the famous "Gentile" law (enacted by Prof. Gentile, Minister of Education) under which instruction in the elementary schools must be conducted on strictly Catholic lines, is a direct outcome of this pro-Vatican orientation and has made it impossible for Jewish children to attend the elementary schools.

Recent articles in the Fascist press have emphasized more and more the Catholic and the Roman spirit of Mussolini's movement and the "Tevere" has stated quite openly that "Jews are not Italians and cannot be good Fascists."

The events of the last few weeks, since the attempt on Mussolini's life, have revealed the gravity of the position of Italian Jewry. After the attempts on Mussolini's life the Fascist Press accused the Jews of being behind these attempts.

The democratic world is under the influence of the Jews, the Fascist Party organs are never tired of repeating. The Freemasons are dominated by Jews and "International Jewish Finance" is doing its best to get Mussolini out of the way, to annihilate Fascism and to bring Italy to the verge of anarchy. Under the heading of "Accomplices" a well-known Fascist Deputy has published an article in which he argues that "Jewish Finance" alone was interested in the murder of the leader of the Fascist movement and that the attempt on Mussolini's life were financed by Jews. At the same time a sensational report finds its way into the columns of the Fascist press to the effect that "The Elders of Zion" at their last meeting elected Signor Nitti, the former Italian Premier, as an Honorary Jew, because of his services in the fight against Fascism. The paper "Della Serra" of Trieste not only printed this report, but assured its readers that it guarantees the truth of it.

The results of this anti-Semitic agitation have very speedily become apparent. Serious anti-Jewish excesses have occurred in Padua. Black Shirts forced their way into the old synagogues of the city and did great damage. They smashed the pews, tore the Talmud and broke the windows.

where these matters are by fundamental law the business of the local school-boards, the people have a chance to fight it out in a decent and honorable way, but when the fight is carried to the State Legislature the fanatical back-district Representatives, ignorant and preacher-controlled, are quite unscrupulous enough to use their vote for 'trading,' a contemptible form of bribery."

**NATIONAL ORIGIN PLAN
SUBMITTED TO SENATE**
(Continued from Page 1)

to be a preliminary report, yet, it is believed that further investigation will not substantially alter the conclusions arrived at. It may be stated that the statistical and historical information available from which these computations were made is not entirely satisfactory. Assuming however that the issuance of the proclamation provided for in Paragraph 3, Section 11, of said act is mandatory, and that Congress will neither repeal nor amend said act before April 1, 1927, the attached list shows substantially the quota allotments for use in said proclamation."

The report of the subcommittee is dated December 15, 1926. It says the work has not been completed and the figures, though subject to revision, indicate approximately the final results.

The available data which provided the basis of computations included:

"1. The records of immigration giving the number of immigrants arriving annually from each foreign country from 1820 to 1920.

"2. The reports of the decennial censuses which have classified the foreign born population by country of birth at each census from that of 1850 to 1920 inclusive; the native white population of foreign or mixed parentage by country of birth at each census from that of 1850 to 1920 inclusive; the native white population of foreign or mixed parentage by country of birth of parents at each census from 1890 to 1920 inclusive; and both the foreign born white population and native white population of foreign or mixed parentage by mother tongue at the censuses of 1910 and 1920.

"3. A classification by racial stocks of the white populations at the census of 1790 as published by the Census Bureau in the volume 'A Century of Population Growth.'

"4. Standard reference works giving population of foreign countries at different periods by provinces and other small political divisions and by linguistic and racial groups."

The subcommittee found that of the 94,820,915 white population enumerated in 1920 approximately 53,500,000 were of immigrant stock and 41,000,000 of original native stock.

In submitting their quota figures the subcommittee gave three sets of figures. The first column shows the figures on the national origin basis as determined by the subcommittee. The second column shows the quotas now in effect under the present law. The third column shows the estimated quotas on a national origin basis which were offered to Congress and printed in the Congressional Record in 1924 at the time the immigration law was under consideration on the basis of 150,000 annual immigration. Eliminating those countries which take minimum quotas of 100 each, the figures are as follows:

	National Quotas	Present Quotas	1924 Estimates
Austria	886	2,717	2,171
Czechoslovakia	2,248	3,073	3,329
Belgium	410	512	251
Denmark	1,044	2,789	949
Finland	539	271	517

**ROUMANIA IS CENSURED
BY ALLIANCE ISRAELITE**
(Continued from Page 3)

been made possible, however, by societies like the Jewish Colonization Association and by the spirit of generosity characterizing American Jewry which continues to support the still uncompleted task.

"An important subsidy was given the Jewish poor of Damascus, following the war in Syria. Security is established; Jews have resumed their occupations and are working to repair their ruin.

"We were not consulted by the Turkish Jews of Constantinople who renounced their minority rights conferred on them by the Treaty of Lausanne. The separation of spiritual and temporal realms, effected by the new Constitution, ipso facto, entails the suppression of the jurisdiction of the rabbinate in individual and family questions. It remains to be learned if, through international law, some resolution will unite the minority members and whether the League of Nations will give its adhesion thereto, charged as it is with the execution of the treaties.

"Hellenic authorities in Greek Macedonia stubbornly refuse to tolerate the naming of professors belonging to a foreign nationality. The time is not remote when all important matters will have to be taught in Greek," the report states.

The annual meeting of the National Jewish Hospital at Denver will be held at the Statler Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., on Sunday, January 23. The sessions will last through the day, and will be followed by a banquet at the Statler Hotel.

The meeting will hear reports of the work accomplished during the past year, and plans for the future, in the annual messages of the President, Mr. William B. Woolner, Mrs. S. Pisko, secretary of the Hospital, and of Dr. Wm. S. Friedman, Denver, founder of the Hospital and Chairman of the Board of Managers. The medical work of the Hospital will be covered in the reports of Dr. Robert Levy, chairman of the Medical Advisory Board, and Dr. Felix Baum, Medical Director. The research work of the Hospital will be presented in the report of Dr. H. J. Cooper, Director of Research, Ben Altheimer, New York, national treasurer of the Hospital since its inception, and B. Fiesher, Denver, chairman of the Finance Committee, will report on the finances of the institution and its future needs. The field work of the Hospital will be presented by Samuel Schaefer, National Supervisor, and Ernest Morris, of Denver, will describe the work of the Hospital's trade and vocational schools.

France	3,837	3,954	1,772
Germany	23,428	51,227	20,026
Great Britain	1,000	1,000	1,000
Northern Ireland	73,039	34,007	65,135
Greece	367	100	384
Hungary	967	473	1,521
Irish Free State	12,863	28,367	8,330
Italy	6,021	38,476	5,216
Jugoslavia	777	671	591
Lithuania	494	344	458
Netherlands	2,421	1,548	2,762
Norway	2,267	6,453	2,053
Poland	4,978	5,982	4,333
Roumania	516	603	222
Russia	4,781	2,248	4,002
Spain	2,259	1,311	141
Sweden	624	912	3,072
Switzerland	1,158	2,081	183
Turkey	233	100	100

The sub-committee finds that while the immigration act may have presupposed the total immigration from quota countries would be 150,000, the act does not definitely and directly limit total immigration.

**LONDON PAPER CRITICIZES
DR. PRITCHETT'S REPORT**
(Continued from Page 1)

ideal and the most significant and moving passages of Samuel's final report pay due tribute to their efforts.

"They have quickened the pulse of Jewry the world over and even the Palestine Arab is beginning to appreciate the additional value of their work.

"Whatever applause Pritchett obtains from credulous, self-opinionated Tennessee, his views will not be treated seriously on this side of the Atlantic. The great Palestine experiment will be continued because it has behind it the two most powerful forces of civilization, Jewry and the British Government," the paper writes.

**THE
Public National Bank
OF NEW YORK**
Resources Over \$125,000,000
An Office in Your Locality

**THE INTER-RACIAL PRESS
OF AMERICA, Inc.**
NATHAN H. SEIDMAN, President
Representing American Foreign Language Newspapers
PUBLICITY - - ADVERTISING
342 Madison Avenue New York
Tel. Murray Hill 8766

Cream of Rice
America's Delicious Cereal
**INCREASES EFFICIENCY—
MENTAL AND PHYSICAL**

COMMUNAL WORKS
Can make \$50 per week in spare time. Attractive terms. Apply to Jewish Daily Bulletin, 611 Broadway, New York.

GRADUATE of Vienna Music Academy
gives piano lessons, accompanies at concerts.
Grete Polak, 392 W. 77th Street.
Tel. Endicott 2865.

ALPERT BROS. Undertakers
Beautiful Chapel, Marble Purification Room.
Single or Family Plot All Cemeteries.
216 Lenox Avenue, New York
Phone: Harlem 0114-9228

MANISCHEWITZ MATZO
"The Matzo Without An Equal" ®

Paintings, Drawings, Etchings
on sale at
SAUL RASKIN STUDIO
96 FIFTH AVE. Watkins 4591

PINSKI-MASSEL PRESS, Inc.
When writing to advertisers please mention the "Jewish Daily Bulletin."