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ANTI-SEMITES CRITICIZE POLISH GOVERNMENT FOR PROMISING EQUALITY TO JEWS Says Bartel Promises More to Jews Than to Poland

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Warsaw, July 28.—The new course of the Polish government with regard to Jewish equality rights in Poland was severely criticized by the "Dwa Grosze," the leading anti-Semitic journal in Poland.

In an article entitled "Joy in Israel," the paper remarks that the Jews are satisfied with the Bartel government because Professor Bartel is the first Polish Prime Minister who promised more to the Jews than to Poland. He criticized the economic anti-Semitism and carried on negotiations with the Club of Jewish Deputies concerning the abolition of the commercial disabilities of the Jews, so it appears that the broad powers granted to the government will be profitable only to the Jews, the paper states. The paper asks whether Prime Minister Bartel "intends to deliver Poland into the slavery of international Jewish finance."

AMERICAN JEWISH SCHOLAR ARRIVES IN MOSCOW TO STUDY SLAVONIC TEXT ON JESUS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, July 28.—Professor Solomon Zeitlin, professor of ancient history at Dropsie College, Philadelphia, arrived here yesterday for the purpose of examining the Slavonic text of Josephus' "Jewish Wars," which is supposed to be translated from Aramaic and to prove that Josephus mentioned Jesus of Nazareth in his original text.

Professor Zeitlin left for Leningrad to take up the study of the manuscript at the Academy of Science.

PHYSICIAN, ORGANIZER OF GERMANY'S CHILD WELFARE CENTERS, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Berlin, July 11.—Dr. Karl Oppenheimer, the famous authority on children's diseases, died in Munich at the age of 62.

Dr. Oppenheimer was the initiator of the organization of Welfare Centers for Children in Germany, an extensive system of welfare centers modeled after the first center, which Dr. Oppenheimer founded in Munich.

JEWISH STUDENTS REPRESENTED AT WORLD CONGRESS

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, July 28.—The Student World Congress was opened at Karlovci near Belgrade, Jugoslavia, on Sunday.

The World Union of Jewish Students is represented at the Congress by six delegates.

ATHEIST ORGAN DENIES EXISTENCE OF RELIGIOUS PERSECUTION IN RUSSIA

Number of Kehillahs Increased Ten Percent, Quoted Figures Show

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Moscow, July 28.—The growth of religious life in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics and an increased activity of Jewish congregations, is reported by the "Anti-religioniosnik," the organ of the Russian atheists.

The paper publishes figures showing that religious life in Russia is growing. Figures submitted to the Commissariat of the Interior show that the number of Kehillahs increased ten percent from January 1 to November 1, 1925. The number of synagogues and Beth Midrashim (houses of worship and study) in the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics holds fourth place, after the houses of worship of Pravoslavie, Mohammedanism and Orthodox Pravoslavie. In the entire nine years since the revolution, only ten synagogues were closed in all the Soviet Republics. Synagogues were converted into cultural institutes only where there were no other suitable buildings, the paper states.

Neither the Jewish nor any other religion is being persecuted in Russia, the paper declares.

PALESTINE DISTURBED OVER PORT QUESTION

Official Says Harbor May Not Be Built at Haifa

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Jerusalem, July 28.—Palestinian public opinion is greatly perturbed over the possibility that the planned harbor for Palestine, for which a large part of the Palestine government loan of \$22,500,000 is to be expended, will not be constructed in Haifa, as was originally projected.

The excitement was caused by a statement of the manager of the Palestine railways in a conversation with Palestinian merchants that the harbor may be built at Port Fuad instead of at Haifa.

The Hebrew press strongly protests
(Continued on Page 4)

DR. GASTER IS RECEIVED BY KING OF ROUMANIA

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Bucharest, July 28.—Dr. Moses Gaster, well known Anglo-Jewish scholar who was born in Roumania, was received by King Ferdinand upon his arrival here.

An invitation extended to Dr. Gaster to attend the meetings of the Roumanian Academy was refused by him as a protest against the anti-Semitic policy of the Academy.

It was stated that since the Academy is in existence, no Jewish scholar has ever been elected to membership, although the leading Roumanian philologists are all Jews.

JEWISH AGENCY QUESTION DISCUSSED BY ZIONIST ACTIONS COMMITTEE

Weizmann Makes Promise Not to Grant Further Concessions to American Non-Zionists

The question of the extension of the Jewish Agency and the contemplated visit of Dr. Weizmann to the United States were features of the political discussion which developed at Tuesday's session of the Zionist Actions Committee, according to a London cable to the "Jewish Morning Journal."

Deputy Isaac Gruenbaum of Warsaw, Dr. Jerzy Rosenblatt of Lodz, M. M. Ussishkin of Jerusalem, Louis Lipsky, president of the Zionist Organization of America, Abraham Goldberg of New York, Col. Frederick H. Kisch and Dr. Weizmann participated in the discussion.

Deputy Gruenbaum pressed Dr. Weizmann for a definite statement concerning his plans in the United States with regard to the extension of the Jewish Agency. He warned against granting further concessions to the non-Zionists in America with regard to the Agency question.

Louis Lipsky spoke on the question of the Jewish Agency and replied to the suggestion of Deputy Gruenbaum that it is vain to hope for the participation of American non-Zionists in the Agency, the "Morning Journal" cable states. Mr. Lipsky stated that European Zionists were misinformed concerning the situation in America. European Zionists endeavor to influence the American Zionists to take too hasty steps, but Americans act only when they are faced with the realities of life. Mr. Lipsky expressed the hope that Dr. Weizmann and Sir Herbert Samuel will create the Agency.

Dr. Weizmann, according to the "Morning Journal," assured Deputy Gruenbaum and all those who are anxious over the Jewish Agency question that he hopes to create the Agency during his visit here in October together with Sir Herbert Samuel and promised not to give fur-

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PAN-EUROPEAN CONGRESS TO TAKE UP JEWISH QUESTION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency)

Vienna, July 28.—The first Pan-European Congress which is to be held in Vienna in October, will have the Jewish question as one of the items on its agenda, the representative of the Jewish Telegraphic Agency here learns.

Count Coudenhove-Calergi, founder of the Pan-European movement, has communicated with various large Jewish organizations with a view to interesting European Jews in the Pan-European movement. Count Coudenhove-Calergi has had discussions with a number of prominent Jews in Vienna on the subject, it was stated.

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DID NOT FORM WORLD UNION FOR PROGRESSIVE JUDAISM TO COMBAT ORTHODOXY

Dr. Landman, Returning from London
Conference, Describes Its Achievements

The statement that the World Union for Progressive Judaism was not formed to combat Orthodoxy, but for strengthening the cause of Progressive Judaism was made by Dr. Isaac Landman, first of the American rabbis to return from the International Conference of Liberal Jews held recently in London. When interviewed by a representative of the "Jewish Daily Bulletin," Dr. Landman stated:

"Positive good for Judaism the world over will follow the organization in London of the World Union for Progressive Judaism. The Union was founded, not for controversy, not for opposing Orthodoxy, but for strengthening the cause of Progressive Judaism, and for the study and better understanding of the conditions that make for or against Jewish modernism in various parts of the world. Three continents and seven countries were represented by delegates, the largest number of whom naturally came from the United States. India, the farthest off and the latest country to report a Liberal Synagogue, was also represented.

"One American interjected the question of Zionism, which was ruled out of order, the attitude of the World Union being that a Liberal may take whatever attitude he please toward the movement.

"Surprisingly typical of true Liberalism was the agreement in the Conference that while a 'Union' was being formed, there was no aim at 'uniformity.' Actually, there never has been uniformity in Judaism; neither in doctrine nor in observance. On the other hand, there was unanimity at the Conference on the matter of principles and ideals; that the revelations of divinity are unending; that the exalted teachings of the Bible Prophets, as basic in Judaism, are applicable to modern condi-

DAILY DIGEST OF PUBLIC OPINION ON JEWISH MATTERS

[The purpose of the Digest is informative: Preference is given to papers not generally accessible to our readers. Quotation does indicate approval.—Editor.]

Prof. Askenazy, Termed Power Behind Pilsudski, Comments on National Minorities Problem

Dr. Simon Askenazy, well known Polish Jewish historian, at one time Poland's representative at the League of Nations, is looked upon by anti-government circles as the Polish Richelieu and the power behind the Pilsudski dictatorship, according to a Warsaw despatch to the New York "Times."

In an interview with the "Times" correspondent, Professor Askenazy highly praised Josef Pilsudski and placed great hope in the present government.

Speaking on the question of the national minorities in Poland, Professor Askenazy stated:

"For the first few years of our independence we were busy with wars, while our neighbors were engaged in fostering animosities among the minorities. These minorities are not entirely of our making. They were decided by the Treaty of Versailles and the League of Nations.

"Whatever has happened, we have them, and they constitute a third of Poland's 30,000,000 population. It is one of our greatest problems, but we mean peacefully to assimilate them, just as America did her many commonwealths after the Civil War. There will be equal chances for all.

"Nobody knows this better than Marshal Pilsudski," he continued. "He has the advantage of knowing all Poland better than any other Pole, and he is exceptional."

Concerning the minorities, the Professor defined them as: "one, Slavonic Ukrainians of Volhynia; two, White Russians of the Vilna district; three, Germans; four, Jews. The Slavs and Russians," he declared, "exist because they are attached to the soil. The Jews are scattered, but tied to Po-

land because they existed for hundred of years and always as an important factor in trade. The Germans also were scattered through ancient colonization methods.

"Numbering ten million in all, the minorities constitute a problem which was never touched before by the old partition authorities." Professor Askenazy stated, adding that they always had been used as pawns, the one being moved against the other for the purpose of cultivating hatred and that despite the country's brilliant history, "real liberty for these factions only began with the end of the great war," the "Times" correspondent states.

"Robert Lloyd Howard of Harvard," Prof. Askenazy continued, "was the first person to recognize the minority problem in Europe, his report to President Wilson being carefully considered in the present-day treatment of peoples."

Expresses Orthodox View on Wil- helm's Article Echoing Wise Controversy

The "Jewish Daily News," Orthodox Yiddish daily, which led the fight last winter against Dr. Stephen S. Wise because of his sermon on Jesus, now takes a similar stand in commenting upon the article of ex-Kaiser Wilhelm and the reply of Dr. Nathan Krass, is the last issue of "Current History."

"One must admit that from the ex-Kaiser's viewpoint, he is right, while the Jewish followers of the Nazarene Klausner, Wise and company, have no viewpoint worthy of the name," the paper writes. "Wilhelm speaks like a Christian, while Klausner, Wise and company do not speak like Jews. He speaks in the name of a religion to which he belongs, while they speak against the spirit of the religion to which they belong. His position is therefore much stronger than the position of these men who fluctuate between one religion and the other.

"Wilhelm's opinions concerning the development of Jewish history are not important and do not touch the issue. His statement that Christianity is connected forever with the belief in the divinity of the Nazarene is important."

The editorial severely criticizes those reform rabbis who speak of Jesus as "a Jewish teacher of an unparalleled code of ethics" and declares that those who speak so "no longer stand on the foundation of Judaism."

"Disputes between Jews and Christians concerning the Nazarene are unpleasant. One cannot, however, have anything against Wilhelm for his article in Current History, because Jews started the dispute.

"Whom do they seek, these men? What do they want of the founder of another religion, by shouting that he is theirs and they are his?" the editorial asks. "These Nazarenes not only undermine the foundation of the Jewish religion, but they also create a tremendous anti-Semitism, for this dispute concerning the Nazarene can only irri-

TRANSJORDANIA TO HAVE NEW CONSTITUTION

Arab Paper Opposes Extension of
Jewish Colonization Across the
Jordan

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)
Jerusalem, July 7.—The Transjordan Constitution is being drawn up at the Colonial Office in London, according to "El Carmel," Arab paper. The constitution will include nothing new, apart from the establishment of a dynasty in the territory, of which the Emir Abdullah will be the founder, the paper states. A Council, resembling the district councils of Turkish times, is to be formed, and Hassan Khaled Pasha's new government will be announced.

"The Council of Ministers" will be abolished and replaced by an Executive Council. Each Department will have a British adviser.

The new government is composed of Premier and Minister of the Interior, Hassan Khaled Pasha; Abu-Alhuda; the Judicial Advisor, C. R. Seton, M.C.; Chief Justice, Hushem Al-Din Jarallah; the Chief Secretary, Aref Al Aref, the Financial Advisor, A. L. Kirkbride; two Arab Directors of Public Works and Antiquities respectively.

"El Carmel" also publishes a letter from Transjordan stating that the Ordinance promulgated by Al-Rikabi, the former premier, allowing foreign companies to acquire real estate properties in the Transjordanian territory, aims at facilitating the colonization of Transjordan by Jewish companies. The writer recalls Dr. Weizmann's statement in Palestine.

In an editorial note, the paper urges the Arabs of Transjordan to appeal to the Government and the British Representative for the convocation of a Constituent Assembly to draw up a Constitution providing for the establishment of a national government and safeguarding the rights of the inhabitants in accordance with the Somerset agreement which recognizes the autonomy of the country under British protection.

pious Christians who want to have their Nazarene as they themselves want to interpret him and not as Klausner, Wise and Krass interpret him. It is also against the conception of civilized people in modern times to 'butt in' on somebody else's religion. In this view, point Wilhelm is justified in his anger," the paper concludes.

Does Not Object to Being Called a Jew

"The Dearborn Independent" in its issue of July 24 quotes a letter from H. L. Mencken published in Gilbert K. Chesterton's publication, known as "G. K.'s Weekly," in which Mr. Mencken states:

"Someone sends me page 129 from the issue of your 'Weekly' for May 1 last. In it there is a flat statement that I am of the Old Testament. This, I beg to assure you, is an error. I am perhaps the only genuine Anglo-Saxon presently living in America and have all of the classical stigmata. I do not object to being called a Jew, but it occurred to me that you might be interested in the truth."

OUR DAILY NEWS LETTER

Changar and Kauk Tup, Peninsula and
Island of Crimean Coast, Allotted
for Jewish Colonization

(By Our Moscow Correspondent)

Moscow, July 1.—The peninsula, Changar, and the island, Kauk Tup, off the Crimean coast were allotted by the Ukrainian Comzet for Jewish colonization. The peninsula, adjacent to Crimea, consists of 18,000 desiatin land, of which 4,000 are not arable. It lies to the south of the Genitchesk region in the district of Melitopol and is divided by the Charkoff-Crimea railway line.

To the north, the peninsula curves into a narrow neck of land connecting it with the mainland. From all sides it is washed by the Sivash Bay. Along a distance of 23 versts (161 miles) the railway line cuts through Changar with its main stations at Changar and Sivash, so that the reserve for Jewish colonization is mainly within three to four versts of a railway station. The remotest points are seven or eight versts from a railway station.

The reserve is 20 versts from the terminal at Genitchesk and 90 versts from the district town Melitopol.

The peninsula is connected with the north Ukraine by a small strip of land at the station Solokove, through which the Crimean railway passes. To the south, it is connected with the Crimean peninsula by the well known Dombi bridge and further to the east by a wooden bridge across the Sivash Bay. These reserves are 40 to 60 versts from the Crimean Jewish colonies and will be easily served by the Agrojoint.

J. Kantor, writing on the subject in the Communist daily "Emes" states:

"In the district of Melitopol, which is the richest corn belt of the Ukraine, the Changar region is considered of an inferior class. This is the reason why this peninsula is as yet sparsely populated. In truth, however, in years of good harvest Changar produces the best crops, which often reach 250 pud per desiatin. It is true, the local population often suffers from bad crops, but this is explained by the fact that it still employs ancient methods of cultivating the land. The greater part of the inhabitants consider it more profitable to engage in the raising of cattle and they have therefore neglected the land. According to the opinion of expert agronomists Changar can easily feed its inhabitants with plenty, provided the land is well cultivated and if proper methods of cultivation are introduced. Some part of the land is good for truck farming because it is washed by the Sivash Bay.

"When one considers the short distance to the railway stations and the nearness to such a consumer as the Crimean peninsula, it is obvious that truck farming would be very profitable.

"The entire peninsula can accommodate 729 families. The old inhabitants consist of 273 families. With the exception of a few villages, the old inhabitants are scattered on individual small farms throughout the peninsula. Four hundred and fifty plots are available.

(Continued on Page 4)

ASK FOR MEASURES AGAINST ANTI-SEMITIC INTERNATIONAL

Jewish Women Direct Appeal to International Peace League

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)
Geneva, July 8.—A memorandum dealing with the growing danger of the anti-Semitic movement in Europe was forwarded by the Jewish Women's League to the Fifth Congress of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom. The memorandum urges the Congress to take action by the creation of a special Commission within the League in order to counteract this anti-Semitic international movement and to bring about peace.

"The organization of the anti-Semitic International," the memorandum says, "is now an accomplished fact. The danger of such an International not only to the Jews but to the whole work of peace, is self-evident. The proposed special Commission to fight against anti-Semitism," the memorandum states, "should concentrate on fighting the anti-Semitic propaganda among young people."

The memorandum urges the Congress to adopt a resolution declaring the necessity of organizing in every country a local force to resist the anti-Semitic movement, and demanding that the national sections be empowered to carry the resolution into effect in their own respective countries, as the German section has already been doing.

Attention was drawn to the resolution adopted by the First Congress of Child Welfare held in Geneva in August, 1925, in which it was declared that race-hatred is detrimental to peace and that it is essential to combat the anti-Semitic movement, especially among the youth in the schools and Universities.

"We hope that your Congress," the memorandum concludes, "will give its attention to this problem, and work out a series of measures which will enable the national sections of the Women's International League for Peace and Freedom to fight more successfully against this subversive and demoralizing force called anti-Semitism."

JOSEPH FINEBERG, SOVIET OFFICIAL, DIES

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)
Moscow, July 9.—Joseph Fineberg, a member of the Chief Concessions Committee of the Soviet Government, met his death under tragic circumstances in New Gagry, a sea-town in Georgia, Caucasus. M. Fineberg disappeared on Sunday, July 4th, and his body was thrown up by the tide the next day. The cause of his death is not known, but suicide was suspected.

The Young Men's, Young Women's Hebrew Association of Philadelphia has named a special Committee to appoint a new Executive Secretary to the post: Elhan Henly, Chairman; Leon J. Obermayer, formerly President of the "Y"; Miss Bertha J. Silverman, President of the Young Women's Association; and Henry W. Braude, President of the "Y," ex-officio.

SEPHARDIC JEWS ASK FOR GREATER SHARE IN PALESTINE COLONIZATION

(Jewish Telegraphic Agency Mail Service)

Jerusalem, July 2.—The President of the World Union of Sephardic Jews, Mr. Picciotto left Palestine for Europe where he will conduct an active propaganda campaign in Western Europe on behalf of Sephardic Jewry, especially in England, where the Manchester Branch of the Sephardic World Union has promised its cooperation.

The problem of Sephardic colonization still has many difficulties, a statement of the Union declared. Of the sum of £10,000 appropriated by the Zionist Congress for the colonization of Sephardim in Palestine which was subsequently reduced by the Zionist Executive to £13,000 as a result of the general curtailment of the sums available for colonization, only about £2,000 has been granted so far.

This money was distributed as follows: The Colony of Saidoun £300; to the Georgians in Petach-Tikvah, £300; to the Georgians recently settled at Petach-Tikvah £900, half of which was advanced by the Labor Bureau of the Labor Organization; credits officially promised to the Sephardic colonists of Beer-Jacob and not yet distributed £1,000.

The Sephardic Federation is daily approached by Sephardic farmers who ask to be settled on the soil, as otherwise they have no possibility of earning a livelihood. The Sephardic farmers of Zichron-Jacob have for over a year been negotiating with the Colonization Department of the Zionist Executive to be allowed to form a separate group. Their request is meeting with many obstacles in spite of the fact that they have been waiting for years to be established on land and possess documents proving that they have already worked on the land in Palestine, the statement declared.

PALESTINE DISTURBED OVER PORT QUESTION

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today against such a possibility, declaring that this change of plans would be detrimental to the interests of Palestine in the view of the Jews and Arabs alike.

Port Fuad is not found on any of the maps of Palestine and it is felt that some error in the name has occurred in cabling.

Armed with pitchforks, hammers and crow-bars, seventy persons attempted to stop members of the Ku Klux Klan going for a county meeting at a farm near Corning, Iowa, an Associated Press dispatch states.

Amassed on a railroad bridge at the north end of the town after marching from the business district, the demonstrators refused to allow Klansmen to pass.

Later in the evening two Klansmen were slightly injured and automobiles in which they were returning home from their meeting were hit by batteries by larger stones and other missiles heaved out of the darkness. The Klansmen did not stop to investigate, but notified the Sheriff.

Leon Trotsky's name was mentioned as involved in the Zinovieff Opposition, which resulted in the latter's removal from the Political Bureau of the Soviet government, according to a despatch from Moscow to the New York "Times."

PHILADELPHIA SYNAGOGUE, DESTROYED BY LIGHTNING, WAS HISTORIC LANDMARK

(Jewish Daily Bulletin)

Philadelphia, Pa., July 28.—A historic landmark of the orthodox Jewish community of this city was destroyed, when lightning struck the B'nai Abraham Synagogue, causing a conflagration which destroyed the entire structure early Sunday morning. The damage is estimated at approximately \$75,000. Very little is covered by insurance.

While hundreds of men and women stood in the drenching rain, watching the fire, a group of three rushed into the building, aroused the sexton and rescued twenty-three Torahs. Responsible for the rescue were Emanuel Uram, who risked his life to carry out the Scrolls of the Law, his brother-in-law, Abe Zelznik and Louis Simon.

The Congregation B'nai Abraham was founded in 1882 by the first group of Jewish immigrants to come to this city from Russia. With the exception of the Portuguese Synagogue, Mikveh Israel, there was no other Orthodox house of worship in this city, although there were a number of small congregations. The B'nai Abraham was organized and Rabbi Eliezer Kleinberg, father of Rabbi B. L. Levinthal, was invited to become its rabbi. At Rabbi Kleinberg's death, some thirty-five years ago, Rabbi B. L. Levinthal was invited to come to America to fill the post.

An effort will be made by the officers and directors to put the building in shape, if only in a temporary manner so that it may be used for the coming High Holidays.

As soon as the news of the disaster became public an invitation was extended by Henry W. Braude, President of the Y. M. H. A., to Simon Borowsky, President of the B'nai Abraham, to use the "Y" building during the High Holidays, in the event their quarters cannot be used.

JEWISH AGENCY QUESTION DISCUSSED BY ZIONIST ACTIONS COMMITTEE

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ther concessions to the American non-Zionists nor to deviate in any way from the decision of the Vienna Congress concerning the Agency. If a concession or deviation will be necessary, Dr. Weizmann stated, the question will first be submitted to the next Congress, but he hopes that this will not be necessary.

The "Jewish Daily Bulletin" learns from its London office that due to the fact that the meetings of the Zionist Actions Committee were declared closed to the press and because of the fact that the communiques issued concerning the session were insufficiently informative, the Jewish Telegraphic Agency there refrained from reporting the session.

The Montreal, Canada, Amalgamated Union declared a general strike yesterday of the clothing workers, which includes 400 men. The cause of the strike, it was declared, is that many clothing manufacturers have open shops.

DAILY NEWS LETTER

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able for Jewish settlers and it is expected that 350 Jewish families may be settled there.

"The land is watered. It has wells, some of which are fountains. More wells will be dug."

"A land survey will be completed on August 1, when it is expected the first Jewish settlers will be able to go on the land. It is planned to start this year with 250 families."

"The island Kauk Tup is near Changar and can easily be connected by a bridge. Up to now it has been used exclusively for pasture, which is considered of the best. No population is resident there. When a water plan will be successfully introduced, it will no doubt be one of the best pieces of land."

"The immigration to Changar has great advantages: first, a Jewish majority can be created on the peninsula because of the fact that it is almost separated from the other regions. This has great significance. At any rate, there is no compact non-Jewish long settled population. Secondly, additional significance is given by the nearness of the railway centers of Crimea and the connection with the outside world. It is also near the larger Jewish reserve in the district of Djankey."

Ten more manufacturers not members of the employers' association agreed to union terms, increasing the number of settlements in the garment strike to twenty, Louis Hyman, strike leader and chairman of the joint board, announced.

Terms embraced in the settlements include a wage scale raise, limitation of sub-manufacturers, a guarantee of 36 weeks of employment and the 44-hour week. Cutters will receive from \$44 to \$52; piece tailors from \$2 to \$40; operators \$30 to \$55; bushelers and examiners \$25 to \$42, and pressers \$2 to \$3.

DO YOU KNOW THAT
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THE JEWISH NATIONAL FUND, Inc.
(Keren Kayemeth Le Israel)
114 Fifth Avenue New York, N. Y.

(This space is contributed by an anonymous friend.)

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