THREE SYNAGOGUES DESTROYED IN KISHINEFF; WEEK OF FAST TO BE PROCLAIMED IN STRICKEN CITY

3,000,000 JEWS CAN SETTLE IN PALESTINE WITHOUT HARMING ARABS, DR. WEIZMANN DECLARES, IN REPLY TO PRITCHETT

GENERAL PERSHING URGES CHRISTIANS TO RAISE $25,000,000 FOR JEWISH RELIEF IN EASTERN EUROPE

Polish Jewish Deputy Rejects Order of Romanian Government in Protest Against Kishineff Pogrom

Berlin, Dec. 6.—Further details concerning the anti-Jewish excesses in Roumania are reported. The pogroms were destroyed by the Jewish community in the cities of Posen, Buzau and Ploesti, where many Jews were seriously injured. Antisemitic excesses also took place in Jassy and in Bucharest, where five Jewish students in the law school were seriously injured. The reports state that in the city of Kishineff, three synagogues were destroyed.

The Free Synagogue at Jassy was crowded to capacity to listen to authoritative arguments of the recognized leader of the Jewish movement. Answering in detail the various charges made by Dr. Prichett, Dr. Weizmann said that his organization, led by Dr. Cadman, has gone to Palestine "for a fortnight in order to fortify his prejudices."

Jews Will Not Turn Back, Asserts Dr. Weizmann

Dr. Weizmann, in the course of his address, gave expression to his conviction that "the assaults of superfluous and ungrateful critics will not turn the Jews back from Palestine. The Jews are a stubborn people, and there is room in Palestine for all the Jews without displacing the Arabs," he declared. Palestine at one time supported a population of from three to four millions and there was no reason why it could not do it again today. At present, he declared, there are only 100,000 in Palestine, of which 100,000 are Jews. He continued: "Under present conditions of soil-cultivation by the Arabs, only one-third is used, and the rest lies fallow. If the intensity of cultivation is only increased twofold, there would still be plenty of room for the Arabs. By a conservatively estimate, 100,000 agricultural families can be absorbed in the

Denounces "Benevolent Hostility" of Pritchett Report; Issues Challenge for Proof of Harm to Arabs

An extensive reply to the charges made against the Zionist movement and against the Jewish endeavors to rebuild Palestine as the Jewish national home by Dr. Henry S. Pritchett, trustee of the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, published last week in the metropolitan press and in the "International Conciliation," the organ of the endowment, was made yesterday by Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, and Dr. Stephen S. Wise.

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(Continued on Page 2)

Protestants, Catholics and Jews Attend Meeting for Jewish Relief at Episcopal Cathedral

The suggestion that the Christians of America raise the amount of $25,000,000 to equal that which is now being raised by the Jews of America, under the auspices of the Joint Distribution Committee, to aid suffering Jews in Eastern Europe, was made by General John J. Pershing, leader of America's forces in the World War, in his address delivered Sunday evening at a joint Protestant, Catholic and Jewish mass meeting held at the Protestant Episcopal Cathedral of St. John the Divine.

Louis Marshall, president of the American Jewish Relief Committee, was the speaker of the Jews at the meeting over which Bishop William T. Manning presided. Major General John L. O'Riley, outstanding Catholic layman, Dr. S. Parkes Cadman, Methodist minister and president of the Federal Council of Churches, spoke. Notwithstanding the heavy storm Sunday evening, over 1,500 persons, including many Jews, attended the mass-meeting. The meeting, which was the first of its kind in the history of the Christian church, was arranged by the American Christian Fund for Jewish Relief, an organization headed by Dr. Cadman and formed in November on the initiative of leading Christian clergymen, coming as a spontaneous effort to aid the United Jewish Campaign.

The Cathedral, which is now in the process of completion, and toward which several leading New York Jews contributed in last year's campaign, responded to the tune of Kol Nidre, the Jewish religious melody which ushered in the sacred atmosphere of the Day of Atonement: Kol Nidre was played on the organ preceding and after the Protestant services conducted by Bishop Manning, who also offered a prayer to God, "Thy children, the people of Israel."

Dr. Cadman announced several contributions by prominent Christians. A collection was also made but the amount was not announced.

Telegrams were read from Governor Alfred E. Smith, Chief Justice William H. Taft, Nathan Straus, and Vice (Continued on Page 3)
WHERE WERE PEACE SEEKERS WHEN JEWS WERE IN DANGER IN EUROPE—WEIZMANN’S CHALLENGE TO PRITCHETT REPORT

Dr. Wise Terms Carnegie Endowment Report “Theological Discussion”; Weizmann and Brandes Met in Washington; Concordiation with Brandes Group Expected

(Continued from Page 1)

South, while industry will take 200,000 more families. When we have placed this number of people we can meet again and consider the situation.

Conciliation with Brandes Group Expected

When interviewed later by newspaper representatives, Dr. Weizmann gave out a report that during his last visit to Washington, he met Justice Louis D. Brandes of the United States Supreme Court and former leader of the Zionist movement in the United States. This was their first meeting, the “Jewish Daily Bulletin” understands, since the Cleveland convention.

It was also stated that a conciliation between the Brandes group and the Zionist Organization of America, may be expected soon.

Dr. Weizmann, who during his address did not name Dr. Pritchett or the Carnegie Endowment, exclaimed: “Where were these so-called philanthropists and Old Testament and at the end of the last twelve years, when thousands of Jews were being slaughtered in the anti-Semitic countries of Europe, and when twelve million Jews between the Volga and the Rhine were being threatened with extermination? Why is it that the first notice which they took of the world-wide problem comes in the form of an attack on the most important constructive enterprise which the Jews have undertaken in the last twenty centuries?”

Pritchett Report Termmed “Benevolent Hostility”

Dr. Weizmann refers to “the benevolent hostility” of Dr. Pritchett’s report what he termed “the symptoms of a universal fear that Jewish work in Palestine was creating the whole Near East out of that state of tutelage which a number of forces, some of them in the Near East in order that may the better further their own plans.

“The building of a Jewish Homeland in Palestine,” said Dr. Weizmann, “is not that obscure, intriguing law which some people make it out to be. The agreement to give the homeless and impoverished an opportunity to rebuild a homeland was not reached furtively. It was approved by every signatory to the covenant of the League of Nations. It was approved separately by the United States of America, on the basis of international law, and the clauses of the agreement, framed after long deliberation, are as thoughtful in regard to the Arabs as to the Jews. The second half of the Balfour Declaration, which was issued by the British Government in complete agreement with the allied and Associated Powers and which concedes to the Jews the right to build a national home in Palestine, guarantees to the Arab people full protection of their civic, political and religious rights.”

Denounces “New-found” Friends of Arabs

Speaking of “those new-found friends of the Arabs, who have sprung up in astonishing fashion in these days of progress,” Dr. Weizmann said: “They forget that the Arab people have been given the fullest consideration. Three Arab states have been recognized: the Hedjas, Transjordan and Mesopotamia, Palestine does not represent one-twentieth of the area recognized as Arab. And even in Palestine, the land which has been made an eternal home by the people which produced the Bible, the Arabs are treated with the tenderest regard to their rights and even as that of the country is not accidental. It is the result of the scrupulous attention which the Government and the Zionist Organization have given to the rights of the Arabs. The Arab representatives are challenged to produce, from the records of the High Commissioner of Palestine, or from those of the Mandates Commission of the League of Nations, a single instance of oppression or injustice. Not the Arab has had to leave Palestine because of Jewish immigration.

With modern and rational methods of agriculture, there is room in Palestine for three and four times its present population. The Jews have paid to a willing seller for every back of land they have purchased. The enterprises have brought to the Arabs direct profits in the way of income and indirect profits in the way of object lessons. And all the evidence points to an increase of cooperation between the two people that the ‘friends of this description keep their hands off. What Palestine needs is not politicians from abroad, but sympathy, capital and practical cooperation.

West Fails to Appreciate Significance of Palestine Reconstruction

“I believe that the world significance of the peaceful rebuilding of Palestine is not fully appreciated in the West. It has implications which stretch far beyond Palestine. To look at Palestine as one of the important figures in the world Peace movement, the establishment of a Jewish Homeland in Palestine is, in its own words, ‘of equal significance with the establishment of the League of Nations.’ It represents the solution of the Jewish problem by the method of industry and peace rather than by force of arms. Granted the success of the experiment, there can be

(Continued on Page 5)
MEETING FOR JEWISH RELIEF AT EPISCOPALIAN CATHEDRAL IS ATTENDED BY PROTESTANTS, CATHOLICS AND JEWS

Gathering Is First of Its Kind in History of Christian Church; Pershing Lauds Jewish Patriotism; Bishop Manning, Cadman and O'Ryan View Relief Effort as Beginning of Better Understanding and Fellowship Movement;
Louis Marshall, Speaking for Jews, Makes Clear Jewish Attitude; No Surrender of Conscientious Convictions Expected, He Says

(Continued from Page 1)

President Dawes.

Bishop Manning's Address

Bishop William T. Manning, who presided, made the following address:

"I feel it a special privilege to preside at this mass meeting here in the cathedral tonight. The occasion is one of unusual significance. It is the first time that a meeting has been held in this cathedral, and, so far as I know, the first time that a meeting has been held in any Christian cathedral, specifically in behalf of the Jewish people. I rejoice in the fact that this meeting is held here to show our sympathy and express our fellowship and extend our help to the suffering Jews in Europe."

"The Nazis have 50,000 Jewish men and women and children at stake. Our Jewish fellow-Americans are sending their help nobly to their stricken brethren."

"But the American Jews cannot do it all. The need is too great for them to meet it. And we cannot allow them to do it all. The Christians of America must have a share in this great work of mercy. The call that comes from those suffering mothers and starving babies is the call of our common humanity; it speaks to all of us alike, Christians, Jews, Protestants and Catholics—and it is one to which Christians should be quick to respond. How could we more truly act in the spirit of the Good Samaritan than by sending our help to those Jewish people in the Old World in their great need?"

"If I were to figure out the speakers who are to present this cause to you, and I hope that this meeting may have the effect of stirring a great wave of fellowship and human sympathy which shall show itself in generous gifts for this relief fund, I hope that a great offering for the fund will be made at this meeting tonight, and opportunity for this will be given a little later. Let the message go from this meeting tonight in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine to the Jewish people in those far-off lands who are burdened with their suffering, and that we claim the privilege of sending them our help."

Jews Have Done Full Part. Says General Pershing

General Pershing in his address said he had not heard of the meeting until Saturday, but that he had regarded it as "a great honor and privilege to participate in a meeting in this great cathedral for the Jewish relief fund."

"Jews are an essential part of America," he continued. "As citizens among us, they have always done their full part. When the time came to serve their country, a great number of men of all faiths served with patriotism and with higher motives than the young Jews who volunteered or were drafted and who went overseas with our other young Americans. I well remember in my inspections of New York divisions seeing so many patriotic, well-disciplined, well-behaved Jewish soldiers, whose commanders spoke of them in the highest terms."

"During the war," General Pershing went on, "there was no such thing as race or creed—they were forgotten. During this campaign they also should be forgotten. It is for generous American citizens of whatever religion, to aid the Jews of America in succoring their own people over there. The Jews of America have always been in the forefront of charitable works. There has never been an attempt to raise a large sum of money for a public cause in which the Jews have not done more than their share. It is up to the Christians of America to show that they appreciate what the Jews have done in the past."

"The spirit of this occasion appeals to me tremendously. This gathering should be the beginning of an era of good will that should spread throughout America. It is not so much a question of doing as it is of showing the proper spirit. A spirit of goodwill is needed in America today. It could have no better beginning than here in New York in this great cathedral."

"It is a difficult thing for us in our prosperous country to imagine just what suffering goes on over there. At the same time, this is an occasion for all Americans, whether Christians or what not, to show our Jewish friends that we have charitable instincts and that there is no such thing as race prejudice in this great country. This is one of the great lessons we can teach the people of Europe by contributing to this fund."

"Recalling that he had been brought up as a Methodist, and that "the Methodists are the greatest beggars in the world," he said he wanted to talk back to his Methodism and appeal to Christian America to give much greater contributions to the Jewish fund than they have contemplated."

Urges Christians Give $25,000,000

"I feel sure that this undertaking will meet with very cordial and generous response all over the country," he went on, "especially if New York City gives it the right kind of start. Christians of America ought to raise at least as much as the Jews themselves have raised. If twenty-five millions are not too much for the Christians to raise to help these poor people over there, the Jews will raise their twenty-five millions all right, and if the Christians can not duplicate it—we don't know it, I'd like to tell them what I think about extinction.

Bishop Manning in introducing Mr. Marshall stated that he had learned that Mr. Marshall will celebrate his seventieth birthday on December 14 and he offered him the best wishes of his friends and himself.

"Behold how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell together in unity," Mr. Marshall began his address.

"This gathering which is the outcome of the earnest strivings of America's Good Will Union for the removal of the barriers artificially erected between the various members of the human family, is a noble exhibition of that spiritual elevation attainable through the practice of the essential principles of religion, rather than through the mere application of the law. These barriers are built by Protestants, Catholics and Jews meet as equals to speed a movement dedicated to the relief of suffering humanity agonizing in unspeakable misery—the innocent victims of an endless chain of ills running back into the past centuries and reaching their culmination in our own day."

Noble and Unprecedented, Louis Marshall Declares

"A distinguished committee of Christians prominent in every walk of our national life, is engaged in the inspiring undertaking of gathering the American Christian Fund for Jewish Relief, intended to assuage the sufferings of and once more to plant upon their feet the unfortunate Jews of Europe. It is noble as a conception as it is unprecedented. It brings together those great symbols of enlightened civilization: American, Christian and Jewish. What a world of thought is embodied in the jumble of these three words! What a story each of them separately has to tell! What a glorious future they forebode if their inward harmony could only be recognized, Christian and Jew each in his own way striving to create the ideal American of the future as a model for the world."

"For twelve years the Jews of the United States have striven practically alone to keep alive their brethren in Poland, Lithuania, Roumania, Babarabia and Russia, five millions of whom were literally removed from their homes by extermination. Pestilence, war, famine, insatiable prejudice, persecution and massacres were their daily experience. They

(Continued on Page 2)
INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY PLANS MEMORIAL TO BARUCH SPINOZA

American Branch Issues Appeal to Purchase House Where Spinoza Lived

An international appeal to honor the memory of Baruch Spinoza, on the occasion of the approaching two hundred and fifteenth anniversary of his death, which was issued by the American branch of the Spinoza Society.

The fund, which will be administered by an international committee, will be used for the purpose of purchasing the house in The Hague where the philosopher lived, wrote and died.

The American secretary for the Society is Adolph S. (Oka) Oko, librarian of the Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati, Ohio.

The foundation planned will be known as the Domus Spinozana.

A disciple of Spinoza, the society points out in its appeal for funds for the purchase of the Spinoza house in The Hague, is not a person pledged to observe the letter of the law of the philosopher's teachings. A disciple is rather one who thinks,Compile a document based on the provided text, maintaining only the key points and excluding any extraneous details.

**JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN**

Published every day in the week except Saturday and Jewish high holidays by the


Telephone: Spring 6316

Jacob Landau, President

Eugene Greenberg, Vice-President

Samuel Bienstock, Treasurer

John Sinos, Secretary


Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin

616 Broadway

New York

Subscription Rates

Canada and Foreign:

One Year $1.00

Six Months 60c

One Month 10c

Entered as second-class matter Apr. 15, 1924,
at the post office at New York, N. Y., under Act of March 3, 1879.

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ROMAN DMOWSKI FORMS A NEW POLISH PARTY MODELLLED AFTER KLAN

Dominance of Poles in Country Is Part of Program

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Dec. 6.—The forces of the National-Democratic Party and the elements affiliated with it, responsible for the spread of anti-Semitism in the country, have conspired to prevent the establishment of a new Polish nationality, and domination of Poles will constitute an hierarchy.

The party, which was formed at a convention held in the Catholic cathedral in the capital two weeks ago, under the leadership of Roman Dmowski is intended to strengthen the influence of the national democrats create, an opposition to: the Pilsudski forces and carry on the policy of the national democrats under the new conditions.

The organization, whose program is based on the slogan of the Polish religion, Polish nationality, and domination of Poles, will constitute a hierarchy.

"We are forming a new organization because the pre-war parties have ceased to represent the aims of the country," Dmowski stated in his address. A national council consisting of five districts, of which Warsaw, Lublin, Cracow and Lemberg were formed. The activities of the organization, similar to the Klan, will be conducted secretly. No elections of officers will take place, the "new" officers being chosen by the hierarchy.

I. O. B. A. LICENSE WAS NOT REVOKED IN PENNSYLVANIA

The "Jewish Daily Bulletin" regrets exceedingly an error, which occurred in yesterday's issue in the report from Harrisburg, Pa., of the revocation of licenses of fraternal organizations to carry on their insurance departments.

A license was revoked, not from the Order of the Eastern Star, but the Order of Abraham, which was reported in error, but from an organization known as the Order of Abraham.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to the readership. This digest does not indicate approval.—Editor.

The Habima Theatre

The Habima theatre, which arrived in this country yesterday, has been a topic of discussion in the American press.

The New York Times, in a recent issue, carried an article by H. I. Brock, expressing the belief that the Habima Theatre is "a new phenomenon in this country with so large a Jewish population. For the first time in this field, at least, Jewish art appears as such. To be sure, the Jewish Theatre— the Habima—comes out of Russia, and to be sure also, it has grown up more or less under the artistic guidance of Constantin Stanislavsky and the Moscow Art Theatre. But the impulse, the material and the inspiration go far back of the period of Stanislavsky's tutelage back to 1907, when a company of Jewish players was formed in Odessa by young actors led by M. I. Zarnick, who is the present head of the organization.

"This Summer found the company playing at the Theatre Madeleine in Paris and winning extraordinary commendation from the discriminating. It appeared to the critic of this newspaper, they were among the most remarkable performances in Paris, and to the French and visiting critics, that these people had something real to show—that the outside world was beholding a genuine Jewish theatre with a distinctive art and quality— with a religious mood informing the entire performance."

Urges J. D. C. Colonize Polish Jews

That the salvation of Polish Jewry, whose situation is as bad as that of Russian Jewry, is colonization and the Joint Distribution Committee should turn its attention to this form of assistance to the Polish Jews, is the conviction expressed in the "Jewish Morning Journal," by Jacob Pliska.

The Russian colonization has diverted attention from the catastrophic condition of the Polish Jews," we read. "It is now obvious that they have realized that the only way to get the attention of the American relief is to start a colonization movement. It is necessary to say that the Polish Jews must be helped with their colonization work as well as the Russian Jews.

If land settlement is the only way to save the Russian Jews it is also the only way to save the Polish Jews. "Jewish public opinion will demand that the Joint Distribution Committee shall give much interest in the colonization work of the Jews in Poland as in that of the Jews in Russia."

Of course, an investigation of the possibilities for such an enterprise in Poland will have to be made first and we hope the Joint Distribution Committee will undertake the work at once in order to prove that it is not more indifferent to the plight of Polish Jewry than that of Russian Jewry."
HABIMA PLAYERS ARRIVE IN UNITED STATES
Detained Temporarily at Ellis Island, to Be Released on Bond; N. Zemach, Founder of Troupe, Tells of Successes; Eager to Study American Art

Eager to present to the American public the world famous productions of the Habima, the Moscow Hebrew Art Theatre, as well as to study American art, thirty-three players of the Habima arrived in New York yesterday on the steamer "Carmania." A large group of admirers awaited the arrival of the players at the pier, but were disappointed when it was learned that the actors were detained by immigration officials and taken to Ellis Island to be heard by the Board of Commissioners. The Habima players may be allowed to land under a bond that they will return to Russia following the expiration of their twelve-week engagement in this country.

The troupe, which consists of fifteen women and eighteen men, is headed by Nachum Zemach, the founder of the Habima.

When interviewed by the representative of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin," Mr. Zemach reviewed the history of the troupe since its establishment in Moscow in 1917. They left Russia ten days ago, and before that period, they have toured Latvia, Lithuania, Poland, Galicia, Austria, France, and Germany, everywhere attended by success. In Warsaw the troupe played in the Polish Dramatic Art Theatre, Nowosc. The Polish press published enthusiastic critical notices of their performances.

"In the United States we expect to learn a great deal. We are anxious to see life in America and to become acquainted with the life of those immigrants who have come out of all parts of the world to be transformed into useful citizens, healthy and worthy men and women. We expect a great deal from the American enterprises, and from the American theatre technique. When our engagement in the United States is over, we intend to go to Palestine and other countries in the Near East. Our ideal is to build a home for the Habima," Mr. Zemach declared.

The Habima is under the management of a committee consisting of Ephraim-Tchetekh, B. Tchemerinski, A. Maskin, A. Frutkin and Ben Chaim. All the members receive the same salary. Members who have children receive separate allotments for each child.

The Habima will start its engagement at the Mansfield Theatre next Monday, December 13th, with "The Dybbuk." Their first public appearance will be at a reception in the form of a concert given by the Zionist Council of Greater New York on Sunday evening, December 12th, at Mecca Temple, where the members of the Habima will appear. The program includes classical dances, vocal selections and dramatic recitals from their well known repertoire.

As the leaders of the Zionist movement who will be present at the reception are Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Hon. Nathan Straus, Judge Julian W. Mack, Louis Lipsky, President of the Zionist Organization of America, Miss Susan Brandeis, Hon. Carl Sherman and Dr. A. Honegger.

Many Jewish organizations not affiliated with the Zionist movement have decided to participate in this welcome to the Habima.

The "New Palestine," official organ of the Zionist Organization of America, will issue a special number this Friday, December 10th, dedicated to the first visit of the Habima to the United States. It will include the opinions of the foremost dramatic critics and writers on the Habima.
PERSHING URGES CHRISTIANS OF AMERICA TO RAISE 
$25,000,000 FOR JEWISH RELIEF

(Continued from Page 3)

dwelt in the midst of perilous alarms. Economically they were ruined, and even in their indescribable wretchedness they were often subjected to hateful discrimination. Yet throughout all their woes they have been sustained by the consolation of their religion, by trust in God, by the hope of a better day. And by the consciousness that their brethren in America had not forgotten them and were thinking of them, not as paupers, but as equals, as brothers. Wherever the representatives of the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee penetrated they were told by the wretched, starving, disease-ridden masses that more than food, more than medicine, more than that which was material, they were sustained by the thought that far across the sea there were those who possessed understanding hearts that throbbed in sympathy with theirs.

And so it was that in October last our organization met at Chicago, with representatives from all parts of America, to arrange in conference to arrange plans for the completion of the $25,000,000 Fund which were engaged in raising. The Fund, as previously distributed, the telegram announced the formation of the American Christian Committee for Jewish Relief came to us like manna in the wilderness, like the dew of heaven on parched soil. We felt that we no longer needed the token of the Good Samaritan, the PX as food in the midst of need, we were no longer struggling with our own sorrow, without the touch of sympathetic souls from without the House of Israel, save in the case of a few glorious men and women who understand what Jesus meant:

"Affliction's sons are brothers in distress. A brother to relieve, how exquisite the bliss!"

Marshall Lauds Magnanimity of Christian Committee

"We rejoice that your Committee has now, acting upon its own initiative, determined to participate in this undertaking," the President of the Bank had regarded it as a burden, but because of your magnanimous desire to share the privilege of bearing testimony to the truth of Seneca's exalted thought, that no man comes so near to the gods as one who shows kindness to men.

"God's representation of your spirit, let me add that you cannot realize how it will impress the Jews of Eastern Europe bearing the rankling wounds of centuries, the contumely, the rancor, the hatred of those among whom they have been subjected to exist, when you realize that American Christians feel with them, and for them and are seeking to befriend them and to enable them to understand that with no motive but that of human fellowship and brotherhood, they are ready to lift its burden out of the Slough of Despond. Whether your material contributions be large or small, this you should know, that the Jews are a grateful people who judge an act by the spirit which directs it."

"It may be well for a fuller understanding, to remind you that in rendering aid to suffering humanity in Eastern Europe the Jewish Joint Distribution Committee devoted millions of dollars to help non-Jews in the stricken lands, to provide them with food and medicines and clothing, that it contributed large sums toward carrying on the Child Feeding Work of the American Relief Administration under Mr. Hoover, toward the repatriation of the Czechs who were stranded in Siberia, and in numerous other ways. It is needless to add that the Jews of the United States have always been among the most generous contributors to the American Red Cross, to the Young Men's Christian Association, the Young Women's Christian Association, the Knights of Columbus and the Salvation Army.

Good Will Should Be Mutual, He Says

"In pointing out these facts I am neither claiming credit for the Jews nor asking for reciprocity. If we are merely discussing the question of how necessary is the spirit of goodwill. It must not be one-sided. It should be mutual. It should not partake of the arrogance of superiority on the one hand or of the degradation of inferiority on the other. It must not be based on the idea of charity and we will consent to be tolerated; nor will we suffer the impairment of his dignity by permitting himself to be patronized. Nor does it mean that any of us should be expected to surrender or to abate his conscientious convictions. His only reason, that it is to be assumed that all men should be like-minded on all subjects or should become standardized machines. What it should mean is set forth in the oft-repeated sentiment, simple, holy words of Malachi, whose inner content is "I have not appointed my covenant in vain.""

"Have we not all one Father? Hath not one God created us?"

"That is the proclamation of human brotherhood, which, to adapt the admirable expression of Owen D. Young, is the moral solvent of our problems. From it spring those deeds of human kindness which you are exemplifying and upon which in the striking phrase of an ancient Talmudist "standeth the world."

"Yet the world has indeed been making rapid strides toward the acceptance of these ideals. Its horizon has been extended. There is a growing appreciation of the importance of interchanging points of view, of departing from the attitude that our own ideals must prevail and that those who are otherwise dissimilar in mental attitude are not concerned with the problems or troubles of other nations or of groups other than those to which we happen to belong. We should rather study their virtues, their experiences, their contributions to the art of right living. We should not emphasize differences, but those things on which there is agreement in principle. Nor have we the right to divest ourselves of responsibility for the inequalities existing among mankind. Thinking men see in large numbers are every day adopting the broader and more humane views that every one of us is his brother keeper and that the obligation involved is not bound by seas or mountains and is not confined to special groups or individuals. At this time especially and speaking under the auspices which have brought about this important convocation, we may all use the words from the Universal Prayer, written two centuries ago, with a better understanding of their full significance than has ever before existed:

"Teach me to feel another's woe, 
To hide the fault I see;
That mercy I to others show,
That mercy show to me."

Mr. Marshall concluded.

Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, one of the best-known Catholic laymen in New York, said:

Major O'Ryan Dwells on Inspiring Occasion

"It is a splendid and inspiring occasion, this gathering of Christians a great necessity for the purpose of helping the suffering Jews of other lands.

"I feel certain that this great meeting will aid materially the Jews of Europe who are now in such dire need of our financial help. What is inspiring is that the spirit of charity and of sympathy which actually underlie the movement, is truly Christian in that it goes forth without unfavorable restriction or limitation as to creed, race or nationality.

"What is even more inspiring is the example here furnish to all classes of Christians of the practical application of Christian principles to others as we would have others do for us. Had Christians followed and practiced this golden rule an occasion of this character would call for no comments of satisfaction or surprise upon the basis that the objects of our present solicitude are outside the fold. If the Christian world were truly Christian, movements similar to this would be in vogue throughout that world whenever the need existed."

"So common has been the misguided zeal of Christians, not only in their relations with non-Christians but among themselves that many individuals have described the organization of the Christian Church upon the ground that the magnitude and complexity of that organization and the rules and regulations of its discipline have tended to obscure the simple rules of living in which they were really designed to be upheld.

"In Europe today there are not lacking communities where creditableness supports the belief that upon occasions the Jews surreptitious make human sacrifice. Christians, of course.

"Christian conduct has always been more inspired by example than by precept, and so the movement which brings us together tonight will accomplish more for the censure toward the Jews in Europe than any
The First Public Appearance of

HABIMA
Moscow Hebrew Art Theatre

Grand Concert
By the Whole Ensemble

SUNDAY EVE., DECEMBER 12, 1926
at MECCA TEMPLE
130 West 56th Street, New York City

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PERISHING URGES $25,000,000 BY CHRISTIANS FOR RELIEF OF JEWS IN EASTERN EUROPE

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symposium that we might write or plea that we could make.

There is present an opportunity to demonstrate to them that Christian good-will is not a hoax. There is offered here the opportunity to make up, to the extent of the sacrifice involved in your gifts, for some of the many inhumanities practiced in the past by Christians in their relation with their Jewish fellows.

"From this meeting let there go forth to our own people the meaning of what is here done, that we recognize that Christian charity and good-will know no limitation of race or creed, and that even among us who make this effort there are represented all elements making up the people and divided Christian family.

"Remember, too, in making your gifts, the splendid examples of charity and tolerance ever being displayed by our own Jews of America. Whenever a Christian people have lifted a brutal heel from the neck of Jewish people and have given them the opportunity to live with them on terms of equality and good-will, the Jews have responded as if by magic. Although the marks of generations of Christian persecution may be upon them, accompanied at times by deficiencies insuperable from such sudden and rapid demonstrated their ability in a few short generations to forget and forgive, to develop and to serve, and to give to, us examples of the Christian charity that was withheld from them by our people, same as long a period. Here in our City, of New York, where there are more Jews than are assembled in any other city of the world, where the contacts between Christian and Jew are more intimate and more accurately appraised than in any other place anywhere else, Christian response in behalf of Jews who are in need be our overwhelming and evincing proof of how we who know them best regard their worth." — Dr. Cadman Sees Meeting as Blow to Race Hatred

Dr. Cadman said that the Cathedral last night was "in a real sense the mother church." Referring to the Jewish story, of the man who went into a pit to stay a bear, he concluded his talk of "If we can only stay this bear of bigotry, hate and misunderstanding, our deed will deserve to be ranked with that which has such a high place in your history. As surely as we owe the example of Rome and our culture to Greece, we owe the welfare of our religion, which should be the first business of a free people, to Israel. Let us send out to the world from this mother church this stormy night the message that we have struck a fatal blow at the bear of prejudice, hatred, which hitherto has hindered the progress of humanity." — DP. WEIZMANN CHALLENGES STATEMENTS OF Pritchett REPORT ON PALESTINE

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which after all have translated the Balfour Declaration into a paragraph of the international Statutes of humanity.

"Dr. Pritchett represented the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. The business of the Carnegie Endowment, I want to say to Dr. Butler, its President, is to make peace and not to stir up strife. The business of the Carnegie Endowment, if it report on affairs in a foreign land, is to hold the balance judicially, not to have a man come back to the Carnegie Endowment with a theological treatise. That is what Dr. Pritchett's report is—a query as to the implications of the theological standpoint and political people. I am not dealing with the question and I don't intend to, whether we are a God-chosen or a God-choosing people. But that I have to say to Dr. Pritchett: We have chosen in part and in part we have been compelled to choose. The World has left us no alternative, the World of egotistic nationalities. We have chosen to do a great thing. Within the depths of that misery which Eastern Europe has inflicted upon half of our people, within the depth of our faith that we have the right and under God to rebuild the collective life of our own, we have resolved to build. In that resolution we have first, the support of the British government; next, and more important to us, the support of the American people, as affirmed and reaffirmed by the President and Secretary Wilson, and the States of Palestine. We have the sympathy and the understanding of the American people, of both the great English-speaking peoples in the world. We have, as a people who love peace, made every sacrifice in the interest of peace and understanding in Palestine as we have achieved it. We have peace with the Arabs, save among the renegade Mohammedans, and in the group of absentee landlords in Egypt and in Syria whose bitterness against us arises, not out of our oppression of the Arabs, which they know does not exist, but because under God we are doing a mighty thing. We are liberating the serfs of Palestine. We are helping to free the Arabs, to lift them to new levels of life. That is what the Jewish resettlement of Palestine has done.

"As the leader of the Free Synagogue, and as one of the men in the Zionist cause, I have very greatly that we will be lifted up with an authentic voice, not the voice of an observer who goes to Palestine for a fortnight in order to fortify his prejudices but one who knows Palestine, one who has mightily served Palestine." — THE STATE BANK

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