

## EUROPEAN JEWISH LEADERS OF ALL SHADES OF OPINION FELICITATE MARSHALL ON 70TH BIRTHDAY

Issue Statements to Jewish Telegraphic Agency Representatives in  
Various Cities Lauding American Jewish Leader

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 13.—The tribute of Polish Jewry to Louis Marshall, president of the American Jewish Committee on his seventieth birthday was expressed in statements issued by Jewish leaders here.

Deputy A. Hartglass, president of the Club of Jewish Deputies, issued a statement in which he "wishes Mr. Marshall many more years of fruitful work on behalf of our severely tried people."

Chief Rabbi Dr. Schor, expressed the wish: "May he see with his own eyes the realization of the Jewish National Home in Eretz Israel, to the blessing of mankind."

Deputy H. Farbstein, president of the Kehillah Council, stated: "Jewry throughout the world is proud of its son, Louis Marshall. We wish him many happy years and we hope to see him among the leading personages in the upbuilding of Palestine."

Deputy Osias Thon, who represented Polish Jewry in Paris during the time of the framing of the national minority clauses, stated: "I can never forget my meeting with Louis Marshall in Paris and his work there as the champion for the national minority rights of the Jewish people. I honor highly his many sided and fruitful work and wish him a length of years. I hope to see him in the ranks of the Zionist Organization, to which he belongs with his whole soul."

Berlin, Dec. 13.—Albert Einstein headed the list of Jewish leaders in Germany who have made statements on the occasion of Louis Marshall's seventieth birthday.

"I greet you and your blessed work for the Jewish people. I think of you on this day with cordial sympathy and extend my best wishes," Professor Einstein stated.

Dr. Paul Nathan and Dr. James

## NINTH "DELIVERANCE DAY" CELEBRATED IN JERUSALEM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 13.—The ninth anniversary of the conquest of Jerusalem by Lord Allenby's army was celebrated here on Friday.

"Deliverance Day" was observed with solemn services held in the three official languages at St. George's Cathedral.

A receipt on was given at the Government House by the High Commissioner, Lord Plumer. Messages were sent to King George and to Lord Allenby on behalf of all Palestine communities.

Simon of the Hilfsverein der Deutschen Juden issued a joint statement in which they declared: "Eternal youth, not given to mortals, has been given to Louis Marshall. May he continue to guide with his youthful energy and wisdom and remain long among us. May coming generations see his work as a model of nobility. His personality will be remembered in remote times."

Dr. Leo Baeck, chief rabbi and leader of the B'nai Brith in Germany stated: "For successful work, for the welfare of the Jewish people, four qualities are essential: love of Judaism, knowledge of Judaism, the spirit of giving and temperament which lets the

(Continued on Page 6)

## JEW ASKED TO FORM NEW LATVIAN CABINET

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Riga, Dec. 13.—Dr. Nurok, member of the Latvian parliament and a leader of the democratic bloc of the national minorities, was asked by the President of the Latvian Republic, Tschakste, to form a new cabinet. This is the first time in the history of the Baltic states that a leader of the minorities is entrusted with forming a cabinet. Dr. Nurok is a member of the Zionist Actions Committee.

## WARSAW KEHILLAH ADOPTS PROTEST AGAINST ANTI- JEWISH EXCESSES IN ROUMANIA

Condemns "Roumanian System of Persecution"; Moscow Society Joins in  
Censure of Roumanian Government

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 13.—The Council of the Warsaw Kehillah adopted a resolution to transmit an expression of sympathy to the Jewish community of Kishineff and to the Jewish population in Roumania because of the recent anti-Jewish excesses in that country.

The resolution which was introduced by Dr. Joshua Gottlieb, a Zionist, expresses a protest against "the Roumanian system of persecution and deprivation of the rights of Jewish citizens."

The resolution also condemns "the Roumanian hooligans who attack the peaceful Jewish population and violate elementary human rights."

Representatives of the labor groups, Bund and Poale Zion, in the Council introduced a resolution protesting against the "false policy of the Roumanian Jewish middle class parties."

## NO JEW IN LEADING POST, IN SOVIET GOVERNMENT, OFFICIAL FIGURES SHOW

Soviet Government Publishes Data in  
Response to Agitation  
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Dec. 13.—Official figures on the participation of Jews in the Soviet Government were made public here today in an official announcement.

The announcement came in connection with an agitation conducted against Jews who occupy responsible positions in Soviet Russia. It is announced that of the 15 Peoples' Commissioners not a single one is a Jew. Of the 581 members of the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party only 30 are Jews; of the 209 members of the Moscow Soviet Executive only 14 are Jews. Only 11 Jews are among the 105 members of the Central Executive Committee of the Communist Party.

Only 30,000 Jews are members of the Communist Party, which has a membership of over a million. The Jewish population in Russia amounts to 11 per cent of the Russian population, while the number of Jewish officials in Soviet positions amounts to 8 per cent.

## MANDATES CONTROVERSY POSTPONED UNTIL MARCH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Dec. 11.—The decision on the controversy between the Permanent Mandates Commission and the League Council over the jurisdiction of the Commission has been postponed until March, when the next session of the League Council will be held.

This resolution was rejected by a majority vote.

Moscow, Dec. 13.—The Society of Bessarabians, consisting of all nationalities, former inhabitants of Bessarabia, have issued a protest against the anti-Jewish excesses in Kishineff.

The protest calls on the workers of the world to "brand the Roumanian government."

## ZIONIST CONVENTION IN ROUMANIA POSTPONED BECAUSE OF POGROMS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Dec. 13.—The convention of the Zionist Federation of Roumania, which was to have taken place here this month, was postponed due to the state of public opinion resulting from the anti-Jewish excesses. The new date for the convention was set for January 23.

## PALESTINE LOAN BILL IS PASSED ON THIRD READING BY COMMONS

**£4,500,000 Loan Guaranteed by Great Britain, Receives Final Sanction By British Parliament**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Dec. 13.—The Palestine Loan Bill authorizing the British Exchequer to endorse the £4,500,000 loan for Palestine was passed by the House of Commons today in the third reading of the bill.

Major Ormsby-Gore, understate sec-

retary in the Colonial Office, formally moved the adoption. Commons passed the bill without discussion.

## SAN FRANCISCO JEWISH COMMUNITY CHEST SHOWS PROGRESS IN SECOND DRIVE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 11.—The sum of \$238,653 was raised here in the second annual drive of the National Jewish Welfare Fund, a Jewish community chest for national purposes. The goal this year was the same as last, \$250,000. Last year only \$160,000 was raised, each of the beneficiary agencies therefore receiving 65 per cent of their original allotment.

The beneficiary organizations this year are: American Jewish Committee, American Jewish Congress, American Pro-Falasha Committee, Rabbi Isaac Elchanan Theological Seminary, Equipment Fund, National Jewish Hospital of Denver, Ex-Patients Tubercular Home, Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society, Histadruth Ivrit, Intercollegiate Menorah Society, Jewish Chataqua Society, Jewish Consumptive Relief, Duarte, Jewish Educational Society, San Francisco, United Jewish Campaign, Jewish Institute of Religion, Leo N. Levi Memorial Hospital Association, Jewish Publication Society, Jewish Theological Seminary, Jewish Welfare Board, National Farm School, National Jewish Hospital for Consumptives, Denver, Talmud Torah of San Francisco, Training School for Jewish Social Service, Union of American Hebrew Congregations, United Palestine Appeal, United Synagogue of America.

San Francisco and Oakland, California, are the only two cities in the United States which have developed organizations for an annual drive to cover their respective obligations to national and foreign philanthropic agencies.

The success of such a method of meeting a community's responsibility has proved to be a success and leaders here feel that there can be no return to the old method.

This new departure is of great significance in relation to the plan recently discussed in New York for the establishment of a "Jewish National Chest."

## RELIEF FROM SUNDAY LAW IN LITHUANIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Dec. 11.—A bill providing some measure of relief for Jewish merchants in Lithuania from the compulsory Sunday rest law was passed by the Lithuanian parliament yesterday. This was the first reading of the bill. It was introduced in accordance with promises given by the Lithuanian government to leaders of the Club of Jewish Deputies.

## AMERICAN JEWISH CONGRESS CALLS MEETING TO DISCUSS THE EXCESSES IN ROUMANIA

**Congressmen to Participate; Special Session to Be Held in February**

The anti-Jewish demonstrations in Roumania, which culminated recently in actual violence to Jewish life and property in the city of Kishineff, as well as the continued ill-treatment of the Jews in other countries of Eastern Europe, will be the subject of a special conference called by the officers of the American Jewish Congress, for next Sunday evening, December 19th, at the Hotel Pennsylvania, New York. Jewish members of the United States Congress and leading Jewish communal workers are expected to attend the Conference.

Invitations to this conference have been issued over the signatures of Dr. Stephen S. Wise, President of the American Jewish Congress, Max D. Steuer, Chairman of its Advisory Council, and Carl Sherman, Chairman of its Administrative Committee.

"This conference," explained Dr. Wise, "is preparatory to an extraordinary session of the American Jewish Congress which will be convened in Washington in February, 1927."

"Conditions for the Jew in Roumania have been particularly bad in recent years, and we had not believed they could be much worse. But American Jewry was shocked—as indeed, the whole of America must have been—by the news, a few days ago, of a pogrom which occurred in Kishineff perpetrated by the Roumanian students, who were returning from a Congress held with the avowed purpose of fostering anti-Semitism. We thought we were done with pogroms when Czarist Russia fell and countries like Roumania put their signatures to covenants that imposed upon them the obligation to respect the rights of the minority peoples within their borders.

"In the face of the outrages which are occurring daily in Roumania and the practice of Jew-baiting which has again become common throughout Eastern and Central Europe, American Jewry cannot stand idly by and permit the continuance of conditions which, it had reason to believe, the post-war treaties had ended.

"For this reason, we have, as a preliminary step, called together those who are charged with Jewish leadership in their respective communities, in order to lay before them the information which we have and to arrive at a common understanding as to the most effective manner in which the assistance of American Jewry may be extended."

Among those who are expected to participate in the conference are: the Hon. Isaac Bachrach of Atlantic City, Hon. Adolph J. Sabath of Chicago, Hon. Benj. Golder of Philadelphia, Hon. Florence P. Kahn of San Francisco, Hon. Meyer Jacobstein of Rochester, Hon. Sol Bloom, Hon. Emanuel Celler, Hon. Samuel Dickstein, Hon. Nathan D. Perlman of New York, Hon. William I. Sirowich and Hon. W. W. Cohen, Congressmen-elect from New York; Benjamin Winter, Arthur M. Lampert, Justice Gustave Hartman, Louis S. Posner, Dr. A. J. Kongy, Ber-

## PHILADELPHIA INSTITUTE FOR JEWISH TEACHERS GRADUATES 37 STUDENTS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Dec. 13.—Thirty-seven graduates were given diplomas here last night by the Institute for Jewish Teachers at exercises held in Dropsie College.

A symposium on the position of the teacher in the problem of Jewish education was a feature of the closing exercises. Professor Nathan Isaacs, formerly of the University of Cincinnati, and now of Harvard University, who has devoted a great deal of his time to the study of the position of the Jewish teacher, was the principal speaker. Other speakers were Dr. Julius Greenstone, Louis E. Levinthal, president of the Associated Talmud Torahs, which conducts the Institute, and Ben Rosen, educational director.

Although the Institute was started as an experiment, it already has become one of the most potent factors in the training of Jewish teachers in Philadelphia. A short time ago a permanent organization was formed with the following officers: Dr. J. M. Kitter, president; Benjamin Teller, vice-president; William Rudenko, secretary, and Edward Sandrow, treasurer.

## MRS. PETER SCHWEITZER IS AWARDED DECORATION OF LEGION OF HONOR

Mrs. Peter Schweitzer was notified that she has been awarded the decoration of the Legion of Honor.

Mrs. Schweitzer is the widow of the late Peter J. Schweitzer, Zionist and philanthropist. Mr. Schweitzer introduced the French cigarette paper industry in this country. He was the owner of factories both here and in France and Mrs. Schweitzer, who always participated in his work, is now the head of the Peter Schweitzer Corporation. She is well-known in Zionist circles, and is President of the Home of the Daughters of Jacob, the largest institution of its kind in America.

## DR. SELIG BRODETSKY ARRIVES IN AMERICA

Dr. Selig Brodetsky, professor of applied mathematics at the University of Leeds, one of the governors of the Hebrew University of Jerusalem, arrived yesterday on the Berengaria.

While in this country Dr. Brodetsky will make a tour in the interests of the Hebrew University, and the United Palestine Appeal.

## SIMPLICITY MARKS THE SEVENTIETH BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION OF LOUIS MARSHALL

**"I Hope to Wear Out in My Work," Marshall Says, Replying to Presentation Address; American Jewish Leaders Pay Tribute to Leader of American Jewry**

Simplicity marked the gathering of representative Jews of the United States at the home of Mr. Louis Marshall on Sunday afternoon, when the address signed by 8,112 persons was presented to the leader of American Jewry by a committee headed by Dr. Cyrus Adler. The ceremony lasted thirty minutes.

The monthly meeting of the Executive Committee of the American Jewish Committee was held earlier in the day at Mr. Marshall's home. When the proceedings were over and Mr. Marshall left the room where the conference was held, he found to his surprise many of his friends assembled in the drawing room where the presentation was made. The address was read by Dr. Cyrus Adler. In response to the presentation, Mr. Marshall delivered a short address in which he declared:

### Mr. Marshall Responds to Address

"I am surprised by this expression of appreciation. I cannot say I am displeased because this would not be true. I am both pleased and grateful for the expression of your confidence and for the faithful cooperation you, Cyrus Adler, have given me in the days of the peace conference and in every undertaking during many years of common work. The cooperation I have received from everyone who is assembled here and those who are not here has enabled me to go on with the work. I do not believe that any one deserves special thanks for doing his duty. What I did was merely my duty. If it has been given to me to be able to do things, it is not to my credit alone. In fact, I have often received credit for things others have done. I am grateful to the Board of Trustees of Temple Emanu-El for whom I was merely the spokesman. The work has been done by the Board.

"There have, perhaps, been deeds for which I have deserved credit and actions which, perhaps, should not have been done, or words which I should not have spoken and which I later regretted. But a man is what he is, one cannot change one's nature.

"I do not think that anyone deserves special credit for attaining the age of seventy. One grows old without knowing. So I have become seventy without feeling it. I hope to continue my work. I want to wear out, not rust away."

Urging his friends and colleagues to a continuation of the work, Mr. Marshall drew attention to the fact that the situation in which the Jews of Eastern Europe find themselves today is worse than ever and requires vigilance over their fate and the protection of their rights.

"I am grateful to you for the expression of your appreciation," Mr. Mar-

shall concluded among the applause of those present.

Among those present were Dr. Cyrus Adler, A. C. Ratschesky of Boston, James H. Becker and Julius Rosenwald of Chicago, David A. Brown of Detroit, Felix Fuld of Newark, Judge Horace Stern of Philadelphia, and David M. Bressler, Daniel Guggenheim, Judge Samson Lachman, S. C. Lamport, Colonel Herbert H. Lehman, Judge Irving Lehman, Sol M. Stroock, Cyrus L. Sulzberger, Israel Utnerberg, Ludwig Vogelstein and Felix M. Warburg.

Judge Benjamin N. Cardozo, Judge Abram L. Eikus, Nathan Straus, Jacob Landau, Adolph Lewisohn, Adolph S. Ochs, Herman Bernstein, Jacob Billikopf, William Z. Spiegelman, Mr. Marshall's son, James Marshall, and Harry Schneiderman.

### Warburg Pays Tribute to Marshall

I heartily join the many thousands of Jews and non-Jews who extend their felicitations and greetings to Louis Marshall, my friend and colleague, on the occasion of his seventieth birthday, Mr. Warburg stated in an interview with the representative of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin." It is a joyful feeling to remark his vigor, his readiness and his great capacity to work on behalf of the best interests of Jewry and humanity whenever the need presents itself. He has served the Jewish cause in our times and the best ideals of the human race faithfully and well. It is my heartiest wish that he be enabled to crown his long record of service with greater successes.

No Jew in the United States has as generous and as large a heart as Louis Marshall. Responsive to every justified call, he has, in the course of his active life, taken a leading part in providing the solutions to the manifold problems in which the period was so rife.

He brought to his task, in addition to his heart, the keenest of minds, which has enabled him to see further than is the usual view. He easily can place himself in the position of his suffering brethren in Eastern Europe and with an unprecedented insight into human motives and human sensibilities, he brings out a forceful appeal and an irresistible call which is bound to assure, and in fact has assured, the response of American Jewry, stirring it to quick action in hours of emergency and putting into effect its inherent impulses for doing good.

At no time willing to repeat the slogan which happens to be popular at the time, a way considered by many certain to procure favor, Marshall has always fearlessly fought for what he thought to be right, regardless of opposition, however powerful. Once convinced, after consideration on the basis of the facts in the given situation, once the course outlined, the task has to be pursued to a successful end. This has been the policy of Louis Mar-

shall. To this is due the record of his manifold achievements both in the field of the legal battle and the field of human endeavor.

I am confident that other men than myself, experienced in the intricacies of the law, will give a proper appreciation of his achievements in the profession in which he stands as an authority, Mr. Warburg said.

Louis Marshall's interests have not been confined to one particular branch of activity. Outside of his work in the legal profession, he has embraced in his leadership diversified fields of Jewish endeavor. Not only in bringing relief to the Jewish war victims in their economic distress was his interest centered. He has a compelling understanding for the needs of the Jewish community in our prosperous America. Mr. Marshall cannot be considered a representative of only one type of Jew. He understands them all. He appreciates the Orthodox as well as the Reform Jew. Being president of the Jewish Theological Seminary, an Orthodox institution, he is also president of the Temple Emanu-El, a Reform congregation. Urging economic relief, he never overlooked the importance of cultural development. Engaged in his work for a liberal interpretation of the immigration policy, he never lost view of the necessity of a Jewish education for the young. His interests are indeed diverse. A student of the law, he is interested also in history, in botany and geology. He has kept his interest in baseball, which he enjoys together with his sons. The distinguished feature of Mr. Marshall's interests in all these fields impels one to draw a parallel with the paintings of Rembrandt. As in the Rembrandt portraits, the light breaks through the darkest background, so does Mr. Marshall's mind see the light among the many shadows in the perplexing problems of our days.

It has been said of King Solomon that he knew even the language of trees and birds. Louis Marshall, botanist, when shown a leaf can by looking at the unidentified leaf, draw on his botanical knowledge and reconstruct in his mind the appearance of the trees with exactness. This principle has been applied by him successfully in other branches of his activity. Given a leaf, or the smallest clue, he will reach out to the branch and from the branch to the trunk and to the root.

With his keen mind he has coped with all the Jewish problems of our time, with a clue given, he has reached the solution and given us a guiding principle and has inspired us to greater and greater work. We pray that his inspiration continues to serve us for a long time to come, Mr. Warburg concluded.

**Rosenwald Terms Marshall "Giant"**  
Louis Marshall's achievements were  
(Continued on Page 6)

nard S. Deutch, Dr. I. Tenenbaum, Robert Szold, Benjamin W. Titman, Justice Aaron J. Levy, Louis Lande, David Shapiro, Samuel Spring, David Surdut, and Louis N. Jaffe.

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### MARSHALL VOICES PROTEST AGAINST ROUMANIAN GOVERN- MENT IN TEMPLE ADDRESS

A protest against the anti-Jewish excesses in Roumania was voiced by Mr. Louis Marshall in an address which he delivered at Temple Emanuel El, where he occupied the pulpit in the absence of Dr. Nathan Krass who was ill.

Declaring that the entire civilized world looks with bitterness and indignation at what is going on in Roumania, Mr. Marshall expressed his regret that the United States Government cannot officially take any stand in the matter in view of the fact that it is not a member of the League of Nations. Mr. Marshall recalled the history of the Jewish community in Roumania since 1878 when Roumania was made independent with the aid of the Anglo-Jewish statesman, D'Israeli. Roumania has proven itself to be unworthy. It has violated its promises given in the Treaty of Berlin just as it is now ignoring the obligations taken upon itself under the Peace Treaty. In Russia the Jews used to be pogromized by uneducated peasants, while in Roumania in 1926 this is being done by professors and students. The Roumanian government is now looking for financial aid in America at a time when it is breaking all elemental human rights. All those who will support Roumania will have the same experience as those who have supported the Czarist government, Mr. Marshall said.

### MAX REINHARDT ARRIVES

Max Reinhardt, internationally famous theatrical producer, arrived yesterday on the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland to make a two months' study of moving pictures. He will attend the San Francisco premier of "The Miracle."

Funeral services were held in Philadelphia for Reverend Melech Kaufman, Cantor of the Congregation B'nai Jeshurun.

Cantor Kaufman, who was a nephew of Cantor Joseph Rosenblatt, died Friday afternoon at the Jewish Hospital following an operation for appendicitis. He was twenty-eight years old.

### HEBREW UNION COLLEGE MUSEUM ACQUIRES SCHATZ BEZALEL SCHOOL GALLERY

Acquisition Made Possible by Gift of  
Joseph Schonthal  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, Dec. 13.—The "Schatz Gallery" of the Bezalel School in Jerusalem has been acquired by the Library of Hebrew Union College, it was announced today. This collection includes the work of Professor Boris Schatz through the mediums of sculpture of bronze and stone, oil paintings, and carvings in ivory. It comprises sixty-four pieces and is regarded as an important addition to the library and museum of the college. The acquisition of the Schatz Gallery was made possible by the gift of Joseph Schonthal of Columbus, Ohio, who had previously made large contributions for the purchase of literary and artistic treasures for the library and museum, in memory of his wife.

The new collection will be exhibited during the biennial conventions of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations, National Federation of Temple Sisterhoods and National Federation of Temple Brotherhoods who are meeting in Cleveland January 16 and 20, when the delegates to the convention will visit Cincinnati, the seat of Reform Judaism. An informal reception for convention delegates will be held at Hebrew Union College on January 15 at which many of the library's literary and artistic treasures will be exhibited.

### COMMUNICATIONS TO THE EDITOR

Sir: Permit me to take this first opportunity of expressing to you my grateful appreciation of the copy of the Index of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" which you were good enough to send me.

In my opinion this Index is invaluable since it makes available at a moment's glance all data on current events concerning our people. I congratulate you on this splendid piece of work which fills a long felt need.

EMANUEL NEUMANN,  
Chairman, Executive Committee,  
United Palestine Appeal.  
New York, Dec. 2, 1926.

Sir: Permit me to congratulate you upon the publication of the Index of "Jewish Daily Bulletin." It is of real help to all who are students of contemporary Jewish life and thought. The librarian of the Temple was delighted with it.

RABBI ABBA HILLEL SILVER,  
Cleveland, O., Nov. 29th, 1926.

Tribute was paid to the memories of Jews prominent in the theatre who had died since the inception of the Jewish Theatrical Guild at the guild's annual memorial services held Sunday at Shaare Zedek Synagogue, New York City.

The program, which was impressive, was under the direction of William Morris, President of the guild, Harry Cooper, Corresponding Secretary; Loney Haskell, Recording Secretary, and a Memorial Committee. Among the speakers were Sam Forrest, general stage director; Sam H. Harris, Mr. Morris, W. D. Weinberger, and Rabbi Emmanuel Eisenberg.

The memory of each of the departed members was recalled by Mr. Cooper. Among them were Jules E. Mastbaum, Philadelphia theatre owner, who died last week; Houdini, Ben Welch, Jake Isaacs, Jack Rose, Oscar S. Sarny, Adolph S. Sarny, Louis Hirsch, Lou Payton, Sigmond Bratner, Max Wely, Aaron Hoffman, Ed Bloom, Leon A. Berzini, Eddie Mack, George W. Lederer, Jr., Harry Hurrig, Louis Hirsch and Barney Bernard.

Delegations from the Friars, the Lambs and the National Vaudeville Artists' Clubs were in the audience, as were the families of Bernard, Bernard, Louis Hirsch, Houdini and Ben Welch.

### SENATOR'S MOVE TO REVIVE WADSWORTH-PERLMAN BILL FAILS ON FLOOR OF SENATE

Senator Wadsworth Reintroduces  
Relative Exemption Bill  
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Dec. 13.—Senator Wadsworth was unsuccessful in his attempt on the floor of the Senate to secure consideration of his joint bill introduced by him in the Senate and by Congressman Perlman in the House for the exemption from the quota of wives and unmarried children under eighteen of declarants admitted to America prior to July 1, 1924, limiting the number of such immigrants to 35,000.

The matter came up when Senator Reed of Pennsylvania asked for consideration of his bill to admit, free of the quota restrictions, American-born women who had married aliens prior to the Cable Act and thereby have lost their American citizenship. Senator Wadsworth immediately called attention to the fact that when Senator Reed's bill was offered in the last session of Congress, he proposed his relative bill as an amendment thereto. He, therefore, insisted upon an immediate consideration thereof. Senator Willis thereupon objected and under the rule of procedure in force, one Senator's objection was sufficient to prevent consideration. Therefore both Senator Reed's bill and Senator Wadsworth's amendment were passed over.

It will be recalled that the Wadsworth measure was rejected by the Senate Immigration Committee at the last session, but Senator Wadsworth is determined he would endeavor to get consideration by the entire Senate body despite the unfavorable prospect of acceptance without Committee approval. In order to bring the hardship of the separation of relatives again to the attention of the Senate, and if possible, secure further consideration by the Committee, he has reintroduced the same joint bill which he offered last session.

### JERUSALEM DIRECTOR OF AMERICAN ZION COM- MONWEALTH RESIGNS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Dec. 13.—Charles F. F. man, Jerusalem director of the American Zion Commonwealth, has resigned from his position.

The reason for his resignation was said to be a difference of opinion which arose between Mr. Passman and the American directors regarding the aims and methods of the work.

Solomon Weinstein, president of the American Zion Commonwealth, when asked for a confirmation of this despatch, stated: "About two months ago a resignation was tendered by Mr. Passman. This was due to certain differences of opinion which developed between him and the directors of the Commonwealth. His resignation was at that time declined and all differences were adjusted. We believe that this information has reference to the old controversy."

# FORD REFUSES STRAUS'S CHALLENGE TO SUBMIT ACCUSATIONS TO AN IMPARTIAL JURY

## Evading Issue, Ford, Through "Dearborn Independent," Repeats Old Charges; Jewish Leaders Brand Action as Cowardly

The refusal of Henry Ford to accept the challenge of Nathan Straus made at the National Conference on Palestine held in Boston recently, that he submit his accusation against the Jewish people to an impartial jury of which he was to name eight of the ten members, was intimated in advance releases of an article which is to appear in the "Dearborn Independent," Ford's publication.

In refusing the challenge, Mr. Ford repeats through his "Dearborn Independent" all of his previous accusations which have been proven time and again to be baseless. The article charges again:

### Reiterates Charges

"That the international Jew is in direct control of all financial centres of Government, including the United States Federal Reserve System.

"That he pulls so many strings in business that no banker or business man feels safe to oppose him.

"That he either owns the press or controls it so that only pro-Jewish facts are ever admitted to print.

"That he controls the revolutionary elements of the world, on one hand, and the ultra-conservative elements on the other, so he has equal power in Communist Russia and in capitalistic England, not to mention the theatre, motion picture or agriculture.

"That the international Jew is the chief control, therefore, in the making of war, of which he is also the chief profiteer."

"Issuing challenges was a favorite pastime with Jewish publicity hunters several years ago," says the Independent. "They quite innocently assumed, or wished the public to assume, that to ignore the challenge was a confession of error.

"The interesting point they overlooked was that a challenge has already been issued to them. The debate already has started, and one side of the argument is in.

"The Dearborn Independent," in a very full and pertinent statement, laid the matter before the only competent judges in this cause, namely, before the American people, and it is now proper for Jewish spokesmen to meet the issue by addressing their defense to the same judges. Issuing new challenges does not obscure the fact that a previous one still stands.

### Refuses Jury

"To suggest, as Mr. Straus does, a smaller jury of New York clergymen and publicists, who do not know a Jewish question exists and would not dare to say so if they did, is merely to pretend to be issuing a challenge while evading one already issued to whom it may concern.

"Having, it is hoped, set Mr. Straus right as to the priority of the challenge, we should like to continue our friendly service by straightening him out on other points where he seems to be misled.

"For instance, he speaks of 'a campaign of slander against the Jewish people.' It is regrettable that Mr. Straus has not striven for accuracy here. If every Jew were an international Jewish financier, then Mr. Straus would be justified in saying 'the Jewish people.' And if telling the truth is 'slander,' then Mr. Straus would be justified in the use of the term to describe the Dearborn Independent's disclosures. But as neither supposition can possibly be true, Mr. Straus's statement falls of its own weakness.

"The 'slander' consists of calling attention to the claims which the Jews have made for their pre-eminence in the world. These claims are largely true and have been made by responsible Jewish leaders. To repeat these for the benefit of other people cannot possibly be 'slander.'"

### Again "the International Jew"

The article then asserts that the "international Jew" invented the current financial and interest system, and "is today in direct control of all financial centres of government, including the United States Federal Reserve system, which he organized and is now perfecting according to his original plan."

The "international Jew," the article continues, "is the most closely organized racial entity in the world, with an espionage system that covers every village and every larger centre in the country.

"These statements are deducible from the most deliberate utterances of Jewish spokesmen and illustrated at large by Jewish history. To agree with the Jewish claim to preeminence in these matters is no more 'slander' than to agree to their claim to preeminence in the clothing trade. Besides that it is a service to the American people to tell them who their bosses are.

"It might interest Mr. Straus's suggested jury to take up the above statements, find their numerous counterparts in Jewish history and then compare the claims with the actual facts. This magazine will be glad to direct them to the sources.

At the Hotel Plaza Mr. Straus said he had nothing to say at present in answer to Mr. Ford. "My Boston speech and other utterances stand as made," the philanthropist said.

### Jewish Leaders Comment

The new attack by Henry Ford caused comment by various Jewish leaders, who denounced the Detroit manufacturer's action as cowardly and evading the issue.

Paul M. Warburg declined to be injected into the controversy personally, states the "New York American." His attitude, however, is known to be this, the paper states:

Warburg considers Ford's charges "frivolous," and one more of a hundred misstatements. Warburg is authority for the statement that there is not one Jew employed in the Federal Reserve system, to his knowledge. In a word, Jewish influence in the affairs of the

Federal Reserve system is, according to this former member of the board, non-existent.

Daniel Frohman, one of the most distinguished Jews in the world of the theatre, said:

"I don't care what Ford says about Jewish influence in the theatre or elsewhere. A good Catholic, a good Jew or a good Methodist is entitled to his opinions, and if Mr. Ford includes himself in any of those categories his opinion is his."

Mr. Untermeyer challenged Mr. Ford to enter the jurisdiction of the United States Court in this district and submit to the service of papers.

### Terms Charges "Rubbish"

Mr. Untermeyer said: "There is nothing new about this rubbish. It is like the ravings of a madman. When Ford launched into journalism by buying the 'Dearborn Independent' its circulation began and continued a rapid decline. It then began this despicable campaign of vilification to bolster its failing fortunes by the most transparent, lying appeals to bigotry ever foisted upon a credulous public.

"The Jews are not in control of all or any financial centers unless J. P. Morgan & Co., George F. Baker, John D. Rockefeller, the Bankers Trust Company, Guaranty Trust Company, First National Bank, the steel trust and the other investment banks are Jews or controlled by Jews.

"The Federal Reserve system, of which Mr. Strong is governor, has 95 per cent of its managers and directors non-Jews and has no connection with the Jews of the country.

"The Jews do not own or control 2 per cent of the press. How any man, however ignorant, bigoted or brazen, could have the temerity to assert that 'only pro-Jewish facts are admitted to print' is beyond understanding except on the theory that he is just crazy."

"Poor Mr. Ford, pitifully poor despite his fortune," Rabbi Wise said, "replies to Nathan Straus by repeating the protocol defamation of the Jew, though the forged character of these was definitely established some years ago by some of the foremost scholars and teachers of the nation.

"The Christian world, which reasons and feels aright, knows what to think of Ford's charge of Jewish omnipotence in the light of the truth that nearly half the world's Jews are without elementary rights or bare necessities in East European lands."

Congressman Emanuel Celler said: "The alleged reply of Ford to Nathan Straus is not the reply of Ford at all. It is the work of one of his paid journalists and Ford's bigotry forces him to subscribe to it.

"He cannot understand the Jew. His shrinking away from Straus's challenge to have a jury of ten New York publicists and clergymen to pass upon the integrity of the Jewish people as a

(Continued on Page 8)

## SIMPLICITY MARKS SEVENTIETH BIRTHDAY CELEBRATION OF LOUIS MARSHALL

(Continued from Page 3)

extolled in a statement by Julius Rosenwald, who declared:

"Louis Marshall looms as a giant above any other Jew who has devoted himself to voluntary public service, although by no means are his great achievements in this field limited to his own people. He has been lavish beyond anything possible to imagine in his devotion to causes affecting politically and civilly persecuted peoples, regardless of race or creed, of this country, as well as those of foreign lands. No one I ever have known has even measurably approached him in this respect."

"Mr. Marshall, first of all, is a most patriotic American, not only as evidenced by his untiring service to his country during the war, but by even greater devotion to causes affecting the welfare of the nation in times of peace. He has been an indefatigable worker in behalf of the immigrant. He has devoted effort without stint for the rights of the Negro. No human need is foreign to this great soul."

"Not alone is he prodigally generous with his time. He is equally generous with his pocketbook. He never attempts to make one compensate for the other. He delights in giving of his time, his talents, and his money."

"Mr. Marshall's dear, lamented wife referred to him as "The E. J."—"The Enthusiastic Jew." His devotion to Jewish education, and Jewish causes of every kind, knows no bounds. No efforts are too great when calls come, and they come from every direction."

"To those who know him intimately, the most puzzling question is: How does he find the time to do it all? Even if he never slept, or never devoted time to his personal affairs, one still would be at a loss to understand how he can accomplish one half of what he does."

"It is a privilege to provide this parsimonious tribute to my friend, but, in writing as above, I realize it would require a great historian to adequately describe even the most outstanding of Mr. Marshall's accomplishments."

### Tribute from Synagogue Council

The Synagogue Council of America issued the following statement:

"Imbued with the highest ideals of humanity, the divine word "God made man in His image" finds in him a noble expression."

"The conservation of life, the education of the people, the uplift of the downtrodden constitute the highest constructive citizenship and the Council rejoices in the consciousness of an association with one whose strivings and achievements so richly express these virtues. An honored leader in his profession, an inspiring force in the preservation of our ancient religion, a veritable tribune of the people, his life may be summed up in the words of the prophet of old: "Yivi Onochi, I am a Hebrew."

"Blessed of God and man, may his days be many in the land, for the good of Judaism and mankind."

The statement was signed by Ben Altheimer, Captain N. Taylor Phillips

and Rabbi Max Drob, comprising a committee representing the Central Conference of American Rabbis, the Rabbinical Assembly of the United Synagogue of America, the Rabbinical Council of the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations, the Union of American Hebrew Congregations and the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations of America.

Ludwig Vogelstein, chairman of the Executive Board of the Union of American Hebrew Congregation, issued a statement lauding the career of Jewish service of Louis Marshall.

Mr. Vogelstein said: "The seventieth anniversary of Louis Marshall's birthday is being celebrated by Jews all over the world. As American Reform Jews we are particularly happy to honor Louis Marshall who for many year, has been the President of the foremost liberal Synagogue of this country. Mr. Marshall's career has demonstrated that a liberal Jew when familiar with the history and the traditions of his people understands the point of view of his more orthodox brethren and respects all men who are imbued by a true religious spirit no matter how it expresses itself."

"Broad and liberal as Mr. Marshall has been in showing respect toward religious beliefs and practices of others regardless of how they deviated from his own, so uncompromising and unyielding was he towards those who under the cloak of religion or under the pretence of national necessity were intolerant towards minorities persecuting men and women because they differed from the majority in their religion. No one who has had the privilege of hearing or reading Mr. Marshall's eloquent pleas in behalf of his suffering and persecuted brethren, his arraignment of the oppressors, his stirring appeals to his coreligionists can ever forget the impression which these utterances produced coming from a heart filled with sympathy and compassion. As a loyal Jew he felt that an injustice dealt to one of his brethren, no matter in what part of the world, was a personal injury to himself; and as a true American he fought for personal and religious liberty."

"The Jews of America and particularly the Union of American Hebrew Congregations representing 280 liberal congregations in this country are happy to place a laurel wreath of recognition on the head of the valiant fighter for the cause of Judaism, the liberal and modern Jew and the American patriot. The Hebrew Union College has conferred upon Mr. Marshall the degree of Doctor of Hebrew Law, an honor well and richly deserved."

"At its biennial council in January the Union of American Hebrew Congregations will honor itself by bestowing a tribute of its respect upon the man who for so many years has been a tower of strength in the midst of Israel."

Albert Z. Halperin of Chicago was appointed Lincoln Park Commissioner by Governor Len. Small.

## EUROPE'S JEWISH LEADERS FELICITATE MARSHALL ON HIS SEVENTIETH BIRTHDAY

(Continued from Page 1)

entire personality work for it. Louis Marshall has united these four qualities so completely that in all he does he reveals a totality of love, knowledge, spirit and temperament. This has made him the leader of American Jewry and makes him a constant, living influence. May his work be blessed with lasting effect. The Jews of Germany join the Jews of America in extending best wishes to this man who in his feelings, thinking, work and hopes remains always young."

Paris, Dec. 13.—Russian Jewish leaders resident in France joined in sending felicitations to Louis Marshall on the occasion of his seventieth birthday.

Heinrich Sliosberg, well-known Russian Jewish jurist, declared: "The name of Louis Marshall is bound up with the improvement of the situation of the Jews which set in in recent years. After the death of Jacob Schiff, Mr. Marshall became the chief spokesman of American Jewry in the interest of the Jewish people. I wish Mr. Marshall many more years of work."

"What struck me most when I met Mr. Marshall was his youthful enthusiasm," declared Rabbi M. Eisenstadt, former chief rabbi of Petrograd. "I value greatly Mr. Marshall's services for the Jews of Eastern Europe and I hope that his services will be as great for Palestine."

Brussels, Dec. 13.—Felicitations on behalf of the Jewish Colonization Association were extended to Louis Marshall by Dr. Franz Phillipson, in a statement issued to the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here.

"I am happy to state that due to the intervention of Mr. Marshall last year the collaboration between the Ica and the Joint Distribution Committee was made possible for the purpose of solving the problem of the stranded refugees in European ports. This collaboration has resulted in the formation of a joint committee which solved the problem."

Paris, Dec. 13.—Dr. Louis Oungre, General Manager of the Jewish Colonization Association, declared: "Louis Marshall is one of those remarkable personages of American Jewry who has awakened American Jews to a sense of responsibility toward their unfortunate coreligionists in Eastern Europe. I am joining wholeheartedly on behalf of the Ica in the celebration of Mr. Marshall's seventieth birthday. I am particularly appreciative of Mr. Marshall's devotion to Jewish matters. I lay particular emphasis on Mr. Marshall's active part in the work of aiding the Jewish emigrants and refugees. May he be spared for many more years and continue to work for the benefit of Judaism."

The Board of Education of Detroit, Mich., by unanimous vote elected Dr. Leo M. Frank, of Temple Beth El as one of the Board of Trustees of the Public Library. This appointment is regarded as one of the highest honors conferred upon a resident of Detroit.

## DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

### Marshall at Three Score and Ten

An appreciation of Louis Marshall's personality and achievements appeared in an article in the New York Times Magazine of Sunday, on the occasion of his attainment of seventy years. The writer, James C. Young, observes among other things:

"It is forty-nine years since he pleaded his first case, and in that period American life has been a swiftly moving spectacle. Not many men have watched the marvelous panorama with more comprehending eyes than has Mr. Marshall.

"Today Mr. Marshall is believed to have argued probably as many important cases involving constitutional questions as has any other lawyer in the State. At the Peace Conference in Paris he drafted and worked to have adopted minority treaties that have gone far toward protecting the lesser racial groups of Europe. He is frequently quoted on public questions and has contributed to philanthropic enterprises in the matter both of aid and of leadership.

"As a publicist with various international sympathies and contacts, Mr. Marshall is frequently heard on the part this country plays in world affairs."

### Mr. Ford Backs Out

Ford's renewed attack on the Jews, accompanying his refusal to accept the challenge issued to him recently by Nathan Straus, is denounced in editorial comment in various papers.

The "Jewish Morning Journal" thinks it is regrettable that Ford was given this opportunity to repeat his slanderous charges, an opportunity which, says the paper, he has pounced upon eagerly, being avid for publicity of any kind. Referring to Mr. Straus' contrast between the world wide benefactions of John D. Rockefeller and the campaign of race hatred conducted by Henry Ford, the paper observes: "Perhaps Mr. Straus overlooked at the moment the difference in the treatment accorded by public opinion to the two men which certainly helped in bringing Ford to the conviction that it would be well for him to seek fame as a champion against the imaginary Elders of Zion." When John D. Rockefeller first became renowned as the richest man in the world all the prejudice against concentrated wealth was leveled against him. In order to avoid a similar experience, the paper continues, "Ford calculated, or it was done for him by his advisers, that the surest method of defending himself from such attacks was to become an accuser, to storm against others in order that others might not think of attacking him. Thus the man who earns tens of millions each year, began a campaign

against Wall Street, even though every man on that street would wish to earn a tenth of what Mr. Ford earns. He campaigned against corporations, even though very few of them could compare their income and earnings with those of the Ford Motor Company. And when this move failed he turned his guns against the Jews, to the 'international' bankers who are paupers compared to Ford.

"The Rockefeller," the paper concludes, "have given away hundreds of millions for educational, philanthropic and scientific purposes, and the money has brought much good to the world. The Detroit men, having a grudge against the world, is free of these responsibilities which the spirit of the time imposes on the rich. His cries against capitalist conspiracies have the effect of making people forget about America's biggest capitalist, about the meanness and egoism with which he uses his fortune, the largest accumulated by any individual in our time. He seeks publicity of another kind and that is something the Jews should not help him in getting."

The "Day," terms Ford's refusal to accept Straus' challenge as the greatest self-indictment. "Were Ford a fighter," the paper writes "he would gladly have accepted the challenge. If he really had faith in what he and his agents all over the world have been saying against a people whose public record goes back four thousand years, he would be most eager to accept Straus' proposal. Instead he says he cannot accept the challenge because the ten jury men might prove ignorant on the Jewish question.

"This 'logic' of a coward is amazing. Does Mr. Ford mean to say that among the 120 million Americans there cannot be found ten men who are not ignorant in the Jewish question? Is it possible that Ford, measuring the whole American nation with the rod of his own ignorance, actually believes in this absurdity?"

A very pointed comment on Ford is made by Arthur Brisbane in the N. Y. "American" of yesterday. Ford's charge that the Jew "controls the revolutionary elements of the world, on one hand, and the ultra-conservative elements on the other," and that "the international Jew is in direct control of all financial centres of government, including the United States Federal Reserve System," will be distinct news for Trotsky as well as for Secretary Mellon and Mr. Strong of the Federal Reserve Bank, declares Mr. Brisbane, adding:

"The four richest men in the world are Rockefeller, Ford himself, Mr. Mellon and George F. Baker—according to those that should know. The Rothschilds compared with them are only a child's bank. The Jews have evidently shown great moderation, controlling finance, but letting 'Goyim' have the real money.

"One great financial house which

Henry Ford sincerely considers a Jewish institution, using Christians for a false face, actually will not give employment to any Jew."

### Echoes of the Pritchett Report

Echoes of the recent Pritchett report on Palestine are to be found in various papers, which have commented on the subject editorially.

Thus, the Providence (R. I.) "Tribune" thinks Dr. Pritchett's report "is more likely to give impetus and strength to the Zionist movement, which he sweepingly condemns, than to retard or destroy it," and adds:

"The record of what the Jewish settlers in Palestine are doing speaks for itself. The worst marshes have been drained, and the Haifa Bay Development scheme, now under way, will increase the value of the entire west coast. They have practically destroyed the great curse of malaria. A new standard of life and education has been introduced. Great technical schools have been created in Haifa and a great university and library has been established in Jerusalem. There are training schools for girls in horticulture and field work. The Hadassah Society, supported by the Jewish women of America, has spread health knowledge and is treating children of every race and creed. The Uta (N. Y.) "Press" observes:

"Many will regret this report besides the Jews. The movement to reclaim Palestine for the 'chosen people' has the sympathy of Christians in all lands. There is an idealism and sentiment about it, perhaps, that do not comport with the actual facts. Nevertheless, it has been the hope that this enterprise on the part of the Jewish people to establish a home country in Palestine might prosper.

Agreement with Dr. Pritchett is voiced by the Olean (N. Y.) "Herald," which argues that Dr. Pritchett "is doing this nation and especially those who have looked upon the Zionist movement with friendliness, a real service in expressing himself in no uncertain language concerning the effort that is being made to establish a National home for the Jews in Palestine. Anyone who has traveled through Palestine with his eyes wide open, could not fail to agree with Dr. Pritchett," the paper contends.

An Ark of the Covenant, which is declared to be more splendid than the original described in Exodus, has been constructed by two London artists for Temple Emanuel in San Francisco. It will be sent from London next week to California.

The ark has been completed after many months of work by Frank Ingerson and George Dennison. It follows in general the specifications given in the Bible. It is nine feet high and weighs 3,000 pounds, and is made with bronze doors decorated with jewels and gold in mystic designs.

The coloring is scarlet, gold, blue, white and purple. Among the symbols on the ark are the Star of David, the tree of life, the pomegranate, the paschal lamb and a lamb and the tablets of the law.

At the annual meeting of the membership of the Denver Sheltering Home for Jewish children in Denver, Colo., a resolution was passed changing the name of the home to that of the Denver National Home for Jewish Children.

The Denver National Jewish Home has for 22 years cared for the children of tubercular

## MOVE TO END STRIKE OF 20,000 GARMENT WORKERS

Definite steps to bring the combination strike and lock-out of 20,000 cloak-makers, members of the New York Cloakmakers' Union, to a conclusion were taken Sunday when Morris Sigman, president of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, following a long session of the general executive board of the international at the Hotel Cadillac, named a committee of three to formulate a concrete program to end the struggle. The committee includes three vice-presidents of the international, Max Amdur, Charles Kreindler and Julius Hochman.

Present at yesterday's board meeting were Louis Hyman, Joseph Boruchowitz and Julius Portnoy, three vice-presidents of the international and the leaders of the local strike. They were ordered by the board to give an accounting of the "tragic, costly and mismanaged strike" and to present their plans for adjusting the lockout of 16,000 cloakmakers by the American Cloak and Suit Manufacturers' Association, the organization of contractors.

Following their report President Sigman pronounced their plans, which provided for continuance of the struggle as indefinite and impractical. He declared that the "workers have suffered enough under Communist leadership of the strike" and that the time has come for decisive action which will permit the workers to return to their jobs on "terms consonant with the union's best interests under the circumstances created by the Communists."

## Ford Refuses to Accept Challenge of Nathan Straus (Continued from Page 5)

whole is a cowardly admission of his wrong. His charge that such a jury would neither know or admit that there was a Jewish question is an unwarranted aspersion upon the honesty of such eminent New York publicists as Elihu Root, William D. Guthrie, Nicholas Murray Butler, and upon such eminent divines as Cardinal Hayes, Bishop Manning and Dr. Holmes, any or all of whom could serve upon such a jury."

Rochester, N. Y., Dec. 13.—Morris Manson, Secretary of the National Association of Magazine Distributors of America, refused to handle sales of the "Dearborn Independent" in this city. He sent a letter to the magazine setting forth his reasons in which he said:

"In view of the advance proofs appearing in the daily press of a proposed article to appear in the December, 25 issue of the 'Dearborn Independent,' in which article charges are made against the Jewish race, I hereby discontinue my order for distribution.

"My reason for this action is based upon my belief that these charges are prejudiced and unjustified, tending to stimulate false propaganda and hatred against the Jewish people."

Charles Horowitz of the University of Washington was among the Rhodes scholars elected to enter Oxford in 1927.

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## HONOR SOL STROOCK, NEW PRESIDENT OF FEDERATION

As tribute to a member of the bar on his election as president of the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, six hundred members of the bench and bar Sunday night gave a dinner to Sol M. Stroock in the Hotel Astor. Max D. Steuer presided.

Among the speakers were Chief Judge-elect Benjamin N. Cardozo, of the Court of Appeals; Federal Judge Julian W. Mack, Supreme Court Justice Joseph M. Proskauer and Louis Marshall. In his speech Justice Proskauer made known that Mr. Stroock had resigned as President of the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. to accept the Presidency of the New York Federation for the support of Jewish philanthropic societies.

Mr. Stroock, who is fifty-five, was graduated from City College in 1891 and Columbia in the Faculty of Political Science the following year. He was graduated from Columbia Law School in 1895 and is a member of Stroock & Stroock.

## JEWISH COMMUNAL ACTIVITIES

The Thirtieth Anniversary Banquet of the Home of the Daughters of Jacob will be held tonight at the Hotel Astor.

Mayor James J. Walker, and other State and City officials are expected to attend.

The Organization's campaign for \$100,000 for needed improvements and facilities for the comfort of 50 aged inmates at 200 West 4th St. who are confined to the hospital wards, will be launched at the banquet, at which the 1,000 guests will pay \$50 per plate.

Friends of the United Israel-Zion Hospital, Brooklyn, which required additional maintenance funds for its work in 1927, attended a benefit dinner at the Hotel Commodore Sunday night, for which each diner paid \$30 a plate. The total amount raised aggregated more than \$60,000.

This fund was all net for the hospital, as it did not have to deduct a cent for the payment of the dinner. A group of twenty-two men arranged to underwrite its cost.

It was the fourth anniversary of the establishment of the hospital.

Preliminary to opening a campaign to raise funds to complete the building of a new home at the Grand Concourse and 205th Street, the Bronx, the Independent Ladies' Aid Society of the Home of the Daughters of Jacob, 200 West 4th St. will hold a dinner next Sunday evening at the Astor. Assistant District Attorney Rose Rothenberg, who was instrumental in obtaining a charter for the organization, will be the guest of honor. Judge Max S. Levine will be toastmaster.

An urge to rally to the support of Hebrew Union College of Cincinnati, was expressed at a rally in Temple Israel, held under the auspices of the New York Committee on Synagogues and School Extension of the Union of American Hebrew Congregations. This meeting, at which Dr. Jonah B. Wise, rabbi of Central Synagogue; Henry M. Toch, and Rabbi Maurice Harris spoke, was the first of a series to be held this month to stir New York Jewry's interest in perpetuating Judaism in America.

## BREVITIES

Mrs. Jacob J. Lesser announced that the Women's League Palestine Foundation Fund is offering \$150 in prizes for the best essays on "New York City school children on 'Why Palestine Should Be Rebuilt.'" The first prize is to be \$50, second \$25, third \$15, and fourth \$10; \$25 will be given to the teacher of the child receiving the prize. The essays must be sent to the Foundation, care of the Waldorf Hotel, and mailed by Friday night.

Many Jews were contributors to the United Hospital Fund drive in New York, which reached \$375,000.

## THE Jewish Daily Bulletin

Is the KEY

To Contemporary Jewish History

## The INDEX

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