

6 JEWS PERISHED, 100 INJURED IN FLORIDA DISASTER, SURVEY SHOWS; JEWS BEGIN RECONSTRUCTION OF DESTROYED HOMES

Relief Committee Formed in Miami; Need Reconstructive Aid, Not Bread Relief; \$100,000 Required Immediately; U. J. C. and I. O. B. B. to Assist; Jew Braves Storm to Save Holy Scrolls; Synagogues Converted into Red Cross Hospitals; Property Loss of Jews Estimated at \$20,000,000

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

*Report of Special Representative on
Scene of Disaster*

Miami, Sept. 23.—The Jewish population of Miami and the surrounding area laid in ruins by the hurricane is not in need of bread relief. They require constructive help in the form of loans with which to rebuild their ruined houses and their trade. This was made clear today at a conference of local Jewish leaders, called for the purpose of organizing a central Jewish relief committee. Both the Orthodox and Reform elements participated in the conference which took place at the Gralyn Hotel. A joint executive was elected, with David Cromer as chairman; D. Apte and H. Magid, vice-chairmen; A. Aronovitz, secretary and Isadore Cohen, treasurer. Rabbi Murray Alsted, Orthodox, and Dr. Jacob Kaplan, Reform, were appointed counselors.

The survey made by the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency in Miami, Hialeach, Coral Gables, Coconut Grove and Hollywood shows that the Jewish population suffered little in proportion to the general population. Only five Jewish families applied for help at the relief headquarters of the Red Cross in Miami, which is supplying kosher food for the Jewish sufferers.

A committee of Jewish attorneys was organized today to give legal aid to the Jewish victims of the disaster. Warning of the possibility of typhoid fever from the infected water supply was issued by the municipal authorities here. The devastated area is still without electric light and telephone service.

Isadore Schwartz, one of the Jewish victims, was buried today. He died when a sheet of tin fell during the storm and fractured his skull.

The Orlando lodge of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith informed the

Miami Jewish aid committee of a large sum being raised at Orlando for the relief of the Jewish population in the stricken area.

Miami, Sept. 23.—Isadore Schechter, aged 28, of Atlanta, Ga., and Julius Shonbeck, forty-two, of this city, two of the victims of the Miami disaster, were buried today in the Jewish cemetery.

Jewish property owners have suffered heavy losses in real estate. The city looks like a battlefield.

The Beth David Synagogue, the only Orthodox synagogue in Miami was damaged by the storm. The roof of the synagogue was torn off and the windows were smashed. The Holy Scrolls were saved by Louis Slutsky, the sexton of the synagogue, who, with his ten year old son, carried all the Torahs into the neighboring high school building.

The damaged synagogue has been converted into an emergency hospital, housing fifty beds. Relief for the Jewish victims is being organized by the official charity organizations which have formed the United Jewish Aid Com-

mittee, with P. Sheinberg as president.

A special meeting of the committee will be held tomorrow to provide employment and to grant relief loans for the several hundred Jewish families now in distress. The committee will also issue an appeal to the Jews of America for help.

A survey committee to investigate the Jewish situation and to locate the Jewish injured scattered in the various hospitals is being organized under the supervision of Rabbi Murray Alsted of Beth David Synagogue. A conference of prominent Jewish citizens through-

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LONDON-JERUSALEM AIR ROUTE IS TO BE OPENED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 23.—Palestine will shortly be connected with London by a regular air service, it was learned here today.

The directors of the Imperial Airways announced that the Egypt-India air service will commence in January, 1927. Palestine will thus be connected with London by this air route.

TURKISH CHIEF RABBI TAKES ISSUE WITH LOUIS MARSHALL IN NATIONAL MINORITY RIGHTS CONTROVERSY

"Jews Can Rely on Turkish Government; We Don't Need Foreign Intervention," He Asserts in Interview Granted Turkish Newspaper

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Constantinople, Sept. 24.—The criticism against the leaders of Turkish Jewry voiced by Louis Marshall, president of the American Jewish Committee, for their action in renouncing their claim to the national minority rights guaranteed under the treaty of Lausanne, is still stirring Turkish and Jewish public opinion throughout the country.

The Turkish newspaper "Djunhuriyet" publishes an interview with the Chief Rabbi of Constantinople, Bejuran Effendi, who played a prominent part at the meeting of the Jewish National Assembly of Turkey which took the momentous decision.

When asked by the Turkish representative of the newspaper what was his opinion of Mr. Marshall's criticism, he exclaimed: "I don't want to hear anything more concerning this question! Who can say anything when the entire Jewish population has renounced its minority rights? If I gave you a gold

watch and you refused to accept it, can I compel you to accept it? We, the Turkish Jews, refuse any foreign intervention in matters of our own concern. The Jewish community of Turkey can well rely on the Turkish government to safeguard its rights. It needs no foreign help. The Turkish Jews are pleased with the provisions of the Swiss Civil Code which our country has adopted," the Chief Rabbi stated.

"The Jewish religion commands obedience and respect for the government. We bend before the laws of the republic and whatever might be said abroad does not interest us. We want no meddling in our affairs," he declared.

WALLSTEIN, BUKOWINA JEWISH JOURNALIST, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Czernowitz, Sept. 24.—Adolf Wallstein, the oldest Jewish journalist in Bukovina, died here yesterday.

TWO ANTI-SEMITIC PAPERS IN MUNICH CONFISCATED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Munich, Sept. 24.—Two anti-Semitic periodicals were confiscated yesterday by an ordinance of the chief of police here.

The ordinance affected the weekly, "Arminius," the organ of the Voelkische party, and the bi-monthly "Frontkrieger." These periodicals published articles in which the murder of the Jewish statesman Walter Rathenau in 1923 was termed an act of German national heroism.

UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN CAME IN NICK OF TIME TO SAVE EUROPEAN JEWS

Dr. Bernhard Kahn Comments on Conditions of European Jewry on Arrival in New York

Dr. Bernhard Kahn, European Director of the American Jewish Joint Distribution Committee, arrived in New York on the steamer *Homeric*. He was met at the pier by representatives of the Joint Distribution Committee.

Dr. Kahn, who came to the United States to report on the work of the Joint Distribution Committee in Europe, when interviewed on his arrival stated that had it not been for the United Jewish Campaign, the Jews of Poland, Russia, Eastern and Central Europe would have suffered a catastrophe from which they could not have recovered in this generation. The \$25,000,000 campaign, said Dr. Kahn, came in the nick of time to prevent loss of all the millions raised by American Jewry during and since the war.

Dr. Kahn, who is paying his first visit to America in three years, stated that all of the twenty-five million dollars now being raised, and more, will be needed to meet the acute conditions of suffering there which will continue for many years, and American Jewry must prepare to extend assistance to their coreligionists abroad for several years to come, until European economic conditions are permanently stabilized.

"The situation today," Dr. Kahn said, "is most acute in Poland where, however, political and economic conditions have somewhat improved in the past few weeks. The work of the Joint Distribution Committee today is quite different from that during and immediately after the war. Our work today is almost entirely reconstructive, that is, helping people to help themselves through the loan organizations we are forming, through stimulating the resumption of industry and in other ways helping the Jews to restore their economic footing. At the same time, however, we are still feeding 18,000 school children, 15,000 orphans, and 20,000 unemployed workers in Europe.

"In Poland, we are furthermore confronted at the same time with a severe epidemic of scarlatina, to combat which the Joint Distribution Committee has appropriated a special fund. It is admitted that through the funds raised in the \$25,000,000 campaign now being carried on in America hundreds of suicides have been averted, and a large number of individuals have been enabled through our help once more to earn a livelihood. It will take years to overcome the present crisis and to adjust the Jewish population to new economic conditions, and it will take two or three years to relieve even the acute distress prevailing throughout Central and Eastern Europe. But, this is not all. Some way must be found to make permanent the work of the Joint Distribution Committee, as while it may be necessary to continue

holding drives in America, a large measure of assistance from American Jewry will be required for many years to come.

"On October 14, there will arrive in the United States, an exhibit of industrial work done by 20,000 orphans whom we have taught various vocations and through which 4,000 of this number have been rendered self-supporting.

"The Joint Distribution Committee in Poland has not only aided the co-operative loan societies, but has created a large number of new loan organizations which lend money informally and easily, without interest to thousands of artisans and others whom a few dollars assist to resume their trades or to enter in business.

"The \$25,000,000 campaign came just in time to save our old work from breaking down and to prevent the population not only from falling deeper than they had been into the abyss of

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ENGLISH BISHOP CRITICIZES JEWISH SOVIET OFFICIALS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 23.—Critical comment of Jewish participation in the government offices in Soviet Russia was voiced by Bishop Herbert Bury in an address he delivered yesterday at St. Anne's Church.

Bishop Bury, who recently returned from Russia, asserted that the will of the Soviet government is carried out largely through the medium of its Jewish officials. He would not, however for one moment say a word against the Jews as a race, he declared. There is, nevertheless, he stated, a certain type of the materialistic, godless and unbelieving Jew, as is accurately described in the Old Testament. The Jews in power in Russia today are of the same order as those who stoned the Prophets, the Bishop stated.

HERMAN BERNSTEIN, NOTED AMERICAN JEWISH WRITER, HONORED ON 50TH BIRTHDAY

Receives Messages from Many Prominent Americans

Herman Bernstein, well known American Jewish writer, playwright and editor of the "Jewish Tribune" was the recipient of many congratulatory messages on the occasion of his fiftieth birthday which he celebrated on Tuesday. Among those who congratulated Mr. Bernstein were Adolph S. Ochs, Nathan Straus, Gov. Alfred E. Smith, Felix M. Warburg, Alfred W. Anthony of the Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, Col. Edward M. House, Professor G. E. Woodbury, William Johnston, former Ambassador Abram I. Elkus, Roger W. Straus, Louis Lipsky, Samuel Untermyer, Alexander Black, Adolph Lewisohn, Lillian D. Wald, James W. Gerard, Morris Gest, Senator James W. Wadsworth and many others.

Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of the New York "Times", declared in his message: "I want to extend my heartiest congratulations and good wishes. You certainly do not look that old. You carry your years well, but I have no doubt that you appear nearly twice that old to those who have never seen you, and judge you by your works. Your fund of knowledge, your wide experience, your philosophical observations, and your sage advices, all overflowing with the milk of human kindness, would cause one to believe that you are a noble, old patriarch.

"In common with all who know you and your activities I hold you in the highest esteem and regard, and wish you many more years of happy, useful life."

Herman Bernstein was born on September 21, 1876, in Neustadt-Scherwindt, a town in Russian Poland, on the German frontier. When he was six years of age, his family moved to Mohilev on the Dniepr, White Russia, whence he left for the United States in 1893.

Mr. Bernstein turned to a literary career, and only six years after his

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SOVIET GOVERNMENT ORGANS URGE FIGHT AGAINST ANTI-SEMITISM

Point to Growing Anti-Semitism Among Workingmen; Yiddish Communist Organ Ridicules "Super-internationalism" of Some Jewish Communists

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, Sept. 24.—A warning against the growth of anti-Semitism among the working masses in Soviet Russia and the urge that steps be taken to combat this growth were sounded yesterday by the "Pravda," the official organ of the Soviet government, and the "Emes," the official organ of the Jewish section of the Communist party in Russia.

The newspapers call attention to the growth of anti-Semitism among the working men and declare that it is "high time to combat it."

The "Emes," the Yiddish organ of the Jewish Communists, ridicules what it terms "the super internationalism" of some of the Jewish Communists who

are ignoring this glaring fact. "How can we fight Zionism successfully if we do not fight anti-Semitism?" it asks.

RUMOR OF ALLENBY'S APPOINTMENT DENIED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Sept. 22.—The rumor of the forthcoming appointment of Field Marshall Allenby, the conqueror of Jerusalem, to the post of British High Commissioner of Palestine, succeeding Lord Plumer, has been emphatically denied here.

The Jewish Telegraphic Agency learns from well-informed sources that there is no foundation whatsoever to this rumor.

NUMERUS CLAUSUS ABOLISHED BY POLISH GOVERNMENT ON PROTEST OF JEWS

Minister, Under Fire, Annuls Secret Circular of Previous Government; Abolition Comes Too Late; Jews Continue Protest

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Sept. 22.—The protest of the Jewish population against the policy of the present Ministry of Education in continuing the practice of the Numerus Clausus against Jewish students in Polish universities and colleges, will be given expression to in a resolution expressing lack of confidence in the Education Minister Sojkowski.

The Club of Jewish Deputies, at its meeting yesterday, decided to introduce this resolution at the Thursday session of the Sejm. It is unlikely that the resolution of the Club will find support among the other parliamentary groups.

Warsaw, Sept. 23.—The Jewish Telegraphic Agency was officially informed today that the numerus clausus limiting the number of Jewish students in the Polish universities and colleges was abolished by a special circular issued by Minister of Education Sojkowski.

Although the numerus clausus in Poland was not enacted as a law, it was practiced in many colleges on the basis of a secret circular issued by Minister of Education Glombinski of the former Grabski cabinet.

The continued application of the numerus clausus under the Bartel government caused great dissatisfaction among Jewish leaders and at the last meeting of the Club of Jewish Deputies, it was decided to introduce a resolution at today's session of the Sejm expressing the lack of confidence of the Jewish club in the Minister of Education.

Warsaw, Sept. 24.—The ordinance of the Polish Minister of Education abolishing the secret circular of the Grabski government concerning the numerus clausus against Jewish students has not prevented the protest of the Jewish population against the Education Minister.

The Club of Jewish Deputies, which introduced a motion into the Sejm to express lack of confidence in the Minister of Education Sojkowski, did not

WAR INDEMNITY CLAIMED BY SYRIANS FROM FRENCH

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Sept. 23.—The French administration of Syria will have to pay the amount of several hundred million francs for damages to the property of Syrian citizens, as a result of the war in Syria. The Lebanese government has received at least five thousand claims for indemnity from private citizens.

The French High Commissioner has established a special office in Paris to take care of the economic interests of Syria and the Lebanon abroad.

withdraw this motion when the new ordinance was issued yesterday.

It was stated in well informed Jewish circles that the issuance at the present time of the ordinance annulling the numerus clausus will be of no avail for this year in view of the fact that it was issued after enrollment in the universities and colleges was closed for the present semester. The fact of the matter is that the numerus clausus was applied in all its strictness against the Jewish students who applied for admission this year.

The Club has also decided to introduce an interpellation into the Sejm concerning the action of the Mayor of the city of Rawicz, Pomerania. The mayor ordered the local synagogue to remain closed during the high holidays, making it impossible for the Rawicz Jewish population to attend services.

LITHUANIA SUSPECTS WAR PREPARATIONS IN POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Kovno, Sept. 22.—The danger of a war between Poland and Lithuania in the near future, was emphasized in governmental instructions despatched to the Lithuanian representatives abroad.

The Lithuanian Government instructed its ambassadors to submit to the foreign governments a memorandum pointing to the military preparation made in Poland. These preparations constitute a menace to the peace of Eastern Europe, the memorandum states.

ANTI-SEMITIC DEMONSTRATIONS IN HUNGARY WHEN JEWISH PHYSICIAN IS APPOINTED PROFESSOR

Dr. Adam Given Chair of Surgery as Expression of Gratitude for Saving Lives of High Personages

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Sept. 23.—Anti-Semitic protest demonstrations continued today, following the appointment of Dr. Adam, a Jewish physician, to the chair of surgery in the Medical College of the Budapest University.

The appointment of Dr. Adam was recommended by Minister of Education, Count Klebelsberg, and approved by Regent Horthy.

It was stated that the appointment of Dr. Adam, who is counted as one of the greatest surgeons in Hungary, was made as an act of gratitude on behalf of several high government officials. Dr. Adam recently performed operations on the son of Regent Horthy, Prime Minister Count Bethlen and his wife, saving the latter's life.

Count Klebelsberg told a delegation of anti-Semitic leaders who protested to him against the appointment, that he assumes full responsibility for Dr. Adam's appointment. A crowd of students demonstrated before the house of Dr. Adam, demanding his resignation.

REFUGEES BUILD NEW JEWISH COMMUNITY IN HEART OF MEXICO

Jews in Mexico Are Safe, Dr. Margoshes States

The several thousand refugees who have come to Mexico during the last few years are building a new Jewish community, according to Dr. S. Margoshes, editor of "The Day," who just returned from a visit to Mexico where he investigated Jewish conditions.

"I spent three weeks in Mexico investigating the Jewish situation, speaking with all types of Jews and meeting the representatives of all Jewish institutions and parties. I have come away with a feeling that a new Jewish community is being built up in Mexico," Dr. Margoshes stated in an interview with the representative of the Jewish Daily Bulletin. "The building process is not going to be a rapid one, as the economic structure of the country precludes a large scale immigration, but there is no doubt that on the Jewish foundation laid in Mexico in the last three years a new Jewish structure is going up. The seven to eight thousand Jewish refugees who have found their way into Mexico are slowly, if laboriously, adjusting themselves to the new environment and are sending for their relatives in Eastern Europe.

"Despite the present economic depression, few Jews leave Mexico and the number of relatives, who are not refugees, entering the country is on the increase. I found a very healthy Jewish community spirit in Mexico City. Now that the relief work, so splendidly carried on by the B'nai B'rith with limited means, is almost at an end, the Mexican Jews themselves are undertaking to assume their own community responsibilities. There is a splendid Jewish school, a fine Y. M.

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Yesterday the demonstrations continued following which eight students were arrested.

The central executive committee of the Hungarian youth associations submitted a memorandum to the government, asking the immediate cancellation of Dr. Adam's appointment, as well as the annulment of the slight modifications in the application of the numerus clausus announced by the Ministry of Education.

Budapest, Sept. 24.—The disturbances in Hungary's capital over the appointment by Count Klebelsberg of Dr. Adam, Jewish physician, to the chair of surgery at the Budapest University continued yesterday with increased violence.

Students at the veterinary institute yesterday attacked Dr. Georg, a Jewish instructor, beating him with sticks and tearing his clothes. He was left in an unconscious state.

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**FEWER IMMIGRANTS CAME
TO UNITED STATES IN JULY**

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 22.—During July, the first month of the current immigration fiscal year, a total of 38,379 aliens entered the United States but only 22,283 of these were classified as immigrants, the balance being tourists or other temporary visitors, according to an announcement by Commissioner of Immigration Hull.

During the same month 25,022 aliens left the United States, 17,970 being returning visitors or aliens going to some foreign country for a short stay, the other 7,052, classified as emigrants, leaving to make homes abroad again. According to Commissioner Hull the admissions in July were below the monthly average for last year and the departures exceeded the average of that period.

**SCARLET FEVER EPIDEMIC
IN POLAND CAUSES ANXIETY**

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Sept. 22.—The scarlet fever epidemic which originated in Congress Poland, is reported to be spreading throughout the country, causing much concern to the authorities and the population.

Reports received from Lemberg and Vilna state that the epidemic has assumed an acute character there.

In Lemberg, the Jewish quarter in particular is a prey to the epidemic. City authorities have issued an ordinance to close for an indefinite period, all kindergartens, children's homes and the Chedarm, the Jewish religious schools.

Kurt Peiser has resigned his position as Executive Director of the Federated Jewish Charities of Milwaukee to accept the superintendency of the United Jewish Social Agencies of Cincinnati, Ohio.

Alfred Frankenthaler was nominated by the Democratic party for Justice of the Supreme Court from New York County. Mr. Frankenthaler is in the Order Free Sons of Israel, the Jewish Probation Society, Temple Emanu-El and the Federation of Jewish Charities.

**DEMOCRATIC PARTY CHIEFS
CHARGED WITH ANTI-SEMITISM IN CANDIDATE CHOICE**

Allege Norman E. Mack Threatened
Carl Sherman with Political Punishment if Jew Would Not
Withdraw

A "Jewish issue" was projected into Democratic politics in New York state prior to the choice of the Democratic candidate for United States Senator, and certain leaders of the Democratic party were charged with anti-Semitism, when a delegation of several New York Jews, members of the party, lodged a protest with Judge George W. Olvany.

The protest came as the result of the omission by Democratic party leaders of the name of Hon. Carl Sherman, former Attorney General of New York, from the list of candidates.

The charge that Mr. Sherman was ordered to withdraw his candidacy for the Democratic nomination for the United States Senate and was told that a Jew could not run for that office was presented by the delegation.

The committee, which was received by Mr. Egan, Judge Olvany's secretary, was composed of Benjamin Winter, Jacob de Haas, Morris Margulies, Rabbi Jacob Sonderling, Sol Liebskind, Dr. S. M. Melamed, Samuel Blitz, Alex Bernardick, Max Levy, L. M. Neikrug, Jacob Ish Kishor, George I. Fox, Dr. Mordecai Soltes, Samuel Caplan and Col. Maurice Simmons.

The delegation submitted the following memorandum: "In April, 1926, Judge George G. Berg, one of the leading Protestant laymen, John W. Henry, a leading Catholic layman and Henry A. Naylor, Chairman of the Democratic County Committee, all of Buffalo, publicly endorsed the movement favoring the nomination of former Attorney General Carl Sherman for the Democratic nomination for U. S. Senator.

"Within a few days thereafter Norman E. Mack, of the Democratic National Committee, brought word to Buffalo that a Jew must not run for that great office, and served notice on Mr. Sherman that unless the movement in that direction was abandoned he would be politically punished. We have investigated these facts and believe them to be true.

"We do not now quarrel with the decision of the leaders to nominate Judge Wagner, but we do resent the apparently successful attempt to mete out such political punishment as threatened by Norman E. Mack.

"At the conference of state leaders held last week at Albany, Mr. Naylor of Buffalo had in his possession the endorsement of practically every leading Democrat in Erie County, including the support of most of the 700 members of the Buffalo City Committee—all for Mr. Sherman. Yet at the behest of the local member of the national committee, the comptrollership was unexpectedly given to Erie County in order to eliminate Mr. Sherman and thus make good the threat uttered in April. The fact that at the eleventh hour a Jew was put on the ticket in order to create a balance does not stay

**CONFLICT BETWEEN COUNCIL
AND MANDATES COMMISSION
BEFORE LEAGUE ASSEMBLY**

Right of Petition for Mandate Populations is Safety Valve, Dr. Nansen Argues; Sub Committee to Study Matter Appointed
(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Geneva, Sept. 22.—The differences between the Council of the League of Nations and the Permanent Mandates Commission concerning the rights and privileges of the Commission in relation to the Mandatory Powers, were thrashed out today at a meeting of the Sixth Commission of the Assembly of the League of Nations.

A heated debate developed concerning the resolution introduced by Dr. Fridtjof Nansen concerning the controversy between the Commission and the Council regarding the proposal of the Permanent Mandates Commission to direct a new questionnaire to the Mandatory Powers and to be given the right of hearing petitioners from the Mandated territories.

M. Henri de Jouvenel, French High Commissioner of Syria, emphatically opposed the proposals of the Permanent Mandates Commission to admit petitioners. He complained that the method of the Permanent Mandates Commission in dealing with the Syrian situation has prolonged the Syrian war by three months. M. de Jouvenel charged Dr. Nansen with violating the League covenant. He asserted that the Permanent Mandates Commission has, according to the covenant, the character only of an advisory body and has not in any way been appointed as the critic of the Mandatory Powers.

During the discussion it became evident that a considerable amount of resentment exists among the representatives of the smaller states against the criticism of the Permanent Mandates Commission by Sir Austin Chamberlain and Aristide Briand.

Dr. Nansen insisted that the Mandatory Powers are denying the rights of

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our protest against these proceedings.

"We are not pleading for tolerance. A series of events, not unconnected with judicial appointments, during the past few years, indicate that some Democratic leaders in the state think of the Jewish voters in terms of toleration but not in terms of equality. Jewish voters in this city and in this state are entitled to more than the afterthought of tolerance by political leaders, and that your organization has as great a reason to resent discrimination however devised, as we have.

"We know you have been no party to this punishment of a Jew because he presumes he has the right to aspire for any office within his capacity. But we come to you because as the leader of the dominating group in the state democracy it is within your power, within your own party counsels not only to right this wrong, but to demand that an end be made to the kind of discrimination which with all the fair words that are uttered, is exercised against the large and growing mass of Jewish voters in this state."

DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Criticizes Jews Who Protested to Tammany

The protest of a group of Jewish individuals against the alleged anti-Jewish discrimination by Tammany, based on the purported assertion of Norman E. Mack, one of Tammany's chiefs, that a Jew can not be nominated for the high office of U. S. Senator (said to have been uttered in connection with the effort to nominate Carl Sherman for that office), is termed by S. Dingol, in the "Day" of Sept. 24, a "dangerous and irresponsible procedure" because it threatens to inject the race issue into American politics.

In objecting to the action of the Jews who protested to Tammany, Mr. Dingol points out that although there can be no doubt that the Jews of America are entitled to a representative in the U. S. Senate, "nevertheless we cannot regard the action of the committee that visited Tammany Hall in behalf of Carl Sherman's candidacy, as other than an irresponsible, scandalous act; to knock at the doors of Tammany Hall and to create a noise in the American press that Carl Sherman was not nominated for Senator because he is a Jew means to inject the race issue into American politics, and that is undignified for us as citizens and harmful to us as Jews.

"Politics is a private affair and it is the privilege of every individual to play the game. But," Mr. Dingol continues, "to play politics personally is one thing and to do so at the expense of the Jewish community and to drag into this disgraceful game the names of the Zionist organization and other Jewish organizations, is quite another thing.

"The committee which called at Judge Olvany's office declared that they were acting in their private capacities and not as representatives of their organizations. None of them, however, in their published statement to the American press, failed to mention that Benjamin Winter is the president of the Federation of Polish Jews in America, that Jacob de Haas is secretary of the Palestine Development Council, that Samuel Blizis is director of the organization department of the Zionist Organization, that Jacob Ish Kishor is secretary of the Order Sons of Zion, that Dr. Mordecai Soltes is president of the Jewish Council of New York, etc., etc., and that together they represent 200,000 Jews.

"Why drag into this the names of such Jewish organizations, which have absolutely no connection with politics and have much more important work to do in Jewish life than to make a noise in Tammany Hall about a doubtful injustice to a Jew who

strove to secure the nomination to a high office and did not get it?"

Urges Jewish Culture "From the Bottom Up"

Objection to what he terms the effort to create in American Jewry a culture "from top down, rather from bottom up," is voiced by Maurice Samuel in an article, "The Quest for Culture," appearing in the "Menorah Journal" for Aug.-Sept. Mr. Samuel's article is by way of criticism of contributions in the "Menorah" by Dr. Horace Kallen, Henry Hurwitz and others on the subjects of the survival of Judaism in America, the development of Jewish culture in this country, etc.

"Culture is not something derived from study, something learned at lectures in a school," writes Mr. Samuel. "It is not something sought in and for itself. The truth is that a healthy culture is least likely to be found among those who pant for it. If the time has come when Jews ask themselves: 'How on earth are we going to be Jewish?' we must examine the actual conditions of their life as a whole, rather than the instruments—schools, galleries, synagogues—through which a culture might express itself.

Reviewing briefly the "Jewish mass life," as he calls it, during the centuries following the dispersion from Palestine, the writer points out that Jewish culture was not a result of artificial stimulus or of a conscious purpose, but of the fact that there was a definite Jewish life mentally and emotionally every hour of every day.

"But what is it," he goes on, "we are trying to do, here in America? We are trying to create a culture from top down, rather than from bottom up. We are trying to become Jewish by bidding the artist to exorcise Jewishness—because there is not a Jewishness around him to provide his natural material.

"What does that amount to? Simply the academizing of Judaism. In no people, not even the Jewish, with its traditional awe for book-learning, does the learned or consciously-cultured minority represent more than a tiny fragment of the whole. What of the 'ignorant' masses? What of the type of shrewd, intelligent, strong personality with no turn for academic training? What of the salt of a people, which is not its scholars but its natively-endowed and untrained children?"

"We were Jewish once in what we ate, drank, felt, thought; out of this came a Jewish culture. Shall we be Jewish now by virtue of what we read, draw, talk in our spare moments? It is precisely what we are warned against—'living on the past.' Our artists, even if they were to be provided with the means, would be able to find nothing better for their subject matter than bearded Jews (who wears a beard outside of the ghetto?). Menorahs (what mentioned Jew ever sees one except on the covers of this journal), exotic corners in Vilna (none of my readers

PRESIDENT CALLES REGRETS JACOB ROSENTHAL'S MURDER

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 22.—The Department of State has just received the regrets of President Calles and the Mexican Government over the murder of Jacob Rosenthal, New York Jewish merchant, by bandits, through a dispatch from the American charge d'Affaires H. F. Arthur Schoenfeld. Mr. Schoenfeld stated, according to an announcement by the department, that he had called upon the Mexican Minister of Foreign Affairs, who had assured him that both the President and the Government were extremely distressed over the murder of Mr. Rosenthal, and that the President had given orders for energetic action and pursuit of those responsible, with a view to drastic punishment.

SITE OF ABRAHAM'S ALTAR DISCOVERED IN PALESTINE

Ruins of the first Hebrew settlement in Palestine after the parting of Abraham and Lot have been discovered near Nablus, Shechem of the Old Testament, by the international archaeological expedition headed by Prof. Ernest Sellin of Berlin University, says a despatch to the "Daily Express" from Jerusalem, quoted in an Associated Press cable from London.

The excavations revealed, among other things, the walls, gates and towers of the city where Abraham built the altar to sacrifice Isaac, and where Jacob buried his idols, and where, according to tradition, Joseph was buried. There also were found the remains of a Canaanitish temple and Baal images.

GERMAN ANTI-SEMITES, APING KLAN, ADOPT FIERY CROSS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Sept. 24.—The methods of the American Ku Klux Klan have been adopted by the anti-Semitic organizations in Germany if indications which came to light in Cologne reveal the situation.

A number of prominent Jewish citizens of Cologne received numerous anonymous letters during the last few weeks in which they are addressed as follows:

"Hebrew, we warn you for the first time that when you see the fiery cross, think of your hour of death."

lives there), and Biblical incidents done either in the flowery, bowery style of Gustave Dore or in the hysterical stylelessness of the latest Parisian rage."

The solution of the difficulty lies in Mr. Samuel's opinion, in the full development of Zionism, of a Jewish Palestine, which will reincorporate the natural vitality of the old Judaism which is passing out. He concludes: 'I cannot think of material Zionism without a parallel spiritual work of the kind represented by Menorah. But I cannot think of Menorah without a material Zionism. Practical Zionism without spiritual effort here in America (as elsewhere) is either stupid charity or brute nationalism. Menorah without practical Zionism is mincing preciousity.'

FLORIDA JEWS BEGIN RECONSTRUCTION OF HOMES DEVASTATED BY HURRICANE; JEWS THROUGHOUT U. S. TO HELP

(Continued from Page 1)

out the state will be held during the next few days to coordinate Jewish relief work all over the state.

No deaths of Jewish residents of Hollywood and Ft. Lauderdale have been reported. These two cities are completely ruined with not a single house left.

Miami, Sept. 23.—A story of heroic courage inspired by religious devotion, amidst the scenes of desolation and destruction, was related to the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency by Louis Slutsky, the sexton of the Beth David Synagogue, who rescued the Holy Scrolls from the synagogue, when it became endangered by the rising storm and hurricane.

"At the beginning we paid little attention to the storm," Slutsky said, "but later, when we saw roofs flying in the street and when the flood began, it became clear to me that something must be done to save the Torahs at the synagogue."

"It was already dangerous to venture into the street because of flying pieces from the buildings and the flood. I thought that a repetition of Noah's deluge was coming, when everything would be washed off the earth."

"Let's go to the synagogue and see about the Torahs," I said to my ten year old son. "If we die, then, at least it will be with a clear conscience that everything was done to save the Torahs." My son agreed and we left our house for the synagogue. Every second of our way was a terrible experience, but we reached the synagogue safely because "Shluchei mitzva Einon Nizukin" (a messenger on a good errand will not be harmed).

"Arriving at the synagogue, we found the building damaged and water flooding it. The water was over the Oren Kodesh (the Ark) when we reached the Torahs. Not thinking of our lives, we saved them and took them up to the women's section in the gallery. We were prepared to carry them higher if the flood reached the gallery. But the water did not reach the gallery. We remained in the synagogue until the storm had quieted down," Mr. Slutsky concluded.

West Palm Beach, Florida, Sept. 24.—Six Jews perished and over one hundred were injured in the Florida disaster, according to the results of an investigation conducted by Rabbi I. S. Ravech of Daytona Beach, Florida, on behalf of the Jewish Relief Committee of Miami.

Some Jewish residents in the afflicted area are still missing. The property damage of Jewish families in this region amounts to \$20,000,000, according to Rabbi Ravech's estimate.

The amount of \$100,000 is necessary for the relief of the afflicted Jewish families, according to the rabbi, who issued an appeal. "American Jewry must act in the old spirit of Rachmanim B'nei Rachmanim (the merciful sons of

the merciful)," he stated. "This aid must be extended speedily. There are several hundred homeless and penniless Jewish families in the region. Emergency committees have been organized in the various towns. All available synagogues have been converted into Red Cross stations."

There are sixty Jewish families in Fort Lauderdale. None of the members of these families perished or suffered injuries. The amount of property damages suffered by them amounts to a quarter of a million dollars.

In Hollywood no Jews were killed. Ten families remained homeless. Their property losses amount to three quarters of a million dollars. The city authorities are doing wonderfully well in the relief work there.

Miami, Fla., Sept. 24.—Steps to collect exact data on the losses of the Jewish population in the devastated region were taken by the Jewish Relief Committee of Miami when it despatched several survey commissions which are to visit the entire stricken district. Whether or not the Jewish Relief Committee of Miami is to issue a nationwide appeal to American Jews or only a statewide appeal to Florida Jews was debated at yesterday's meeting of the Committee. The belief was expressed that the stricken Jews are not in such great distress as to necessitate a nationwide appeal. The question will be taken up again following the arrival of Dr. Boris D. Bogen, Executive Secretary of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith, and other Jewish social workers.

Rabbi I. S. Ravech of Daytona, Florida, notified the Miami Committee that the Jewish community of northern Florida have pledged the amount of \$10,000 for relief.

Miami, Sept. 24.—Miami Jews collected their strength to celebrate the Feast of Tabernacles, notwithstanding the deplorable condition in which many find themselves following the disaster.

Services were held in the Beth David Synagogue, the Orthodox congregation, on Wednesday night. The services were held in the basement of the synagogue, where puddles of water still stood. With no electricity, by the light of candles, the synagogue presented the distressful picture of Tishe B'ay rather than of the festival Succoth. The picture of distress was completed on the main floor of the synagogue which has been turned into an emergency Red Cross hospital.

Nearly all of the patients are Christian workers. The members of the congregation undertook to aid in the care of the patients and to bring supplies of food and clothing for them. A shelter for Christian children who lost their parents was also opened by the synagogue.

At the entrance of the synagogue there is a Magen David and the banner of the Red Cross, indicating the location of a hospital. The benches have

been removed and beds are placed around the Oren Kodesh.

In the synagogue yard dozens of Taleisim and prayer books are spread to dry in the sun. Among these a mass of broken plate glass, benches and wet Holy Scroll decorations lie about the yard.

An interesting detail was disclosed today when it was learned that the headquarters of the Ku Klux Klan in Miami were blown down by the storm. The entire block on which the Kyser Building and the Temple Israel are located has been condemned by the city authorities. The block has been isolated in fear that the buildings still standing may fall any moment.

The Jewish relief committee of Miami has not yet completed its survey. The belief is expressed, however, that very few Jews were injured.

Miami, Sept. 24.—Property owners outside of Florida need have no fear of suffering losses in real estate in Miami, acting Mayor Gilman stated today in an interview granted to the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency.

"The spirit of optimism which built our city up to now still prevails. Miami captains of industry and home builders are planning for a greater and more magnificent Miami. Our Miami Jews," Acting Mayor Gilman continued, "have generously contributed to relief work, donating money, food and clothing."

The Jewish youth also played an active part, the girls nursing and the boys keeping order under police supervision. Many prominent Jewish citizens, including Rabbi Jacob Kaplan, are active in the Citizens' Relief Committee organized under the Red Cross. All Jewish relief cases entering the Red Cross are being turned over to the Jewish members with special authorization to satisfy the Jewish needs with regard to Kosher food. Needy Jews who desire Kosher food take their Red Cross meal tickets to Kosher restaurants where they get food on the Red Cross account. No Kosher kitchen was organized because the number of Jews asking for food is very small.

Many Jewish families are appealing for constructive relief to restore their damaged homes.

An appeal for a constructive fund for the Miami stricken Jews will be issued by the special Jewish Relief Committee.

Chicago, Ill., Sept. 24.—Julius Rosenwald is one of the members of the committee appointed by Mayor Dever to raise funds in Chicago for the relief of the sufferers of the Florida disaster. A minimum goal of \$300,000 has been set. Also included on the committee are John Herz, Oscar G. Foreman, Gustave F. Fischer and Oscar F. Mayer.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Sept. 24.—The Independent Order B'nai B'rith will cooperate in bringing emergency relief to the thousands of families made home-

less and destitute by the devastation of the Florida hurricane, Alfred M. Cohen, international president of the Independent Order B'nai B'rith declared when he announced that Dr. Boris Bogen, executive secretary of the organization, had gone to Florida to determine how the Order can render prompt and effective assistance in the present emergency.

"The Florida catastrophe is a call which should rouse the sympathies of the nation," Mr. Cohen declared in his statement. "The I. O. B. B. is anxious to help in any way that it can to assist in providing shelter, medical supplies, food, clothing, and reconstructive aid to the Florida sufferers. We know that in a time of distress nationalities do not count, but we feel that if we can assist to the extent of lifting the burden of caring for our own coreligionists who were rendered needy and destitute by this calamity, from the shoulders of the heavily taxed relief agencies, we will be doing only a measure of that which our sympathies prompt us to. Many Jews contributed largely to the upbuilding of Florida and shared in her material prosperity. These men and women are now sharing her tragedy."

"The I. O. B. B. is at present engaged in a program of utmost importance to our Order and to American Jewry. However, the Florida catastrophe overshadows every other claim. It is an appalling climax to the phenomenal development of this State—a climax which makes us all feel awed and humble, cognizant only of one thing—that spiritual values alone endure. The undaunted spirit of the men and women of Florida, aided by the sympathy and cooperation of the whole world will, I am certain, lend itself promptly to the task of rebuilding upon the broken sands."

"The I. O. B. B. throughout the thirty-three years of its existence has been prompt to respond and render aid in every national catastrophe, and today it is carrying on a valued tradition."

Complying with a telegraphic request from John Barton Payne, chairman of the American Red Cross, David A. Brown, national chairman of the United Jewish Campaign, sent a telegram to the State Chairmen of the United Jewish Campaign, calling on them to mobilize their state units for cooperation with local Red Cross chapters throughout the country in the effort to raise relief funds for the victims of the Florida disaster. Mr. Brown's telegram read:

"Wire just received by me from John Barton Payne, chairman of the American Red Cross, announces minimum of four to five million dollars necessary to enable Red Cross carry out Florida relief. He accepts offer services United Jewish Campaign organization and asks that we work through local Red Cross chapters in all parts of the country. As Chairman of your State kindly convey this message to all your local organizations throughout State so that our great humanitarian organization can render immediate and most effective service to the hundreds seriously in-

JEWISH WOMAN FINALIST FORFEITS GOLF TITLE BECAUSE OF YOM KIPPUR

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Richmond, Va., Sept. 24.—Nation-wide interest has been aroused in the outcome of the recent woman's golf championship because Mrs. J. G. Spitz, one of the finalists, was compelled to default rather than play on Yom Kippur. Mrs. Spitz requested the committee in charge to have the final match played on Monday, instead of last Saturday, but the officials declared such a change was impossible. When she did not appear for the match on Saturday, Mrs. Jean Jones was declared State champion.

President W. P. Wood of the Virginia Golf Association and R. B. Augustine, Chairman of the tournament, explained that they were notified too late of the objection of Mrs. Spitz. They issued this statement:

"Since publication of the tournament program, not one of the committee has ever been approached with information that any of the days of this tournament fell on a religious holiday. If such information had been made dates would have been changed immediately. Original dates were deferred one week at the request of women golfers of this city, and the committee was absolutely innocent of the fact that this tournament would conflict with any religious holiday until the tournament had gotten well under way."

He declared that under the United States Golf Association rules it was impossible to change the schedule.

Alvin Hutzler of the Lakeside Club, which Mrs. Spitz represented, is indignant over the action taken by the committee. "There was a distinct understanding between Mr. Wood and myself," he says, "that no member of the Lakeside Club would be compelled to play on a holy day. Mr. Wood takes the position that he understood this day to fall on Sunday; otherwise Saturday would not have been set for the final round. I was out of town when the date was set and did not return until late in the week. I got in touch with Mr. Wood on Thursday and understood the matter would be adjusted satisfactorily."

jured, the widowed, the orphaned and the homeless thousands in Florida."

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hebrew Sheltering and Immigrant Aid Society of America, held on Tuesday, it was decided to contribute to the funds being raised for the relief of the sufferers of the Florida disaster. Since Hias cannot take any sum from its own funds, which are purely for immigrant aid, and moreover, since it is working under a deficit, the Directors agreed to contribute individually to the fund.

A check for \$1,000 was forwarded to the American Red Cross.

Rabbis in special sermons on Succoth urged their congregations to aid in the relief work in Florida.

HERMAN BERNSTEIN, NOTED AMERICAN JEWISH WRITER, HONORED ON 50th BIRTHDAY

(Continued from Page 2)

arrival in the United States, began to bring out short stories, novels and translations of Russian classical writers. His earliest stories and articles appeared in the New York "Evening Post." He was a pioneer in introducing to the English-speaking world the works of such masters as Tolstoy, Chekhov, Gorky and Andreyev. He is the author of "In the Gates of Israel," "Contrite Hearts," "With Master Minds," "Celebrities of Our Times," "The Road to Peace," and has contributed numerous articles and stories to leading American magazines and newspapers.

He toured Europe many times as special correspondent of the metropolitan newspapers.

In 1912, after the abrogation by the United States of its treaty with Russia of 1832, because of the continued refusal of that country to observe its provisions in so far as American Jews were concerned, Mr. Bernstein, who sought entrance into Russia as a special correspondent of the New York "Sun," was debarred on the charge that by his writings he had sought to do injury to the autocracy.

During all his journalistic work, Mr. Bernstein maintained a deep interest in Jewish affairs, and was one of the earliest, after the Russo-Jewish exodus, to interpret that element of the "new immigration" to the American public.

In 1913, he was elected Secretary of the American Jewish Committee, a position which he held until the following year when he founded the well known Jewish daily, "The Day," of which he was editor for two years, when he acquired the "American Hebrew," of which he was the publisher and editor for three years, after which he resumed his journalistic work. In 1921, he published "The History of a Lie," in which he exposed the notorious "protocols of the Wise Men of Zion," as a clumsy forgery.

Since June, 1923, Mr. Bernstein has been the editor of "The Jewish Tribune."

Conflict Between Council and Mandates Commission Before League Assembly

(Continued from Page 4)

the Permanent Mandates Commission. The argument that the granting of the right of petition to the populations of the mandated territories would undermine the authority of the Mandatory, is not a sound one, he stated. The facts have proved, particularly in Palestine, that the right of petition has improved the relations between the different racial and religious elements. The right of petition has acted as a safety-valve, he stated. Petitions are the only means whereby the Permanent Mandates Commission can obtain the necessary information.

The matter was temporarily settled by the appointment of a sub-committee which was entrusted with the task of preparing a new resolution.

RABBI LOUIS GROSSMAN OF CINCINNATI DIES

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cincinnati, Sept. 24.—The body of Dr. Louis Grossman, rabbi of the Plum Street Temple Congregation in this city for thirty years and rabbi emeritus when he died, will arrive from Detroit today, accompanied by Dr. Grossman's brothers, Dr. Rudolph Grossman of New York and C. Grossman of Chicago and will lie in state in the temple.

The funeral services will be conducted by Rabbi James G. Heller, rabbi of the temple; his father, Rabbi Max Heller of New Orleans, a classmate of the deceased in college and university; Dr. Julian Morgenstern, President of the Hebrew Union College, and Dr. Leo M. Franklin.

Dr. Grossman has been principal of the Teachers' Institute of the Hebrew Union College from 1909 to 1921.

Rabbi Grossman, who was sixty-three years of age, was a former President of the Jewish Religious Educational Association and of Hebrew Union College, Cincinnati. He founded a number of Hebrew educational and religious organizations, including the Western Association of Jewish Ministers, of which he was honorary president.

Rabbi Grossman was a noted lecturer and the author of a score of books. Among his last literary works was the "Science of Comparative Religions," a treatise on modern and ancient theology, and the Biography of Isaac M. Wise, Jewish educator.

Dr. Grossman was born in Vienna, Austria, Feb. 24, 1863, the son of Rabbi Ignatz and Nettie Rosenbaum Grossman. Rudolph G. Grossman is a brother.

Coming to the United States as a youth he entered the University of Cincinnati and in 1884 received his Bachelor of Arts degree there. In the same years he also completed his rabbinical training at Hebrew Union College, which gave him a D.D. five years later and a Doctorate of Hebrew Law in 1922.

For the first fourteen years of his career he was rabbi of Temple Beth El in Detroit, from 1884 to 1898. Then followed twenty-four years as rabbi of the Congregation B'nai Jeshurun in Cincinnati. Recently he had been attached to the Plum Street Temple in that city. His other affiliations were many, as educator, editor and leader. He served several terms as President of the Central Conference of American Rabbis, and he was Professor of Ethics, Theology and Pedagogy at Hebrew Union College from 1898 to 1922.

A Community Center of Congregation Beth Israel will be erected in Richmond Hill, L. I. The cornerstone will be laid Sunday, Oct. 3, and a campaign for \$150,000 will be conducted from October 3rd to October 10th, under the direction of the Jewish Welfare Board.

David M. Wolff is Chairman of the Campaign Committee.

Organization of the Miami Beach, Fla., Jewish Community Center was effected at a meeting held Sunday night, the week before the hurricane disaster. The officers elected were: Jack Solomon, president; Harry Katzman, vice president; Samuel Abraham, treasurer; Bessie Dickman, secretary.

UNITED JEWISH CAMPAIGN CAME IN NICK OF TIME TO SAVE EUROPEAN JEWS

(Continued from Page 2)

abject misery, but it has strengthened all the means of reconstruction and has given new hope to Eastern European Jewry.

"We have made splendid progress in Russia. I have been in that country twice within the last twelve months and visited almost all of the colonies the Joint Distribution Committee has established, viewing them in all stages of development. I could hardly believe my eyes when on my second visit, twelve months after the first, I saw neat villages with hard-working Jewish peasants, Jewish children playing and the atmosphere of a well-conducted and fairly prosperous peasant village, where twelve months earlier I had seen only dug-outs, barracks and a few adult Jews tilling the soil. It seemed a miracle.

"The agricultural work stimulated by the Joint Distribution Committee has aroused the admiration of everybody, and will live in history as one of the most admirable constructive works the Jews have ever performed. The settlement on the land has taught the Jews and the non-Jews of Russia that the Russian Jews are able to work in all lines of human endeavor and to adjust themselves to the most extraordinary changes in their economic life. But there still remain many thousands of Jews in the towns and villages of Russia whose life is one of starkest tragedy and for whom relief measures must be continually strengthened."

Dr. Kahn went directly from the ship to the Hotel Chatam where he will remain until his departure for Chicago.

Refugees Build New Jewish Community in Heart of Mexico

(Continued from Page 3)

H. A., an active Zionist Organization, and two synagogues. A Jewish hospital is now being planned and the organization of a Kehillah is being contemplated by a number of communally minded Jewish leaders in Mexico City.

"I did not meet poor Mr. Rosenthal who met his tragic death at the hands of kidnappers, but I can say that his case is absolutely exceptional and that those who generalize from this special instance, conjuring up an image of Mexico as the land of brigands, are in error. The Jews in Mexico have no fear whatever of their safety. The religious conflict affects the Jews only economically. The fight is between the State and the Catholic Church, other denominations not entering into the conflict," he declared.

"GEORGE BRANDES, VETERAN EUROPEAN CRITIC, STIRS HISTORIANS AND RELIGIOUS LEADERS WITH HIS NEW BOOK ON JESUS"

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PLAN JEWISH HOSPITAL FOR MENTAL DISEASES

Title to a building has been taken by the Jewish Mental Health Society for a hospital for Jewish mental cases which will be the first of this character organized by and for Jews, according to an announcement by Dr. Israel Strauss, president of the Board of Directors.

Dr. Strauss in presenting the plans of the new hospital stated:

"The lack of provision for the care of Jewish mental patients is due to ignorance of the causes and nature and right treatment of mental disorders. Jews discovering a case of mental disease in their family, unable to pay the high fees of a commercial sanitarium, have no other recourse but the commitment of the patient to a state hospital. An Orthodox family is reluctant to place a member in a non-Jewish environment.

"During the calendar year 1925 at two of the three hospitals to which New York City patients are committed, 365 Jews forming 19 per cent of the total, were admitted. An average of more than 100 Jewish mental cases pass through the psychopathic wards at Bellevue hospital every month.

"Due to this condition a group of physicians realizing this need, associated themselves with a group of laymen under whose auspices the Jewish mental hospital is being projected. The hospital, we hope, will have adequate provisions for the prevention, the discovery, the care and cure of mental disorders in the Jewish population of New York City.

The board of directors are the following: Dr. Israel Strauss, President; Nelson I. Asiel, Vice-President; Mrs. Marcus Loewenstein, Secretary; Alfred Levinger, Treasurer. Dr. I. Abrahamson, Dr. A. A. Brill, Joseph F. Cullman, Jr., Sydney B. Erlanger, Dr. Bernard Glueck, Rabbi Sidney E. Goldstein, Dr. S. P. Goodhart, Edgar M. Leventritt, Judge Samuel D. Levy, Judge Aaron J. Levy, Sam A. Lewishon, Harry W. Mack, Sidney Newburg, Dr. C. P. Oberdorfer, Fred M. Stein, Mrs. Israel Strauss.

Dr. Jacob H. Kaplan of Cincinnati, Ohio, assumed his duties as rabbi of Temple Israel, Miami, Florida, recently.

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