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INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE UNION WILL INTERVENE FOR ROUMANIAN JEWS

Roumanian Jewish Students Leave for France

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 30.—The International Union of League of Nations Societies will intervene on behalf of the Jews of Roumania.

This was the reply given by the International Union to the Palestine League of Nations Society which protested to the International against the excesses.

Vienna, Dec. 30.—A great number of Roumanian Jewish students have arrived here from Bucharest en route to Paris where they intend to continue their studies.

Interviewed by the correspondent of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency students declared that notwithstanding the fact that they were enrolled at the university, they were obliged to leave as, during the last three months, it was impossible for them to enter the university, they were obliged to leave, as The eight Jewish students who were enrolled in the medical college of the University of Bucharest have been expelled because of their enforced absence due to the excesses.

CHASSIDIC RABBIS PRO- NOUNCE RELIGIOUS BAN AGAINST EACH OTHER

Law May Be Invoked.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Dec. 30.—A controversy between two of the leading Chassidic rabbis in Eastern Europe led to their application of the "Cherum," the religious ban against each other.

The controversy is of long standing between the Rebbe of Munkacz, Czechoslovakia, and the Rebbe of Belz, Poland. The numerous followers of these rabbis are participating in the controversy. The Rebbe of Belz recently published a pamphlet in which a "Cherem" is pronounced against the Rebbe of Munkacz on the charge that he had desecrated the memory of the late Chassidic Rabbi of Belz. In reply to this pamphlet, the Rebbe of Munkacz, Schapira, pronounced the religious ban in the synagogue. The matter may end in the court as the pronouncement of a religious ban is punishable under the law by one year's imprisonment.

PARENTS PRESENT LABORA- TORY TO LONDON COLLEGE.

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 30.—A chemical research laboratory to be named after David S. Cohen, was opened at the East London College of London University. The laboratory represents a gift from the parents of David S. Cohen in memory of their son.

ROUMANIAN MINISTER AT WASHINGTON REBUKES ROUMANIAN JEWS IN AMERICA FOR PROTESTING AGAINST ANTI-JEWISH EXCESSES

Claims Reports of Anti-Jewish Excesses Have No Foundation; Says Protests Are Persecutions of Roumania by Jews; News Spread by Bolsheviki Agents; Leo Wolfson Refutes Minister's Assertions, Quotes Roumanian Newspaper; Matter Referred to American Jewish Committee and American Jewish Congress

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

The protest of the United Roumanian Jews of America against the continued anti-Jewish excesses in Roumania, expressed in an open letter to George Cretziano, Roumanian Minister at Washington, elicited an attack from the Minister on the Roumanian Jews in America, charging them with taking sides with "Bolshevik propaganda." Mr. Cretziano, who in a previous statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency denied the occurrence of any anti-Jewish excesses, declared now in a letter to Leo Wolfson, president of the United Roumanian Jews of America, that the news of anti-Jewish excesses in Roumania is "base calumny" and "a real persecution of Roumania by Jews." The attack of the Roumanian Minister was answered by Mr. Wolfson in another open letter. The Roumanian Minister's letter has been submitted to the American Jewish Committee and the American Jewish Congress for action.

The Roumanian Minister replied to Mr. Wolfson: "I return your letter of December 12th, the terms of which I cannot accept, as between the affirmations of the Roumanian Government and the allegations of an irresponsible press under Bolshevik influence, you chose the latter.

"I hardly can believe that the majority of Roumanian Jews of New York can approve your attitude and if they do, I should consider them as having lost every Roumanian feeling.

"The Roumanian Government, which I represent, is composed of men who are neither insane nor stupid, and they would be both if they started or tolerated persecution of Jews, knowing the solidarity of your people all over

the world, and the wrong they would do to the Roumanian cause, in raising public opinion in foreign countries against it.

"I should rather consider the actual press-campaign, to which you seem to associate yourself, as a real persecution of Roumania by Jews—certainly not all Jews, but some of them who consent to be conscientious or inconsistent agents of Soviet propaganda. The unfriendly feelings of Soviet Russia towards Roumania are well known, as is known the great number of Jews who are predominant in its organization, the influence they exercise over some of their brethren in foreign countries and their powerful means of propaganda.

"It is evident that they take profit of every opportunity to do harm to Roumania and they could not neglect the regrettable events of Cernauti for crying: persecution, anti-Semitism, pogroms, etc., especially after the brilliant reception with which the Queen of Roumania was welcomed in the United States. They are certainly afraid of seeing American sympathy towards Roumania increasing and look after a way to stop it.

"I think it is useless for us to discuss the question, as we start from different points of view, you considering the statement of the Roumanian
(Continued on Page 3)

IMPROVEMENT IN ARTISANS' AND WORKERS' POSITION IN PROSKUROV DISTRICT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Dec. 30.—A slight improvement in the economic condition of the Jewish workers and artisans in the district of Proskurov was reported at the conference of the Jewish soviets of that district now in session there.

The district includes 19 townships with a population of 32,000 Jews and 18,000 Jews in the smaller towns.

The conference considered the various problems of the population, the Jewish schools and the Yiddish courts. According to a report on the economic condition of the population, it appears that 2,842 workers are employed in factories, 5,000 are artisans, 1,050 are unskilled laborers, 1,700 are shopkeepers and 15,000 are without specific occupations. The number of shopkeepers is diminishing rapidly, causing a difficult situation in their ranks. Sixty per cent of the Jewish youth in the townships of the district are without a trade.

MARQUIS READING RECEIVES HONORARY APPOINTMENT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 30.—Marquis of Reading has received the honorary appointment of Captain of Deal Castle. He succeeds Lord Allenby to this post.

Deal Castle was erected by Henry VIII, in 1539, together with the castles of Sandown, Walmer and Sandgate.

The captain of Deal Castle is appointed by the lord warden of the Cinque Ports. There are no emoluments attached to the office.

Marquis of Reading, in accepting this appointment, stated that he would live at the castle as much as possible in the summer. The castle is in the St. Augustine's division of Kent.

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ZIONIST EXECUTIVE IS RECOGNIZED BY PALESTINE COURT AS JEWISH AGENCY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 30.—The status of the Zionist Executive in Jerusalem was defined by a decision of the district court of Jaffa in a case where the litigant questioned the rights of the Executive under the laws of the country.

The attorney for the litigant contended that the Zionist Executive in Palestine is not a legal entity. The court, however, ruled that by virtue of the articles of the Palestine Mandate which designates the Zionist Organization as the Jewish Agency, the Zionist Executive has thereby been established as a public body and is not, therefore, subject to the laws for the registration of corporations in Palestine.

LITHUANIAN CONSUL DENIES REPORT OF MASS ARRESTS OF JEWS IN KOVNO

A denial of the press reports that 150 Jews were arrested in Kovno on charges of Communism, following the execution of a death sentence imposed by the court martial upon two Jewish workmen and two Christian workmen on a similar charge, was made by Henrikas Rabinavicius, Lithuanian Consul General in New York City, in a statement to the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

"I have been instructed by my government to emphatically deny the Warsaw cable report published in the 'New York Times' of Tuesday, Dec. 28, which stated that 150 Jews were ordered to be arrested and court-martialed, that German officials in the Memel territory will be ousted from January 1, 1927 and that a German newspaper in Memel has been officially suppressed by the Lithuanian government.

"I am informed by my government that there is not a word of truth in the despatch," Mr. Rabinavicius declared.

JEWISH FOUNDATION URGED AT MENORAH CONVENTION Resolution Adopted Thanking Judge Lehman for Support

Suggestions for the establishment of a Jewish foundation similar in spirit and purpose to the Carnegie and Rockefeller foundations, for the encouragement and promotion of Jewish scholarship and culture, and for the creation of Chairs in modern Jewish history in the American universities, were made before the national convention of the Intercollegiate Menorah Association at its final session yesterday by Henry Hurwitz, Chancellor of the Association and editor of the "Menorah Journal." The convention, which was held at Schermerhorn Hall, Columbia University, was attended by forty-six delegates representing Menorah societies in universities throughout the United States and Canada. Harry Starr presided at the convention.

Questions relating to the advancement of Jewish culture in America and the relations between the Menorah societies and other Jewish student organizations like the Avukah, Hillel Foundations and fraternities were discussed by the convention.

A proposal for the establishment of Menorah societies of post graduate members in order to continue the work of the Menorah by alumni outside of the colleges in the various Jewish communities, was made by Jeffrey Heiman of Seattle, Washington. James J. Wolfson of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Arnold Karlins of Minneapolis, Jack Berry of Oklahoma and others participated in the debate.

Chancellor Hurwitz in his annual address urged the Menorah to uphold its traditional ideals of intellectual and cultural aspiration. The Menorah, he stated, welcomes such organizations as the Hillel Foundations and fraternities. But whereas these organizations concern themselves with religious and social activities, the Menorah must continue its specific pursuit of cultural work. He reported a marked increase in membership during the past year but also pointed out that the Menorah has been hampered during the past year by lack of funds and a number of special enterprises, like the Menorah Bulletin had been dropped owing to this condition. It was hoped that during the next year the necessary funds would be forthcoming to enable the resumption of these activities.

The support rendered the Menorah by a number of Jewish leaders in America was acknowledged in a resolution of thanks. Special gratitude was expressed to Judge Irving Lehman whose help made it possible for the Menorah to tide over critical periods in its career.

The following officers for 1927 were elected by the convention: Harry Starr, president; Jeffrey Heiman, Miss Rohama Siegel of Montreal, Arnold Karlins and Irving Goldberg vice-presidents.

Among those present at the convention were Louis Berdansky, Brown University; David E. Swartz, Clark University; Simon Rosenzweig, Cornell University; Maurice Zigmund, University of Cincinnati; Dorothy Morris,

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

"Christian Science Monitor" Discusses Palestine Municipal Franchise Law

An analysis of the Palestine Municipal Franchise Law, which was published recently, is contained in an editorial of the "Christian Science Monitor" of Dec. 24. The paper writes:

"An important stage in the development of self-governing institutions in Palestine is marked by the publication of the Municipal Franchise Law, which foreshadows the holding of municipal elections. No such elections have as yet been held since the British occupation. Municipalities exist in the principal cities and have considerable power of administration and taxation. Up to the present, however, the City Fathers have been local residents nominated by the Government. Since 1921, a number of popularly elected local councils have been set up in the villages and smaller towns, but the only town of any size which has been provided with such a council is the Jewish settlement of Tel-Aviv. Even Tel-Aviv, though it has a population of about 40,000, is not a municipal borough in the full sense of the term, and still remains loosely attached to Jaffa, of which it was originally a suburb."

Discussing the chief objections that have been levelled against the new law the "Christian Science Monitor" observes in conclusion:

"Before the law comes into force, at least a month will, in accordance with the usual practice, be allowed for public criticism. It is possible, therefore, that some changes may still be made before the elections are actually held. The elections are in any case expected to take place in the immediate future, and with twenty-two elected municipalities, Palestine will have made a considerable advance on the road to self-government."

Emerson College; Israel J. Mendelson, George Washington University; Carl Alpern, Harvard University; Florence Louis, McGill University, Canada; Etta Levinson, University of Manitoba, Canada; Mildred Pawel, New York State College; Irving C. Bilow, Northwestern University; Roy Stone, Ohio State University; Pearl Hirschberg, Portia Law School; Joseph First, University of Pennsylvania; Leah Malkiel, Radcliffe College; Milton Tuckett, Rutgers University; Irving Goldberg, University of Texas; Sam Rosenfeld, Temple University; Leah Sisson, Tufts College; Isador Schraeder, Washington University and Ira Eisenstein, Columbia University.

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ROUMANIAN MINISTER AT WASHINGTON REBUKES ROUMANIAN JEWS IN AMERICA FOR PROTESTING AGAINST ANTI-JEWISH EXCESSES

(Continued from Page 1).

Government untrue and I looking upon the news spread by the Bolsheviks news agents of Vienna, Budapest and Berlin as base calumny."

Following the receipt of this letter, Mr. Wolfson published the following open letter:

"I have read with indignation your communication of the 19th inst. I have noted with amazement, that instead of expressing your interest in the sufferings inflicted upon the Jews in Roumania, you are pleased to indulge in hackneyed assertions which are at variance with the facts as they are known to be. You choose to ignore the specific allegations with reference to the murder of the student, Falick, at Cernauti, the pogrom in Chishanau and Calarasi, the beatings, maimings, window smashing, pillaging and even the desecration of synagogues, which have recently taken place, and have been going on for almost a year, and you content yourself with questioning my authority to speak on behalf of the Roumanian Jews in America. I assure you that every Roumanian Jew in the United States, and every patriotic Roumanian, fully approves of my attitude. They all resent the treatment the Jews receive at the hands of the Roumanian government and keenly feel the shame which is being brought upon the name of Roumania, by the very people whose duty it is to safeguard and protect it. More than that, every Jew in America, and all of the leading Jewish organizations, are completely in accord with the protest I have uttered and the views I have expressed to you in my previous communication. Some of them have issued their own protests and the others will, no doubt, do so in the future.

"I resent your statement that because of my protest you consider that the Roumanian Jews have lost every feeling for Roumania. Let me say to you, that neither you nor any governments of Roumania, can estrange Roumania from our hearts. In spite of the persecutions and oppression of which we and our brethren have been the victims we have carried with us for years and years an abiding love for the country of our birth. The land is as dear to us as it is to you, for we have sanctified it with our blood and our dear ones are buried in its bosom. Our protests have never been directed against Roumania or her people, but against that group of small, selfish, dwarf-like politicians who govern, bleed and shame Roumania before the world. Roumania has never suffered by reason of anything we have done her, but has suffered and will continue to suffer from the acts of commission and omission on the part of those who are responsible for her misrule within and misrepresentation abroad.

"You attempt to whitewash your government and claim that peace and order reign in the country. Read the Roumanian newspapers and you will see that they are full with gruesome details of beatings of Jews on the

trains, on the railway stations, and streets; of beatings of Jewish students in the faculty halls and class rooms in the universities; of the insults heaped upon the Jews in the Roumanian parliament. This has been going on for months and months and the government has done nothing to stop these outrages. Let me quote to you from an editorial of the leading newspaper 'Dimineatz':

"If the Minister of the Interior, honestly desires peace in the country, it is his duty to say clearly, that the arm of the law will fall upon any one who provokes disorders. Otherwise there will be a repetition of what took place the other day. While the Minister was prattling from the rest room in the Chamber, in Chishanau, groups of marauders were smashing windows and beating up people. On the trains, peaceful citizens were maimed from beatings. In the capital Jewish students were beaten in the class rooms. Is this the kind of peace the Minister is dreaming of?"

"I am sending you a photostatic copy of the editorial. I repeat the acts of violence against the persons and property of the Jews, the constant violation of their rights as human beings and citizens, is solely due to the policy of the government and its deliberate failure to give the Jews the proper and due protection under the laws.

"Your belabored attempt to show that our just complaints amount to a Jewish persecution of Roumania, is so obviously absurd as to need no further comment. Equally absurd is your frantic waving of the red flag in the form of long exploded cry of Bolshevik propaganda. All perplexed anti-Semites and helpless reactionaries, all the infamous knights of the swastika, when unable to justify their own gross, crying misdeeds and injustices seek to make the Jews the scapegoat. In fact it is known by this time, that the Bolshevik propaganda bogey, is generally used by men and governments with sinister purposes who try to cover up their own dark deeds and questionable practices. All that we have done is to raise our voices in protest against the iniquities of the Roumanian Government in its dealings with Jews and rights of Jews, its failure to do its duty, and its direct and indirect participation in the outrages against the Jews. We stand by every charge we have made. To cover up the indefensible acts of your government you have stooped to make base and groundless charges against the Jews and you have wantonly insulted a large number of American citizens.

"I have turned over your letter to the American Jewish Congress, and the American Jewish Committee. These representative bodies of Jews, engaged in the defense of the oppressed and persecuted minorities, will no doubt deal with the same and take such action as they may deem necessary under the circumstances."

PROGRESS OF HEALTH WORK IN PALESTINE IS REPORTED AT HADASSAH CONVENTION

Zionist Women Adopt Proposal of
Mrs. Kohut to Form Agency
for Cultural Work

In honor of the recent seventieth birthday of Justice Louis D. Brandeis, Mrs. Sol Rosenbloom, of Pittsburgh, contributed to Hadassah, the Women's Zionist Organization of America, \$5,000 to start a Brandeis Fund for the Hebrew University Hospital Building Fund. The contribution was made at the midwinter conference. Last year Mrs. Rosenbloom gave \$500,000 to the fund in memory of her husband.

The Hebrew University Hospital Building Fund is raising \$1,000,000 for the erection of a group of modern hospitals in Palestine the chief one to be a medical training school connected with the Hebrew University at Jerusalem.

The conference adopted a proposal by Mrs. Rebecca Kohut, who was the first president of the New York Council of Jewish Women, that Hadassah lead a movement to form a Jewish women's agency to carry on an extensive program of cultural and spiritual work among Jews throughout the world. Mrs. Lindheim said that the plan is being developed so that next year it may be possible to call an international congress of Jewish women to carry out the agency idea.

Mrs. Kohut presented \$500 in honor of Miss Henrietta Szold's sixty-sixth birthday to be applied to any Palestinian work that Miss Szold will designate.

In her report on the Hadassah program in Palestine Miss Szold said that through the anti-trachoma campaigns conducted by Hadassah trachoma among school children has been reduced from seventy to twelve per cent. Pediatric service throughout the country has been established, she said, and twenty-nine beds for tubercular patients have been installed in the Hadassah hospital in Safed. The infant welfare work, medical inspection and luncheon system in schools take care of children before they are born until the age of eighteen. There are now fifteen infant welfare stations under Hadassah supervision, one of these in Ramallah, an Arab village, where the station is run by an Arab woman trained by Hadassah.

Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, urged Hadassah to intensify its Zionist efforts. Mr. Nathan Ratnoff, head of the Hebrew University Hospital Building Fund, spoke on the hospital program.

Karl H. Von Wiegand, "N. Y. American" Staff Correspondent in Berlin, reproduces, in a cable to his paper a report in the "Welt am Abend." The "Welt am Abend" states that former Crown Prince Wilhelm has fallen in love with a Jewish girl, daughter of a banker in Berlin, and that there is consternation and indignation in monarchistic circles, where it is considered that Wilhelm is making himself impossible as a monarchistic candidate.

The attack is not taken seriously. The article relates that the former Crown Prince's auto stands daily before the home of the banker. The name of the girl was not disclosed.

NATIONAL GERMAN JEWS' FEDERATION ATTACKS ZIONISM

Deplore Act of German Statesmen
Who Joined Pro-Palestine
Committee

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Dec. 29.—A new attack on the Zionist movement and on the recognition conferred upon it by non-Jewish statesmen in Germany was made in a statement issued by the Federation of National German Jews, the extreme wing of the German assimilationists.

The statement was issued following the creation recently of a Pro-Palestine Committee which was joined by leading German statesmen headed by the Prussian Prime Minister, Brauns, Minister of Religions Baercker, Speaker of the Parliament Loebke, and Count von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to the United States.

It is unfortunate that the Jewish nationalists have again succeeded in persuading prominent statesmen to accept Zionism, due to the Zionists' statements that the upbuilding of Palestine is a charitable work, the statement declares.

"Speaking in the name of all loyal German Jews, we declare that these statesmen have received biased information. The upbuilding of Palestine is a purely Jewish national work which is extremely dangerous for German Jews by alienating the Jewish youth from its loyalty to the Fatherland, thus destroying the unity of the German nation," the statement of the National German Jews declares.

PALESTINE TOBACCO FOR UNITED STATES

An effort to place Palestine tobacco on the American market, thus creating possibilities for the development of tobacco growing in Palestine, is now being made by the Palestine Tobacco Corporation, with headquarters at 12 East 12th Street, New York City.

A cigarette factory has been established by the corporation. The product of the company is known as the Balfour Cigarette, made of a Palestine and Turkish tobacco blend.

The debating team of the Harvard University Menorah Society defeated that of the City College Menorah Society by a vote of 2 to 1 Tuesday night at City College. Harvard took the affirmative of the question, "Resolved, that Our Judaism is better than the Judaism of our grandfathers." The winning team was composed of Harold W. Rose, Benjamin Goldman and Carl C. Alpern, and the rival team comprised Abraham Puttermann, Robert Marcus and Charles M. Shapiro. The judges were Dr. David de Sola Pool, Susan Brandeis and Emanuel Schwartz.

The national convention of the Intercollegiate Menorah Association held its first meeting of a three-day session at the Civic Club on Tuesday. More than a hundred delegates from colleges and universities throughout the country were present, and representatives from units in British Columbia, California, Texas, Massachusetts and many other sections of North America read reports telling of the work done in promoting Jewish culture and ideals at the colleges.

Henry Hurwitz, chancellor of the Intercollegiate Menorah Association, opened the meeting. Harry Starr, vice-president, presided.

Louis Fabricant, counsel to the Voluntary Defenders' Committee, will resign on Jan. 1st from the post of "public defender," which he has held for two years. Mr. Fabricant will resume his private practice after the first of the year.

GERMAN PEACE SOCIETY CALLS ON BRANCHES TO FIGHT ANTI-SEMITISM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Berlin, Dec. 10.—The German Peace Society at its annual meeting which was just concluded at Mannheim, adopted a resolution proposed by Professor Ueberle urging the branches of the society to combat the anti-Semitic movement. The resolution read:

"This general meeting of the German Peace Society directs the attention of German public opinion to the resolution unanimously adopted by the International Peace Congress in Geneva, calling upon all Pacifists to fight against the anti-Semitic movement which endangers internal peace. This general meeting calls upon all local groups of the German Peace Society to include the fight against anti-Semitism as an integral part of their activity."

Ben Gold, Communist leader in the Furriers' Union, told a mass meeting at Cooper Union that in the recent strike \$849,342.27 was disbursed and that the deficit existing at the end of the strike was \$411,000, of which \$72,000 has since been repaid.

Gold denounced Matthew Woll and other American Federation of Labor officers for what he termed "betrayal of the strikers" and defied the federation and the officers of the International Furriers' Union to attempt to break the hold of the "left wing" on the local situation.

The flogging of Wimberly E. Brown, an attorney, by a band of hooded men near Lyons, Ga., Friday night, has brought from Governor Clifford Walker a warning that martial law will be declared "if the regular processes of the courts fail to curb these outrages." Nathan Bedford Forrest, head of the Knights of the Ku Klux Klan in Georgia, issued a statement terming the incident "an unspeakable outrage."

Those in the band "wore robes in imitation of the Klan regalia, but were not in any sense Klansmen," Mr. Forrest said, and added that the Klan will offer a reward for the apprehension of those involved.

Samuel B. Hamburger, lawyer and philanthropist, for the last seventeen years President of the Central Synagogue, New York, died suddenly on Tuesday.

Mr. Hamburger had been a member of the Synagogue for fifty-seven years. For thirty-five years he was Principal of its religious school.

For twenty-eight years Mr. Hamburger was a trustee of the Educational Alliance, during much of that period being Chairman of the Committee on Religious Work.

Mr. Hamburger had been identified with the Jewish Board of Guardians and its associated institutions for many years, as Chairman of the Committee on Hawthorne and Cedar Knolls Schools.

Mark Workman, Canadian Jewish philanthropist, who recently contributed \$20,000 to the United Jewish Campaign, has been named Chairman of the Montreal Keren Hayesod Campaign, which Dr. Weizmann is to inaugurate. The National Council of the Canadian Zionist Organization at its meeting on December 27, decided to inscribe the name of Louis Marshall in the Golden Book of the Jewish National Fund.

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EFFECT OF HUNGARIAN NUMERUS CLAUSUS LAW IS SHOWN BY FIGURES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Budapest, Dec. 6.—The official Hungarian Statistical Review has published a table of figures giving the number of Hungarian students who are now studying abroad. Commenting on these figures, it asserts that there is no real justification for the complaint that a large number of Hungarian students have been forced because of the numerus clausus law to go abroad to study. In 1913-1914, it says, 9% of Hungarian students were studying abroad. Today, there are only 9.6% of Hungarian students who are studying abroad.

The Liberal press commenting on the figures points out that the 9% in 1913-1914 was 9% of the total number of students in the whole of greater Hungary as it existed before the war, while the 9.6% today is 9.6% of the number of students in present-day Hungary, shrunk to about a third of its pre-war area. Since 1921, it adds, about 7,000 students have had to go abroad to study. Most of these were Jewish students.

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