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ELECTORS CHOSEN FOR JEWISH SENATE REPRESENTATIVES IN HUNGARY

Chief Rabbi Simon Hevesi, Endorsed by Bishop Czernoch, Is Defeated in Electoral Vote

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Jan. 6.—Four Jewish electors to select the two Jewish representatives in the upper chamber of the Hungarian parliament, were chosen. They are Rabbi Immanuel Loew of Szegedin, Bernstein of Nyireghaza, the Orthodox Rabbi Strasser of Debreczyn, and Rosenbaum of Kisvarda. Chief Rabbi Simon Hevesi, who was endorsed for election to the senate by Bishop Czernoch, was defeated in the electoral vote. Reich and Fischer of Budapest were also defeated.

POLISH FOREIGN OFFICE URGED TO INTERVENE WITH ROUMANIAN GOVERNMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Jan. 6.—The demand that the Polish Foreign Office intervene with the Roumanian government concerning the anti-Jewish excesses was made by Deputy Leon Reich in the Foreign Relations Committee of the Polish Diet.

The committee debated yesterday on the statements made by Foreign Minister Saleski on the foreign policy of the government. Deputy Reich urged that the internal policy with regard to the national minorities in Poland be regulated. He argued that the situation of the minorities reflects unfavorably on Poland's prestige abroad.

SAXON GOVERNMENT INVITES JEW TO LEIPSIG UNIVERSITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Jan. 6.—The government of Saxony is negotiating with Professor Willstaetter, winner of the Nobel prize in chemistry, to accept the chair of chemistry at the University of Leipsig, it was learned today.

Professor Willstaetter, who resigned from the University of Munich because of the anti-Semitic attitude of the university senate, plans to go to the United States in the spring to lecture at Harvard.

CHICAGO PRESS COMMENTS ON WILLS OF TWO RICH MEN

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 5.—Much comment has been aroused in the Chicago press by the fact that the late Thomas Cusack, an Irishman, left \$50,000 to Chicago Jewish Charities, while William N. Eisendrath, who left an estate valued at \$1,000,000, \$35,000 of which was left to charity, among the institutions being the Chicago Symphony Orchestra and the Art Institute, made no bequests to Jewish charities.

LITHUANIAN PREMIER NEGOTIATES FOR SUPPORT OF NATIONAL MINORITIES

Minority Rights Will Be Safeguarded, He Promises; Jews Seek More Definite Assurances

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Jan. 6.—An attempt to win the support of the deputies representing the national minorities in the Lithuanian parliament was made by Premier Valdemaras prior to the third reading of the government budget.

In negotiations with the leaders of the clubs of the Jewish, German and Polish deputies, the Premier declared that he always defended the rights of the national minorities in Lithuania and that it was he who signed the Paris declaration to the League of Nations on behalf of Lithuania, guaranteeing the protection of the national minorities. The Premier declared solemnly that he has not changed his opinion. The rights of the national minorities in Lithuania will be safeguarded by special laws independent of the attitude of the minorities toward the government, he said.

The national minorities deputies refrained from voting on the budget. Deputy Robinson, leader of the Jewish Club, stated that the Jewish deputies refrained from voting because of lack of information as to the future course of the government policy.

TWO CLASSES OF CITIZENS IN POLAND, SOVEREIGN POLES AND OTHERS, GRABSKI SAYS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Lemberg, Jan. 6.—Stanislaw Grabski, one of the leaders of the national democrats, former Minister of Education and one of the principals in the Polish Jewish agreement negotiations, charged the Galician Zionist leaders with the failure of the agreement, in an interview with the representative of a Jewish newspaper here.

The "Ugoda" (the Polish Jewish agreement) was not realized because of the fact that the Galician Zionists capitulated to the other groups in the Club of Jewish Deputies, he stated.

The former education minister then declared that in his opinion, the citizenry of the Republic of Poland consists of two classes: the Poles who are

(Continued on Page 4)

PRESIDENT GETS REPORT ON "NATIONAL ORIGIN" QUOTAS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Jan. 6.—A report signed by the Secretaries of State, Commerce and Labor, on their studies as to the reapportionment of the immigration quotas in accordance with the national origins provision of the 1924 immigration law, was laid before President Coolidge yesterday.

AMERICAN REFORM RABBI STIRS LONDON JEWS WITH CHARGES AGAINST ORTHODOX

Board of Deputies Censures Action, But Liberal Synagogue Expresses Confidence in Rabbi Mattuck

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Jan. 6.—The Liberal Jewish Synagogue of London and the Board of Jewish Deputies are engaged in a controversy over the opinions of Rabbi Israel I. Mattuck, an American, graduate of the Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati, who is rabbi of the synagogue.

Rabbi Mattuck created a stir in Anglo-Jewish public opinion by an article published in "The Spectator" entitled, "Liberal Judaism and the Modern State." In that article, Rabbi Mattuck conveyed the impression that it was only with the advent of Liberal Judaism in England that the English Jews have been made fit to discharge their duties as citizens of England. The Orthodox English Jews who have retained the old prayers for return to Palestine, he argued, are "inconsistent."

The article was discussed at a meeting of the Press Committee of the Board of Jewish Deputies and the Committee decided to send a letter to Dr. Mattuck pointing out that his article in "The Spectator" could be made use of as a weapon in the hands of anti-Semites, throwing doubt on the complete loyalty of the greater number of the Jews in England. Rabbi Mattuck replied to the Press Committee in the following terms:

"I have before me your letter of the 8th inst. It interested me to learn that my article in a recent number of 'The Spectator' was read before your Press Committee. Inasmuch, however, as it does not seem to have converted the
(Continued on Page 3)

B'NAI BRITH HONORS ADOLF KRAUS, FORMER PRESIDENT OF ORDER

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Jan. 6.—The honorary degree of the Covenant, "Na'asse V'Nishma," the highest honor of the Independent Order B'nai Brith, was conferred for the first time in the history of the Order upon Judge Adolph Kraus, president of the Order for twenty years, at a banquet last night at the Drake Hotel. The banquet was given in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Kraus on the occasion of their fiftieth wedding anniversary.

The honorary degree was conferred by Rabbi Louis L. Mann, assisted by Rabbis Joseph Stolz, Gerson B. Levi, Julian Gusfield, Felix A. Levy, Tobia Schanfarber, Solomon Frechhoff, Harvey R. Wessel, George Fox, S. Felix Mendelsohn, David Rosenbaum, Jacob Singer, Abraham Hirschberg, Samuel Schwartz, Charles Sydney, Saul Silber, Philip A. Langh, Morris Teller, A. L.
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**ROMANIA AN INFERNO
FOR JEWS, VLADECK SAYS
ON RETURN FROM EUROPE****Stamford City Council Adopts Resolu-
tion Against Roumanian Excesses**

The Jews in Roumania are treated worse than the negroes were ever treated in the South, declared B. C. Vladeck, manager of the "Jewish Daily Forward," who returned on Tuesday from a trip to Europe.

Roumania is an inferno for the Jews. The Jew there is not under the protection of the law. There is no one to whom complaint can be made. Jews cannot pass unmolested in the streets, he stated.

Stamford, Conn., Jan. 6.—At a meeting held on Monday evening, the Common Council of the City of Stamford which consists of a Mayor and nine Councilmen, none of whom are Jews, adopted a resolution of protest against the persecution of the Jews in Roumania. The resolution read:

"Whereas, the Roumanian Government has been instigating and permitting outrages upon the Jewish people of her land, denying to them justice and their due rights under her fundamental law and in violation of the obligations which she assumed under the Treaty of 1919, guaranteeing the full enjoyment of civil, political, linguistic and religious liberty to all her inhabitants: Be It Hereby Resolved:

"That we utter a solemn protest against the persecution of the Jewish people and other religious minorities in Roumania, and we call upon the Roumanian Government to live up to the obligations which she assumed under the Treaty of 1919, guaranteeing the full enjoyment of civil, political, linguistic and religious liberty to all of her inhabitants."

The action of the City Council followed a protest meeting held in Stamford on Sunday at the Hebrew Institute at which Abraham Wolsey, Morris Perlman and Rabbi Leon J. Liebreich spoke. Morris Spelke presided.

**POLAND WATCHES JEWISH
COLONIZATION WORK IN
RUSSIA; REPORT SUBMITTED**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Warsaw, Dec. 19.—The Jewish colonization work in Russia was the subject of a discussion which has been held at the Polish Institute for the Study of the Problems of the National Minorities. The representative of the Polish Government to the Jewish Colonization Conference held in Moscow last month, M. Alexander Hafke, submitted a report on the subject. He traced the history of the Jewish colonization movements in Russia and Poland, and described the achievements which have already been made in South Russia. It was his opinion that it was the intention of the Soviet Government to enable Jews not only in Soviet Russia but from other countries also to settle on the land in South Russia.

Former Minister of Education, Prof. Sujkowski, who resigned because of the adverse vote of the Club of Jewish Deputies, took part in the discussion. He felt, he said, that a people which has been separated from the soil for over two thousand years is not able to carry through successfully such a big experiment as that which is now being made in South Russia. The Jews are competent in agriculture, but it is essential to make a very careful selection of the individuals who are to be settled on the land, a selection similar to that which is being made in the Chuluzim movement. The tremendous enthusiasm of the Chuluzim, Prof. Sujkowski said, had convinced him of the possibility of a systematic Jewish agricultural colonization work.

**JEW AGRICULTURE MINISTER
IN BOLIVIA, REPORTS STATE**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Bucharest, Dec. 20.—Zadok Rothman, a native of Uriev in Bessarabia, son of the Jewish businessman, Chaim Rothman, who left twenty years ago for America, has been appointed Minister for Agriculture in the Republic of Bolivia, South America, according to letters received from him by relatives in Roumania.

**DELPHINER TO ENLARGE
SILK FACTORY IN TEL AVIV**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Jan. 6.—Max Delphiner, well known Austrian Jewish silk manufacturer, will leave for Palestine this month.

It was stated that the purpose of Mr. Delphiner's journey is to enlarge his silk factory in Tel Aviv.

The International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, through President Morris Sigman and Vice President Julius Hochman, have virtually agreed upon a settlement with the Wholesale Dress Manufacturers' Association, the jobbers, as a result of negotiations for an agreement to replace the one which expired Dec. 31.

The contractors working for the jobbers employ 12,000 dressmakers. The settlement provides for a renewal of the agreement and affects 800 contracting shops.

**DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION
ON JEWISH MATTERS**

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

**Takes Issues with Kiwanis Club
Figures on Religious Education**

The report of the Kiwanis Club, claiming that only four out of twenty-four Jewish children in Manhattan get religious education, through Sunday School or equivalent registration, as against four out of five Catholic and four out of seven Protestant children, is challenged by the "Jewish Morning Journal." In its Jan. 6 issue the paper contends the Kiwanis figures are misleading, saying:

"We frequently hear the complaint that the Jews neglect the religious education of their children and various figures are brought forward to prove the assertion. But the difference between Catholics and Jews cannot be so big. Every Jew who observes conditions about him knows that more than one out of six Jewish children receives some kind of religious training.

"If the investigators of the Kiwanis Club took into consideration only Sunday School registration, forgetting or ignoring the fact that Jews do not regard Sunday in the same way as Christians, then they are simply not justified in expressing an opinion on the subject. Jews have private religious education and schools which can not be classified as Sunday Schools. A different criterion must be applied to the question of religious education among Jews, even if one knows the inner Jewish situation so little as not to realize that the training given in Jewish Sunday Schools is the least valuable of all. We confess that religious education is being greatly neglected among us, but such exaggerations as those of the Kiwanis Club report bring no good, and it is surely an injustice to put a large part of the population of New York in a bad light, even if the intentions are the best."

**New York Papers Urge Repeal of
"National Origins" Clause**

The passage of Senator Shipstead's bill for the repeal of the "national origins" quotas is urged by the N. Y. "World" (Jan. 6). Enumerating the objections to the "national origins" clause, the paper concludes:

"This clause of the 1924 act was passed with hasty and inadequate debate, at a time when attention was centered upon Japanese exclusion. The happiest way of disposing of it till such time as we can undertake a general re-examination of the immigration question would be to pass Mr. Shipstead's repeal bill."

The belief that the national origins quotas should not be enacted is voiced by the N. Y. "Herald-Tribune," in commenting on the report that the President is not expected to issue the proclamation which is requisite to the enforcement of the new quota system. The paper remarks:

"If the national origins committee

LAVENBURG ESTABLISHES \$1,000,000 FOUNDATION FOR A MODEL HOUSE ON EAST SIDE

Bill to Be Introduced in State Legislature

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Albany, Jan. 6.—Sanitary, healthful and comfortable apartments to rent for \$25 or less a month to working people on the East Side of New York will be provided by a bill soon to be introduced in the Legislature.

This is the first step toward putting Governor Smith's housing program into practical effect.

Plans are already under way for the first of the model tenements to be authorized by this measure. It will be built with a 180-foot front on Goerck Street near Stanton Street. About 120 families will be accommodated in four room apartments renting at the rate of \$6 a room a month.

The bill known as the Downing-Steingut bill, creates the Fred L. Lavenburg foundation of \$1,000,000 which is to carry out the work. Mr. Lavenburg has given \$750,000 in money and the plot on Goerck Street to start the work. Mr. Lavenburg is the brother-in-law of the late Oscar Straus.

The measure names as incorporators of the foundation Benjamin Straus, Edmund E. Wise, Arthur E. Somers, Hugo Blumenthal, Myron Falk, Benjamin Tuska, Boyden S. Sparks, Alexander M. Bing, Carl S. Stein and Fred L. Lavenburg. It is planned to build a similar house in Brooklyn.

No return or interest is expected on the investment. Money realized from rent will be used for operation and upkeep. If there is a surplus the rents will be reduced.

COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR

Sir: I am in receipt of the Index of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin," which you were kind enough to send me and for which I am enclosing my check.

I have looked through it and readily recognize that it is a very valuable publication that can be useful to every one who is interested in any form of Jewish life. I am sure that our Religious Schools, and more especially, the numerous adult classes in our Synagogues and communal institutions will find your Index an indispensable reference book. I congratulate you on the wisdom and foresight which prompted such a publication.

RABBI SAMUEL FRIEDMAN,

Congregation Beth-El.

Philadelphia, Jan. 4, 1922.

P. S.—Please send a copy of the Index to our Religious School Library.

should produce a report of unquestionable accuracy or so close an approximation that it could not fairly be challenged there would be no just ground of complaint. But if out of the welter of figures and probabilities only a supposititious reckoning can be fabricated, the national origins arrangement had better be abandoned."

The N. Y. "Times," dealing with the same subject, does not take a definite stand, but observes:

"The opposition has come almost exclusively from the Representatives of districts in which are large foreign colonies. Congressmen from other regions are strongly in favor of continuing, and perhaps even of tightening, the restrictions on the admission

B'NAI BRITH HONORS ADOLPH KRAUS, FORMER PRESIDENT OF ORDER

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Lassen, Abraham Horowitz, B. A. Daskal, David Almond and Joseph H. Margolies.

Mr. Kraus has been a member of the B'nai Brith for fifty-five years, twenty of which were spent as head of the Order. In addition to his activities with the Order, Mr. Kraus was president of the Chicago Board of Education, Corporation Counsel, and advisor to Mayor Carter Harrison during the World's fair. He was head of the Jewish delegation to the Russo-Japanese Peace Conference at Portsmouth, New Hampshire in August 1905. This delegation, which included Jacob H. Schiff, Isaac N. Seligman, Oscar Straus, and Adolph Lewisohn, placed before Count de Witte a demand for the cessation of the pogroms in Russia and according to the Jews of that country of civil and political rights. He participated in the effort which led to the abrogation in 1911 of the Commercial treaty between the United States and Russia because of the refusal of the latter to honor passports issued to American citizens of the Jewish faith. President Taft presented to Mr. Kraus the pen with which he signed the Order of Abrogation. Mr. Kraus was the founder of the Anti-Defamation League of the Independent Order B'nai Brith.

Alfred M. Cohen, president of the Independent Order B'nai Brith, Dr. Boris D. Bogen, Executive Secretary, and other prominent members of the Order were among those who came to Chicago to attend the banquet and witness the presentation of the degree.

American Reform Rabbi Stirrs London Jews With Charges Against Orthodox

(Continued from Page 1)

members of the committee to my opinions, they will, I am sure, understand why their resolution, though unanimous, has not altered my views. Moreover, I try to be guided, in what I write and say, by my own conscience and ideas, and, in what may affect my fellow-Jews, by my own conception of what is in the best interests of the Jewish Community. These considerations necessarily limit the measure of my appreciation of your committee's resolution."

Rabbi Mattuck's attitude caused a heated discussion at the last session of the Board of Jewish Deputies. Dr. Joseph H. Hertz, Chief Rabbi of Great Britain, answered Dr. Mattuck in an article in "The Spectator."

The Council of the Liberal Jewish Synagogue issued a statement yesterday in which it expressed its undiminished confidence in Rabbi Mattuck, notwithstanding the censure directed at him by the Board of Jewish Deputies.

of aliens. It may be decided, therefore, to clarify the law of 1924 so as to make it obligatory on the President to put the national laws into effect. The matter appears now to rest with the immigration committees of the Senate and the House."

APPELLATE COURT UPHOLDS CONSTITUTIONALITY OF RE- LIGIOUS INSTRUCTION LAW

Free Thinkers to Carry Case to Higher Court

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Albany, Jan. 6.—The law authorizing religious instruction for pupils of the public schools one hour a week during school hours outside the school buildings was declared constitutional by the Appellate Division, Third Department, in an opinion written by Justice Rowland L. Davis.

The decision was in the test case brought by Joseph Lewis, President of the Free Thinkers' Society, against Dr. Frank P. Graves, State Commissioner of Education, to compel him by mandamus to order discontinued the plan used in White Plains as well as in the 130 cities and villages of the State where it was being practiced.

The appeal was from an order of Justice Ellis J. Staley, who denied the application for the writ made at the Albany special term several months ago.

The attack on the law was led by Arthur Garfield Hays and John C. Mahon, of New York City, counsel for the Free Thinkers' Society, on the principal grounds that the practice violated one of the fundamental provisions of the Constitution, declaring that the Church and State shall remain separate, and that it was also in conflict with the compulsory school attendance law, which the Commissioner of Education is required to enforce.

Ernest E. Cole, counsel for Dr. Graves, argued that not to permit the absence of children from regular school classes to attend their church schools would be an interference with religious liberty and that no pupil was required to attend the church classes without the consent of the parents.

John R. Bushong filed a brief for the General Committee on week-day religious instruction of White Plains, which declared that to hold the law unconstitutional "would be a direct blow to the training of American youth, contrary to fundamental public policy, and would amount to moral anarchy."

It is expected that an early appeal will be taken to the Court of Appeals and after that to the United States Supreme Court.

MENORAH CONFERENCE TO DISCUSS CULTURE PROBLEMS

A conference of the Intercollegiate Menorah Association has been called for January 29, 30 and 31, and will be held in New York City.

The subject of the Conference is announced as "The Spiritual Situation of the Jew in America."

Among the specific matters to be considered will be the position of the synagogue under modern American conditions, the problems of the rabbinate, the attitude of the intellectual classes, and the needs of Jewish education, the Association announced.

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COMMISSIONS APPOINTED FOR MUNICIPAL ELEC- TIONS IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)
Jerusalem, Dec. 15.—The Government has appointed the Electoral Committee which is to conduct the Municipal elections in Jerusalem. It consists of five Moslems, five Christians and five Jews. Their names are Muhammed Saleh Eff, Husseini, Jawdat Eff, Nashashibi, Bader Eff, al-Khaldi, Haj Yussuf Eff, Wafa al Dajani, and Ibrahim Eff, Kleibo; Elias Eff, Mushabek, George Eff, Siksik, Francis Eff, Batato, Elias Eff, Haddad and Dr. Kalbian; Y. Amdursky, Abraham Haim Zvebner, Tewfic Adis, Meir Laniado, and I. Ben Zvi.

The District Commissioner for Jaffa has appointed the Electoral Committee for Jaffa. It consists of six Moslems, three Christians and three Jews.

Two Classes of Citizens in Poland (Continued from Page 1)

the sovereign rulers of their country and all other inhabitants who are only citizens of the second order. Grabski, in attempting to justify this division, charged that "Jewish patriotism is directed in the first place to Palestine."

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