

TEXT OF KALININ'S STATEMENT ON JEWISH QUESTION IN RUSSIA

President of Soviet Republics Issues Statement in Reply to Young Communist; Answers Complaints of Russian Peasants Against Settling Jews in Crimea; Role of Zionism in Russian Colonization Plan Described by Kalinin; Jewish Communists Ask Government to Support Plan; Land Settling Is Only Escape for Jews Ruined by Bolshevik Revolution; Much Ado About Nothing, President Tells Peasants

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, July 28.—The statement of M. Kalinin, chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Soviets, dealing with the Jewish question in Soviet Russia and particularly with the Jewish Colonization question and the opposition manifested against it by some peasant elements, was published here in the "Izvestia," the official organ of the Soviet government. The statement attracted wide attention here and was reprinted by the "Krestianskaya Gazeta" (Peasants' Paper) and the Yiddish Communist daily "Emes."

The statement was issued by M. Kalinin in reply to an inquiry addressed to him by a member of the Crimean Young Communist League named Vassili Ovchinnikoff.

"I am a member of the Young Communist League," Ovchinnikoff writes, "eighteen years of age. I am employed in the Post Office and my work is to distribute letters and parcels among the peasant masses. I am day after day in the villages and I find myself called upon to answer the many questions put to me by the peasants. One of these questions is a very serious one and it

is very much in the minds of the peasants. I want to pass on this question to you, because I am unable to answer it. It is a question about the Jewish settlers who daily arrive in the Crimea and especially in our district. The peasants, my dear Michael Ivanovitch, express themselves to me with much indignation and protest against these settlers. Our sons and brothers, they say, fought at Perekop. Tens of thousands of our brothers lost their lives there. We conquered the Crimea and our victory cost us dearly, and now what do we see? Our demands to be settled in the Crimea have been rejected and we are told to settle in Siberia. What have the Jews done to deserve to be settled in the Crimea?"

Anti-Semitism is Old Disease in Russia, Kalinin Says

M. Kalinin in his reply, begins by tracing the causes of anti-Semitism. "We get at our meetings large numbers of notes, some signed, some anonymous, dealing with the Jewish question in general and the Crimean Jewish land settlement in particular. Some are frankly anti-Semitic. Others are like this inquiry from Comrade Ovchinnikoff, honest attempts to find out why the Government is thus favoring the Jews," Kalinin writes.

"Anti-Semitism is an old disease. There are no doubt many causes for it. One cause was that a Jewish family in order to obtain the right to leave the Pale of Settlement and live among the general population, had to be endowed with special abilities. If a Jew was given the diploma of a merchant of the first guild, which meant that he could do business anywhere in Russia, he obviously was of a higher grade of ability than the average Russian merchant with whom he had to compete, and he proved a dangerous competitor.

"Inside the Pale, the condition of the Jews was a terrible one. It was not for nothing that tens of thousands of Jews emigrated year after year from Russia. The Jews had no right to own land.

The Czarist Government for its own ends consciously fostered anti-Semitism, making the workers and peasants believe that the only reason for their poverty was the exploitation by the Jews.

Jews Are Not an Alien Element in Russia

"There is an impression abroad," M. Kalinin continues, "that the Jews are an alien element, that their home is not the country where they live, but Palestine. The Jews, in fact, have lived in Russia for centuries, and they have as much

right here as any other part of the population. It was only the oppression of the Czarist Government which shut them up in the Pale of Settlement, which prevented them from living together with the rest of the population and assimilating with it. And this same Government which was responsible for the isolation of the Jews afterwards accused the Jews of aloofness from the rest of the population and of living together only with Jews and helping only Jews. It was the Czarist Government which forcibly separated the Jews from the rest of the population, by depriving a whole people of all rights, political and economic.

"Every Jewish family, even of the middle-class, finding itself constantly subjected to the arbitrary force of the police, was against its will compelled to sympathize with the revolutionaries and to help them directly or indirectly.

"A Jew coming into any city outside the Pale could find shelter only among these Jews who had the privilege of living outside the Pale. They were

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POLISH GOVERNMENT GIVES RELIEF FROM TAXATION BURDEN

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, July 29.—Relief for Jewish merchants, artisans and small traders from the heavy burden of taxation will result from an ordinance issued by the government here yesterday.

The government ordered a cancellation of part of the taxes still unpaid by those merchants who were ruined by the economic crisis. It was also predicted that the government would order a milder treatment of property owners who have been unable to pay their full taxes.

COMMITTEE RECOMMENDS \$500,000 PALESTINE BUDGET

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, July 29.—A recommendation concerning the budget of the Zionist Executive in Palestine for the forthcoming year was submitted to the Actions Committee by the Budget Committee, it was learned here.

It was stated that the budget asked for by the committee amounts to \$500,000.

It was also stated that Dr. Weizmann's forthcoming visit to America in October has been finally decided upon. Whether Sir Herbert Samuel will go to America with Dr. Weizmann is doubtful.

ACHAD HA'AM HONORED ON HIS SEVENTIETH BIRTHDAY

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 29.—Asher Ginsburg, Hebrew philosopher and essayist, known under the nom de plume of Achad Ha'am, was the recipient of many congratulations yesterday, which, according to the Hebrew calendar, was his seventieth birthday. Many meetings were held in Tel Aviv in honor of the occasion.

London, July 29.—The seventieth birthday of Achad Ha'am was celebrated here at a public meeting arranged by the World Zionist Organization. Many of the Zionist leaders present at the sessions of the Actions Committee addressed the gathering, including several Americans. The Actions Committee decided at one of its sessions, to despatch a message of congratulations to Achad Ha'am, in which he was given the traditional Jewish title of "Moreinu" (our teacher).

JEWISH ART DEALER PAYS HIGHEST PRICE FOR PAINTING

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, July 29.—The highest price paid in Great Britain for a painting was paid yesterday by Sir Joseph Duveen, well known Anglo-Jewish art dealer.

Sir Joseph bought Romney's portrait of Mrs. Davenport, for which he paid the sum of £60,900.

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REGIONAL DIRECTORS' CONFERENCE MAKES PLANS FOR FORTHCOMING U. P. A.

Local Organizations for Appeal to Have Proportionate Representation

Plans and preparations for the conduct of next year's United Palestine Appeal for \$7,500,000 were worked out at a conference held by the regional directors and executives of the Appeal, according to a report by Emanuel Neumann.

The general attitude assumed by the conference was that the United Palestine Appeal this year has been in the nature of an experiment, the success of which justified its continuation and expansion. For the sake of greater campaign effectiveness, it was agreed to reconstruct the organization so that it might extend its plans for greater activity.

After discussing the ways and means of carrying on the collection work of this year's campaign, the conference took up plans for next year.

With regard to organization, the conference agreed to recommend that the regional and local United Palestine Appeal be governed by a Board of Directors composed of forty of the representatives of the various constituent organizations in the following proportions: Zionist Organization of America, 10; Keren Hayesod, 10; Jewish National Fund, 6; Hadassah, 5; Mizrahi, 3; Hebrew University, 2; at large, 4. The directors agreed that the local bodies should be set up in the same proportion, though not necessarily in the same numbers.

The conference made decisions in regard to the expansion of the educational and publicity work for future campaigns. Since more intensified campaigns will be essential in the future, an enlarged service, it was agreed, should be instituted along the lines of publicity and propaganda, oral and written, including radio, motion pictures, pageants, and campaign literature.

Conferences of the regional directors

POLISH JEWS' OUTLOOK POLITICALLY HOPEFUL BUT ECONOMICALLY DESPERATE

Zionist Leaders Urge Palestine As Solution of Polish Jewish Relief Problem

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, July 29.—A review of the present situation of the Jewish population in the Republic of Poland was presented to the Jewish community in London by nine Jewish deputies of the Polish Sejm who are here to attend the sessions of the Zionist Actions Committee.

Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum, Dr. Osias Thon, Dr. Leon Reich, Dr. Jerzy Rosenblatt and the other deputies were the guests of honor at a reception given last night by the London Federation of Jewish Relief Organizations.

While the political outlook of Polish Jewry today is more hopeful than it was previously, the economic situation remains desperate owing to the general conditions in the country. This was the substance of the report given by the deputies. Deputies Gruenbaum and Rosenblatt pointed out in their addresses that the only hope for Polish Jewry lies in emigration, to Palestine. "There is no prospect that all of Polish Jewry will find an opportunity to earn a livelihood in the industries and trade of Poland in view of the fact that the Russian market has disappeared. While it is necessary that charitable and welfare work be conducted for the Jews of Poland, it is necessary to bear in mind the historic perspective and direct the relief activities for Polish Jewry through the correct channel—emigration to Palestine—which would offer a permanent solution to the relief problem," Deputy Gruenbaum stated.

"The political situation of Polish Jewry cannot change in one day. The fight for Jewish rights in Poland has just begun. It is important that support be given to Polish Jewry, politically and culturally," he stated.

of the United Palestine Appeal will be held twice a year, it was decided.

The regional directors and staff executives who participated in the conferences were: Emanuel Neumann, chairman; Bernard Stone, associate general director; William Edlin, secretary of Keren Hayesod; Isidore Kadis, associate secretary; Israel Goldberg, director publicity department; Maurice Firth, Abe Cohen, S. J. Stuhlman, Dr. M. Grossman, Isidore Rees, D. Heller, Harry J. Kahn, Sam Lapidus, Meyer Goldberg, George Greenspun and Samuel Goldstein, representing New York; Dr. Leo J. Frachtenberg, representing Eastern Pennsylvania; S. B. Levenson, representing New Jersey; Charles Cooper, representing the Southwestern region; Jesse B. Calmenson, representing the North Western Region; Benjamin Schwartz, representing Florida; Rabbi Wm. Mayer, representing Peoria, Ill.; Dr. Louis I. Goldberg, representing Connecticut and Rhode Island; David Hirsch, representing Chicago; I. J. Williams, representing Western Pennsylvania; A. C. Lapin, representing Michigan; and Robert Silverman, representing the New England region.

18,077 JEWISH IMMIGRANTS ENTERED PALESTINE DURING PAST EIGHT MONTHS

Volume of Immigration for 1926 Will Equal That for Preceding Year, Executive Predicts

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 29.—Jewish immigration to Palestine during the year 1926 will equal the volume of Jewish immigration for the preceding year, according to figures made known today by the Palestine Zionist Executive.

The Executive states that during the last eight months, 18,077 Jewish immigrants came into the country, a number equal to that of the same period last year.

Warsaw, July 29.—A concession to Jewish locksmiths desirous of emigrating to Palestine was announced by the controller of emigration to Palestine stationed at the British Consulate General here.

The controller notified the Palestine Office of the Zionist Organization of Poland that locksmiths will be granted visas for Palestine if they will show that they possess the amount of £250 instead of the usual sum required of £500.

JEWISH BARBERS IN GREAT BRITAIN ARE PERMITTED TO KEEP OPEN ON SUNDAY

Hairdressers' Association Reaches Agreement on Sabbath Observance

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

London, July 29.—Jewish barbers in Great Britain will be allowed to keep their shops open on Sunday, provided they observe Saturday, according to the Hairdressers' Sunday Closing Bill which passed the House of Commons.

The passage of the bill was assured as a result of a compromise between the Hairdressers' Association and the Jewish barbers. The Association agreed to the principle of the shops being closed one day a week, permitting the Jewish barbers to keep open on Sunday if they close on Saturday.

SENTENCED TO PRISON FOR IMPERSONATING NUN AT MASQUERADE BALL

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, July 29.—A sentence of one year imprisonment was imposed by the district court of Czensto Chowa upon a Jewish young man for masking as a nun at a masquerade ball.

The trial attracted wide attention throughout Poland. Juda Weintraub, who went to a masquerade ball last February dressed as a nun, was accused of desecrating the cross. He was released on 200 Zlotys bail.

The money for the pavilion to be erected in Memorial Grove, Baltimore, Md., Druid Hill Park, as a memorial to Lieut. Merrill Rosenfeld has been turned over to the Park Board by the trustees under the will of Israel Rosenfeld, father of Lieut. Rosenfeld.

The memorial will cost \$25,000, to be taken from a fund of \$100,000 provided for the purpose by the will of Israel Rosenfeld. E. L. Palmer, architect, will design the pavilion and prepare the specifications without cost.

Lieutenant Rosenfeld was killed at Verdun, October 16, 1918, while fighting with the One Hundred and Fifteenth Infantry.

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forced to develop a sense of cunning in order to outwit the authorities.

"Under the pretense of keeping maid-servants, they enabled Jewish girls to study at the University. Other Jewish girls who wanted to study had to take out the shameful yellow passports. (Certificate of prostitution). Is it any wonder that the Jews hated Czarism and fought against it?

"Deprivation of rights and oppression caused suffering to the Jews, but on the other hand it resulted in bringing forward from among the Jews a considerable percentage of revolutionaries.

Soviet Government Confiscated Jewish Capital

"With the advent of the Soviet regime the Jews, together with all others who had been deprived of their rights, obtained every legal equality, including also the right to work on the land. What objection can be raised against this and who will accuse the Soviet Government of having done wrong in allowing the Jews to work on the land? The Soviet Government is accused of being a Jewish Government, but this is so much nonsense. It is true that the Soviet Government restored their rights to the Jews, but to which Jews? It restored rights only to the impoverished working class Jews, but the Jewish capitalists it treated exactly like all other capitalists. Compared to the numbers of the Jewish population, there were many rich Jews. Jewish factories, storehouses, banks, bonds, etc., were confiscated by us like all other property. We whom the anti-Semites call the defenders of the Jews destroyed Jewish capital like all other capital. Let anyone show us a Jewish factory or bank or other property which was not confiscated.

"I must say that in the Jewish small towns the Jewish masses confiscated the property of the rich Jews more zealously than was the case elsewhere. Oppressed by their poverty, the Jewish masses wanted to settle accounts with their direct exploiters, the rich Jews of their own towns. I, as the President of the Central Executive Committee have very often to resist the demands of the Jewish youth who want to confiscate the synagogues and convert them into clubs.

"There are among the counter-revolutionaries in various countries many Jewish ex-capitalists. It is sufficient to mention one of the chief leaders of the Cadet Party, M. Vinaver.

Describes Suffering of Jews During Pogrom Period

"The war and the revolution hit the Jewish population very hard. It was through the Jewish Pale that the trenches were dug. The Czarist generals, anti-Semites every one, shut their eyes to the looting of the soldiers among the Jews and from time to time a pogrom was organized as a diversion to draw attention from the defeats of the Czarist armies," Kalinin stated.

"When the revolution began, the Jewish districts became the centre of the

fighting between the Soviets and the various groups of counter-revolutionary adventurers. Pogroms took place on a vast scale and many of the Jewish towns were literally wiped off the face of the earth.

Soviets Brought Jews Security But Also Economic Catastrophe

"The Soviets destroyed those bands of the robber Attamans who went about killing and robbing the Jewish population. The Soviet Government liberated all peoples from oppression and pogroms. But the Soviet Government which provided security of life for the Jews brought upon the Jews a whole series of economic catastrophes.

"The first stages of the revolution fell most severely upon the small traders and the artisans, upon just that section of the population which consisted almost exclusively of Jews. The destruction of trade, the ruin of the artisan industry, the economic crisis in the Jewish small towns fell heavily upon the shoulders of the impoverished Jewish masses and the Jews found themselves in a desperate position from which there seemed no escape.

"During the famine years, I visited among other places, the Jewish small towns, and I was seized with panic when I tried to think what possibility there could be of saving the Jewish masses from their terrible and hopeless poverty. The Russians who were dying of hunger had still the hope that there might yet be a good harvest, but even this faint hope was denied to the Jews.

"Four years have passed since the famine, and the prosperity of the Soviet Republics is growing. The small nationalities feel that the Soviet Government is a real mother, not a stepmother. We have discovered among us peoples of whose existence no one knew and today they are equals among equals. All of them enjoy national autonomy. Only the Jews dispersed among the other nationalities could not obtain territorial autonomy, although their numbers, from two-and-a-half to three million people in the Soviet Union, gives them the right to autonomy.

Jewish Land Settlement Is Escape from Ruin

"The Jewish impoverished masses for whom there is no longer any hope of ever being able to live by trade and artisanship, from which they are being systematically driven by the co-operative movement, have naturally turned to the land. Only the land will give the Jewish masses the possibility of saving themselves from famine, from dying-out and from losing their nationality. So the Jews have asked the Soviet Governments to provide them with land. The Government of the Soviet Union realized that the greatest part of the Jewish masses can be saved from ruin and destruction only by settling them on the land and for this reason a committee was formed for settling the Jewish toiling masses on the land.

"Many anti-Semites ask venomously

why the Government does not organize committees for settling other nationalities on the land. We reply that the other nationalities have no committees for their settlement on the land, but they have autonomous republics which contain big areas of land. They have their own Governments, their own land, their own executive organs, which safeguard their national interests. Only the Jewish nationality has no Government of its own, and its only official representative now is the Comzet.

Clamor Against Jewish Settlement in Crimea

"White Russia has settled 1,650 Jewish families; the Ukraine 7,600 families. In Greater Russia, too, the settlement of Jews on the land is planned. No one raised any clamor against this. The clamor started only with the reports that the Crimea is being peopled with Jews.

"It must be stated that when a population is being transplanted, its mode of life must be taken into account. For instance, the Steppes are being settled mostly with Ukrainians or Russians from the Central Black soil area, and places covered with extensive forests are being settled with Northern people from the Novgorod, Volodok, Viatka and other provinces. These things must be taken into account if good results are to be obtained. The Jews have by fate been made accustomed to life in a temperate Southern climate. They live in the Ukraine, Poland and South Russia. Czarism did not allow them to go northward and Siberia was closed to them.

The Role of Zionism in Russian Colonization

"So the Government seeks to settle them in places where the climate and other conditions are not dissimilar from those to which they are accustomed. During the Czarist regime, a great number of Jews emigrated to America and of late there is the idea of settling most of the Jews in Palestine, an idea supported by foreign Jewish capitalists. This movement is still very strong. The Zionists wage a campaign against the Soviet Government, enticing the Jewish impoverished masses to Palestine where they fall into slavery to British and Jewish capital. The Soviet Government cannot sit by and see not the rich man but the beguiled Jewish poor leaving its territory. The Jewish communists, not those communists who occupy important positions with us who are only Jews by descent, but those Jewish communists who live among the Jewish masses have approached the Government asking it to settle in the Soviet Union those emigrants who would go to Palestine and for this purpose to raise the funds which are being collected abroad for the settling of the Jews on the land in Russia.

Why the Crimea Has Remained Unsettled Until Now

"The Crimea is one of the places where the Jews are being settled. 'How splendid,' people say. 'People go to the Crimea for the good of their health, the sky is always blue there, there are

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roses and vineyards and other lovely things. So people envy the Jews who are being settled in the Crimea while Russian, Ukrainian and White Russian peasants are sent to Siberia and further to the Far East. Of course the Soviet Government is favoring the Jews.

"But I ask this question—why have all these wonderful places remained unsettled till now? Was the Crimea not peopled before the Moscow area?"

"The reason is simply that given by our agricultural experts who are exploring the Crimean territories: 'We are selecting places for settlement. We choose of several evils the least. There is not a single place where we could expect with certainty to obtain a sufficiency of water of good quality. In all the districts save fifty-five water can be obtained only from wells at a depth of 140 to 350 feet. The natural wells in the region are mostly bitter and full of salts. Up to now we have succeeded in obtaining water from one well in the 22nd district where we hope to construct a new well. We have concluded an agreement for the construction of two new wells, one in the 30th district in the region of Ikor and the other in the 62nd district. We have concluded a contract for two other wells, the cost of the construction without material is: 50 roubles for a well 140 feet deep and 75 roubles more for every additional seven feet.

"The problem of irrigation in these districts is so serious and so complicated," the agricultural experts conclude, "that we must again raise the question of the possibility of settling the districts of the Eupatoria region."

"You see from this quotation," M. Kalinin proceeds, "that this land cannot be settled. In order to settle people there several hundreds of roubles have to be spent on every desiatin of land. Neither the Soviet Government nor the population which is being settled in Siberia can afford to give these sums. They can only be collected abroad and the Jews are collecting them abroad.

Much Ado About Nothing, Soviet President Says

"But even at most it is only a case of much ado about nothing. For the whole area of land given to the Jews in the Crimea consists of only 60,000 desiatin, while the Crimea contains 2,360,000 desiatin. It means that the Jews have been given land in the Crimea which has never before been exploited by anyone, and that the whole area given to the Jews constitutes only two and a half per cent of the area of the Crimea.

"Under the Czarist regime, single Jewish landowners, like Baron de Guenzburg, owned much more land than we have now given to the toiling Jews in the Crimea. There is no basis at all for the outcry which is being made about the whole affair.

"To the Soviet Government, all nationalities are equal. The Soviet Government wants to make of all its people a productive, working population. The Jews, as a result of evil fate, have

JEWISH DEMOCRATIC PARTY TO BE FORMED IN POLAND Would Absorb Seceding Elements of Volkspartei

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, July 29.—The establishment of a Jewish democratic party, the nucleus of which exists in the district of Vilna, now appears as a strong possibility in the development of Jewish party life in Poland.

This step is a result of friction which arose within the ranks of the Volkspartei, extreme nationalist party advocating cultural autonomy for the Jews in Poland and the recognition of Yiddish as the national language of the Jewish population. Noah Prylutski, Warsaw attorney elected to the Sejm for the second term as a representative of the party and leader of the party until now, was the center of the storm which developed. As a result of the friction, Prylutski dismissed the old executive and created an executive of his own. The old executive called a party council to consider the situation and took steps toward the establishment of a democratic party which would absorb the elements grouped around the Volkspartei. The new democratic party will be led by Dr. Schabad of Vilna.

PORT FUAD, ON EGYPTIAN COAST, MAY BE SITE FOR PALESTINE HARBOR

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 29.—Port Fuad, the site mentioned for the proposed port for Palestine, which caused a wave of protest in the country, is a new Egyptian port located near Cantara. The port is not yet included on the maps.

Palestine public opinion was greatly perturbed over a statement of the manager of the Palestine railways that the harbor planned for Haifa might be built at Port Fuad instead.

The Hebrew press protested strongly against the projected change of plans, declaring that it would be detrimental to the interests of Palestine in the view of the Jews and Arabs alike.

formed an urban population in the small Jewish towns, the land being closed to them. Only a few individuals among the rich capitalist Jews were able to own land by special decree of the Czar. The Soviet Government confiscated this land given to the Jewish capitalists by the Czar. But it desires to convert the propertyless Jewish population of the small towns into a toiling agricultural population and it has already attained considerable success in this direction.

"All honest people will realize that the Soviet Government could not and cannot now have acted differently," he concluded.

CLAUDE MONTEFIORE CHOSEN PRESIDENT OF WORLD UNION FOR PROGRESSIVE JUDAISM

The World Union for Progressive Judaism perfected its preliminary organization at a committee meeting at the Liberal Synagogue, London, on July 16th, reports received by the headquarters of the Central Conference of American Rabbis state.

Claude G. Montefiore of London was elected president of the Union. The vice-presidents elected were: Rabbi Louis Wolsey, Philadelphia; Rabbi Israel Mattuck, London; Mrs. J. Walter Freiberg, Cincinnati; Ludwig Vogelstein, New York; Dr. C. Seligman, Frankfurt-am-Main; Miss Lilly Montague of London was chosen honorary secretary and Harry Lewis of London, treasurer.

The governing body includes Dr. Leo Baeck; Dr. J. Elbogen; Herr Woyda, Berlin; Dr. H. Vogelstein, Berlin; Frau Ollendorf, Breslau; Dr. Rudolf Geiger, Berlin; Rev. M. L. Perlzweig, Basil Henriques; Lionel Jacobs, London; Dr. Julian Morganstern, Cincinnati; Dr. Leo M. Franklin, Detroit; Dr. Samuel Schulman, New York; Dr. Felix Levy, Chicago; A. Leo Weil, Pittsburgh; Roger Straus, New York; Mrs. Alexander Kohut, New York; Dr. Abram Simon, Washington.

Plans were adopted to secure the cooperation of Liberal Jews in Sweden, France, Belgium, Holland, Poland and Palestine.

Abraham Goodman, forty-one, lawyer and former Assemblyman, died Tuesday night in New York City, following an operation for appendicitis.

Mr. Goodman was attorney for the New York Joint Board of the Furriers' Union and had a part in the settlement of the furriers' strike last month. He also represented other labor organizations and last year was attorney for certain factions in the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

Funeral services will be held today. Mr. Goodman was born on the lower east side and attended the public schools. He graduated from the College of the City of New York and the New York Law School. He taught for a time in Public School No. 62 and had practiced law here seventeen years.

Active many years in the Democratic Party, Mr. Goodman was elected to the Assembly from the 8th Assembly District on the Democratic ticket in 1916. He was Vice President of the City of New York, Inc., and was a member of the Grand Street Boys' Association and Masonic order.

Rabbi Moses Baroway, Director of Religious and Educational work at the Young Men's Hebrew Association, 92nd Street, New York died Tuesday morning. He was 32 years old.

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