

JEWISH NEWS
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OF THE WORLD
WITHIN 24 HOURS.

JEWISH DAILY BULLETIN

ONLY ENGLISH
DAILY RECORD
OF JEWISH
NEWS.

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ENGLISH JEWS FORM COMMITTEE ON FOREIGN APPEALS FOR EAST EUROPEAN JEWS

Roumanian Minister to England Submits Figures on Jewish Citizenship Question in Bukowina to Joint Foreign Committee

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Nov. 16.—A special agency to deal with the needs of East European Jews will be created by a decision of the Board of Jewish Deputies, a federation of Jewish congregations in Great Britain, at its meeting held here. The Board has decided to establish a Committee on Foreign Appeals which will have full power of action in all matters concerning foreign relief.

This decision culminates a discussion which originated last summer, when the matter was postponed until the fall.

Lucien Wolf, secretary of the Joint Foreign Committee of the Board of Jewish Deputies and the Anglo-Jewish Association reported at the meeting that he received a report from Titulescu, Roumanian Minister to England, stating that since 1924, 10,600 applications for naturalization were received

by the Roumanian authorities in Bukowina, from the category of so-called "men without a country." Six thousand nine hundred and thirty of this number were Jews. Five thousand nine hundred and fifty-four applications were considered, of which 5,600 were granted, Titulescu stated. Mr. Wolf, commenting on these figures, stated that they did not agree with the information of the Joint Foreign Committee.

AGUDAH WILL CONTINUE OPPOSITIONAL POLICY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 16.—The continuation of the traditional policy of the Agudath Israel with regard to the organization of Jewish communities in Palestine was decided upon at a meeting of the Central Council of the organization held here yesterday.

The council considered various questions relating to the Palestinian situation and decided to insist on the fulfillment of the demands of the Orthodox element concerning the Palestine communities ordinance, in accordance with a referendum on the matter taken among the Orthodox Jews in Palestine.

SILESIAN JEWS BLAMED BY POLES AND GERMANS IN ELECTION CAMPAIGN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Nov. 16.—The Jewish population of Upper Silesia lived through a period of excitement during the municipal elections which were held here yesterday and which resulted in a victory for the German element.

In the city of Kattowitz, the Jewish ticket carried only 678 votes and no Jew was elected to the city council. The German citizens all cast their vote for the German ticket, while the Polish parties were divided. During the election campaign, the Germans accused the Jews of voting for the Poles while the Poles charged the Jews with disloyalty to Poland and voting the German ticket.

CUZA IS REINSTATED DESPITE UNIVERSITY PROFESSORS' PROTEST

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Nov. 16.—Alexander Cuza, leader of the Roumanian anti-Semitic movement and responsible for many anti-Jewish student riots, was reinstated to the chair of economics at the University of Jassy, notwithstanding the protest of the Board of Professors. Professor Cuza resumed his lectures at the University yesterday. When he appeared in the lecture hall, the students greeted him with an ovation. One of the students, Grincaza, delivered an address of welcome.

BETHLEN WILL PROMISE NUMERUS CLAUSUS LAW CHANGE DURING ELECTIONS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Nov. 16.—The Hungarian numerus clausus law limiting the number of Jewish students in the Hungarian Universities will be modified, a report received by the "Neue Freie Presse" here states.

The newspaper declares that it has learned that Premier Count Bethlen will make this announcement in an election manifesto which he will issue. This is intended to gain the Jewish vote in the forthcoming Hungarian elections, it is stated.

TO FORM JEWISH NATIONAL PARTY IN ROUMANIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Nov. 16.—The formation of a Jewish national party in Roumania, to include the Old Kingdom as well as the new Roumanian provinces, was decided upon at a conference of Transylvania Zionists in Roumania held in Oradeomare.

Deputy Meyer Ebner participated in the conference as the representative of Bukowina Zionists.

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YIDDISH HIGH SCHOOL OPENED IN BIALYSTOK

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bialystok, Nov. 16.—A Jewish high school where Yiddish will be the language of instruction was opened here yesterday with impressive ceremonies.

The high school is affiliated with the Yiddish School Organization and is the sixth Yiddish high school in Poland.

JEWISH LAND SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE OPENS ITS SESSIONS IN MOSCOW

Fifteen Foreign Delegates and 200 from Russia Attend; Government Will Give Land, But Social Organizations Must Furnish Means, Comzet Leader States

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Nov. 16.—Fifteen delegates from foreign countries and 200 representatives from Russia were present at the opening session of the Jewish land settlement conference called by the Ozet, the society for settling Jews on the land, here last night. It was declared that the delegates represent 276 branches of the society with a membership of 60,000.

Twenty-four Communists and twenty non-partisans were elected to the presidium of the conference. Michael Kalinin, president of the Wzlk, the Central Executive Committee; Tcheriakov, president of the White Russian Savnarcom; Petrowsky, president of the Ukrainian Wzlk and Piotr Smidovitch, vice-president of the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics, were elected honorary members of the presidium.

The conference was welcomed by representatives of the Caucasian, Georgian and Armenian Republics and by representatives of the Russian workers, the Crimea, White Russian and Ukrainian peasants and others. Telegraphic

messages were received from the Republic of White Russia and the Tartar Republic, as well as messages from the Narcomzem, the national commissariat of agriculture and from a number of government and social organizations.

J. Larin, addressing the conference on behalf of the Comzet, the governmental department for settling Jews on the land, declared that the Soviet Government will allot enough land for the Jewish land settlement, but the social organizations must supply the means for the settlement work.

V. BASCH HEADS FRENCH HUMAN RIGHTS LEAGUE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Nov. 16.—Professor Victor Basch, French Jewish scholar, was elected president of the League of Human Rights, at its meeting held here last night.

Professor Basch is professor of aesthetics and the science of art at the Sorbonne.

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DESCRIBE COUNCIL'S WORK IN BETTERING CONDITIONS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

Report on Immigration and Educational Work at Jewish Women's Convention (Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Nov. 16.—The activities of the National Council of Jewish Women in securing legislation to better the conditions of women and children, in and out of industry, were described by Mrs. Wolf of Washington before the eleventh triennial convention of the organization in session here.

Mrs. Wolf said that as a representative of the Women's Joint Congressional Committee she had attended and spoken at the hearings on the World Court and the Child Labor Amendment, the bill for equal representation of women and the measure for a separate Department of Education. She appealed to the council to redouble its efforts in the future to make an intensive study of the condition of women in industry so that the organization can render efficient service to working girls. Greater cooperative action in securing legislation to better the conditions of women and children, in and out of industry, was also urged by Mrs. Wolf.

The work of the Council to aid Jewish immigrants and its endeavors to introduce Jewish education into rural communities was presented at the first business session.

Reporting on the work of the Immigration Aid Department, Miss Florida Lasker stated:

"Hardly had the first Quota Limit Act of May, 1921 gone into effect than the Department was called on by individuals and agencies here and abroad to help solve new and complex social problems created by the adoption of the new law. Refugees bottled up in European ports appealed to us to secure assistance from relatives on this side of the Atlantic, members of families, cut off from each other by the rigors of restrictive legislation, cried out for service; migrants actually on their way to the United States or awaiting visas under the new law asked for help and advice. In addition, we

PALESTINE BAKED MATZOS TO HAVE MARKET IN U. S. Agreement Concluded with New York Merchant

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Haifa, Nov. 16.—The sale in the United States of Palestine baked matzos, produced by the Grand Moulins de Haifa, the mills of Baron Edmund de Rothschild here, has been made possible through an agreement concluded in New York, according to despatches received here from New York.

The despatches stated that Yehuda Itin, vice-president of the Haifa Chamber of Commerce, who is now visiting the United States in the interest of several Palestinian projects, has concluded an agreement with Julius L. Horowitz of the New York Mizrach Wine Company, whereby the latter has contracted to purchase a considerable part of the output of the Haifa mills on sale in the United States.

The amount of \$20,000 for the purchase of 100,000 pounds of matzos has been forwarded by Mr. Horowitz.

Mr. Horowitz and Mr. Itin, who is also the vice-president of the Hadar Ha'carmel, when interviewed in New York confirmed the news of the conclusion of the agreement. The Mizrach Matzos Company has been formed in New York for this purpose, Mr. Horowitz stated.

QUEEN DENIES SEEKING LOAN FOR ROUMANIA

If American bankers have arranged a loan to the Roumanian Government, Queen Marie has had no part in the negotiation and knows nothing of it, a spokesman for the royal party announced, an Associated Press despatch from Chicago states. The reference was to a despatch from Bucharest saying that American and British bankers were arranging a Roumanian loan.

The spokesman also denied that news of the reported financial arrangement was in any way responsible for Queen Marie's decision to curtail her American tour by sailing Dec. 11 instead of Dec. 24, as originally planned.

It was said that the only money received by the Queen in this country was a \$5 bill which was pressed into her hand by a poor woman in New York, who asked that it be given to Roumanian charity.

were called on, as heretofore, for service to deportees, as well as for miscellaneous types of services too varied to enumerate.

"During the fiscal year 1923-24 nearly 2,000 cases were handled by this Bureau, the following year 2,026 cases were under care; while during the past year 2,591 cases have been handled. Over 2,000 field visits were paid by this Bureau during the past Triennial period; more than 4,000 callers were interviewed at Headquarters; while over 34,000 letters were written and more than 700 telegrams and cables sent in connection with this work. These figures greatly exceed those prevailing during the previous triennial period, showing a tremendous increase in the volume of work.

"Over 4,500 inquiries have been han-

(Continued on Page 4)

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

The American Jewish Committee's Attitude on the Schwartzbard Case

The attitude of the American Jewish Committee, as expressed by its president in his report at the twentieth annual meeting of the organization, on the question of the Schwartzbard case, is subjected to criticism by the Jewish press of New York. Exception is taken particularly to the observation of the report that the attitude of the Jewish newspapers "anticipates the decision of the French court as to the extent of Petlura's responsibility for the massacres," and the further remark that Schwartzbard's defense must be sought "in the field of mental responsibility and not in that of justification."

The "Day" (November 16) expresses its opinion thus: "Does the gathering of material in favor of one who is accused of murder mean 'anticipating' the decision of the court? We do not agitate nor propogate, we are only gathering material. This material will be presented to the court. The court will have to decide to what extent this material deserves to be considered or not: the court will prove through its verdict to what degree it recognizes the motives of the murder of sufficient weight to temper Schwartzbard's sentence or not. By furnishing the available material to the court we are not influencing its decision. On the contrary, we are helping it to unravel the bloody drama, to take the right road in its approach to the trial. Does this mean 'anticipating' the decision of the court?"

"Anticipating the French court is precisely what the American Jewish Committee is doing. It is worried above all that the 'Ukrainians are being irritated,' hence it gives the French court the advice that 'his (Schwartzbard's) defense must be sought in the field of mental irresponsibility.'

"Does this not mean anticipating the decision of the French court? And it is known moreover—according to the testimony of experts—that Schwartzbard is mentally responsible. At best such action is tactless."

In the "Jewish Morning Journal," Jacob Fishman points out that the Jewish press regards Schwartzbard not as a 'national hero' but as a 'national victim.'

"Mr. Marshall thinks," we read, "that to express the opinion that Petlura was officially as well as personally guilty of the pogroms, is 'to anticipate the decision of the French court.' Mr. Marshall is greatly in error. He places Petlura on the same scale with one ordinarily accused who is entitled to the benefit of every doubt. Petlura, however, does not belong to this class. His public actions are known to hundreds, perhaps thousands of persons and his Jewish victims count over a hundred thousand. Yet he was never brought before a court because Ukrainians

SCHWARTZBARDE DEFENSE COMMITTEE TAKES EXCEPTION TO AMERICAN JEWISH COMMITTEE'S VIEW ON CASE

Declares Its Position in Statement; Explains Reasons for Activities in Connection with Schwartzbard Trial

Exception to the opinion of Louis Marshall, president of the American Jewish Committee, expressed in his report submitted to the twentieth annual meeting of the committee, concerning the Schwartzbard case, was taken in a statement issued yesterday by the American Committee for Schwartzbard's Defense.

The statement was signed by Joseph Baroness, chairman, Dr. A. Korallnik, vice-chairman, Dr. S. Margoshes, honorary secretary, Gedaliah Bublik, Jacob Fishman and Benjamin Saphir. The statement read as follows:

"The American Jewish Committee, in its last report of November 14, 1926 has deemed it necessary to issue a statement with regard to the Schwartzbard trial now pending in Paris. This statement volunteers information concerning the sentiment prevailing in the ranks of the Ukrainians living in Soviet Ukraine; and furthermore, gives advice to the Schwartzbard defense in France as to the lines on which the trial is to be conducted.

"Without entering into a discussion as to the validity of this information,

was then in a state of chaos and he found protection under the excuse of war.

"The present trial of Schwartzbard is indirectly the moral trial of Petlura. And in this we Jews are interested even more than in Schwartzbard. We have no doubt that Petlura was personally responsible for the massacres. We are convinced of this because the Jewish leaders on the other side have ample evidence of Petlura's guilt and because thousands upon thousands of pogrom victims who are now in America are in a position to substantiate this. Shall we then ignore all these facts and leave the entire case to its fate? Who will bring these facts out before the public if not the Jewish representatives, and a number of Jews who had personal dealings with Petlura and the hundreds of Jewish victims?"

Regarding the belief of the American Jewish Committee that Schwartzbard's defense must be sought in the field of mental responsibility, the "Morning Journal" further declares: "That is exactly what the Ukrainian representatives have requested of the Schwartzbard committee in Paris which is composed of prominent Jews. They asked that Schwartzbard be declared insane, that nothing be said at the trial regarding Petlura, and they would then be satisfied if Schwartzbard would be freed. The committee refused this request, and rightly so. No Jew desired the Schwartzbard tragedy, but since it has taken place, it would have been cowardice of the worst sort to hide from the world the circumstances of

we, of the Schwartzbard defense committee, acting as an auxiliary branch of the Committee in Paris, protest against the unprecedented prejudicial and tactless statement of the American Jewish Committee.

"The legally-minded gentlemen who signed the statement of the American Jewish Committee should have known that it is not only a violation of the basic ethical principles to injure the interests of the defendant while he is on trial for his life, but that it is also inadmissible to interfere with the legal procedure of a foreign court. Furthermore, the representatives of the American Jewish Committee should have been aware of the fact that the question of the mental sanity of Schwartzbard has already been raised and that it has definitely been settled by the unanimous opinion of a board of aliensists agreeing that there can be no doubt of Schwartzbard's mental responsibility.

"We most emphatically protest against the implication of the American Jewish Committee insinuating that American Jewry has made of Schwartzbard a saint and a national hero. This reproach which is made for the first time by the American Jewish Committee should have been directed rather against certain Ukrainian elements that are now engaged in a campaign of calumny against all Jews and in an attempt to glorify the name of Petlura.

"We declare that our only interest in the Schwartzbard affair is to further the ends of justice, to elucidate the truth regarding the motives that prompted Schwartzbard to commit his act and to unveil before the world the horrible tragedy of the pogroms in the Ukraine. We are sure that all right thinking Ukrainians will unite with us in our effort to dispel the clouds of misunderstanding and to render possible a durable and lasting peace between Jews and Ukrainians."

Silney Loewenstein was re-elected president of the Congregation Adath Jeshurun, Philadelphia, at the 68th Annual Meeting and Dinner of the congregation.

The dinner, which was attended by four hundred men and women, took place in the newly erected auditorium of the congregation.

Reviewing the financial standing of the congregation, Silney Loewenstein, its president, pointed to the fact that the present buildings and land owned by the congregation are valued at \$650,000, against which there is an indebtedness of approximately \$150,000.

The yearbook, including a history of the congregation and a record of all the activities of the past year, was distributed to the members of the congregation.

Beside the president, the following officers were elected: Vice-President, Solomon Bacharach; Treasurer, William Stern; Secretary, Stanley A. Wise; Directors, William Aikus, J. Jacob Bayson, Benjamin Berg, Robert M. Bernstein, Gustav L. Bloch, Morton E. Block, Benjamin H. Brunsbaum, Joseph Caplan, Benjamin Cohen, Victor H. Frank, Henry A. Kauffmann, Paul M. Myers, Henry M. Obermayer, Harry S. Platowsky and Emanuel Weil. Rev. Jacob Beinal was re-elected as Cantor of the congregation.

FEDERATION DRIVE REACHES \$3,050,370 IN \$4,726,000 GOAL

Subscriptions to the \$4,726,000 fund being raised by the Federation for the Support of Jewish Philanthropic Societies, announced Monday at a meeting of campaign workers in the Hotel Pennsylvania, aggregated \$1,014,587, making the total to date \$3,050,370.

Among the contributions was one for \$22,500 from Arthur Lehman, associate chairman of the Federation board and former president of the Federation. Mr. Lehman's contribution was increased to this amount from the \$13,000 amount previously announced. Other contributions by members of the Lehman family announced included \$15,000 by Mr. and Mrs. Herbert H. Lehman, \$8,700 by Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Lehman, \$10,285 by Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lehman, \$3,600 by Mr. and Mrs. Allan S. Lehman and \$2,500 by Mr. and Mrs. Harold M. Lehman.

Other subscriptions were \$12,500 by Otto H. Kahn; \$10,000 by Herbert N. Straus, \$9,250 by David A. Ansbacher, \$6,000 by Mr. and Mrs. Philip J. Goodhart, \$5,500 by Mrs. Samuel Sachs and \$5,000 each by Paul Block, S. Glemby, Inc., and James Speyer. Rube L. Goldberg, the cartoonist, contributed \$1,000. George J. Whelan, contributed \$2,500.

COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR

Sir: This morning's "Times" contains front page material under the heading "The Importance to the Jewish People of Rumania."

One item is by negation, and reports the formal opening of the Rumanian Parliament and the King's message conspicuous by its failure to mention by as much as a single sentence relief to the million Rumanian Jews from the severe disabilities under which they suffer in that country.

The second item mentions the gracious gesture of His Majesty in visiting a synagogue in Chicago in response to a gesture of invitation by a group of Rumanian Jews who apparently are prompted by motives of personal sympathy rather than the interest of our Jewish sufferers.

The Queen in all her utterances in this country has failed most dismally to come out openly with a frank statement of her intentions regarding relief of present intolerable conditions in her country.

The third statement is an expression by Mr. Louis Marshall, elected president at the 29th annual meeting of the American Jewish Committee in honor of Mr. Hadassah, one has been tried for anti-Semitic crimes in Rumania.

Is there no way in which the American Jews can make an organized effort to have Queen Marie the person to be regarded as to her intentions with regards to bringing about some measure of relief from these conditions.

MORRIS I. MENDELSON,

Commander-in-Chief, Jewish Veterans of the Wars of the Republic.
New York, Nov. 15, 1926.

Colonel Arthur Little has accepted the chairman-ship of the testimonial dinner to be given to Daniel Frohman at the Biltmore Hotel on Dec. 11 in honor of Mr. Frohman's forty-four years of service to the Actors' Fund of America.

Each layman who attends the dinner will be charged \$1.00-4¢, but Colonel Little has announced that for the members of the theatrical profession the charge will be only 4¢, plus whatever they feel able to give. Particular efforts will be made to get actors and actresses to attend. In recognition of Mr. Frohman's many years of service to the fund, he has recently been elected to honorary membership in the Lambs Club, the Mayfair Club and the Actors' Order of Friendship.

CORRECTION

An error occurred in the report of the scholarship fund ended at the Harvard Law School by friends of Justice Louis D. Brandeis in honor of his seventieth birthday. The amount of the fund was \$50,000 and not \$5,000, as erroneously reported.

DESCRIBE COUNCIL'S WORK
IN BETTERING CONDITIONS
FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN

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dled by this Bureau during the past three years. Many of these came either from persons abroad unable to enter the United States, or from foreign organizations or relatives in their behalf. Similarly, inquiries in great numbers came from individuals who hoped to be admitted to this country or from relatives seeking their admission here."

The work of the Council among the rural communities was reported by Mrs. Eckhouse.

"We have spent over \$75,000 for our rural program during the past three years. We are expanding our program to reach the 15,000 Jewish women and 40,000 Jewish children on the farms of America. Our efforts in behalf of the families of the Jewish farmer have included visits to the farm house, for purposes of instruction in matters of hygiene, English, citizenship and personal problems. We have organized Rural Women's Leagues to bring the scattered families together for their own advancement and for cooperative work for their rural communities. Through the assistance of these leagues, religious schools and synagogues have been established. Our program also includes the children in the schools and the young people, whom we have organized into Young Folks Leagues. To many of the families that have been in need, philanthropic assistance of a wide range has been rendered, and employment secured."

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, Nov. 16.—Assistant Secretary of Labor Husband addressed the triennial convention of the National Council of Jewish Women last night. The secretary did not make any reference to the quota immigration law. His speech was brief and devoted almost entirely to comments on the administrative features of immigration. In referring to the new system of immigrant inspection abroad he declared that the record of aliens admitted at Atlantic ports examined by public health service inspectors at consulates abroad, shows that the percentage of rejections among such immigrants has now been reduced to two-tenths of one per cent or two in every thousand. "Such immigrants," he stated, "who come, whether in the steerage or cabin, are now admitted like any other passengers and Ellis Island is rapidly becoming a memory with the extension of the foreign inspection system."

Nathan Straus, Dr. David de Sola Pool, Benjamin Winter, Mrs. Alexander Kobus, Miss Sophie Irene Loeb, I. Montefiore Levy, and Dr. Elias Margolies are the speakers announced for the banquet to be given by Young Judaism tomorrow evening at the Hotel Plaza in honor of the Revolt of Rouben Cohen's Generation will be offered by Cantor David Putzerman.

The first Menorah Journal dinner of the season of 1926-27 has been postponed from Nov. 18 to Nov. 30. It will be held at the Hotel Brevoort. "The Revolt of Rouben Cohen's Generation" will be discussed by Dr. Irwin Edman, Mortimer J. Adler, Clifton P. Fadiman and Henry M. Rosenthal.

BREVITIES

Etchings and water colors by Hermann Struck were exhibited yesterday by the Society for the Advancement of Judaism at 15 West Eighty-sixth Street. The artist is one of the few Germans elected to membership in the London Royal Society of Painter-etchers and Engravers and first attracted attention by an etching of Gerhart Hauptmann in 1904. His portraits include A. W. Hays, Neetzke, Haecckel, Jacob H. Schiff and Prof. Einstein.

Harry J. Rosenson, of Brooklyn, dropped dead Sunday on the Fresh Meadow Country Golf Club links. He was forty years of age.

Mr. Rosenson received a law degree at Columbia University in 1905. He was at one time an Assistant Corporation Counsel in charge of the Bureau of Street Openings. He was a director of the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, one of the founders and for the last ten years President of the Y. M. H. A. in Williamsburg.

Jacob Bamberger, aged Jewish merchant of Salt Lake City, Utah, announced that he had set aside \$10,000 for charity in Utah, his only stipulation being that the money be distributed in the state. The contribution was made on the occasion of the golden wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. Bamberger.

The Russian workers are making a new hero of Henry Ford, according to Mrs. Weidwood Ben, an English politician, who recently visited Russia.

"Workers' banners," said Mrs. Benn in a lecture in London, "contained slogans for Ford. Every one believes in him and they all finally hope to live up to his ideas."

Federal Judge Francis A. Winslow declined to enjoin David H. Blair, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and Major Chester P. Mills, Prohibition Administrator, from compelling Ray Stubb waters, of the Congregation B'nai Lipner Ahawah Israel, 214 Second Street, New York City, to remove sacramental wine allotted to him from a storage place at 124 East 107th Street either to his home or to a place where it would be under his personal supervision.

In an affidavit presented to the court by U. S. Grant, Assistant Federal Attorney, Major Mills said the 107th Street address was a wine store, in some wine stores he declared, wine was diverted to unlawful purposes. He said he had no intention of seizing the wine.

Judge Winslow said it was the duty of the Prohibition Administrator to supervise the distribution of sacramental wine according to the spirit and intention of the law. "On the settlement of the order herein, it is quite probable that the rights and duties of strikers safeguarded," he added.

Mrs. Howard S. Gans, President of the Child Study Association, announced a campaign to raise \$10,000 to continue and extend the work of the Child Study Association of America, with parents and children. The drive will open on Nov. 21. Mrs. S. W. Straus is Chairman of the Campaign.

Forty thousand garment workers met on Monday in halls throughout New York City and listened to the terms of the peace agreement with the inside shop manufacturers. The agreement has been signed by Morris Sigman, President of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, Louis Hyman, head of the Joint Committee, who has been leading the strikers, and Henry M. Friedman, President of the Industrial Council of Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers, Inc., for the employers. The vote of the workers for an acceptance of the terms was held on Tuesday and today or tomorrow will be seen. Many strikers back at work after twenty weeks of idleness.

Large meetings were held in the Stuyvesant Casino, Webster Hall, Bryant Hall, Hennington Hall, and in Manhattan Lyceum.

Hiram Abrams, president of the United Artists Corporation, died at his home in New York City. He was forty-eight years old.

While in Portland, Me., he became a merchant there. Soon after the advent of the motion picture he entered that business as a distributor in Boston.

In 1916 he became president of Paramount Pictures. He continued in that office until 1919, when United Artists was organized with him as president. Associated with him in the organization of the company were Mary Pickford, Douglas Fairbanks, Charlie Chaplin and D. W. Griffith. Mr. Abrams was chosen to head the corporation by William G. McAdoo, who handled the legal work of the organization.

PETER WIERNICK'S MOTHER
DIES, AGED EIGHTY YEARS

Mrs. Sarah M. Wiernick, mother of Peter Wiernick, editor of the "Jewish Morning Journal," died yesterday morning.

Mrs. Wiernick was born in Vilna more than eighty years ago. She came to the United States in the late 'eighties. She lived in New York during the last twenty-five years.

Mrs. Wiernick is survived by two sons and one daughter, Peter, Simon and Bertha, by ten grandchildren and six great grandchildren.

Daily Digest of Public Opinion

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Petlura's massacres which until now have been ignored by the whole world as through a 'conspiracy.' (The British Chief Rabbi, Dr. Joseph Hertz, used this expression a couple of years ago.)

"The 'Jewish Daily News' writes in the same vein, concluding its observations in the following words: 'The statement of the American Jewish Committee that the Jewish newspapers and Jewish public opinion regard Schwartzbard's assassination of Petlura as an act of national heroism, is thoroughly false. The Jewish press and Jewish public opinion never endorsed murder in any form whatsoever. All that the Jewish press desires is to make clear the connection between Schwartzbard's act and the pogroms perpetrated by Petlura. We never fell and never will fall so low as to hide Petlura's dark deeds because the Ukrainians will be irritated by it.'"

To Form Jewish National Party in Rumania

(Continued from Page 1)

A considerable number of Roumanian Jews, particularly those affiliated with the Union of Roumanian Jews, in the Old Kingdom are opposed to the formation of a Jewish national party in Roumania.

Two synagogues in Hartford, Conn., that have not been large enough to maintain a permanent rabbi will unite, according to articles of association filed at the office of secretary of state. The synagogues are the Chevre Kadishe and the Teferes Israel. They will use the building of the latter congregation for their services.

A site for a new synagogue in Reading, Pa. was purchased by the B'nai Zion Congregation. The purchase price was \$50,000.

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