

HUNGARY SEEKS SUPPORT OF POLAND FOR CONTINUING NUMERUS CLAUSUS LAW

Possibility of Being Called to Account at Next League of Nations Session Drives Hungarian Government to Look for Aid in Other Countries

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Budapest, Aug. 23.—International support for the continuation of the numerus clausus law in Hungary is being sought by the Hungarian government, it was stated here today.

It was learned on good authority that a special representative of the Hungarian Minister of Foreign Affairs left for Warsaw to seek the support of the Polish government for Hungary's attitude in the question of the numerus

clausus which, it is expected, will come up before the meeting of the League of Nations which will be held in Geneva in September.

DECREASE THE DUTY ON JEWISH RELIGIOUS ARTICLES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 23.—A concession to the Orthodox Jewish community of Germany was granted by the German government yesterday.

The government ordered a considerable decrease in the custom duty on "Ethrog and Lulow" (citron and myrtle bough and willow) from Palestine for the forthcoming holidays.

ACCUSE AUSTRIAN MILITARY OFFICIALS OF ANTI-SEMITISM

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Aug. 23.—Complaint that the headquarters of the Austrian army engage in anti-Semitic propaganda was voiced by the Jewish press here.

The press quotes a military order in which the soldiers are warned against "Jewish machinations."

ANTI-SEMITIC INTERNATIONAL ADOPTS ANTI-JEWISH HYMN MODELLED AFTER "MARSEILLAISE"

Roumanian Anti-Semites Accuse Each Other of Business Partnership with Jews; Quarrels Started at Jassy Congress Last Week Continued in Press

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 23. — An international anti-Jewish song, modelled after the song of the French revolution, the "Marseillaise," was adopted as the hymn of the anti-Semitic International, according to Count Reventlow, leader of the German monarchists and anti-Semites.

Count Reventlow, writing in the "Deutsches Tagezeitung," reports that some time ago a secret anti-Semitic international congress was held, in which Englishmen, Frechmen, Germans, Poles, Hungarians, Roumanians and Czechoslovakians participated.

Bucharest, Aug. 23.—Mutual accusations of secret dealings with Jews are on the calendar of the daily business of Roumanian anti-Semites.

The quarrels which started at the congress of the Christian League held in Jassy last week and which led to the split in the party, continue in the press. Alexander Cuza, in an article in the "Apararea Nazionale" accuses the editor of the anti-Semitic paper, "Cuvintul," of being in a bank partner-

BERNARD BARON INVESTS HALF MILLION DOLLARS IN PALESTINE ELECTRIC PLANT

Noted Anglo-Jewish Philanthropist Becomes Largest Shareholder

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, Aug. 23.—Bernard Baron, well known Anglo-Jewish philanthropist, has purchased shares in the Palestine Electric Corporation, which is a part of the Ruttenberg electrification and irrigation plan for Palestine, according to an official announcement of the Zionist Organization here.

The shares purchased by Mr. Baron amount to £100,000. Mr. Baron is the largest individual shareholder in the Palestine Electric Corporation. He recently donated \$125,000 to the Keren Hayesod.

VIENNA ROTHSCHILDS GIVE \$5,000 FOR KEREN HAYESOD

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, Aug. 23.—A contribution of the Vienna Rothschild house to the Keren Hayesod was announced here yesterday by Baron Louis Rothschild.

The gift of \$5,000, which was the second contribution of the Viennese Rothschilds to the Keren Hayesod, was earmarked for the upkeep of the agricultural experiment station in Tel Aviv.

The Viennese Rothschilds were previously known as antagonistic to the Palestine work.

CITY URGED TO IMPROVE HEALTH CONDITIONS IN WARSAW JEWISH QUARTER

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Aug. 23.—The spread of the scarlet fever epidemic in Poland's capital has directed the attention of the city government to inquire into the sanitary conditions in the Jewish quarter of Warsaw.

The governmental commissioner of the city of Warsaw visited the Jewish quarter yesterday for the purpose of inspecting the sanitary conditions. He established that the streets in that quarter and the yards of the houses were greatly neglected. As a result of this, the commissioner urged the city government to take immediate steps to improve this state of affairs, as well as to see to it that a greater number of parks be laid out in the Jewish quarter.

A conference of Jewish press representatives was called for the purpose of enlisting their support in a health campaign.

GERMAN ZIONISTS MEET IN ANNUAL CONVENTION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Erfurt, Germany, Aug. 23.—The annual convention of the Zionist Federation of Germany was opened here Sunday in Kaisersalle. Felix Rosenbluth, representing the World Zionist Executive, delivered an address in which he reviewed the political situation of the Zionist movement.

Kurt Blumenfeld, president of the Federation, submitted his annual report. A representative of the government and the city mayor welcomed the delegates. The conference will last three days.

ORTHODOX JEW APPOINTED ITALIAN CONSUL GENERAL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Berlin, Aug. 23.—Dr. Pamlo Wito Finchi, an Italian Jew, was appointed Italian consul-general in Dusseldorf.

Dr. Finchi is known for his strict observance of Jewish Orthodoxy.

CONDEMN ANTI-SEMITES AT JEWISH SCHOLAR'S GRAVE

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Prague, Czechoslovakia, Aug. 23.—The funeral of a Jewish scholar was turned into a public demonstration against the anti-Semitic movement in Eastern Europe. The funeral of Professor Ludwig Spiegel, a Jewish man of letters, who was recently appointed a professor at the German University in Prague, was held at the Jewish cemetery here yesterday. Huge crowds attended the funeral.

Leaders of the democratic German elements in Czechoslovakia delivered addresses in which anti-Semitism was condemned. Professor Masaryk, president of the Czechoslovakian Republic, sent a message of condolence to Dr. Spiegel's family.

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MEMORIAL SERVICES FOR DR. ELIOT TO BE HELD AT HARVARD TO-MORROW

Late Harvard President Advocated the
Preservation of Jewish Racial
Characteristics

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Cambridge, Mass., Aug. 23.—Dr. Charles W. Eliot, President Emeritus of Harvard University, died yesterday at his Summer home in Northern Harbor, Me. He was 92 years of age. Memorial services will be held here on Wednesday.

An address delivered by Dr. Eliot before the Harvard Zionist Society in December, 1924 caused wide discussion among American Jews.

Dr. Eliot advocated the preservation of Jewish racial characteristics.

"I see with great regret also, perhaps I should not feel regret being myself a Unitarian Christian, that there are great changes coming in many American Jews with regard to the adherence of the children to the faith and the practice of their fathers," Dr. Eliot declared. "You doubtless have heard a great deal of talk in this country during the last five or six years about the assimilation of races in the United States. The fact is, and it is perfectly plain that there has been no assimilation in the United States and more than that, it isn't deserving that there should be any assimilation or amalgamation of races in the United States. That isn't what we need, that isn't for our best advantage in this country. What we want is numerous races with various history, with various gifts, with various abilities, living side by side in concord, not in discord, and each contributing its own peculiar quality to the mixed population," he stated.

Two hundred and sixty books were presented to the Jewish National and University Library, Palestine, through Dr. L. A. Falk, Rabbi of the Great Synagogue of Sydney. Practically all the books deal with music, among them being a fine collection of Wagneriana. This library previously belonged to a Viennese scholar, David Irvine, and many of the books contain his notes.

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does not indicate approval.—Editor.]

Palestine Wisdom

"The old saying that 'the Palestine atmosphere leads to wisdom' apparently does not apply to Reform Rabbis," declares Jacob Fishman in the "Jewish Morning Journal," criticizing Rabbi Samuel Schulman's assertion, on his recent return from his Palestine trip, that the best thing for Palestine would be "for the Zionist Organization to cease to exist."

Writing in the issue of Aug. 23, Mr. Fishman says:

"It is easy for Rabbi Schulman to say that the organization which is responsible for nearly everything that has till now been accomplished in Palestine, for the Balfour Declaration and the Mandate, should now step from the scene, in order to 'oblige' him and his colleague, Rabbi Landman. But where was Rabbi Schulman in the days when the Zionist Organization was going through the crucible, bearing with untold sacrifices the burden which has now yielded its fruit? In those days, we believe, not only Zionism, but Palestine itself, was regarded by him as

'treifah.' The Reform Mission excluded not only practical work for Palestine but even wiped Palestine from the prayer book.

"We are curious to know if Rabbi Schulman attempted to preach his message in Palestine? Palestine would have given him the right answer: it is not for those who throw stones at the builders of Zion to offer us advice and messages."

The Danger of Asiaticism to Palestine

The establishment by Zionists of a special "Keren Ha'tarbut," a fund for Hebrew culture, in addition to the Keren Hayesod and the Keren Kayemeth—a proposal formulated by M. M. Ussishkin—is warmly supported by Dr. Joseph Klausner. In the last issue of his Jerusalem Hebrew magazine, "Ha'shiloach."

"Palestine lies in Asia. There was some truth in the criticism of the enemies of Zion among the assimilationists that we preach the return of the Jews to Asiaticism," Dr. Klausner writes. "Asia has a great past and we are sure that it also has a great future. At present Asia has incomparably less—a living and creative culture—than Europe, despite all the opinions of the romantics. When Japan needed culture it borrowed it from Europe. Rabindranath Tagore would not have become a preacher of the new Buddhist culture and opponent of European culture, if he would not have absorbed European culture in a large measure. In order to prevent us in Palestine from becoming 'Asiatics' in the worst meaning of the word (they call them today 'Levantine,' a name which is too 'mild'), it is necessary that we strengthen here our European Hebrew culture. There is indeed refuge in that culture. The Hebrew culture from the middle of the period of the Second Commonwealth until today has absorbed important European elements. The European culture since the days of Alexander the Great has absorbed important Hebrew elements. Thus, the more we will strengthen in our midst the influence of Hebrew culture in a European form and the influence of the European culture in a national Hebrew form, the more we will absorb a Hebrew and human culture at the same time, a culture which will save us from the Asiatic backwardness, without losing the good qualities of the Asiatic culture, the ancient and that which is now rising out of its conflict and war against the negative elements of the European culture.

"There are two languages and two cultures fighting against us in Palestine. The Arabs have large masses who speak a living and natural language rooted in the soil, but they have no complete political government and their new literature is poor; the English have no large masses, but their political power is complete in the country, their language is supreme in countries with a population of hundreds of millions and their literature is one of the richest

IMPOSTER, "REPRESENTING" AMERICAN RELIEF COMMITTEE, ARRESTED IN POLAND

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, Aug. 23.—An imposter, pretending to represent an American Jewish relief committee, was arrested in Plubeshi, near Pinsk, and sentenced to three weeks in jail.

The imposter, going under the name of Dr. Kochman, called a meeting of the outstanding citizens of the village and promised to distribute \$30,000 for relief purposes. He also announced that he would give medical treatment free. He received a number of patients, particularly women. He stated that he detected symptoms of tuberculosis among many of the women patients and advised the young women to proceed abroad for cure, for which purpose he was prepared to allocate a special fund. His actions aroused suspicion and he was confronted and cross-examined. He was arrested under the suspicion of conducting white slave traffic.

JEWISH DEMOCRATIC PARTY IN POLAND BEING PLANNED

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vilna, Aug. 23.—An attempt to organize a new Jewish party in Poland to be known as the Democratic Party, is being made here at a conference of democratic leaders.

The new party is to be constructed out of the remnants of the former Volkspartei, of which Noah Prilutzky is the leader. The new democratic party is to be under the leadership of Dr. Schabad of Vilna. It is stated that the new party is being formed in order to remove Prilutzky from leadership.

PERMANENT MANDATES COMMISSION'S REPLY TO MEMORANDUM OF ZIONIST EXECUTIVE AND VAAD LEUMI

Further Details of Last Session of Permanent Mandates Commission; Conclusions of Commission Rapporteurs Regarding Complaints Set Forth in Zionist and Vaad Leumi Documents

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Geneva, Aug. 11.—The memorandum submitted by the Agudath Israel and the memorandum of the Zionist Organization and the petition of the Vaad Leumi to the Permanent Mandates Commission of the League of Nations are dealt with in the report of the ninth session of the Commission just issued for distribution to the League's Assembly which opens next month.

In the report of the memorandum submitted by the Agudath Israel, the Rapporteur, Mrs. A. Wicksell states: "It is impossible for the Permanent Mandates Commission to judge whether the Vaad Ha'ir Ashkenazi and the Agudath Israel are justified in their complaints until the separate regulations for the Jewish Community have been promulgated and put before it. As yet we do not know what powers, under these regulations, will be given to the Central and Municipal authorities of the different religious communities, to what extent, if any, they will be allowed to legislate for themselves and so on. The little Ashkenazi congregation protests against the mere fact of being incorporated into an organization where women vote and where such public certificates as they may need are issued by authorities not belonging to their own special sect. It is the duty of the mandatory Power and the Permanent Mandates Commission to ensure to all inhabitants of Palestine complete freedom of conscience and the free exercise of all forms of worship, subject only to the maintenance of public order and morals.

"In matters of family law, for example, there is a great difference between the very Orthodox Jews and the more progressive element, and if legislative powers in such matters are given to the community, the very orthodox section certainly may claim at least as much liberty to regulate their own life in Palestine as is accorded them in England. Under the very peculiar cir-

est in the world. How will be able to stand against these—we, whose language is just beginning to revive, whose new literature is meagre, who have not yet large Hebrew speaking masses rooted in the soil and whose complete political power will not come to pass for many a year?

"If we will not apply all our forces, if we will not make superhuman efforts for the sake of our national, human culture, what is our hope? Only the strong forces of the great past, together with the aspiration toward an unusual renaissance in the present, only in the union of these two forces can we achieve a victory, although this will not be complete, over the two strong forces which stand consciously and unconsciously against us," Dr. Klausner writes.

circumstances prevailing in Palestine, it may be necessary to take such an unusual and perhaps even dangerous measure as that of creating special religious states within the State. But the problem will be extraordinarily difficult, both with the Jewish community and the Christian community, which is split up into a still larger number of sects than the Jews. The Mandates Commission takes note of the memorandum and the observations thereon of the Mandatory and will bear them in mind when the proposed regulations have been put into force and placed before it."

M. C. Yamanaka, in his report on the Memorandum from the Zionist Organization concludes that the Commission, having taken cognizance of the letter dated May 3, 1926, and the annexed memorandum from the Zionist Organization as well as the observations submitted on the subject by the Mandatory Power, will consider that the explanations furnished by the latter are satisfactory.

"The Memorandum from the Zionist Organization," he states, "gives interesting information regarding its work in its capacity as the Jewish Agency for the development of the Jewish National Home in Palestine during 1925-26. The Memorandum is therefore of a purely documentary nature and I do not think it calls for any comments.

Replies to Four Complaints of Covering Letter

"In the covering letter, however, four complaints are made regarding the allotment of land, education, the incident at the Walling Wall and the formation of a Frontier Defence Force.

"As regards the question of making State and waste lands available for colonization the Mandatory Power observes that the Government recently offered a certain tract of State land in the Beisan district to the Zionist Executive. The land, however, was refused as being unsuitable for the purpose in view. The Mandatory also explains that it will not be possible to ascertain what State lands will be available for Jewish colonization until the allotment of these areas to the native inhabitants who have title to them has been completed. I consider these explanations on the part of the Mandatory Power adequate.

"The Zionist Organization claims preferential treatment and priority in respect of the acquisition by voluntary transfer on the part of cultivators of State land on which purchase-annuities remain due. In this connection the Mandatory gives detailed explanations clearly showing the reasons which prevent the Government from complying with this request. I think the Commission will feel that these explanations throw sufficient light on the question.

ROSENWALD PRAISED FOR \$3,000,000 GIFT FOR MUSEUM

(Jewish Daily Bulletin Mail Service)

Chicago, Aug. 20.—Testimony of the approval and gratitude to Julius Rosenwald for his gift of \$3,000,000 to be applied to the establishment of an industrial museum was manifest yesterday in letters from Mayor Dever, Dr. Max Mason, president of the University of Chicago, and F. E. Morrow, president of the Western Society of Engineers, to Leo F. Wormser, personal advisor to Mr. Rosenwald.

Mayor Dever wrote: "May I be permitted, on behalf of Chicago, to express the city's deep appreciation of this generous offer? I am sure the people, as the facts become more generally known, will awake to the great value of your generosity."

Dr. Mason said the university would cooperate in any way to insure the success of the vast educational enterprise. He wrote:

"America is taking a foremost position in the release of mankind from drudgery through the application of scientific knowledge. The industrial museum will play a most important educational role and each year stimulate the imagination of thousands of visitors."

The suggestion that Julius Rosenwald be nominated for governor of Illinois was made by William Fetzner, in a letter to the "Chicago Tribune."

"The question of the complaint with regard to the inadequacy of the Government's contribution to the cost of maintaining Jewish schools, when considered in relation to the Jewish population and its contribution to the public Treasury, has already been dealt with by the Commission at its Seventh Session. Moreover the Mandatory points out that the amount of the Government's contribution to the cost of Jewish schools is substantially increased in the financial estimates for the current year. The Commission may think it desirable to request the Mandatory to mention in its next report the results obtained by this arrangement.

"As regards the incident at the Walling Wall the Mandatory shares the Zionist Organization's opinion that a solution can only be found by agreement. I am sure the Commission will be unanimous in hoping that such an agreement will shortly be reached.

"As to the hope expressed by the Zionist Organization that the Jewish population which was substantially represented in the disbanded gendarmerie will be represented in the same proportions in the Frontier Defence Corps, the reply of the Mandatory throws light on the situation and the principle of equality of treatment for all sections of the population seems to be satisfactorily recognized.

"Moreover the Zionist Organization contests the statement in the Report of the Mandatory Power for 1924 concerning certain infectious diseases which, it was alleged, affected only the Jewish population. The Mandatory Power observes that the statement in question might more properly have been.

(Continued on Page 4)

MANDATES COMMISSION'S REPLY TO MEMORANDA OF ZIONISTS AND VAAD LEUMI

(Continued from Page 3)

to the effect that the incident of these diseases falls mainly upon the Jewish section of the population. The Commission may wish to note this."

The Vaad Leumi Memorandum

M. Freire d'Andrade reporting on the Memorandum of the Vaad Leumi states:

"The National Council of the Jews of Palestine states that the Mandatory Government has adopted a negative policy and a passive attitude with regard to the Jews in Palestine. If this were the case, the Mandatory Power would not be fulfilling the obligations imposed upon it by the Mandate. It must be recognized that the Mandatory Power has had very serious difficulties to contend with in establishing the Jewish Home in Palestine, owing to the opposition of the great majority of the Arab population, and that it has had to exercise much tact and judgement to achieve the results which have been obtained, without having recourse to violent measures which would have covered the country with blood and ruins. Very great progress has been made in the administration of Palestine and the wealth of the country has visibly increased. The opposition of the great majority of the population to the establishment of the Jewish Home has diminished and it may be hoped that the possibilities of an understanding which would be profitable to all concerned are now much more favorable.

"The Permanent Mandates Commission while recognizing that the Jews are justified in demanding the support for which provision is made in the Palestine Mandate, is of the opinion that the Mandatory Power has acted wisely in not precipitating events and in endeavoring to avoid serious conflicts between the two sections of the population."

The Complaints of the Vaad Leumi

With regard to the separate complaints made by the Vaad Leumi M. d'Andrade states:

1. "Land.—The questions connected with land are those most calculated to arouse the passions of the Arab inhabitants of Palestine and must be treated with the utmost prudence. The Permanent Mandates Commission is of opinion that the policy of the Mandatory Power with regard to land has been wise, and hopes that it will continue more and more to encourage the close settlement of Jews on the land. If the Arab farmers have received larger plots than they cultivate it will be open to the Jewish organizations to acquire such surplus land. The Mandatory Power will certainly afford them every facility in accordance with the provisions of the Mandate."

2. "Education.—In regard to the complaint of the Vaad Leumi that the grants to the Jewish schools are insufficient, the Mandates Commission has been informed that they will be largely increased in the current year and hopes this will prove satisfactory to the petitioners. It must be pointed out that as the Arab population as a whole is the least advanced from an educational

point of view, it has most need of the assistance of the Mandatory Power, especially as the raising of its educational level will tend to establish better relations between the two sections of the population."

3. "Labor.—The Commission considers that it would be helpful if the Mandatory Power were to promulgate as soon as possible laws regulating the conditions of labor of men, women and children. The National Council complains of the unfavorable conditions to which Jewish workers are subject. It is clear that the Mandatory cannot give specially favorable treatment to the Jews, inasmuch as both Jews and Arabs should have the same rights and obligations."

4. "Public Health.—The Jewish hospitals and other health institutions have done good service in Palestine and are well developed. The Government recognizes this, but, according to the Vaad Leumi the Mandatory has refused to share in the expenditure of the Jewish health organization. The Jews like the rest of the population are entitled to all the advantages of the Government Health Services. The Mandates Commission considers that under the terms of the Mandate the Mandatory Power is not required to grant special subsidies to the Jewish Health Services."

5. "Industrial Development.—It is alleged that as regards the giving of official aid and protection for the development of industry the regime of the Mandatory is less liberal than the Turkish regime. The results of the administration of the Mandatory Power as shown by statistics of the economic position and public revenue do not support this allegation. The Mandatory should however, take into consideration certain of the desires expressed in the Memorandum of the Vaad Leumi and give such satisfaction as would appear both just and possible."

6. "Internal Organization of Yishub.—As the question of the internal organization of the Yishub is dealt with in a separate report we would observe that when the regulations under the Communities Ordinance are published it will be easier to deal with the questions raised."

7. "Jewish Participation in Defence Force.—The Jewish Community exhibits uneasiness with regard to the manner in which the military or police forces are recruited. It states that the Defence Corps is composed mainly of Arabs. It should be noted however that in fact out of 475 soldiers of the Palestine section of the gendarmerie, 100 are Jews. Moreover the Administration makes no difference on the ground of race or religion in admitting candidates who desire to become members of the Defence Corps. It would appear therefore, that the complaint is without foundation."

8. "Hebrew Language.—The Vaad Leumi mentions certain cases in which Hebrew has not been regarded as official. The Commission considers that it is inevitable that in a country in which there are three official languages cases of this kind should occur."

9. "Local Government.—The Mandates Commission is convinced that the Mandatory Government will take the

necessary steps in the direction of holding municipal elections as soon as it is possible to do so."

10. "Land Speculation.—The Vaad Leumi asks that a law should be enacted to prevent speculation in land. Although such speculation may be detrimental to the object which those who are working for the establishment of the Jewish Home in Palestine, have in view the Mandates Commission recognizes the difficulty of achieving the desired results by means of legislation. It would be grateful to the Mandatory if it would explain the reasons which have led to the annulment of the Ordinance for Land Transfer."

11. "Citizenship Rights.—In regard to the power of the High Commissioner to withdraw citizenship without trial and without appeal the Commission is of opinion that the Mandatory has demonstrated the necessity of conferring the power on the High Commissioner and it could have taken the complaint into consideration only if this power had been abused."

12. "Liberty of Conscience.—In regard to a complaint that Jews employed by the Administration are forced to work on the Jewish Sabbath and Jewish Feast Days the Commission in view of Article 23 of the Mandate draws the attention of the Mandatory Power to this complaint."

"The Mandatory Commission hopes that the understanding which appears to be forming among the various sections of the population will develop as rapidly as possible and promote the development and progress of the country."

840 JEWS LEFT PALESTINE DURING MONTH OF JULY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, Aug. 23.—The largest number of Jewish emigrants to leave Palestine in recent years was reported for the month of July.

During that month 989 persons left Palestine, 840 of whom were Jews.

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