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FRENCH MEDICAL EXAMINERS DECLARE SCHWARTZBAR TO BE SANE AND RESPONSIBLE

**Recognize Him As Mystic With Pas-
sionate Race Sentiment**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Paris, Oct. 6.—Sholom Schwartzbard, Ukrainian Jew who killed Semion Petlura in revenge for the anti-Jewish pogroms in the Ukraine under Petlura's regime, was pronounced sane and responsible for his act by the French medical examiners. The experts, however, recognize him to be a mystic with passionate race sentiments, it was learned today.

A large group of Schwartzbard's French neighbors are preparing a petition to the court, expressing sympathy with Schwartzbard.

M. Henri Torres, Schwartzbard's counsel, received representatives of the press yesterday, to whom he showed documents of the Chevra Kadisha, the Jewish burial society of Proskurov, containing all the names of the victims of the pogrom in that city. He is also in possession of an old Odessa Russian daily containing a letter by Shulglin, accusing Petlura of the murders. M. Torres also stated that he received a letter from the former Danish Consul in Kiev who wishes to appear as a witness at Schwartzbard's trial. Messrs. Gurevitch, Revutsky, Haifetz and other persons have asked Torres that they be called as witnesses in the trial. M. Torres also announced that after the hearing which will be held on October 14, the defense will be reorganized.

JEWISH ALUMNI PROTEST AGAINST NUMERUS CLAUSUS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 6.—A protest against the continued practice of the numerus clausus in Polish colleges was issued by the Jewish Alumni Aid Society.

The memorandum states that the numerus clausus has been in practice notwithstanding the May revolution and despite the Polish constitution. It declares the intention of the society to continue the fight against the numerus clausus.

1,000 IMMIGRANTS ENTERED PALESTINE IN SEPTEMBER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 6.—Jewish immigration to Palestine picked up during the month of September.

One thousand Jewish immigrants arrived in the country during last month, according to figures made known today.

LORD PLUMER RETURNS TO JERUSALEM FROM VACATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 6.—Lord Plumer, High Commissioner of Palestine, returned from his vacation today.

Lord Plumer and Lady Plumer spent their vacation in Italy.

SIR HERBERT SAMUEL AND DR. WEIZMANN CALL NON-PARTISAN CONFERENCE ON PALESTINE ECONOMIC PROBLEMS

**Committee to Deal with Economic Aspects of National Home
to Be Formed; Prominent European Financial
Leaders to Participate**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Oct. 6.—A non-partisan finance and economic committee to advise the Zionist Organization on the economic aspects of the upbuilding of the Jewish National Home in Palestine will be formed at a special conference

ROUMANIAN EDUCATION MINISTRY MODIFIES TEACHERS ORDINANCE

**Jewish Teachers May Teach Where
Roumanians Are Employed**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, Oct. 6.—Relief for Jewish teachers in Roumania was in sight yesterday when new regulations concerning teachers were issued by the Ministry of Education.

The Ministry issued a circular annulling the former circular promulgated by Angelescu, according to which Jewish teachers were barred from the Roumanian schools.

The new circular permits the employment of Jewish teachers in those schools where Roumanian teachers are also employed.

NABLUS ARABS STRIKE AS PROTEST AGAINST CATTLE PLAGUE QUARANTINE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 6.—A one day protest strike was proclaimed by the Arab inhabitants of Nablus against the government's quarantine in connection with the cattle plague now prevalent in the country.

The protest was directed against the strict enforcement of the regulations promulgated by the government in connection with the plague. The strikers declared that their action was due to the fact that the cost of living in the town has been increased since the regulations were issued by the government. Many shops and factories have been closed.

PALESTINE WILL HEAR ADDRESS ON PROHIBITION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Oct. 6.—The cause of prohibition will be presented in Palestine with the arrival here tomorrow of "Pussyfoot" Johnson.

Mr. Johnson will deliver a lecture on prohibition Sunday night at the Y. M. C. A. which is maintained by Americans.

which will be held here on October 10.

The conference will be presided over by Sir Herbert Samuel, former High Commissioner of Palestine, and will last for several days. Invitations to the conference were issued in the name of Sir Herbert Samuel and Dr. Chaim Weizmann. Sir Alfred Mond is expected to attend the conference upon his return from the United States.

Among those who will participate in the conference are Deputy Leon Blum, French Socialist leader, Judge Visser, member of the Supreme Court at The Hague, Senator Della Torre of Milan, Herr Oscar Wassermann, well known German financier and banker of Berlin, Michael Pollak head, of the Nesher Cement Factory of Haifa. The Zionist organization will be represented by the Executive and its financial and economic council.

CHICAGO SEMINARY ENROLLS 400 STUDENTS

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Chicago, Oct. 6.—The Hebrew Theological College of Chicago, which five years ago came into existence with an enrollment of 40, now has an attendance of 400. This was announced by Rabbi Saul Silver, president of the college, and Dr. Mayer Waxman, secretary on completion of registration.

The students come from seventeen states of the United States, and four students are from Palestine. Eighteen girls attend. The faculty numbers seventeen teachers.

The college, Rabbi Silver pointed out, does not grant a divinity degree until the student has been graduated from a standard college. The local school aims to develop modern American Orthodox rabbis.

HAAS DEMANDS HALF MILLION MARKS INDEMNITY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Oct. 6.—Indemnity amounting to half a million marks was asked from the state of Prussia by Rudolf Haas, German Jewish merchant who was falsely accused of murder in an anti-Semitic conspiracy.

Mr. Haas presented his claim on the ground that the false accusation directed against him caused him damage and that many of his business relations have been broken off during the agitation.

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Jacob LandauPresident
Meer GrossmanVice-President
Samuel BinstockTreasurer and Secretary

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Offices of the Jewish Daily Bulletin
New York611 Broadway
London244 High Holborn
Paris3, Rue Nouvelle, Paris IX
BerlinW. 15 Dunsendorfer Strasse 72
WarsawUlica Aleje Jerozolimskie Nr. 18
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AMERICAN FEDERATION OF LABOR TO CONDEMN ALIEN REGISTRATION BILL

Manufacturers' Association for Bill
(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 6.—A resolution condemning the proposed Alien Registration Bill was presented at the convention of the American Federation of Labor here today by J. M. O'Hanlon, delegate of the New York State Federation of Labor.

The resolution points out that the proposed legislation for the registration of foreign born workers would permit photographic and finger printing and make it impossible for the foreign born to participate in the struggle of American Labor for a higher standard of living.

Cyrus S. Ching, Chairman of the Immigration Committee of the National Association of Manufacturers, in his report to the annual convention of the Association in session at the Waldorf Hotel, expressed the committee's doubt of the new immigration quota based upon "the national origin test" which is to become effective in 1927. Constant intermarriage, he said, made it dubious whether we have the date upon which to predicate even approximately racial origin. Mr. Ching recommended that the registration of aliens should be made compulsory by law.

Commissioner General of Immigration Harry E. Hull who addressed the convention declared that the present restrictive policy of the Government on immigration should be upheld. He recommended the adoption of some means of registering the 2,000,000 to 3,000,000 aliens now in this country who are considering themselves citizens and will only learn for the first time that they are not should they leave this country and attempt to return. He said that the Government by cutting down the admission of aliens had done away with the day of cheap labor. He said that the present policy is insuring the individual prosperity of

(Continued on Page 4)

HUNGARIAN VICE-PREMIER EXPLAINS SITUATION IN COUNTRY TO J.T.A. DIRECTOR

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Budapest, Sept. 22.—Hungary has now reached the stage of stabilization in spite of the severe economic crisis caused by the war, the two revolutions and the inflation period, according to Dr. Joseph Vass, Vice-Premier and Minister of Welfare, in an interview he granted Jacob Landau, managing director of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

The difficulties with which Hungary has to contend now are easily recognizable. The large customs-union constituted by the Austro-Hungarian Empire with its fifty million inhabitants, has been split into five different parts. Hungary has lost her outlet to the sea, is compelled to import raw materials, and the old opportunities to dispose of her products in the country have gone. Hungary must now look for foreign markets and compete with Czechoslovakia, Germany and other States. In spite of that Hungary has succeeded in stabilizing her currency and is gradually rising again economically.

The Jews have taken a considerable part in this work. They have restored the connections with the financial powers abroad which were broken off by the war and as before the war they are again taking an active part in the industry and trade of the country, Dr. Vass stated.

The anti-Semitic movement in Hungary, Dr. Vass declared, results from three causes. The overwhelming and leading part played by the Jews in trade, finance and industry have contributed to the development of an anti-Semitic movement. Secondly, not all the Hungarian Jews tried to prevent the streaming into Hungary of thousands of new Jewish immigrants before and during the war. It is true that a number of Jews saw the danger and took preventative measures, but the non-Jews who had grown accustomed to the native Jews could not feel the same toward the thousands of new Jewish immigrants and refugees. This contributed a great deal to the growth of the anti-Semitic movement. Thirdly, there was the excessive participation of the Jews in the Radical movements. It is true that Jews were to be found in all the parties, but in no other party were they as strong and holding such leading positions as in the Radical parties. While the Jews constitute only five to six per cent of our population, fifty per cent of the leading personages in the Radical Parties were Jews. Obviously then, there was an excess of Jewish participation in the Radical movement, he said.

"Nevertheless I hope," the Minister

(Continued on Page 4)

COMMUNICATION TO THE EDITOR

Sir:

I am simply delighted with the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" Index for the year 1925. This is a most serviceable production, very handily prepared. Congratulations! You have rendered a real service to the students of Jewish community affairs.

MAURICE B. HEXTER.

Federated Jewish Charities of Boston.
Boston, Oct. 5, 1926.

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative. Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Urges Conversion of J. D. C. Into Elected National Organization

The conversion of the Joint Distribution Committee by the forthcoming Chicago conference from an emergency committee to that of a national Jewish relief organization elected by the people, is urged in the "Day" by Dr. K. Fornberg.

Referring to the importance of the Chicago conference as a gathering where reports of a year's successful work will be rendered, Dr. Fornberg proceeds to say: "But—listening to reports is not sufficient. We will consider the Chicago conference as a complete 100% success only when it will send its roots into the masses by constituting itself and acting as a large national organization."

This, the writer urges, does not mean that the present leaders of the Joint Distribution Committee and the United Jewish Campaign are to be ousted or replaced. On the contrary, he wants them to continue in their present role as leaders. "However," he explains, "they themselves should feel more gratified and vested with well deserved and still greater moral authority, when their leadership will have the legal approval of a popular election. Precisely because we have now at the head of the J. D. C. such efficient and deserving men, the time is ripe for a transition from the committee form to the form of a national organization, from self-election to election by the people, which is of course a higher form of recognition and authorization."

"Once this step is taken, the rest will follow naturally, so that, almost without any exertion and certainly without any sort of revolution in the present status quo, the J. D. C. and the United Jewish Campaign, actually existing but juridically uncertain and temporary organizations, will be converted into a permanent national body, with deep continuous roots in the people."

Dr. Fornberg suggests the following method of carrying through the reorganization: "Every local campaign committee should be converted into a temporary local executive committee. All who have contributed or will contribute to the drive are to be regarded as members. Together, the members and the executive committee are to constitute the local 'branch' of the national organization, which is to be known as the United Jewish Campaign of which the J.D.C. is to be the National Executive."

An Opinion from the South

Comment on the "Jewish Daily Bulletin" is contained in an editorial of the "Presbyterian of the South" of Richmond, Va., wherein we read:

"Among our exchanges is a very interesting little sheet, the 'Jewish Daily Bulletin.' It is published every day except Saturdays and the Jewish high

CHICAGO U. J. C. CONFERENCE AFFORDS WAY FOR ESTABLISHING HARMONY IN AMERICAN JEWRY ON RELIEF AND PALESTINE

Non-Partisan Observer Reviews Situation in Both Groups; Uncertainty Created by Recent Controversy Must Be Speedily Cleared Up, He Says; Way for Harmony and Peace Open

The approaching national conference of the United Jewish Campaign and the Joint Distribution Committee is viewed with great interest in wide circles of American Jewry. Interest centers not only in the forthcoming reports concerning the work accomplished by the Joint Distribution Committee in the various European countries and in Russia during the past year, and the report of the collections made and the sum still required, plans for the raising of which will be outlined at the conference, but also in the effects which the proceedings of this conference may have on the political and social constellation of the American Jewish community.

The controversy which reached its peak in the summer months between the leaders of the Zionist Organization of America and the United Jewish Campaign, as well as the forthcoming arrival of Dr. Chaim Weizmann, president of the World Zionist Organization, to complete the negotiations for the extension of the Jewish Agency to include American non-Zionists, add interest to the proceedings. Rumor has it that a request for the postponement of the Chicago conference until after the arrival of Dr. Weizmann, when the situation will have been clarified, was presented but not acted upon.

A feeling of uncertainty prevails in various circles of Jewish leadership as to the forthcoming course of the two leading groups of American Jewry which seem to have been estranged in recent months. The fate of the long expected and much talked of Jewish Agency depends upon a reconciliation which would lead to harmonious action in both fields of American Jewish endeavor, that of general relief work in Europe and reconstruction work in Palestine. Much uncertainty prevails in both groups and the situation is viewed with anxiety and fear for the future harmony within American Jewry. Some are wondering whether the Chicago conference will not hear the echoes of the strife at the Philadelphia conference and the unharmonious sounds of the summer months' controversy.

The "Jewish Daily Bulletin," which is not bound to any policy or group views, but strives to serve the interests of Jews as a whole, has therefore

asked a prominent American Jewish leader whose sympathies are with both, the vital interest of European Jews who are in need and with the aims of the Palestine reconstruction movement, to state his views on the situation as seen by a non-partisan observer.

The results of his observation and intimate knowledge of the feelings in both groups were summed up in the following statement:

"There can be no doubt in the mind of any impartial observer of last year's events in the American Jewish community that much of the strife and the feeling of irritation between the leaders of the active social forces in American Jewry was caused by a strength of conviction and zeal for the respective causes to which they are pledged. This zeal, although at times leading to excessive irritation, can command nothing but respect," he declared.

"It was natural for the leaders of the Joint Distribution Committee who have a long record of leadership and philanthropic achievements to urge united action by American Jews to ameliorate the sufferings of distressed European Jewry, drawing up a program which includes all available forms of relief, embracing the form of farm settlements wherever conditions permit. That their zeal was genuine is evidenced by the generous response their appeal received. A convincing proof of this will no doubt be submitted to American Jewry when the reports of the work accomplished during the past year will be presented at the Chicago Conference. This will also insure the further progress of the work.

"Nor can there be any fundamental difference of opinion as to the motives of the leadership of the Zionist Organization of America in not suppressing the anxiety felt by the rank and file of the movement with regard to one feature of the relief program which could, under certain conditions, be represented as a rival of Palestine, a feature which was indeed represented by interested elements abroad in such a light which was bound to cause the deepest concern to the followers of the Zionist movement. This anxiety, although often controlled, was bound by its very nature to lead to an ever increasing uncertainty, although it did not in any way implicate any opposition to the task of Jewish relief work as a whole. The leadership of the Zionist movement in America has a right to feel that the argument of their being opposed to relief action or that they did not help the relief campaign is not based on the facts in the case. The Zionists feel that they have made it clear again and again that they are not opposed to the relief work, their objection being directed only

JUDGE FRIEDLANDER DIES FOLLOWING YEAR'S ILLNESS

Funeral services for Samson Friedlander, president-justice of the Municipal Courts, who died late Monday night, were held yesterday at his home, 250 West Ninety-fourth Street. He had been ill about a year. He has been a Municipal Court justice since 1917 and president-justice since January, 1924.

Despite his illness, Justice Friedlander was active on the bench until last June.

Justice Friedlander was born in Manasquan, N. J., the son of Jacob H. and Dora Friedlander. Following his graduation from high school he became a reporter on a Manasquan newspaper and remained there until he entered the law school of New York University. On receiving his degree he opened law offices at 271 Broadway.

In 1915 he was elected alderman and two years later was elected a Justice of the Municipal Court. When Justice Aaron J. Levy, then president-justice, was elevated to the Supreme Court Bench Justice Friedlander was elected to fill the vacancy.

Justice Friedlander was the recipient a few years ago of a bronze tablet, presented by captains and lieutenants of the Fire Department in appreciation of his services in obtaining salary increases for them.

Justice Friedlander was a member of the Society of Tammany, the National Democratic Club, the Owasco Democratic Club and the Cayuga Democratic Club, the Friars, Masons, Elks and Knights of Pythias. He was a director of the Grand Street Boys and the Institutional Synagogue and had served on the directorates of the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, the Daughters of Israel, the Daughters of Jacob, Memorial Hospital and the Hospital for Joint Diseases. He was at one time president of the Rutgers Club and at the time of his death was the only honorary member of this organization.

against certain misrepresentations made by interested elements abroad.

"There cannot, therefore, be any reason to believe that the irritation which was caused by these circumstances should be allowed to be continued and perhaps to assume larger proportions. There is no reason to believe that those who have the interests of Jewry and of Palestine sincerely at heart will allow the echoes of the recent controversy to resound with greater resonance, preventing the harmonious action of all social forces of American Jewry to join hands in the common task of bringing relief to those Jews who are in distress and to adequately support the Palestine reconstruction movement. I have every reason to believe that the way for mutual confidence and united effort for both causes, so dear to many, is not only a possibility, but the imperative necessity of the hour.

"The Chicago conference affords the occasion for a clear public manifestation in this direction," he concluded.

holidays. It gives Jewish news from all parts of the world. It claims to give only facts, without expressing any editorial opinion. We find it well worth reading. . . . The purpose of the paper is to give news of Jews to Jews and it does it well. If all papers were as peaceably inclined to all people as is the 'Bulletin,' we would see great improvement in many of the papers published by those who claim to be Christians."

ISRAEL ZEVIN, WELL KNOWN JEWISH WRITER, DIES AT 54

Israel J. Zevin, noted American Jewish writer, better known to the Yiddish reading public as Tashrak, the pen name he used, died yesterday at his home in Boro Park, Brooklyn, following a brief illness. Mr. Zevin was 54 years old.

He was born in 1872, in Zarbi, Russia, and at a very early age became known as a keen minded scholar and Hebrew student.

In 1889 Mr. Zevin arrived in the United States where, during the first few years, he earned his living by peddling. Later, however, he took to writing and became a regular contributor to the "Jewish Daily News." He soon made a name for himself as a writer of humorous stories and novels wherein the life of American Jewry, at that time in its first moulding, was cleverly depicted. English versions of some of his stories also appeared in the metropolitan papers. Just before his death Mr. Zevin was engaged in a translation of the Midrash into Yiddish.

DR. WISE WILL SPEAK ON "JUDAISM AND CHRISTIANITY"

Beginning next Sunday morning, Dr. Stephen S. Wise will give a series of three addresses on "Judaism and Christianity," the Free Synagogue announced.

The addresses will deal with: (1) Agreements and Similarities; (2) Differences and Contrasts; (3) What of the Future?

The first of the addresses, on Agreements and Similarities, will be given Sunday morning, October 10, at 10:45 o'clock, before the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall.

SPANISH AND ENGLISH TAUGHT TO POLISH JEWISH EMIGRANTS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Oct. 6.—Courses in English and Spanish for prospective Jewish emigrants were opened by the Jewish Emigration Society here.

Clinics for the treatment of eye trouble among the Jewish emigrants were also opened by the society.

The garment strike was extended on Tuesday to Fifth Avenue when the fashion tailors of twenty large establishments and 150 smaller gown shops answered the call for a walkout made last week.

The walkout concerns all the shops patronized by persons prominent in society and in the theatre and comes at a time when fall orders are at the peak.

The sum of \$20,000 presented to Professor Julius and Rosa Sachs on the occasion of their golden wedding has been established by them as an endowment fund at Teachers College, Columbia University. The fund is to be used to promote by a series of prizes the progress of secondary education in the United States.

Among the twenty-three students at Yale who have received John W. Sterling memorial Connecticut high school scholarships, providing free tuition for the Freshman year, and Sterling memorial New Haven and New Haven high school scholarships, providing free tuition for four years are Benjamin Kaufman of Rockville, Conn. and Simon Koletsky.

Sir Alfred and Lady Mond sailed yesterday on the Aquitania following a visit in the United States and Canada.

AMERICAN ORT WILL HOLD NATIONAL CONFERENCE IN NEW YORK ON OCTOBER 24

A national conference of the American Ort will be held at the Hotel Pennsylvania on October 24.

Reports of the work of the Ort in Europe will be submitted to the conference. This report includes the work of the Cooperative Tool Supply Company, one of the branches of the Ort, which supplies tools to artisans, farmers and industrial workers.

The company, which is less than two years old, has helped thousands of Jewish families by extending them long term credits for tools and implements needed to obtain a livelihood. According to all present indications the business of this Company will reach the million dollar mark by the end of the fiscal year, a statement of the Ort declared. The Company has been able to obtain very favorable prices from tool and supply manufacturers on long term credits, and only recently in Leningrad supplied one of the Russian Cooperative agencies with sufficient tools to aid 1,200 families. Thus far the activities of the Cooperative Tool Supply Company have been carried on without the loss of a single dollar. The Company reports that very often the loans made to Jewish agriculturists and artisans are paid back long before the period of the time extended, which in some cases is over fourteen months. The Company was initially capitalized at \$20,000 and has made rapid progress with this sum and a turn-over. It is planned now to substantially increase the capital of the Tool Supply Agency and thus enlarge its scope of activities.

Hungarian Vice-Premier Explains Situation in Country to J.T.A. Director

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concluded, "that with the continuing economic restoration of the country, Jews and Hungarians will, as in the past, live together in harmony, the more so because the native Jews of Hungary have in the post-war period been conducting their affairs in a politically more significant and wise manner, and the overwhelming part of Hungarian Jewry desires nothing more than to have a strong and normal political life, peaceful relations and opportunities for constructive activity.

A kosher cafeteria and students' house with eating accommodations for more than 100 and lodging for about twenty-five Jewish students were opened last week at the beginning of classes at Harvard University.

The house is operated by the Union of Orthodox Jewish Congregations in America. Any Jewish student is eligible provided he promises to abide by the Jewish traditions in respect to eating.

The committee in charge of the new house consists of Leo Schwartz, Prof. Nathan Isaacs, Rabbi Landau, Mr. and Mrs. Fuhrman and M. Feuerstein.

High Holy Day Services were held this year in the Synagogue of the National Jewish Hospital in Denver, Colo.

The services were conducted by M. Solomon Ancis, Cantor of the Hospital.

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A. F. OF L. AGAINST ALIEN REGISTRATION MEASURE

(Continued from Page 2)

our workers and protecting American interests.

"Present-day immigration is less than one-fourth of that for 1907, the peak year of immigration," said the Commissioner. "During the past two fiscal years ended June 30, 1925 and 1926, respectively, 294,314 and 304,488 immigrants were admitted to the United States. In the fiscal year 1907 immigration reached a total of 1,285,349."

The Commissioner discussed the problem of dealing with the citizenship of women. "Prior to Sept. 22, 1922, on which date the Cable Act was passed," said the Commissioner, "the marriage of an alien woman to a citizen of the United States made her a citizen and conversely the marriage of an American citizen woman to a foreigner forfeited her citizenship. Since that date an American woman who married a foreigner (except in certain cases where the husband is ineligible to become a citizen) does not lose her citizenship, nor does the American husband confer citizenship on his foreign wife. As a result of this situation we have had some very hard cases before the department on appeal. We had to regard as aliens under the law women who are as much citizens as you or I and who have wanted to return from foreign residences where they have been living with their husbands. I think that in a case like that a general discretion should be conferred upon the department to authorize the readmission of expatriated native and naturalized citizens."

GOVERNMENT ARAB NEGOTIATIONS NOT TO BE PUBLISHED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Jerusalem, Sept. 10.—The Acting Chief Secretary to the Palestine Government, Mr. E. Mills, has received a deputation of Arab public workers who took part in the negotiations with the Government in the matter of the creation of a Legislative Assembly for Palestine. According to the "Falastin," the official organ of the Palestine Arab Executive, the deputation asked for permission to publish the details of the negotiations. Mr. Mills forbade publication of such particulars until Lord Plumer, the High Commissioner, returns from his vacation and decides the question.

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