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JEWIS CENTER OF BATTLE BETWEEN WARRING PARTIES IN AUSTRIAN PARLIAMENT

Conflict of Two Parties Has Anti-Semitic Background

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 28.—The fight between the Austrian Social Democrats and the Christlich Soziale, which has an anti-Semitic background, was transferred yesterday to parliament.

An anti-Semitic debate developed in parliament when the Social Democrats charged the Christlich Soziale with selling Austrian land to Czech Jews who, they asserted, are instrumental in imposing a Czech character on the border territory of lower Austria.

The speaker of the house, who belongs to the Christlich Soziale party, protested against the use by the Social Democrats of the derogatory term, "gesindel" in relation to Jewish land owners in Austria.

AGUDAH CLAIMS 7,000 FOR SEPARATE ORTHODOX COMMUNITIES IN PALESTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 28.—A numerical strength of 7,000 votes for the demand of the Agudath Israel, the Orthodox Jewish world organization, for the creation of separate Orthodox communities in Palestine was claimed by the executive committee of the organization in a statement issued here.

The executive claims that up to the present 7,000 votes, representing 35,000 persons, were registered in Palestine under a petition urging the full recognition of independent Orthodox communities.

This demand is opposed by the Vaad Leumi, the national council of Palestine Jews, and the Zionist Organization.

THOUSANDS AT FUNERAL OF DR. SALOMON EHLMANN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Oct. 28.—The funeral of Dr. Salomon Ehlmann, famous dermatologist, was attended by many thousands.

Representatives of the Austrian government, university authorities, student bodies, fraternal organizations and scientific organizations abroad were present. Eulogies on the late scientist were delivered by Dr. Zevi Chajes, Professor Pick and Dean Maresch of the medical college.

REFUSE TO PERMIT SUNDAY BURIAL IN BRITISH TOWN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 28.—The request to permit the burial of Jewish dead on Sunday was refused by the town council of Southend, England.

Sunday interments were never permitted by the municipality. The Hebrew Congregation applied to the town council for permission to hold burials before 10 o'clock in the morning on Sunday.

PALESTINE LAND SURVEY WILL BE COMPLETED IN 10 YEARS, SECRETARY SAYS

Allocation of State Lands for Jewish Colonization Depends on Survey

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 28.—The completion of the Palestine land survey, upon which, according to the explanation of the mandatory power, the allotment of state and waste land for Jewish colonization depends, will take ten years, according to Col. Symes, Chief Secretary of the Palestine Government.

Col. Symes in an interview with the representative of the Arab paper, "Merat Ul Sherik," stated that the Palestine government has allocated the amount of £50,000 annually for the next ten years for the purpose of completing the government land survey. Once this survey will be completed, all confusion in the court cases concerning the ownership of land will be eliminated, he said.

It is impossible to complete the survey sooner, the Chief Secretary explained, because it entails considerable work and also because of the fact that many owners of Palestine land who live abroad must be given an opportunity to settle their affairs.

PRESIDENT RECEIVES AGED CANTOR BEFORE LATTER LEAVES FOR PALESTINE

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., October 28.—An unusual scene took place at noon today at the White House, when Cantor Seidel Rovner of New York, 71 years old, white bearded patriarch, "dean of all the Jewish Cantors," was received by President Coolidge on the eve of his departure for Palestine, where he will complete his work of composing music for the Psalms.

It was Cantor Rovner's wish, before he left the country in which he spent so many years, that he might have a

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MASSACHUSETTS GOVERNOR WILL HONOR DR. WEIZMANN

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Boston, Mass., Oct. 28.—Governor Alvan T. Fuller of Massachusetts received a delegation of Zionists headed by the Hon. Elihu D. Stone, president of the New England Zionist Region, who extended to the governor an invitation to participate in an official reception to Dr. Weizmann.

The governor announced to the delegation that he will tender a state dinner to Dr. Weizmann on November 19, and will also participate in the opening of the three hundred thousand dollar campaign in Boston on November 18.

The governor will also greet delegates to the National United Palestine Appeal Conference.

JUDGE MACK LAUNCHES FIRST DRIVE OF THE 1927 UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL

\$35,000 Raised in Cleveland at Dinner Opening Campaign

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cleveland, O., Oct. 28.—Cleveland was the first city to launch its drive in the \$75,000 United Palestine Appeal for this year. The sum of \$35,000 was subscribed at the dinner on Sunday at the Statler Hotel, which marked the official launching of the United Palestine Appeal Campaign in Cleveland for \$150,000. Judge Julian W. Mack was the principal speaker and made the initial contribution of \$1,000.

In his address Judge Mack declared: "Palestine is not only a country in which our persecuted brethren from East European countries can find a sanctuary and can peacefully settle on the land, but it is also the land which inspires and creates the Jewish will to national rejuvenation and gives courage to our despairing people to reconstruct the land of their ancient glory."

"Because Cleveland is the first city in the country to float its campaign for the United Palestine Appeal which this year has for its objective the raising of \$75,000 for the reconstruction of Palestine, the eyes of American Jewry are turned on it. The results of the Cleveland campaign will be closely watched by every other Jewish community in the country and it is inevitable that it will serve as a model to be followed by all other cities."

Max Simon, chairman of the Cleveland Campaign also delivered an address and Rabbi Abba Hillel Silver was the toastmaster.

MAKE EXCEPTION FOR EXPORTING KOSHER MEAT

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 28.—The requirements of kosher food by the Jewish community in Switzerland were given consideration by the French government in the promulgation of export restrictions.

Among the products exempted from the export restrictions are 800 quintals of kosher meat, which are permitted to be exported from France monthly for use by the Jewish community of Switzerland, where the shechita is prohibited.

UKRAINIANS URGE BOYCOTT AGAINST GALICIAN JEWS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Vienna, Oct. 28.—Anti-Jewish boycott propaganda is being advocated by the Ukrainians in Eastern Galicia, reports received here from Lemberg state.

This action follows closely on the propaganda carried on by the Ukrainian press in connection with the forthcoming trial in Paris of Sholom Schwartzbard, slayer of Semion Petliura.

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JUDGE LEWIS INSTALLED AS NATIONAL CHAIRMAN OF UNITED PALESTINE APPEAL

Judge William M. Lewis of Philadelphia was installed as National Chairman of the United Palestine Appeal Wednesday night at a dinner given in his honor at the Hotel Astor. The dinner was attended by the leaders of the Zionist movement in this country. A radio message from Dr. Chaim Weizmann, President of the World Zionist Organization, from aboard the Berengaria, was read by Louis Lipsky, President of the Zionist Organization of America, who was toastmaster. Dr. Weizmann's cable read:

"Heartiest good wishes to my friend Judge Lewis on assuming the leadership of the greatest effort American Jewry has made for the National Home. Our responsibilities in Palestine are great and serious but are equalled by opportunities for development in every direction. I have confidence in the devotion and wisdom of Judge Lewis who will be supported by a faithful army of workers including Dr. Stephen S. Wise, Judge Julian W. Mack, Louis Lipsky and the other officers. Am coming. Place my services at his disposal."

A message was also read by the toastmaster from Dr. Stephen S. Wise who was Chairman of the Appeal last year and is now Honorary Chairman. In his message Dr. Wise regretted his inability to attend the installation of the new National Chairman due to an engagement made for him sometime previous. Dr. Wise pledged himself in his message to be one of Judge Lewis' "earnest and helpful comrades in the work of the United Palestine Appeal for the ensuing year."

Judge Lewis declared the rebuilding of Palestine the greatest constructive statesmanship for the Jews of the world, in addition to being a great spiritual movement.

Addresses were delivered by Judge Julian W. Mack, Honorary Vice-Chairman of the United Palestine Appeal; Morris Rothenberg, Chairman of the Board of the Keren Hayesod; Emanuel Neumann, Chairman of the

CHALUZIM COLONY CLOSED

IN RUSSIAN CENTRAL ASIA
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Moscow, Oct. 17.—A trial which took place in the Tashkent Court for Labor Affairs has led to the closing down of an agricultural Chaluzim collectivized colony near Tashkent in Russian Central Asia.

The colony was organized in the autumn of 1924 by a group of Jewish small traders and employees in Tashkent. The Commissariat of Agriculture granted the colony on lease an area of 60 desiatin of land including orchards and vineyards. The colonists were also given a certain amount of live and dead stock. But the colony needed more money to carry on its work. A member of the Chalutz Organization named Maslo, proposed at this point that a loan of 3,000 roubles should be raised from the Joint Distribution Committee on condition that 30 Chaluzim should be admitted as members of the colony. As according to the statutes of the colony each member had to contribute 300 roubles it was therefore possible to admit only 10 Chaluzim and the remaining 20 were registered as their children.

Not long after the deal had been concluded, there was friction between the Chaluzim and the members of the Left "Bolshevist" group of the colony who demanded the exclusion of the 20 "children." The Chaluzim, however, prevailed upon the other colonists to exclude the Left disturbers. A few of the Chaluzim also left the colony for various reasons.

As a consequence a complaint was lodged with the Labor Court at Tashkent, that the statutes of the colony

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COMMUNICATIONS TO THE EDITOR

Sir:

In sending you check to cover the renewal of my subscription to the "Bulletin," I want to take this opportunity of complimenting you on your splendid publication.

Everyone desiring to keep in touch with the Jewish world—and every right thinking Jew—should read the "Bulletin."

I always take pleasure in passing my copy to friends, hoping they will become interested enough to become regular subscribers.

LEE L. GOLDBERG.

Louisville, Ky., Oct. 18, 1936.

Sir:

I consider your services to the Jews of the world of great importance. You have avoided championing any cause, you have avoided becoming partisan, you have restricted yourself to the business of disseminating news, and you have done it well. This is an important and great service.

JAMES N. ROSENBERG.

New York City, Oct. 22, 1936.

Sir:

I am very glad to get a copy of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin." Indeed, which I am sure will prove very useful to the communal workers of the country.

Your paper has become extremely essential to every Jew who is interested in the problems of his people.

HENRY MOSKOWITZ.

New York City, Oct. 22, 1936.

Executive Committee of the Appeal and Mrs. Archibald Silverman of Providence, Vice President of the Hadasah Women's Zionist Organization, Rev. Z. H. Masliansky and Abraham Goldberg.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Says Religious Discrimination Still Exists in Statutes of Maryland

That religious discrimination against the Jews and members of other non-Christian faiths still exists in the statutes of the state of Maryland, is the fact brought out by B. H. Hartogensis in a recent issue of the "Evening Sun" of Baltimore, wherein we read in part:

"Office-holding is still on the faith of a Christian" (Code, Article 70, Section 9). The oath need not be administered, but still is in the counties, where a Bradlaugh (a non-believer) could not be sworn in, as he was in the British House of Commons. Jews are expected to announce their religious belief here in Maryland, just as they were compelled to do in "Darkest Russia," in Czarist days. But if they proudly do so, they must express belief in a future state of rewards and punishments. However, like many other first-class citizens of many creeds and without creed in the State, many cannot qualify hereunder.

"It is merely rubbing it in, to seek refuge in the last sentence of the law, and it shall be presumed that an officer who has taken and subscribed the oath did make at the same time such declaration, i.e., either in his belief in the Christian religion, or that he professes himself to be a Jew believing in Heaven and hell. This law in practice excludes expressly Christians not believing in the Christian religion, including the Trinity and the physical resurrection of Jesus Christ on Sunday; also Moslems, Buddhists, Confucianists and non believers."

"Finally, there is no authority vested by the State of Maryland to any other person or religious minister (Quakers excepted) to perform marriage ceremonies, thus making for illicit marriages and children. Moreover, by Code 27, Section 361, it is illegal for Marylanders to go out of the State to marry without having such a marriage license addressed to a minister of the Gospel (of Jesus Christ); penalty for each Marylander, \$100."

The National Jewish Community Center at Washington, D. C., launched the National Jewish Forum with the presentation of the series of Jewish speakers of national prominence with an address by Rabbi Jonah B. Wise of New York City. The subject of his lecture was "Woman in a Man's World." Among others scheduled to appear before the National Forum are Max D. Steer, Sophie Irene Loeb, Frederic William Wile, Rebecca Kohut, Joseph Baronides, Irma Lindheim, Nathan Glazer, J. and Sidney Nyburg.

The President of the Jewish Community Center is Harry King.

The cornerstone laying of the new Oher Sholom Synagogue center in Chester, Pa., was held last Sunday. A. W. Wolsen, chairman of the building committee and of the drive committee, which raised \$70,000 to erect the building, presided.

GREATER PARTICIPATION OF BRITISH JEWRY IN PALESTINE RECONSTRUCTION NEAR, PHILANTHROPIST, ON VISIT FROM ENGLAND, SAYS

Key to Situation Lies in Attitude of Leading Anglo-Jewish Families, Declares Mr. Nasatissen; Analyzes Palestine Situation from Businessman's Viewpoint; Urges Large Industrial Bank for Palestine as Aid in Reconstruction Process

A change in the attitude of English Jewry, the Jewish community of the power which holds the mandate over Palestine, toward the economic problems facing the Zionist Organization in Palestine is approaching, declared Michael Nasatissen, well known Russian Jewish philanthropist and leading contributor to the Keren Hayesod in Europe, in an interview with the representative of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin."

Mr. Nasatissen, who contributed the amount of £50,000 to the Ruttenberg works and £10,000 to the Keren Hayesod in recent years, was the largest individual contributor to the Keren Hayesod before the recent large contributions of Bernard Baron. When asked for the reasons of the small participation of British Jews in the Palestine upbuilding work, Mr. Nasatissen observed that the key to the situation lies in the attitude of the leading Anglo-Jewish families. With the interest now taken in the Palestine project by leading men like the Marquis of Reading, Sir Alfred Mond and Sir Herbert Samuel, with the decision of the General Electric Company to participate on a sound business basis in the Ruttenberg works, a greater responsiveness on the part of British Jewry to the economic needs of Palestine is imminent. The fact of the matter is that British Jews are in a particular situation which dictates a greater interest on their part in the development of Palestine, which is viewed by many leading British statesmen as destined to become an important and extensive branch of the British Empire.

Mr. Nasatissen, who was among the few early investors in Palestine enterprises, holds a large interest in the Ruttenberg works, in the Nesher Cement Company and in other important enterprises there. Commenting on the present unemployment situation, Mr. Nasatissen analysed the situation from a business man's viewpoint. When compared with the general economic fabric of the country and when considered in the light of the economic population which amounts to over 700,000, the existence of a certain number of unemployed should not be alarming. First of all there is no country in the world where there is not a large number of unemployed nowadays. The Jews coming to Palestine are in the difficult situation of having to do everything on their own risk and with their own means, without the assistance of the government. The Zionist Organization, which is responsible for the immigration, has to provide not only the human material, but to care for the provision of the plan of work, the making available of funds, the distribution of labor, the social needs and even the educational needs of the growing Jewish population. The crisis arose due to the fact that the funds which were available

were invested in the land which is not for resale. Roads made, buildings erected and institutions created represent a national value but they cannot be converted into fluid capital, which is, after all, necessary for the continuation and the extension of the general



MICHAEL NASATISSEN

construction activity. The funds at the disposal of the Zionist agencies are earmarked for assisting the agricultural settlers, for the purchase of land, for construction of buildings on the land, for education and for medical and sanitary work. The large wave of immigrants who came outside of the allotted labor immigrants, with their own means, and plunged into insufficiently considered business enterprises constituted for a time the employers of the market who provided temporary employment facilities for others. When these small employers had invested their funds, they remained without further capital to carry on their financial operations. That was the case in the building industry in Tel Aviv, this was also the case in other industrial branches. Add to that the fact that when the individual colonists who operate on the private property principle gather in the crops and get some funds, they do not deposit these funds in the banks but buy new land or erect new buildings. Again, the accumulated capital of labor produced does not serve to increase the fluid capital and to increase the labor opportunities.

"The solution is the opening of a large industrial bank which would serve this type of settler. The situation can be easily remedied and progress furthered by placing at the disposal of the operating agencies large funds for the further purchase of land and continuation of the building activities. The fact of the matter is that Palestine is being built despite symptoms of the temporary crisis here and there. One instance I can cite as a striking illustration. In spite of the depression, the Nesher Cement Factory is selling large quantities of cement in the country at present, in addition to the quantity of cement imported from neighboring countries. Palestine, which has learned a few les-

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

How the "Baccalaureate," Roumania's Own Brand of Numerus Clausus, Works

(By Our Bucharest Correspondent)

Bucharest, Oct. 12.—That the numerus clausus against Jewish students can be applied just as effectively through indirect methods under another name, has been demonstrated again by Roumania through the application of the so-called "baccalaureate" system of tests for admission to universities. These tests are so arranged that the fate of the applicants is placed entirely in the hands of the professors in such a way that they can easily discriminate against students of the national minorities, the Jews, Germans and Ukrainians. The principal aim of course is to weed out the Jews.

The deliberate injustice of this system which has been put into practice in a number of cities, as Clausenburg, Timisoara, etc., was glaringly demonstrated the other day in Czernowitz. The man who was placed in charge of the admissions at the Czernowitz university was brought over from Jassy because it was he who was responsible for the rejection of 70% of the students there who had taken the "baccalaureate" test, these 70% being of course composed of Jews, Germans and Ukrainians. Of the 68 Jewish students of the Jewish government High School who took the test in Czernowitz but 16 were admitted to the university. The German and Ukrainian applicants fared no better.

The incident in Czernowitz has caused a great deal of excitement among the population of the national minorities. The feeling ran so high, following the report of the results of the "baccalaureate" test that a demonstration by the students of the national minorities was staged in protest against the university administration. The demonstration was a peaceful one, expressing itself merely through shouting and whistling, until groups of anti-Semitic students appeared on the scene and assaulted the participants in the demonstration. There was a clash and

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sons from the present crisis will come out healthier than before," he stated.

Asked for his opinion on the much debated question of Russian colonization, Mr. Nasatissen, who is a native of Russia, stated that he fails to see why this question should have aroused so much heated debate. "To say that Russian colonization represents a solution to the Jewish problem in Russia is a gross exaggeration. It doesn't give a solution to either the economic or political problems of Russian Jewry. There is only one way to solve the Jewish problem in Russia and that is Palestine," he stated.

Mr. Nasatissen is accompanied on his visit to the United States by Mr. J. Machover, Jewish attorney of London, formerly of Kiev, who is prominently identified with the leading Zionist circles of Russia and England.

ANTI-SEMITES ATTACK POLISH AMBASSADOR BE- CAUSE OF JEWISH ORIGIN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Vienna, Oct. 17.—The anti-Semitic press here has started a campaign against the new Polish Minister to Austria, Dr. Karl Bader, who has just arrived here to take up his post, on the ground that he is a baptized Jew. "His baptism," the papers write, "has not altered the fact that he is a Jew. He is still the same Chaim Bader that he was before his baptism. The Christian Polish colony in Vienna, therefore, is right in opposing the Pilsudski-Bartel Government which could find no better representative in Vienna than a Jew," the papers state.

President Receives Aged Cantor Before Latter Leaves for Palestine

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few words with the President of the United States.

The aged cantor was accompanied by Congressman Nathan Perlman, Rabbi Herbert S. Goldstein, Judge Milton Strasburger, Dr. Herman J. Friedman, Nathan T. Zalinsky, Abraham Schoner, Jacob Rudd and Joseph Herman.

Cantor Rovner presented President Coolidge with a composition, written expressly for him, a prayer with the notes written in gold. Following the presentation the aged Cantor with tears streaming down his face chanted the prayer and blessed the President.

The first \$1,000,000 of the \$500,000,000 necessary to carry out the proposal of August Heckscher to raze the east side slums and replace the tenement houses with model homes, was pledged Wednesday night at a meeting at the Seward High School auditorium. Hecker and Essex Streets, when Harry Schlacht, President of the Downtown Chamber of Commerce, announced that 500 members of his organization were ready to contribute \$2,000 each as soon as they were called on.

Mayor Walker, Mr. Heckscher, Sophie Irene Loeb, who is associated with Mr. Heckscher in his plan, and Robert Brodie, principal of the school, attended the gathering.

Mr. Heckscher proposed a plan of amortization whereby the city would borrow one-half the total cost of razing and building up one block—\$2,500,000—and furnish itself the remainder of the purchase price. The city, according to the philanthropist's plan, would pay off a 5 per cent interest on a 50 per cent mortgage and own the property in thirty-seven years.

Advancing reasons why the city should be willing to undertake such a project, Mr. Heckscher pointed out that any city planning "seemed impossible without reconstruction of the slums" and that the city would be paid back in rent for its expenditures. "I have already suggested that the wealthy men of New York should not let the city as a taxing power alone carry this burden as it is done elsewhere," he said. "But that they, with their abundant wealth, should contribute directly so as to encourage local government and quick action."

Another plan proposed by Mr. Heckscher was outlined by him as follows:

"On the basis of the current year's appraisals for land and buildings, let the city condemn wide areas, subject to gradual and successive improvement. In that way we can embrace all the slums and make a real start in carrying out the present scheme of city planning by radiating with wider streets, less built over spaces, more light, sunshine and playgrounds from the slum areas of New York into the more fortunate quarters.

"If state aid is needed, and I think the state should step in, the state will be equally interested and equally benefitted," he said.

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OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

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rioting during the course of which one of the anti-Semitic professors was beaten.

The anti-Semites are now making much capital out of this incident, although the professor received but a mild thrashing which did not incapacitate him for work.

It is not known whether it was Jews, Germans or Ukrainians that beat him, but the anti-Semites are making an awful row against the Jews. They have telegraphed to Bucharest informing the Cabinet of a "revolution." In the meantime, the local police has arrested some of the minority students who took part in the demonstration. The arrested, some of whom are but fifteen years of age, are kept in prison, until an investigation will be made.

The effort on the part of the police and the university administration to confuse the main issue by exploiting an unimportant incident, is obvious. The administration of a mild beating to a professor is considered more important than the practice of a most cruel injustice against the minorities. Here are hundreds of students who have spent years at school in preparation for the university, in many cases the education requiring tremendous sacrifices on the part of the parents. Now these young men find the doors of the university barred to them. The labor and hopes of years are thus shattered at one blow by a "baccalaureate" test invented by an evil spirit which blinds Roumania's vision not only to justice but to its own interests as well.

Chaluzim Colony Closed in Russian Central Asia

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had been violated and that a number of the workers of the colony had been exploited by the members. The trial lasted seven days. The prosecutor was a member of the Tashkent Jewish Communist Section named Bogar, who accused the Chaluzim of counter-revolutionary activities. The Court decided that the colony had fallen into the anti-Soviet hands of the Hecholz and that it should therefore be dissolved and the colonists purged of the harmful elements of Chaluzim and Zionists.

The former President of the Colony, Simenovsky, was sentenced to be publicly reprimanded for having concluded the agreement with the Chaluzim and Rubinstein was sentenced to a year and a half conditional imprisonment, Briskman to a year and Perpetchoi, a former Chaluz, to six months.

Among the new members elected to the board of directors of the American Red Cross, New York County and Bronx, at the annual meeting were Colonel Michael Friedsam and Miss Catherine Leverich.



Jewish Communal Leaders, Rabbis, Writers, Students of Contemporary Jewish History

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